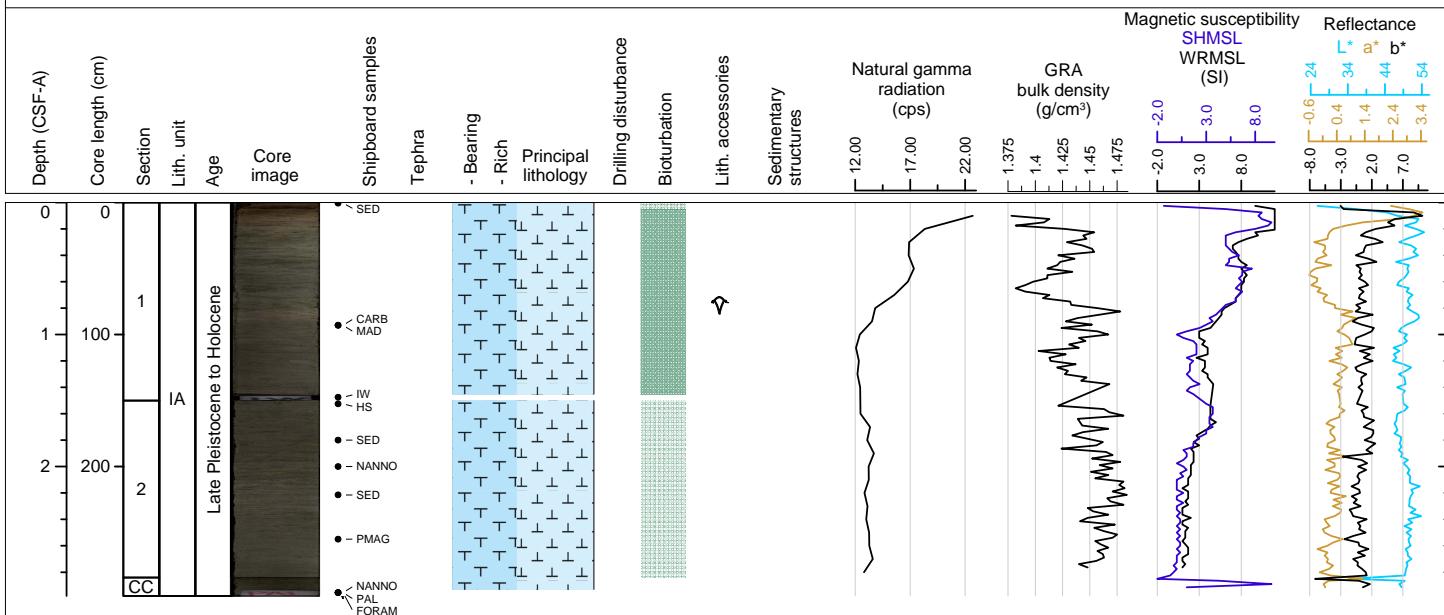
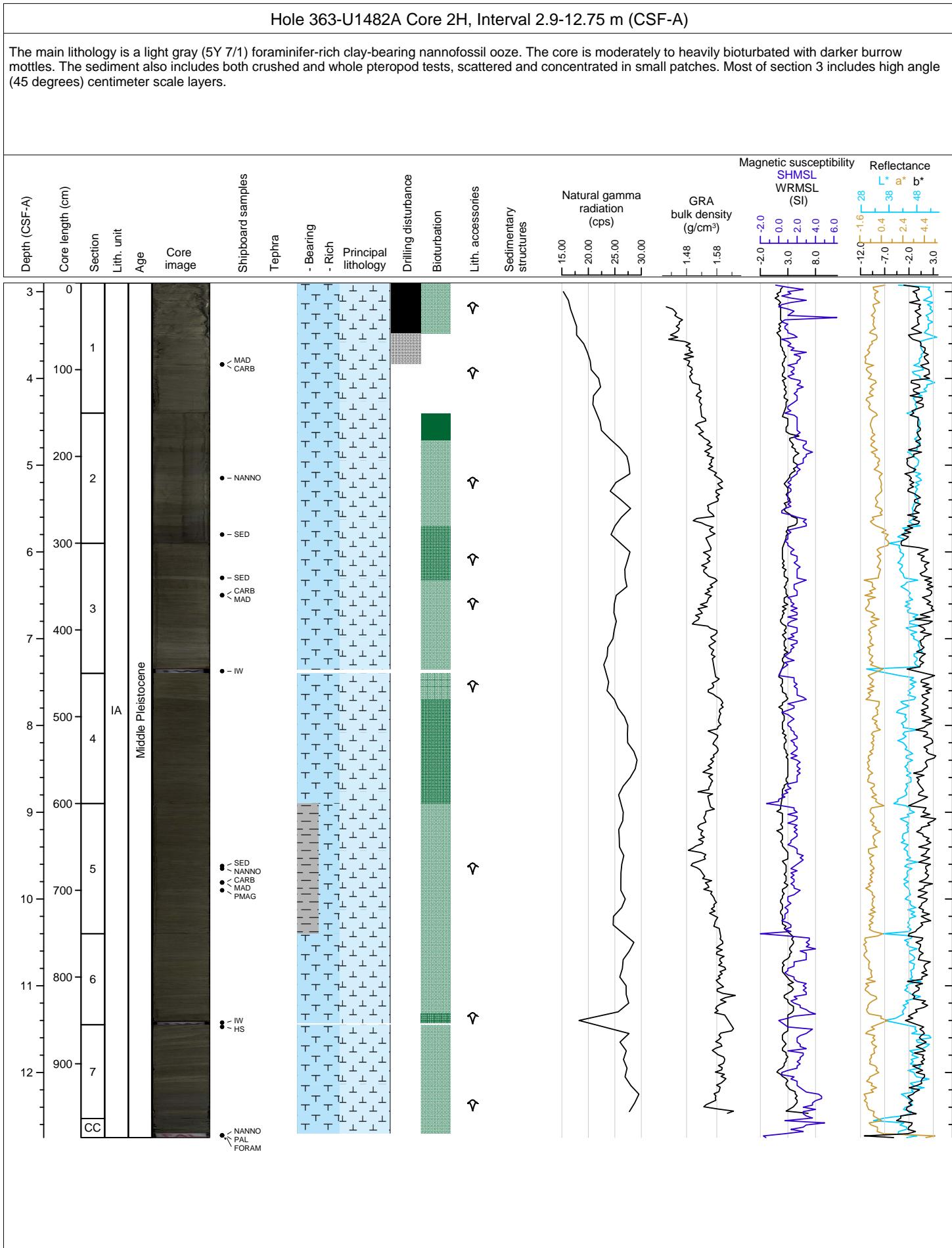
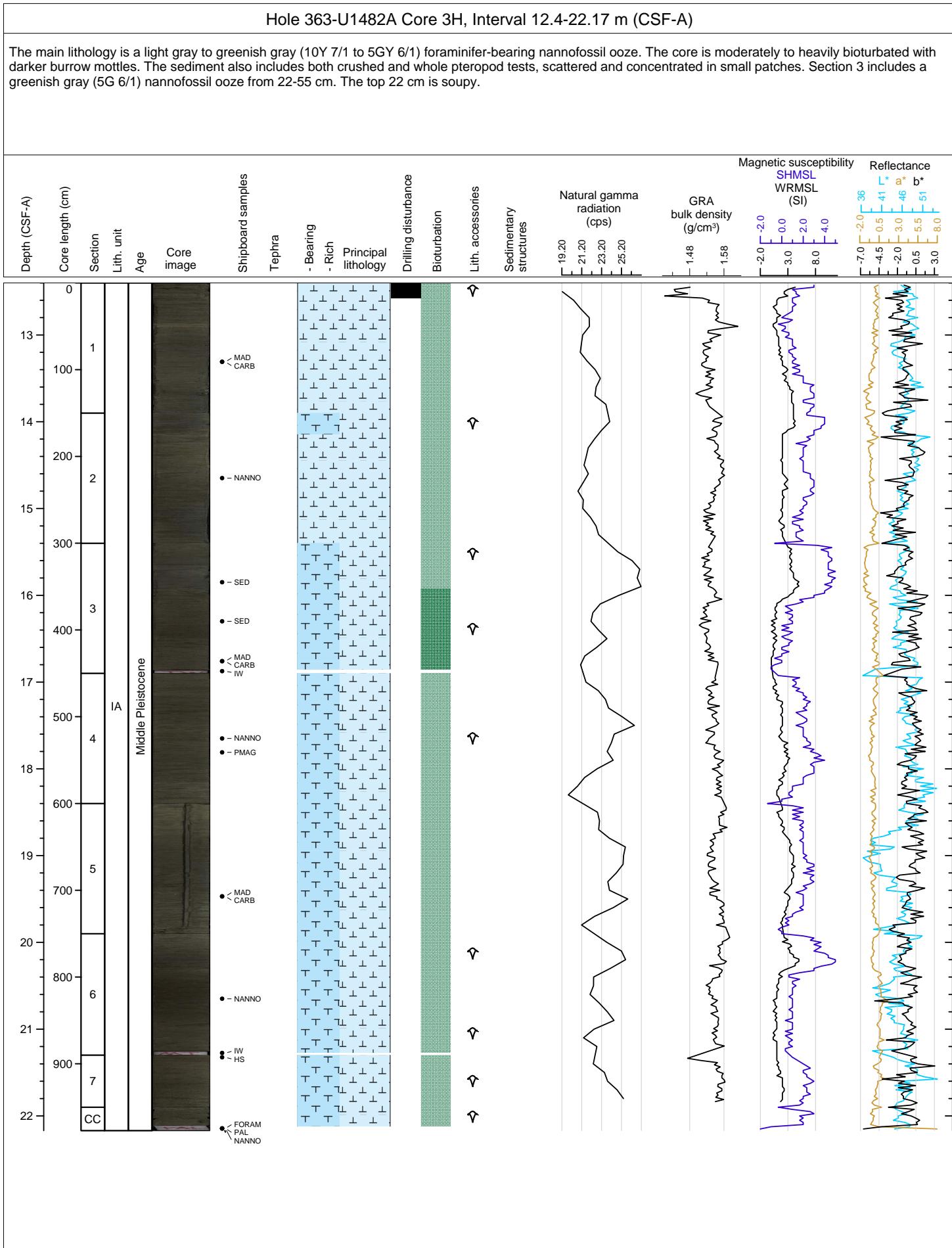


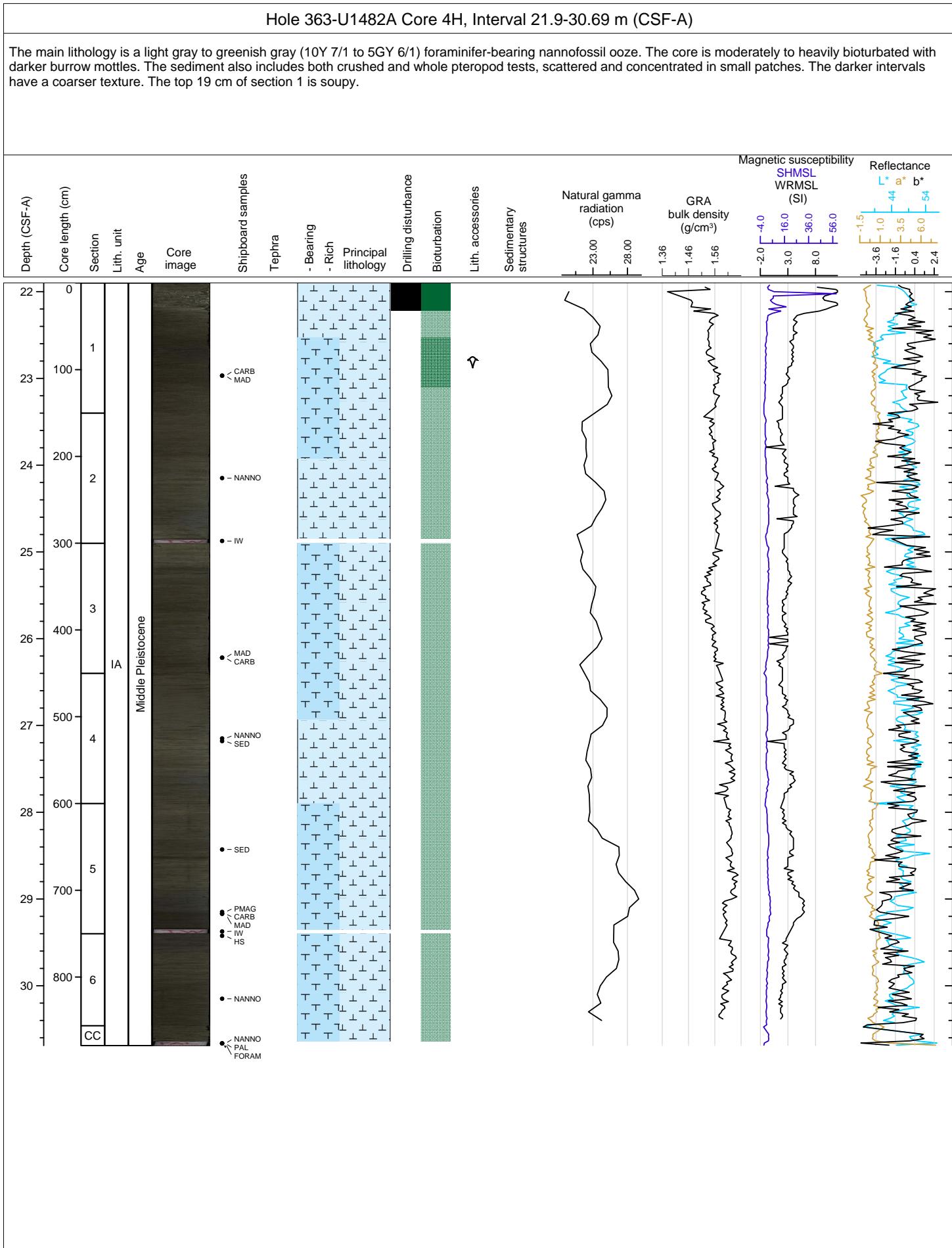
Hole 363-U1482A Core 1H, Interval 0.0-2.98 m (CSF-A)

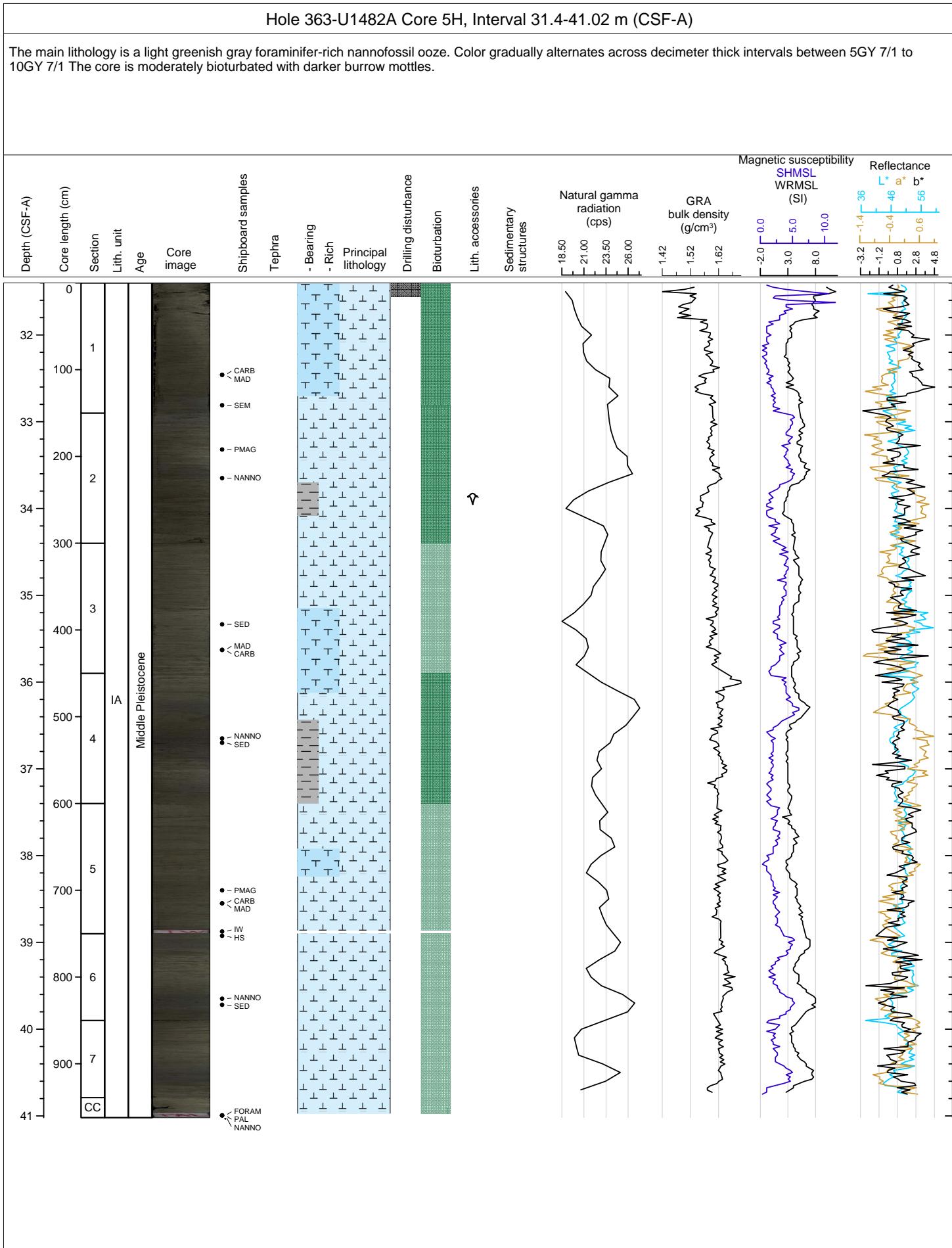
The main lithology is a light gray (5Y 7/1) foraminifer-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated with darker burrow mottles. The sediment also includes both crushed and whole pteropod tests, scattered and concentrated in small patches. The top 11 cm of section 1 is brown to very pale brown (10YR 5/3, 10YR 7/3).

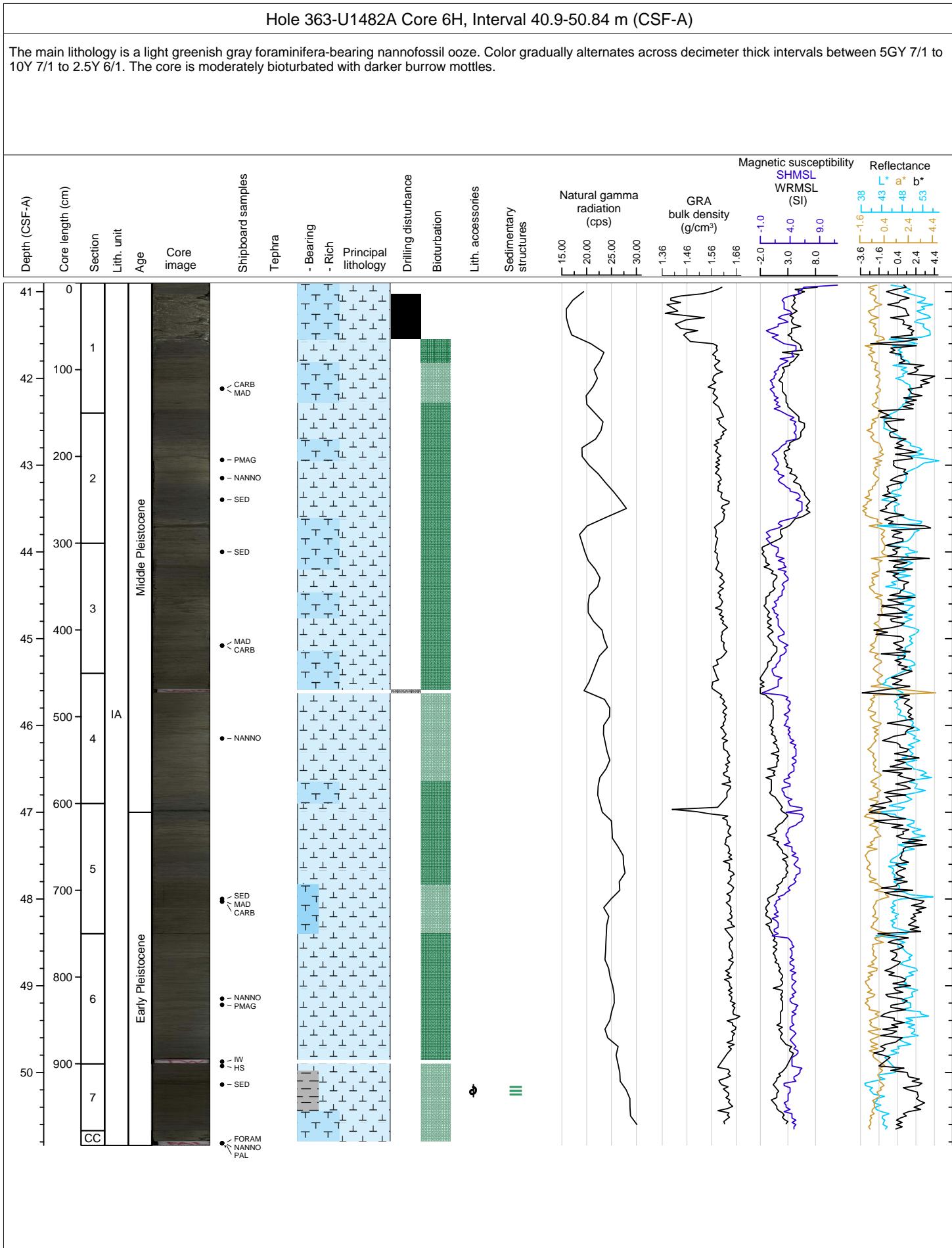


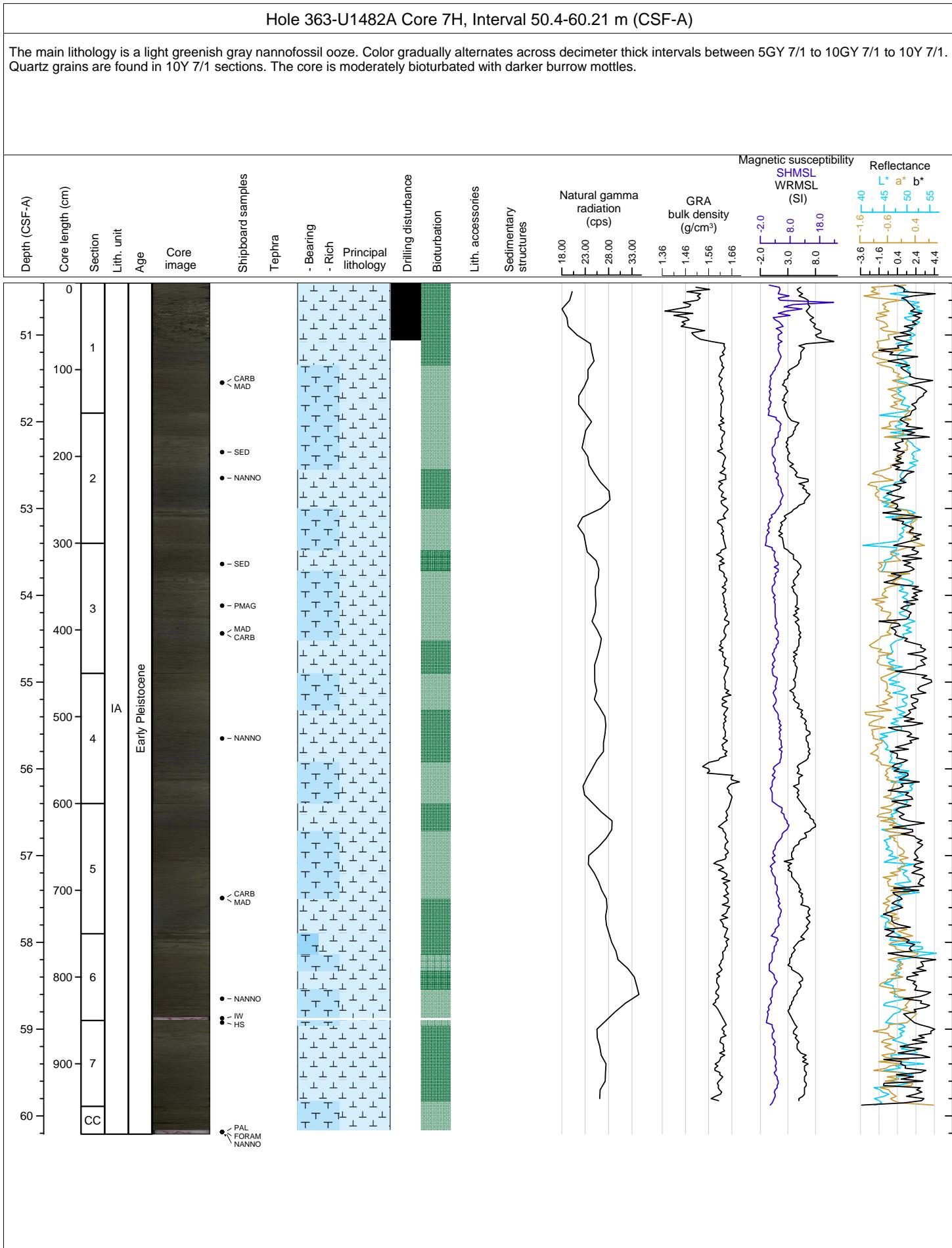


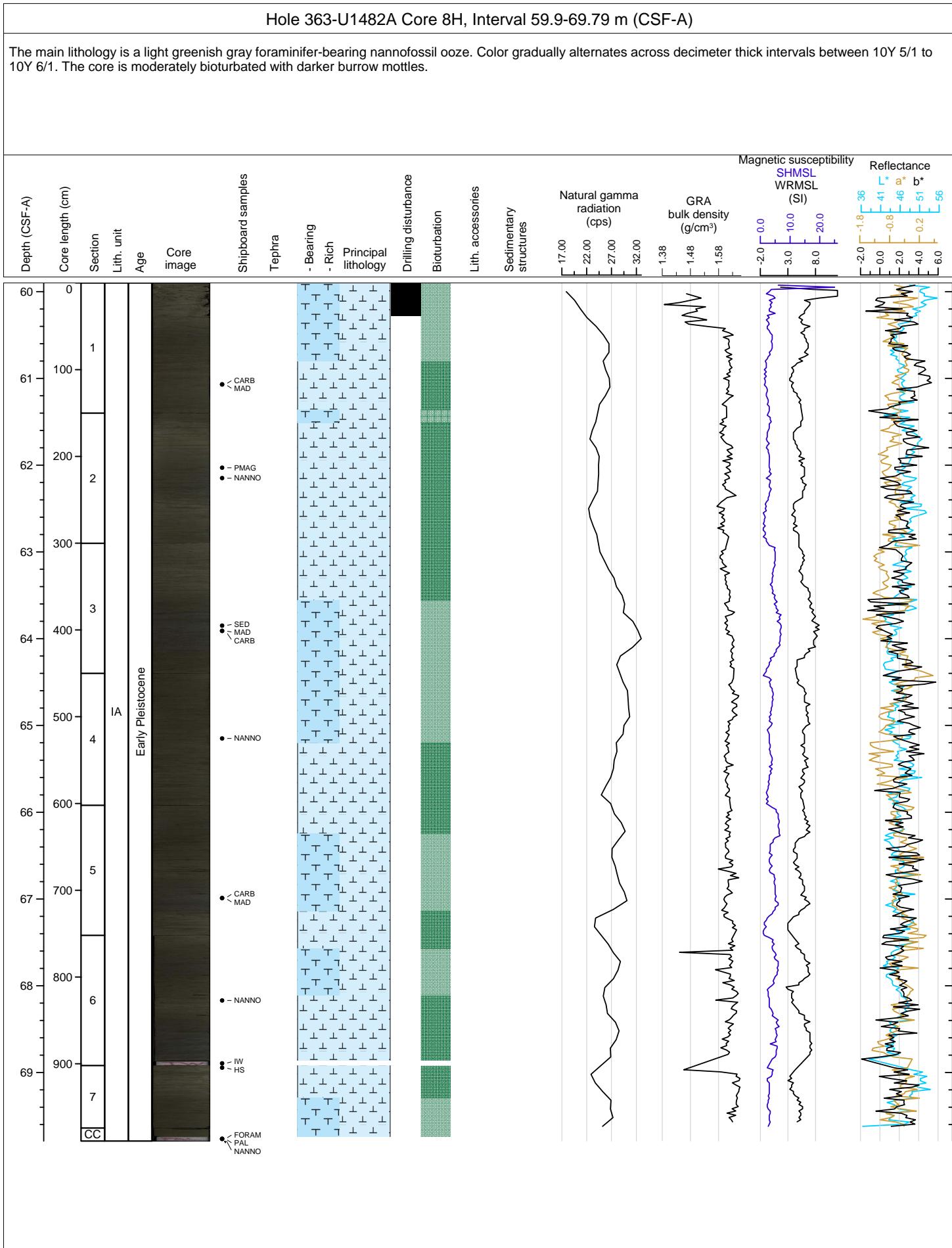


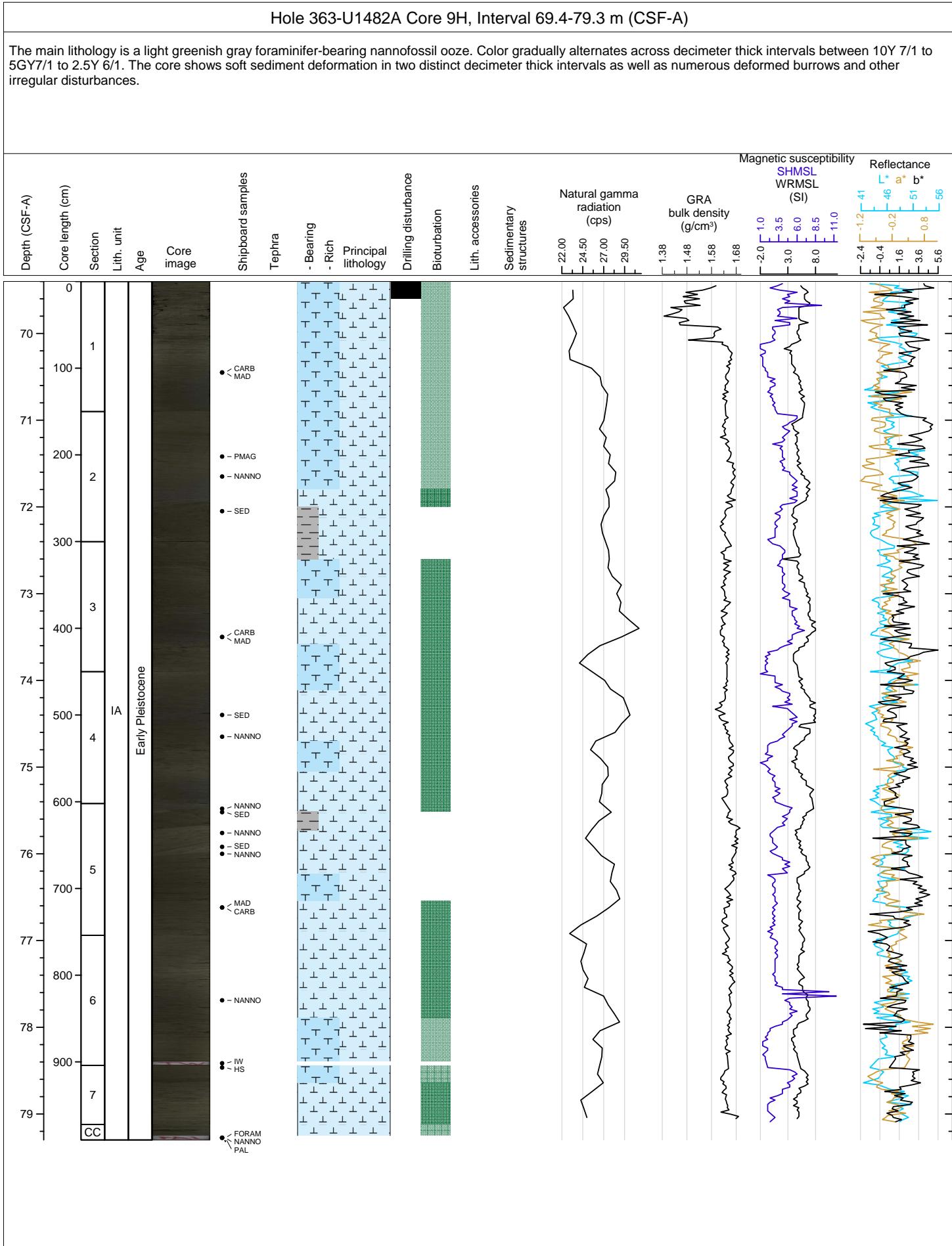


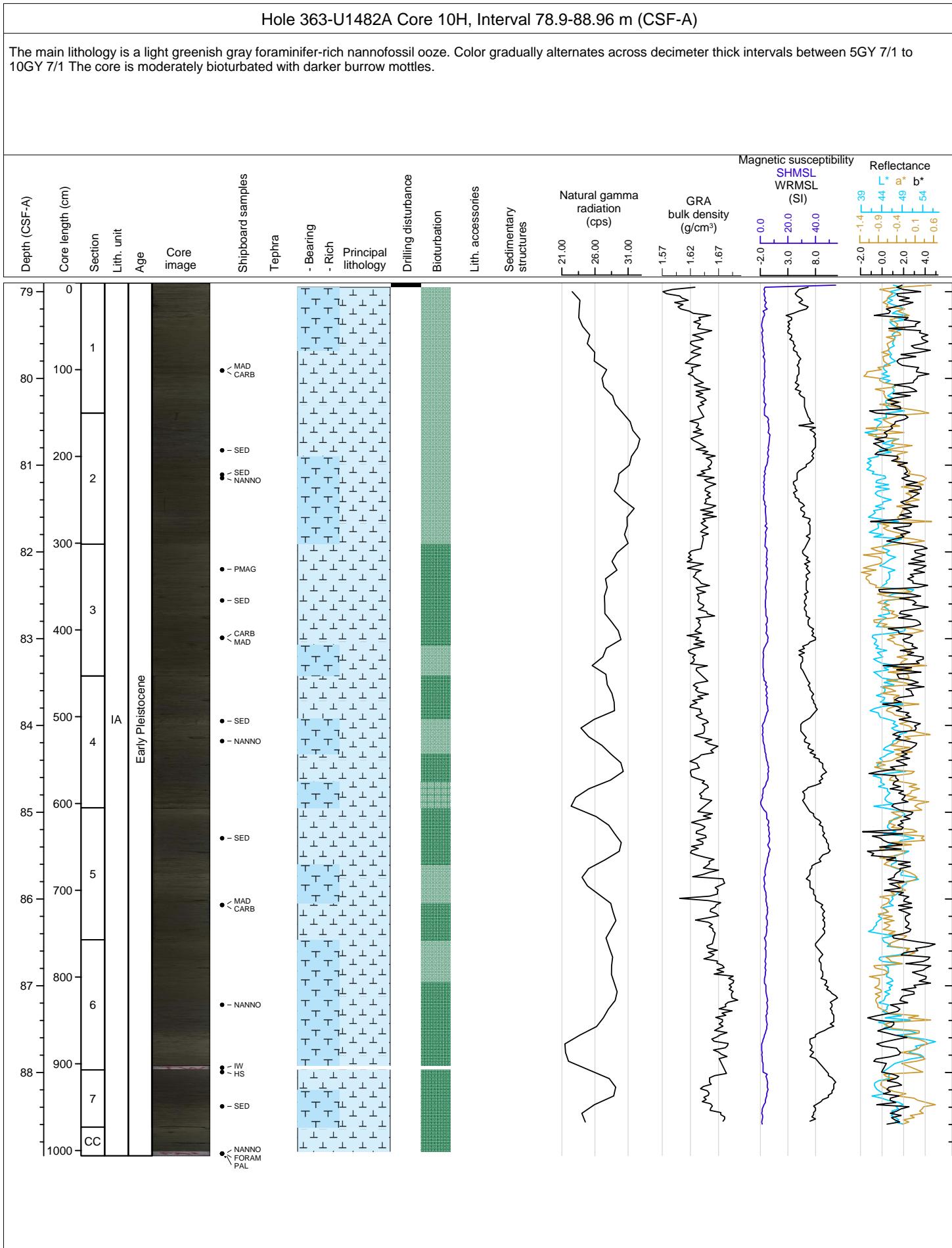


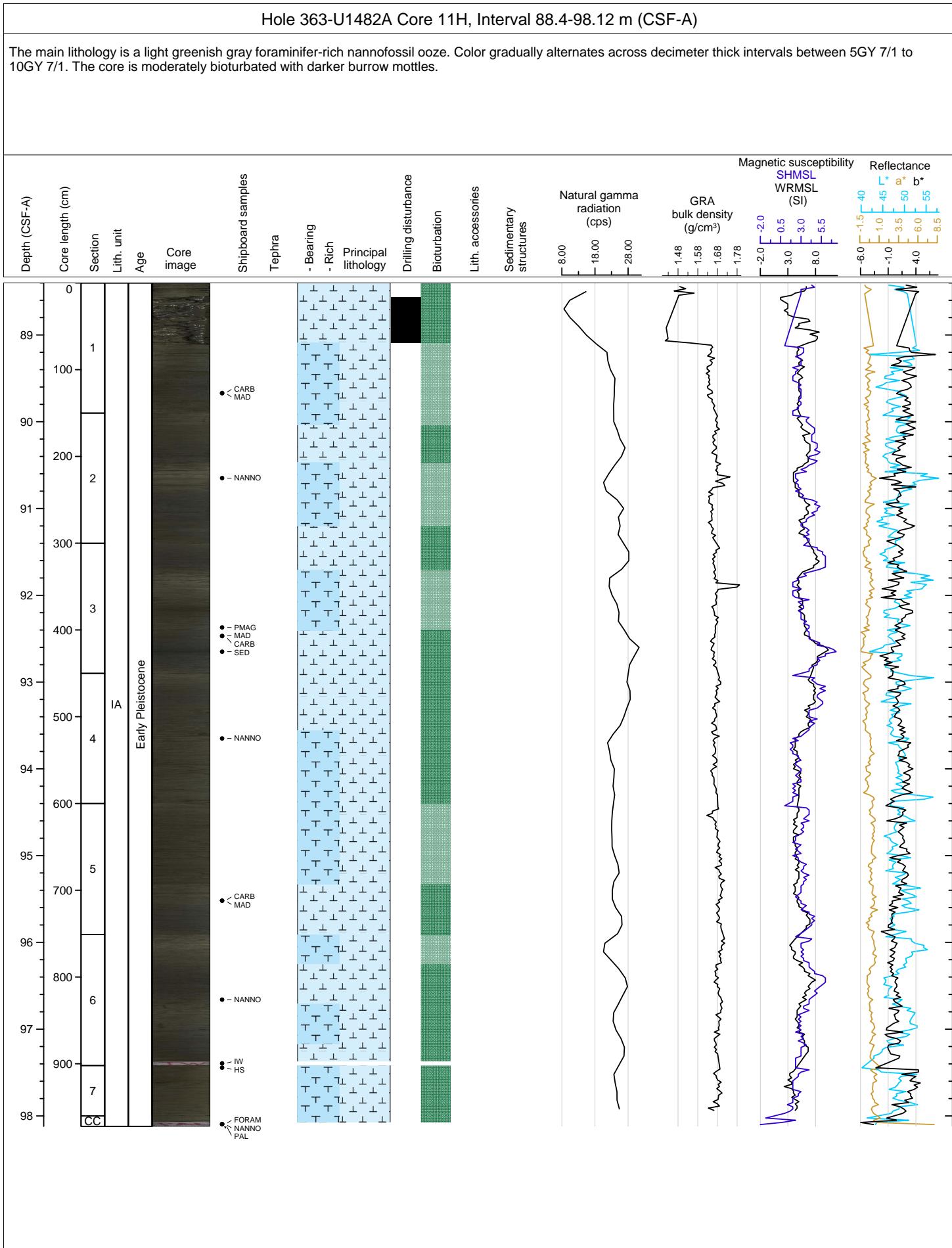


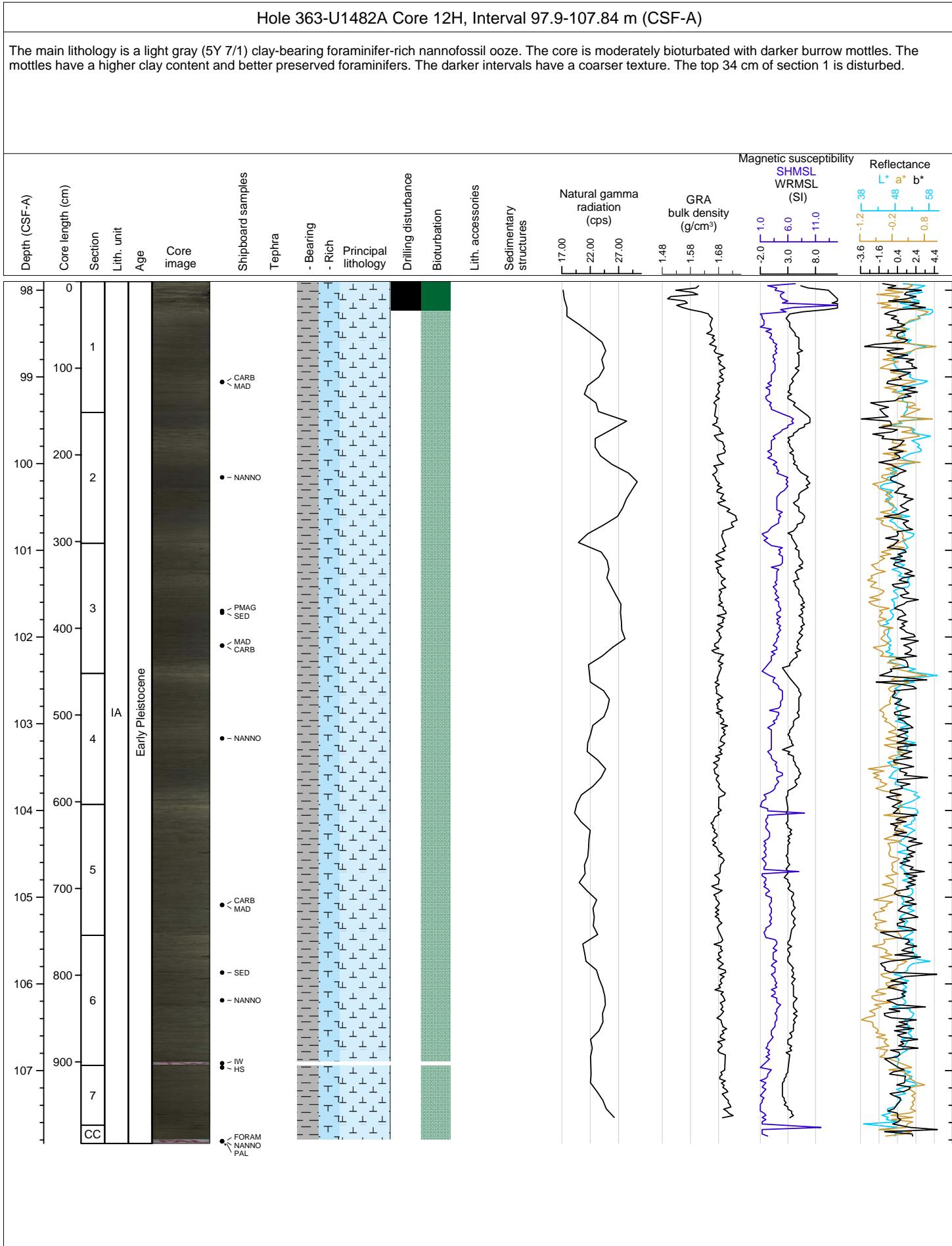






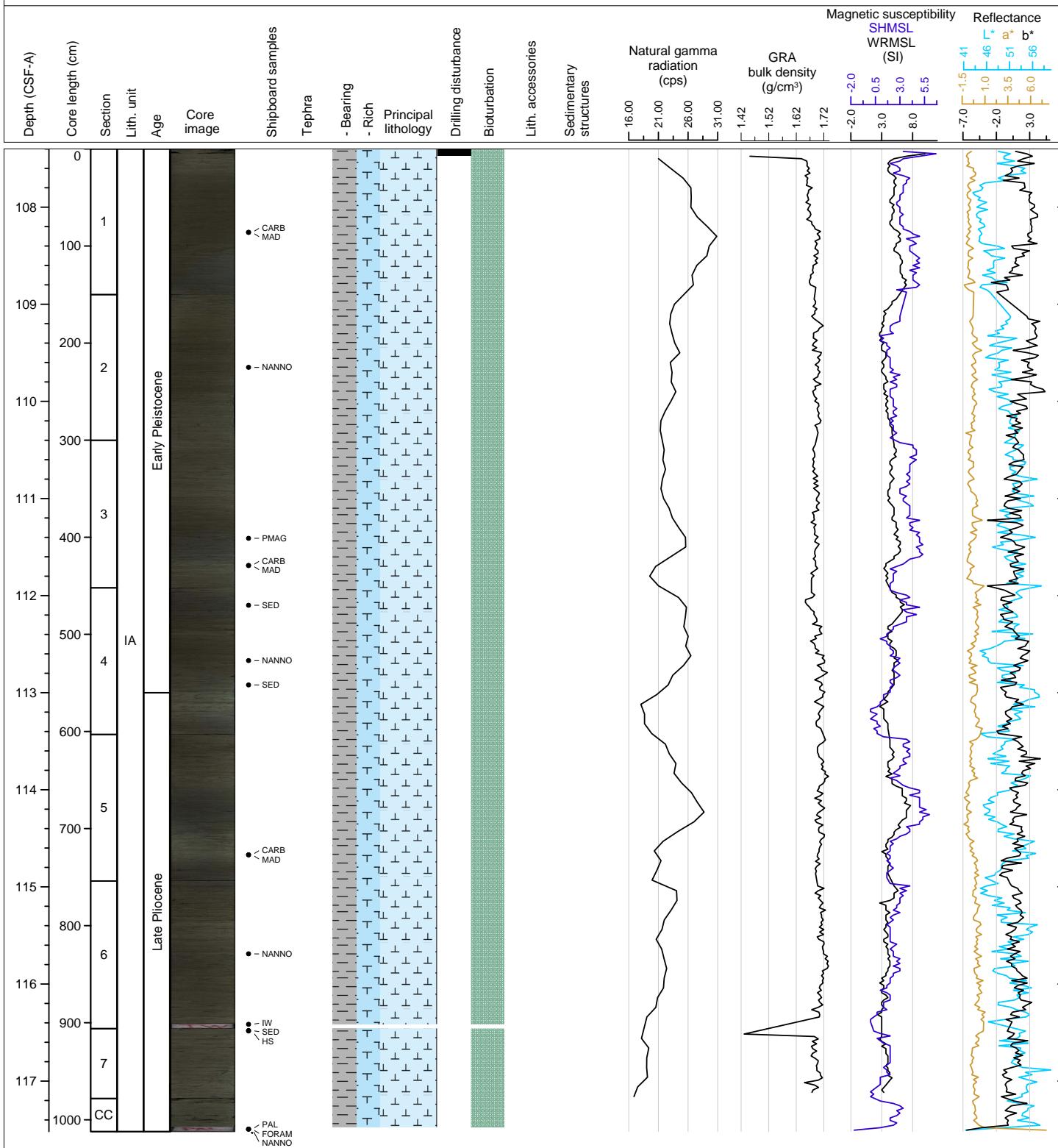


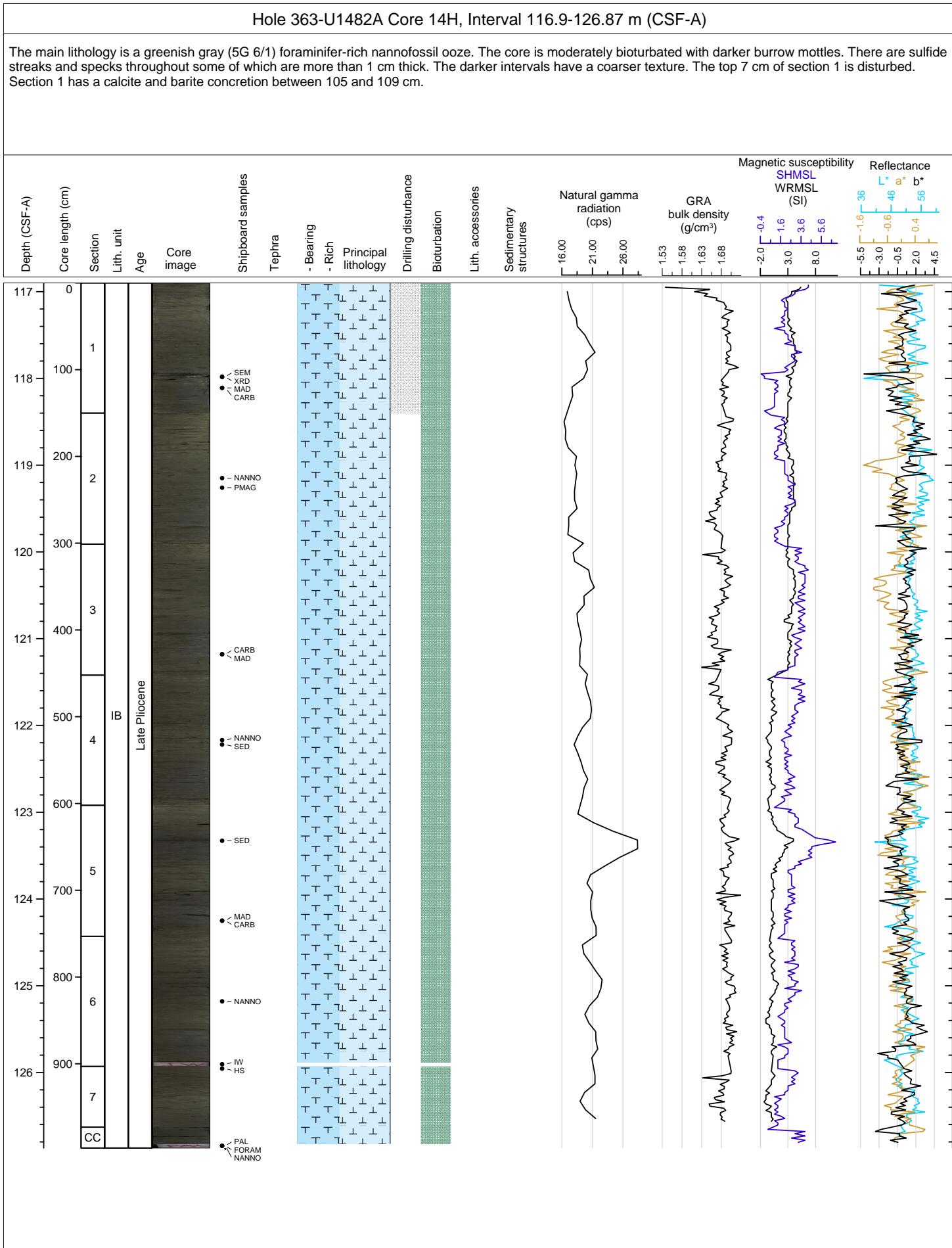


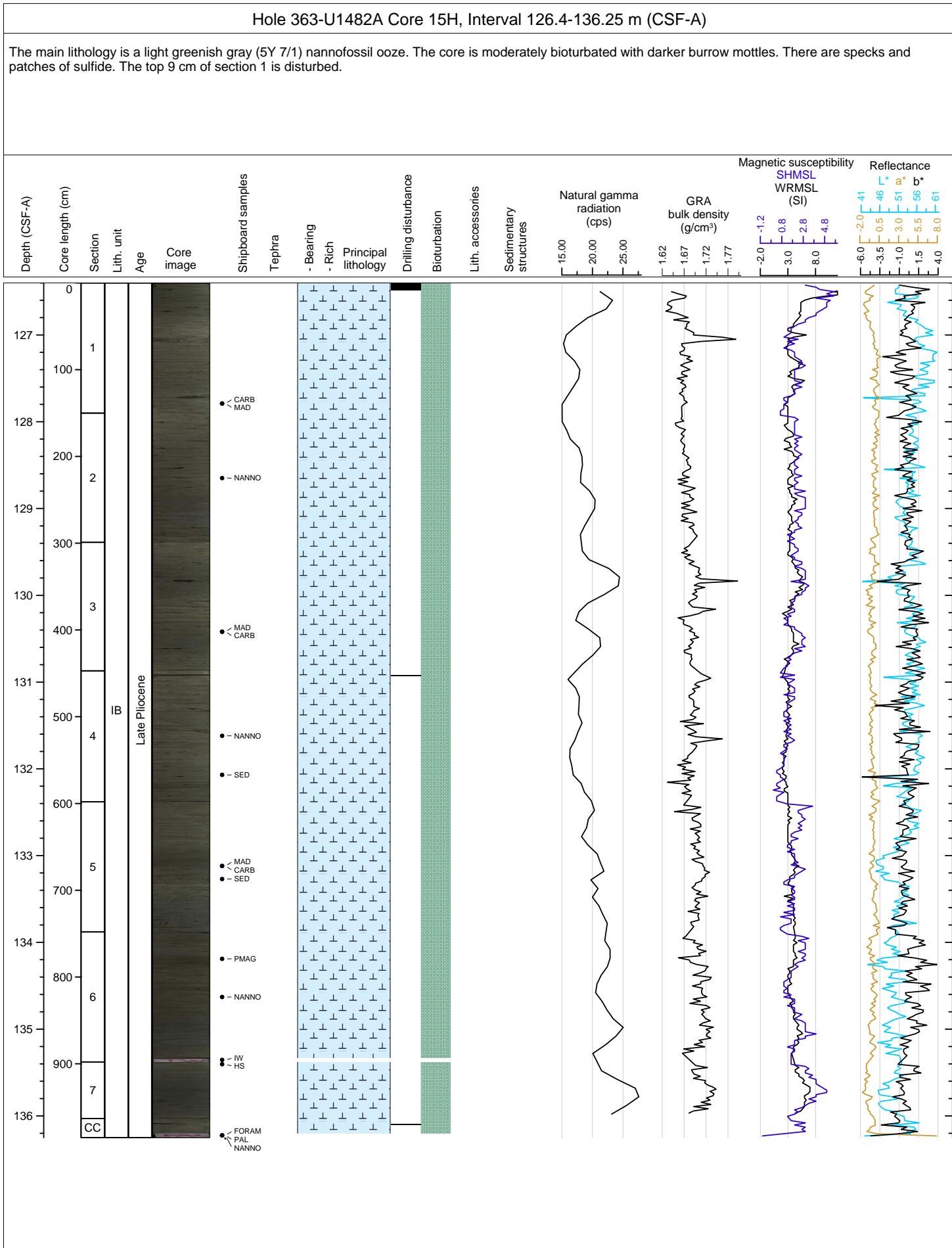


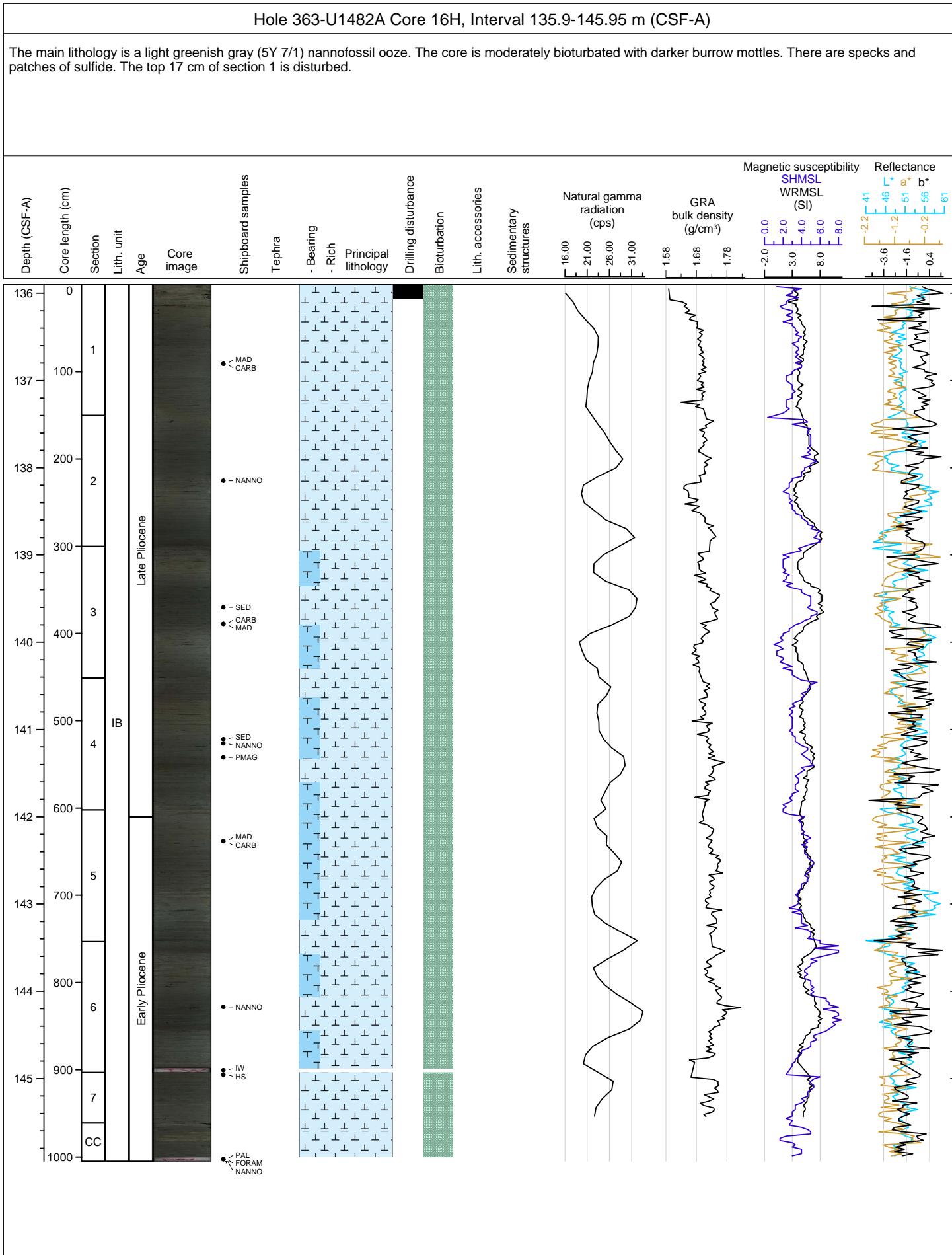
Hole 363-U1482A Core 13H, Interval 107.4-117.52 m (CSF-A)

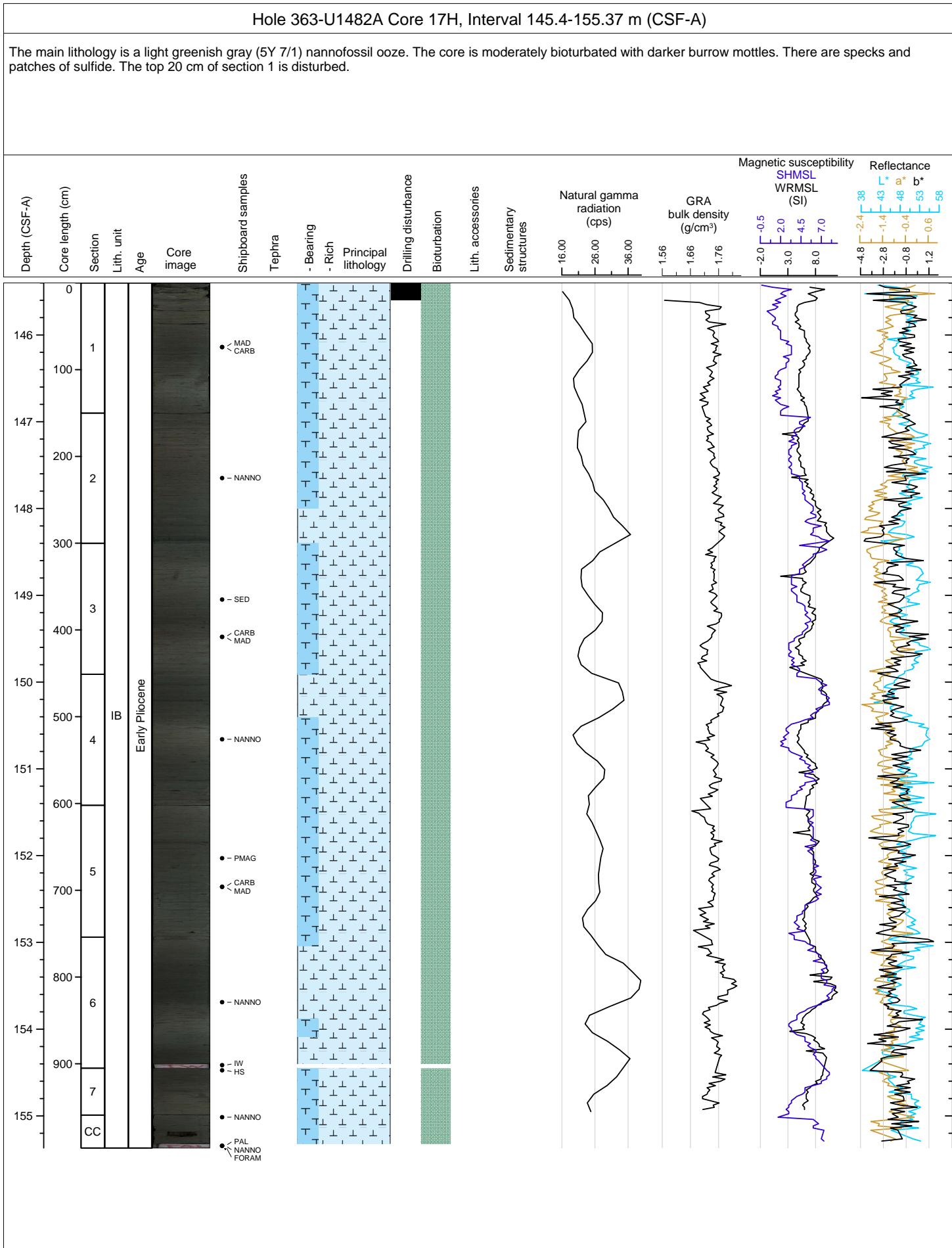
The main lithology is a light gray (5Y 7/1) clay-bearing foraminifer-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated with darker burrow mottles. The mottles have a higher clay content and better preserved foraminifers. The upper two sections show sulfide streaks and specks. The darker intervals have a coarser textures. The top 7 cm of section 1 is disturbed. The boundary between Sub-units IA and IB is located at the bottom of core 13.

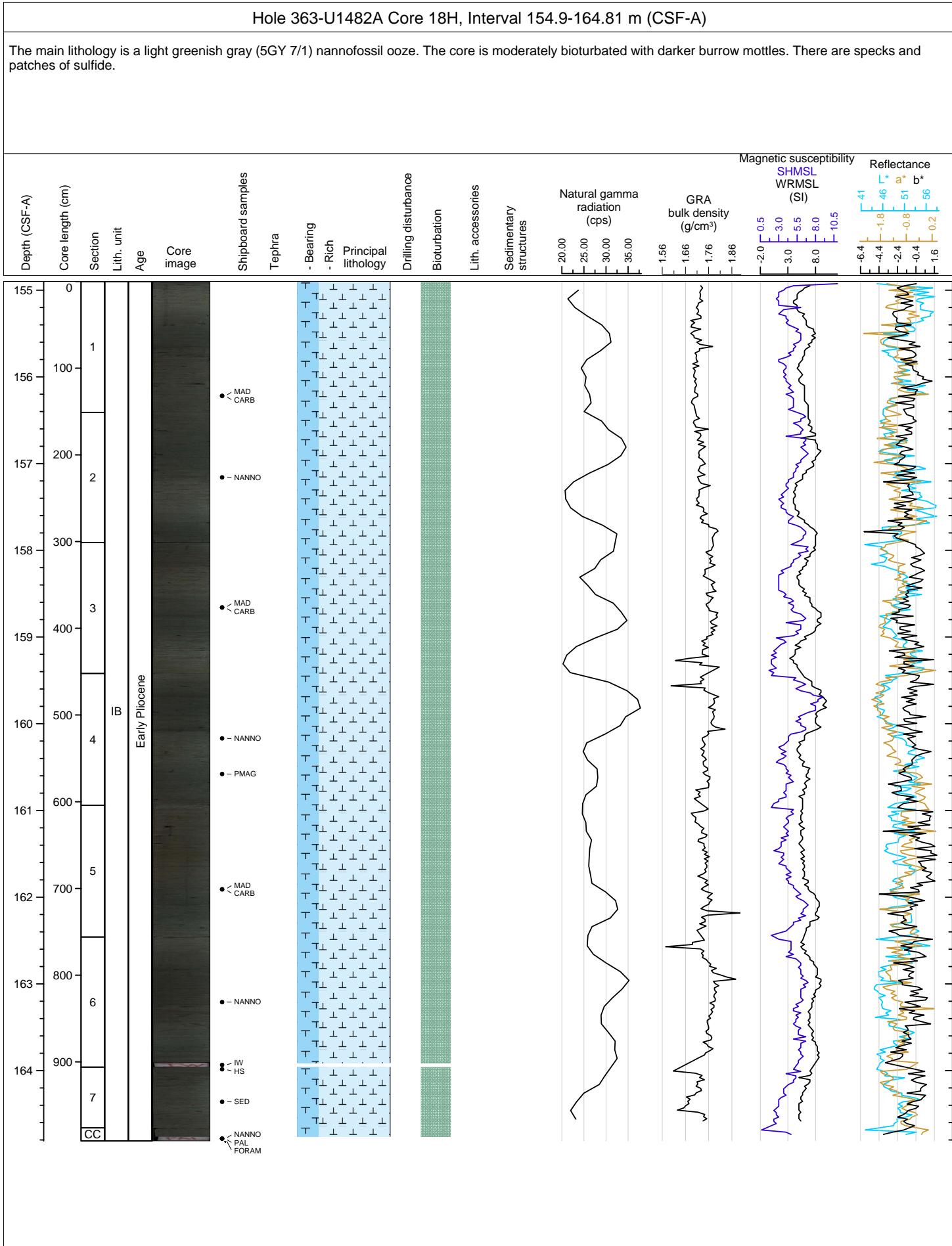


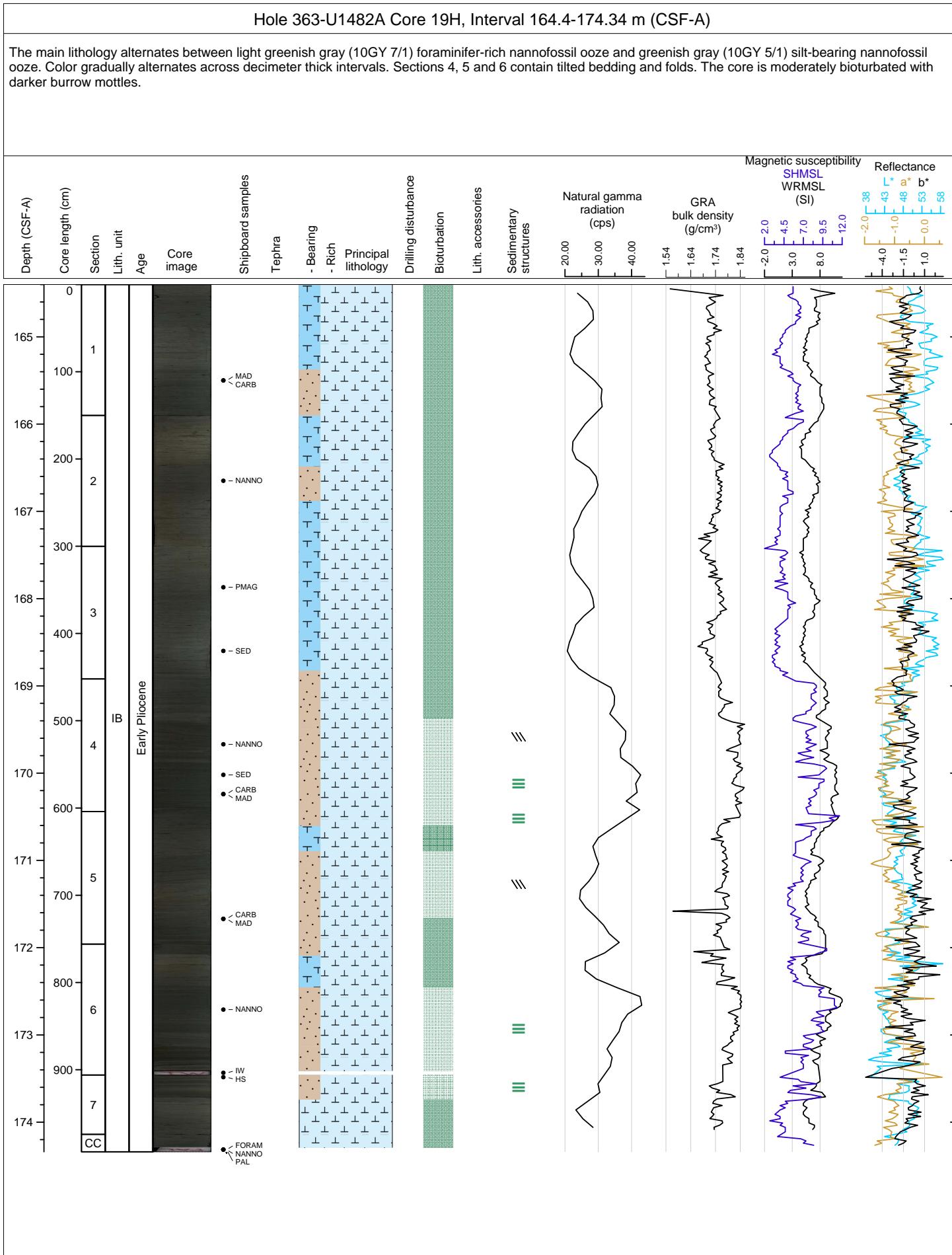


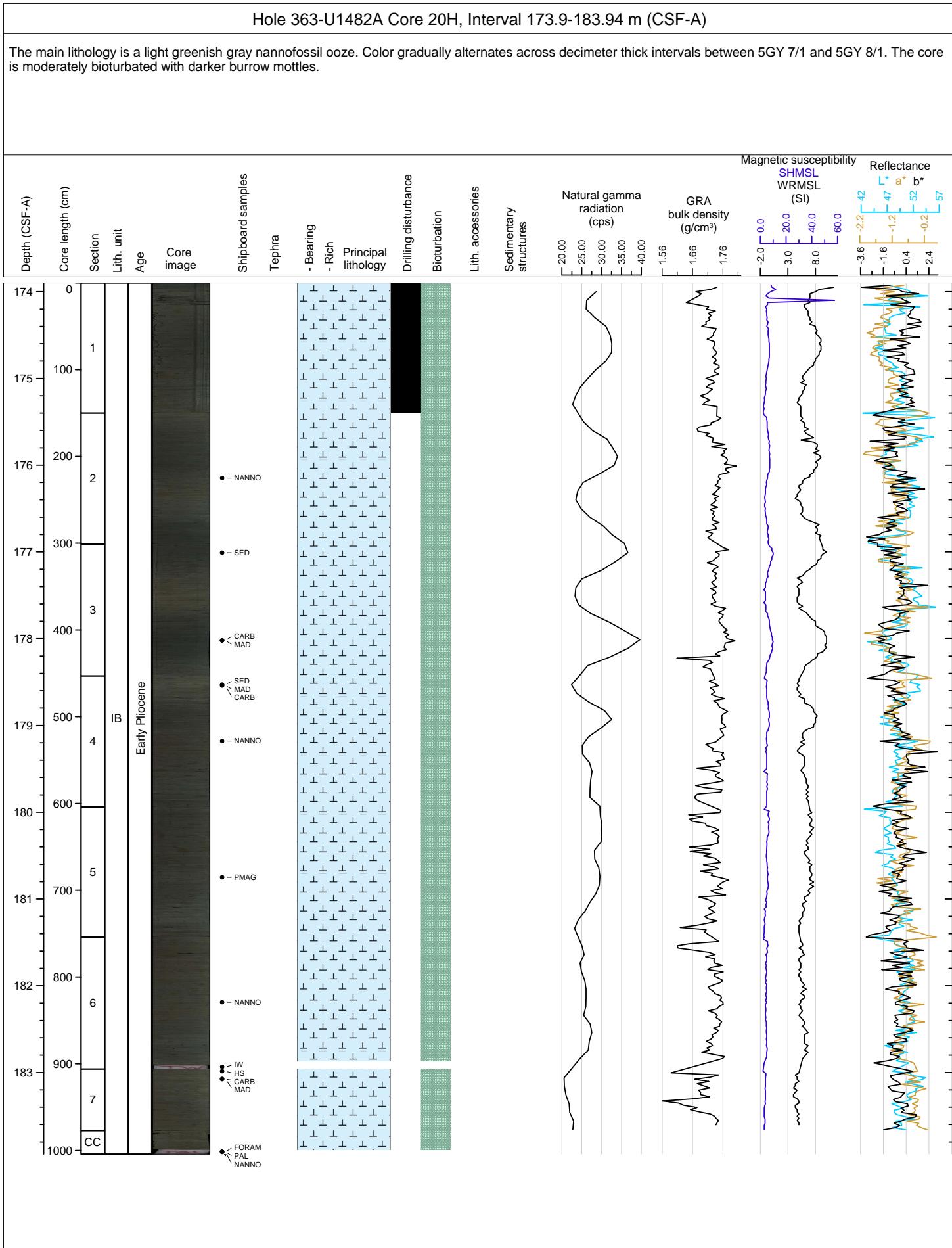


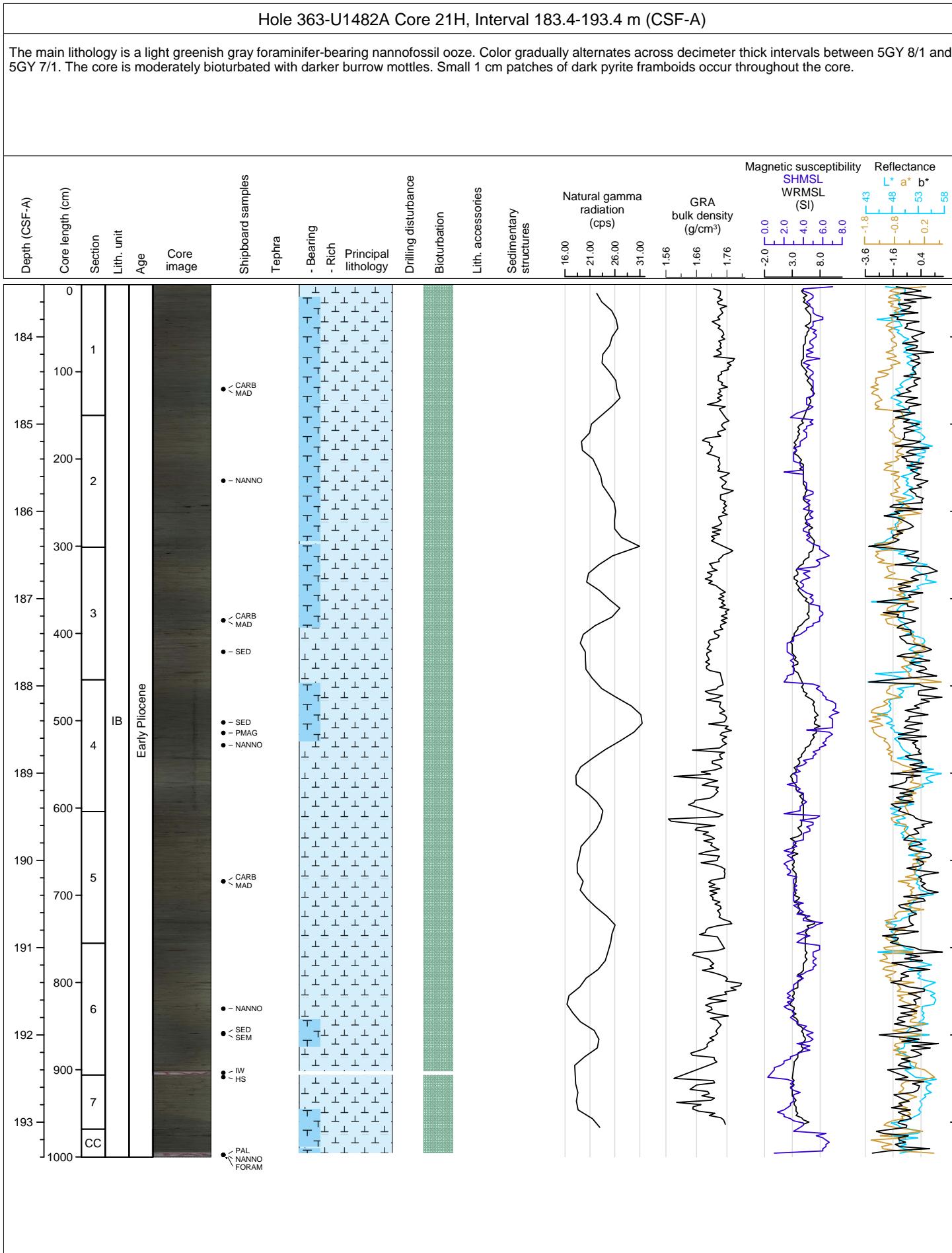


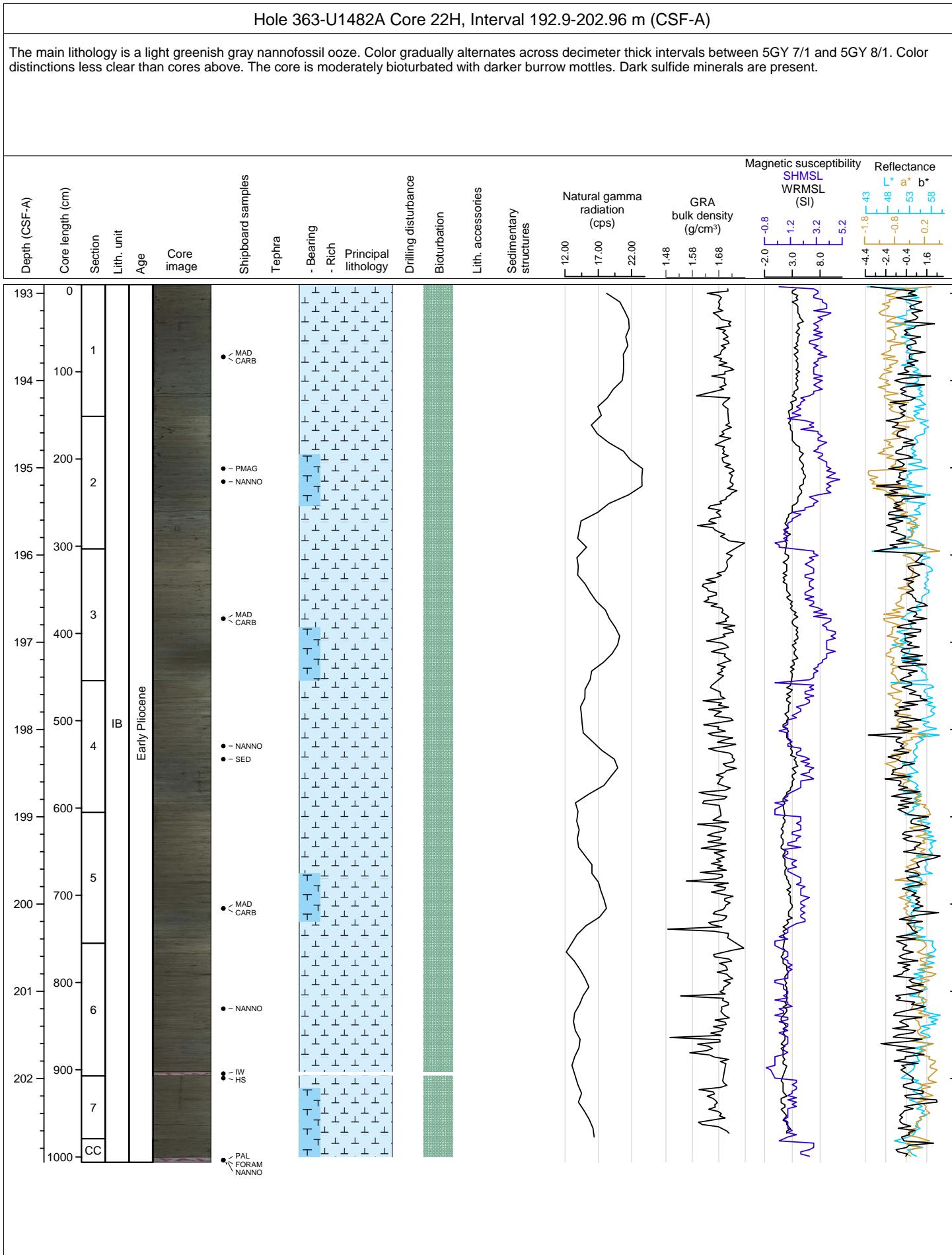


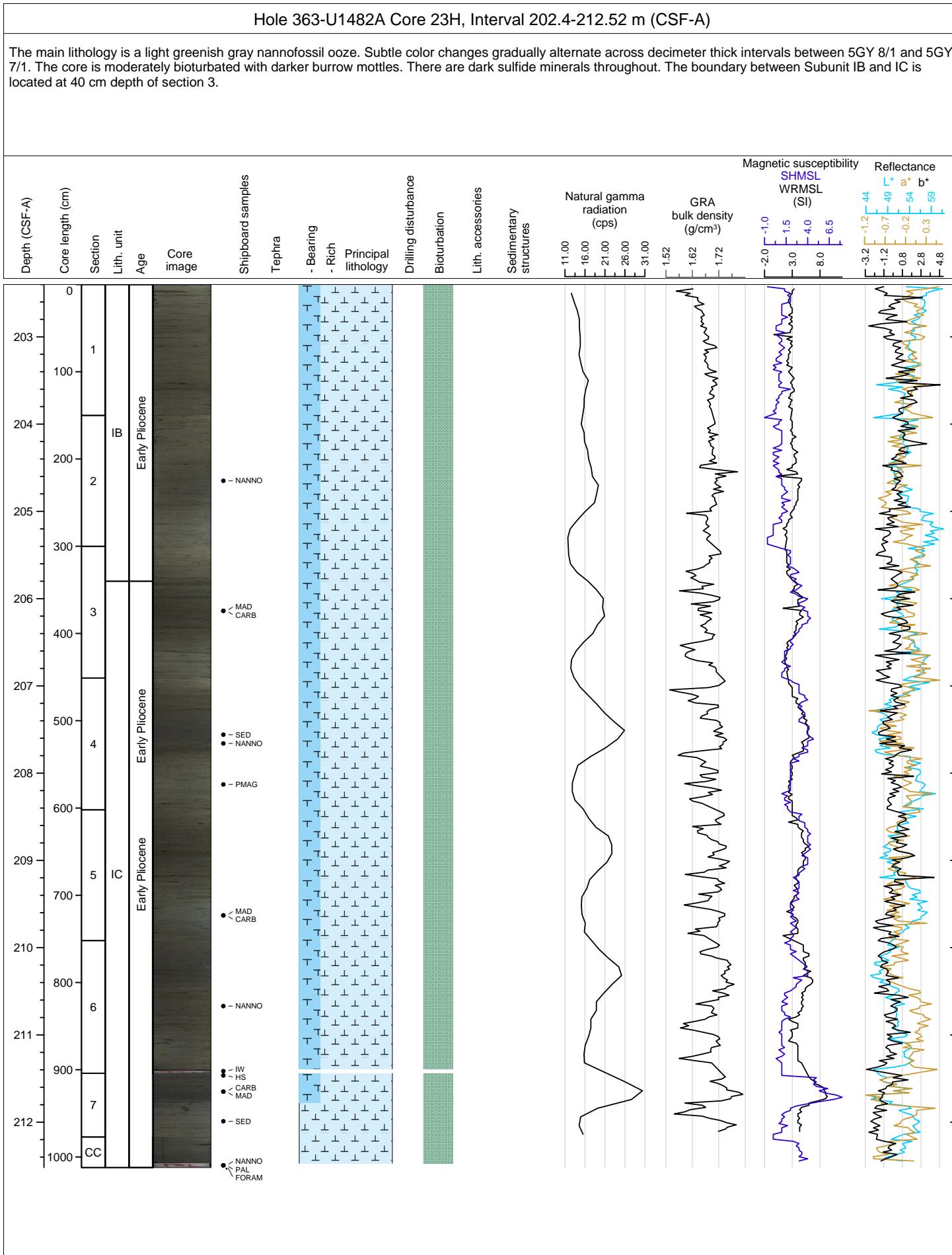


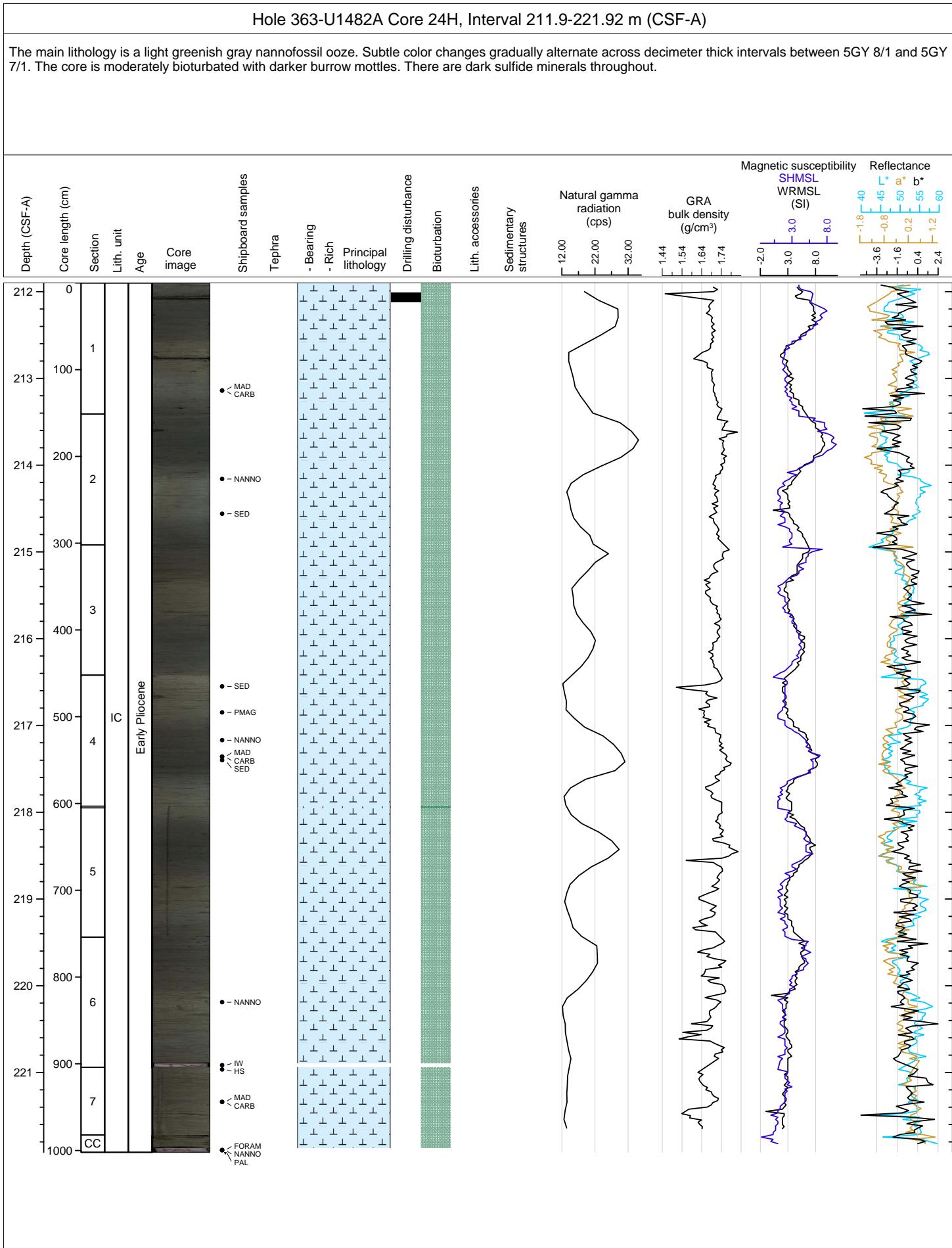


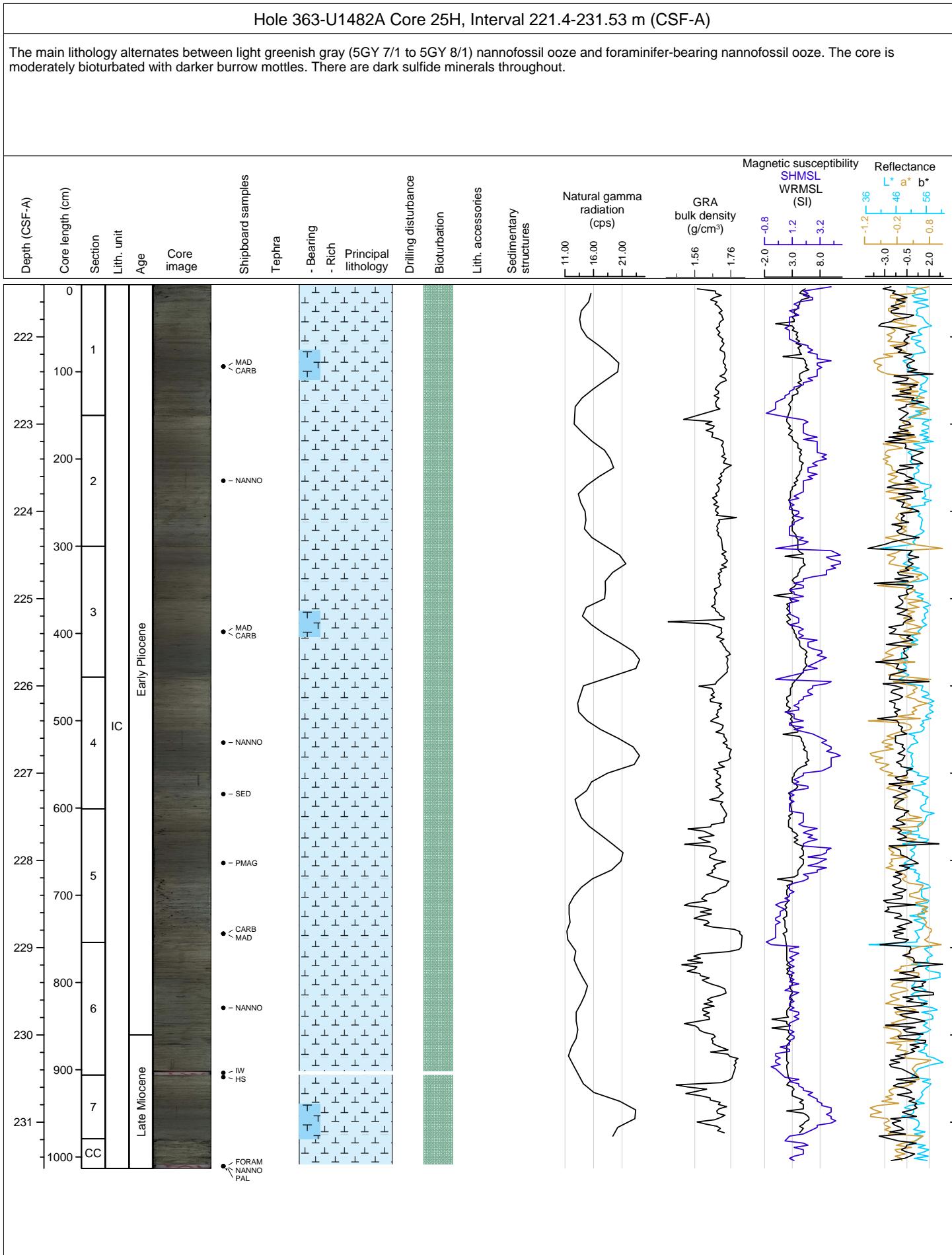






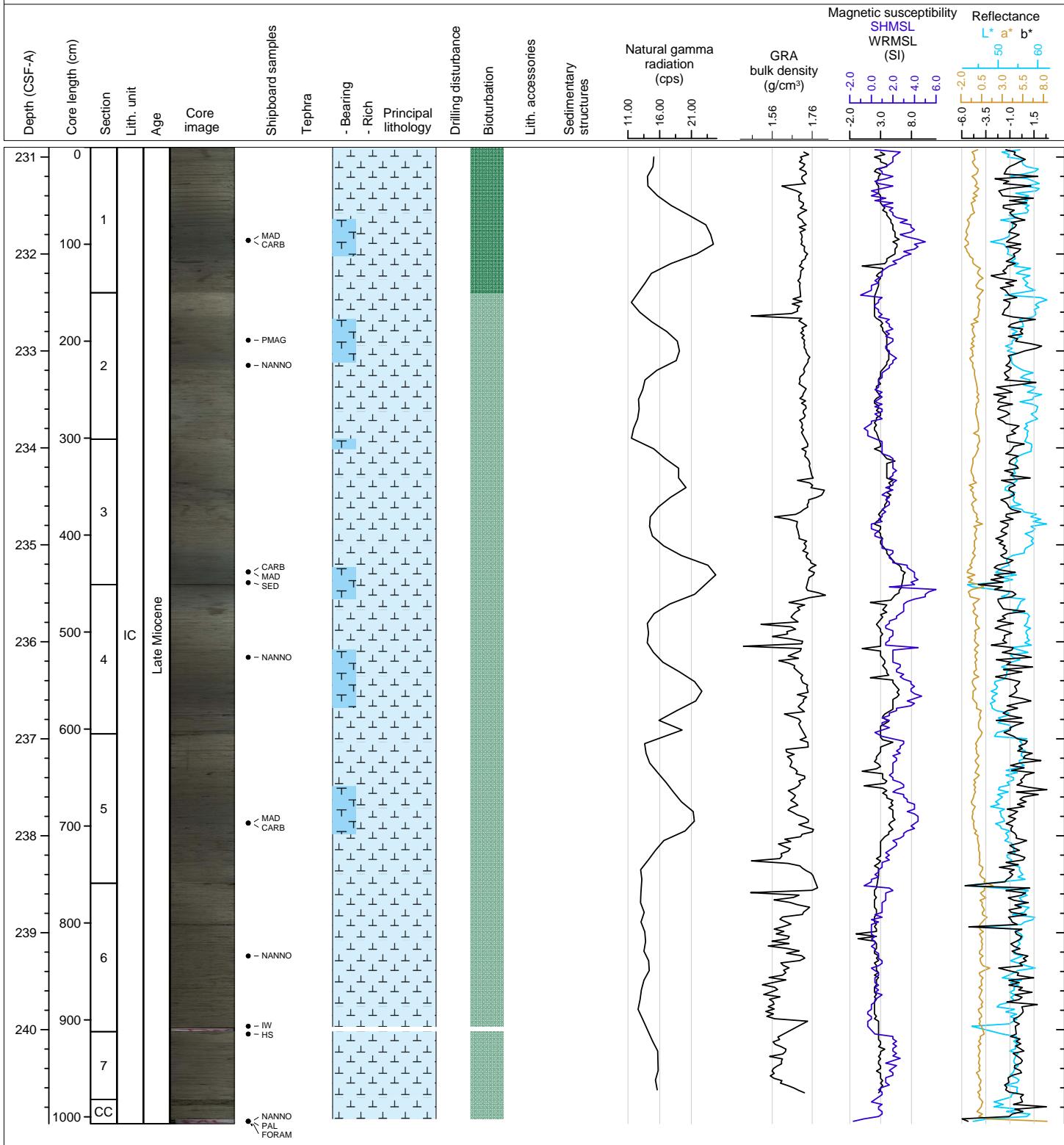






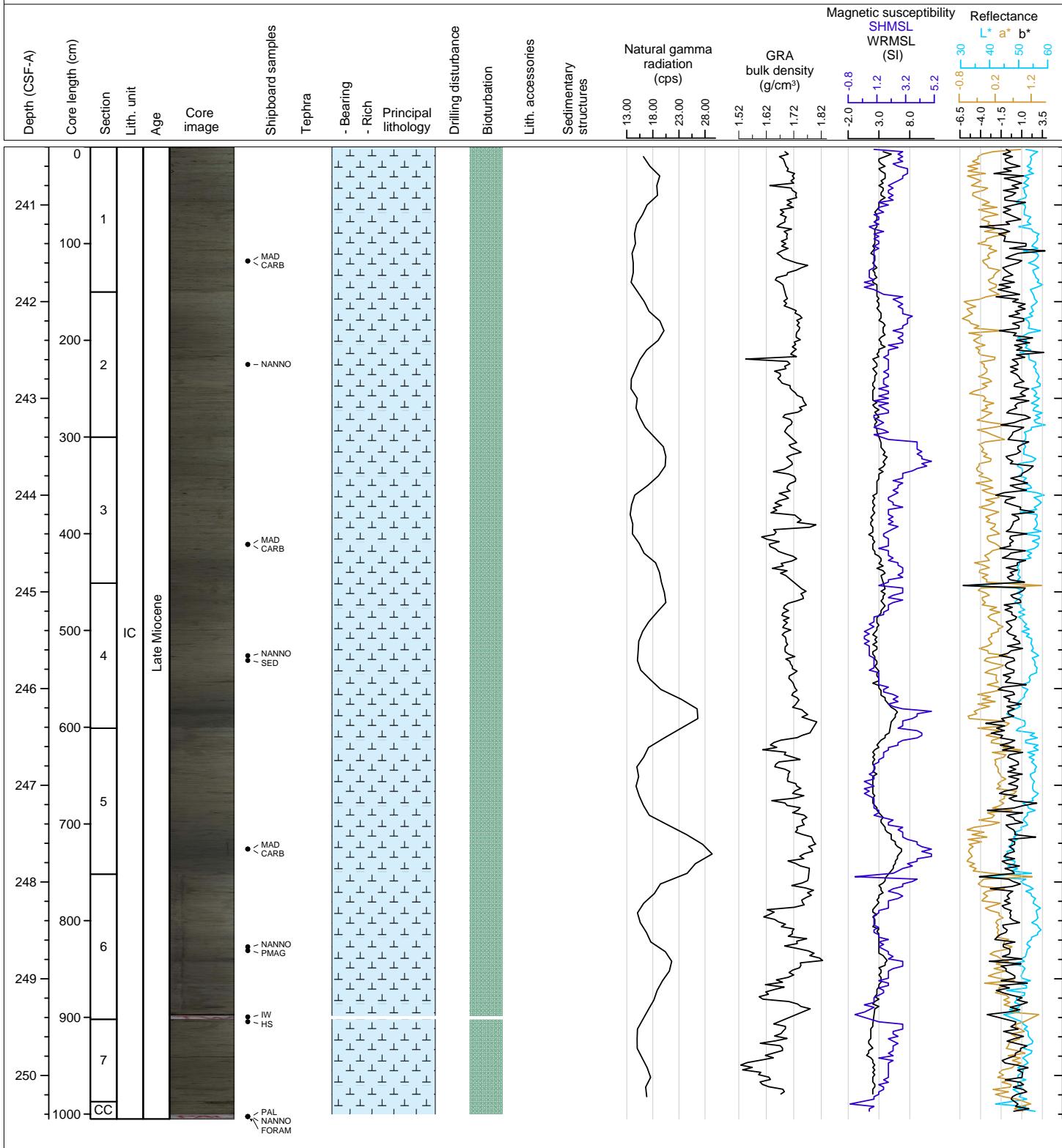
Hole 363-U1482A Core 26H, Interval 230.9-240.97 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is a light greenish gray nannofossil ooze. Subtle color changes gradually alternate across decimeter thick intervals between 5GY 8/1 and 5GY 7/1. The core is moderately bioturbated with darker burrow mottles. Gas expansion cracks are commonly observed in the core. Zoophycos burrows are prominent in the top section of the core. There are dark sulfide minerals throughout.



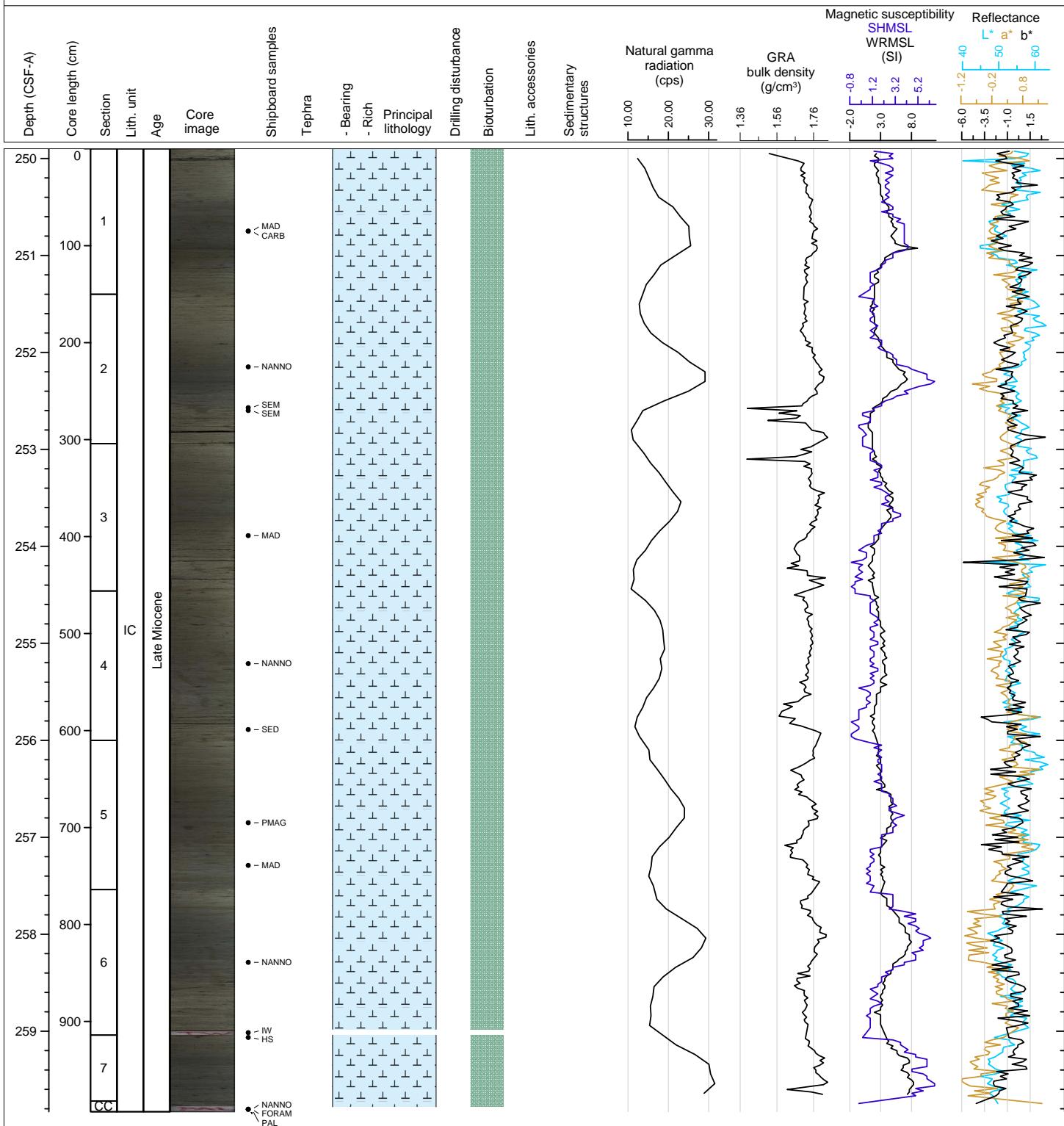
Hole 363-U1482A Core 27H, Interval 240.4-250.45 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is a light greenish gray nannofossil ooze. Subtle color changes gradually alternate across decimeter thick intervals between 5GY 8/1 and 5GY 7/1 with minor intervals of 5GY 6/1. The core is moderately bioturbated with darker burrow mottles. Several Skolithos features are observed in sections 1 through 4. Gas expansion cracks are common in sections 1-3 and 7. There are dark sulfide minerals throughout.



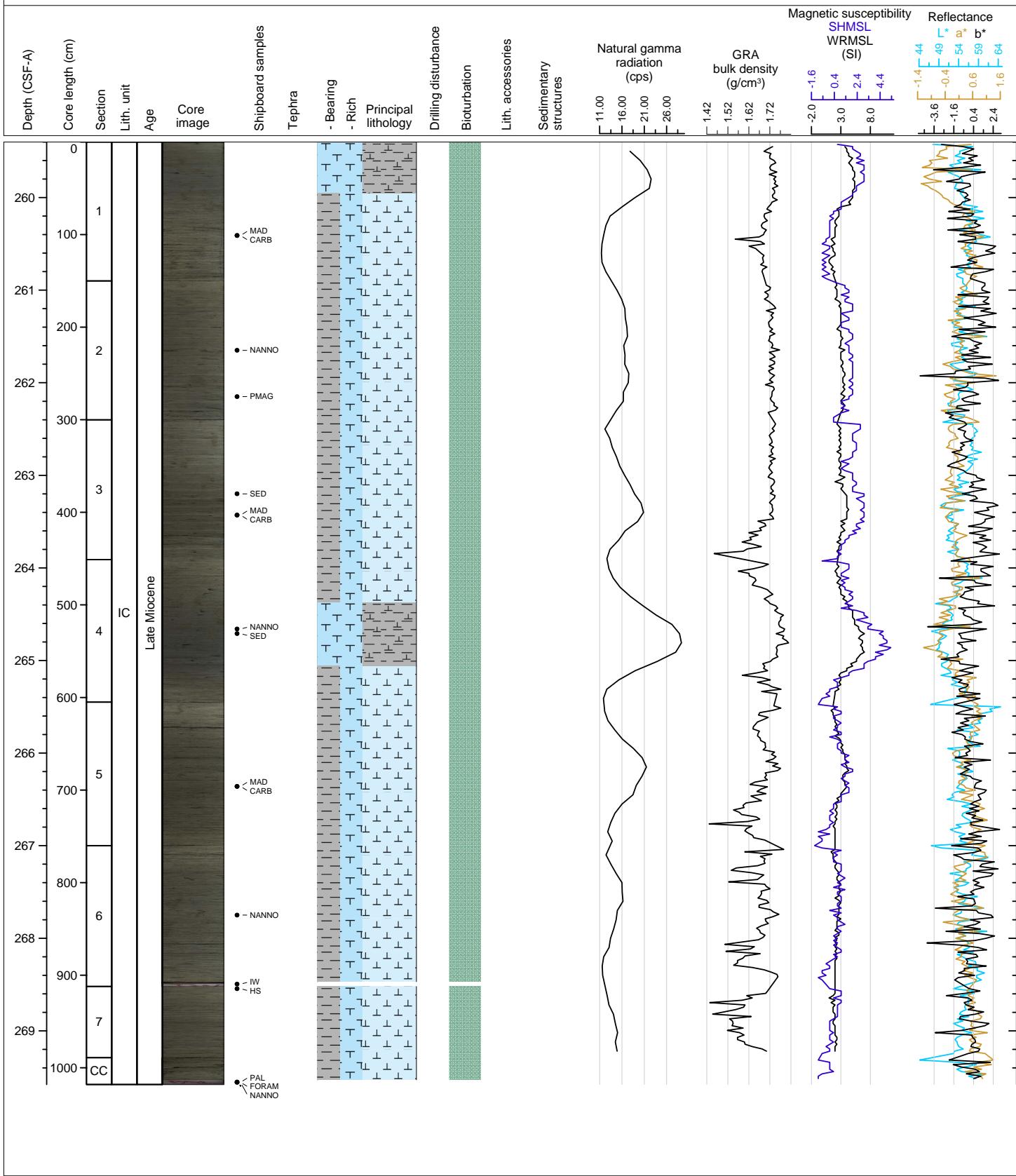
Hole 363-U1482A Core 28H, Interval 249.9-259.83 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is a light greenish gray nannofossil ooze. Subtle color changes gradually alternate across decimeter thick intervals between 5GY 8/1 and 5GY 7/1. The core is moderately bioturbated with darker burrow mottles. Gas expansion cracks are commonly observed in the core. Skolithos features are also common. There are dark sulfide minerals throughout.



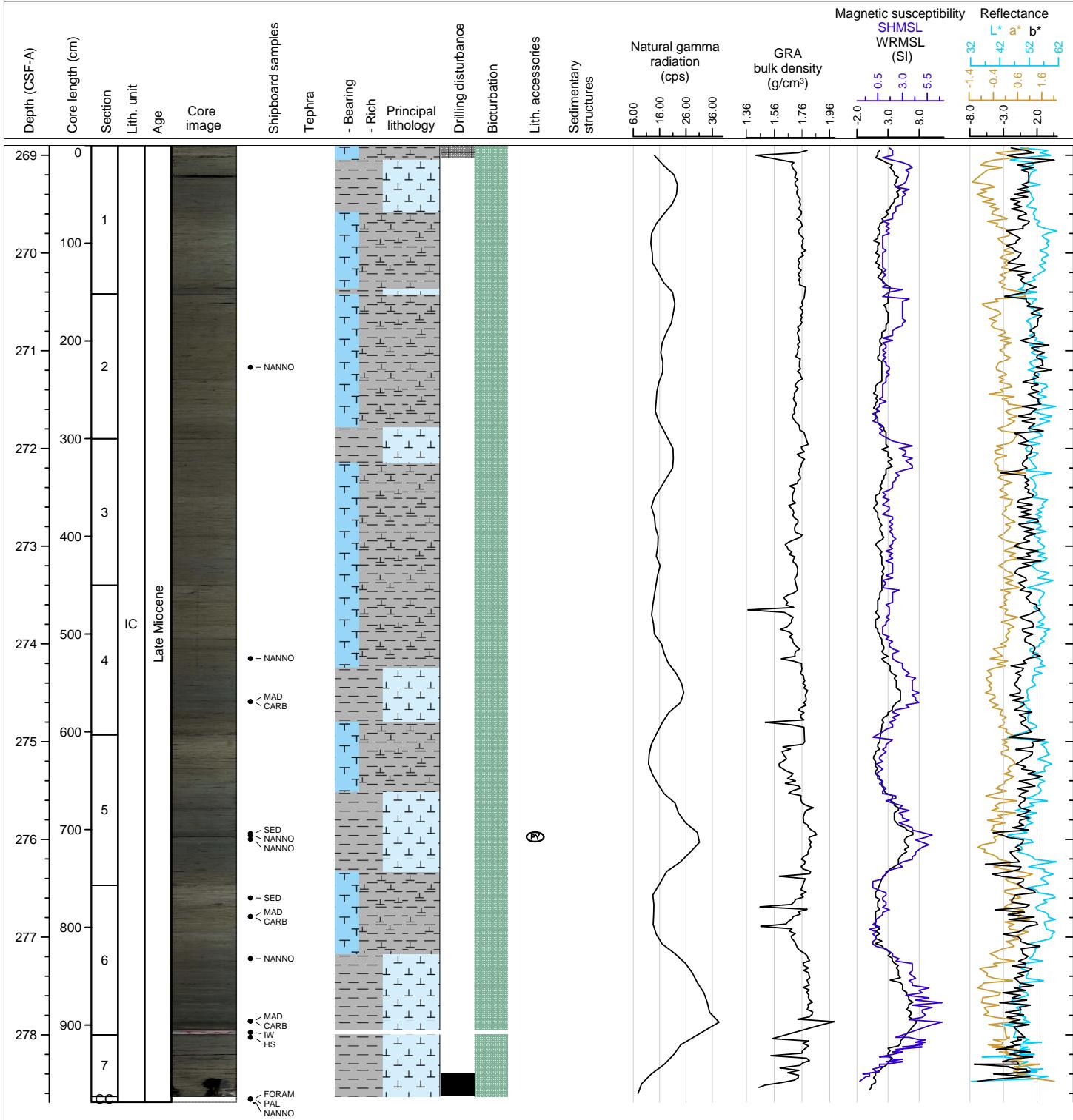
Hole 363-U1482A Core 29H, Interval 259.4-269.58 m (CSF-A)

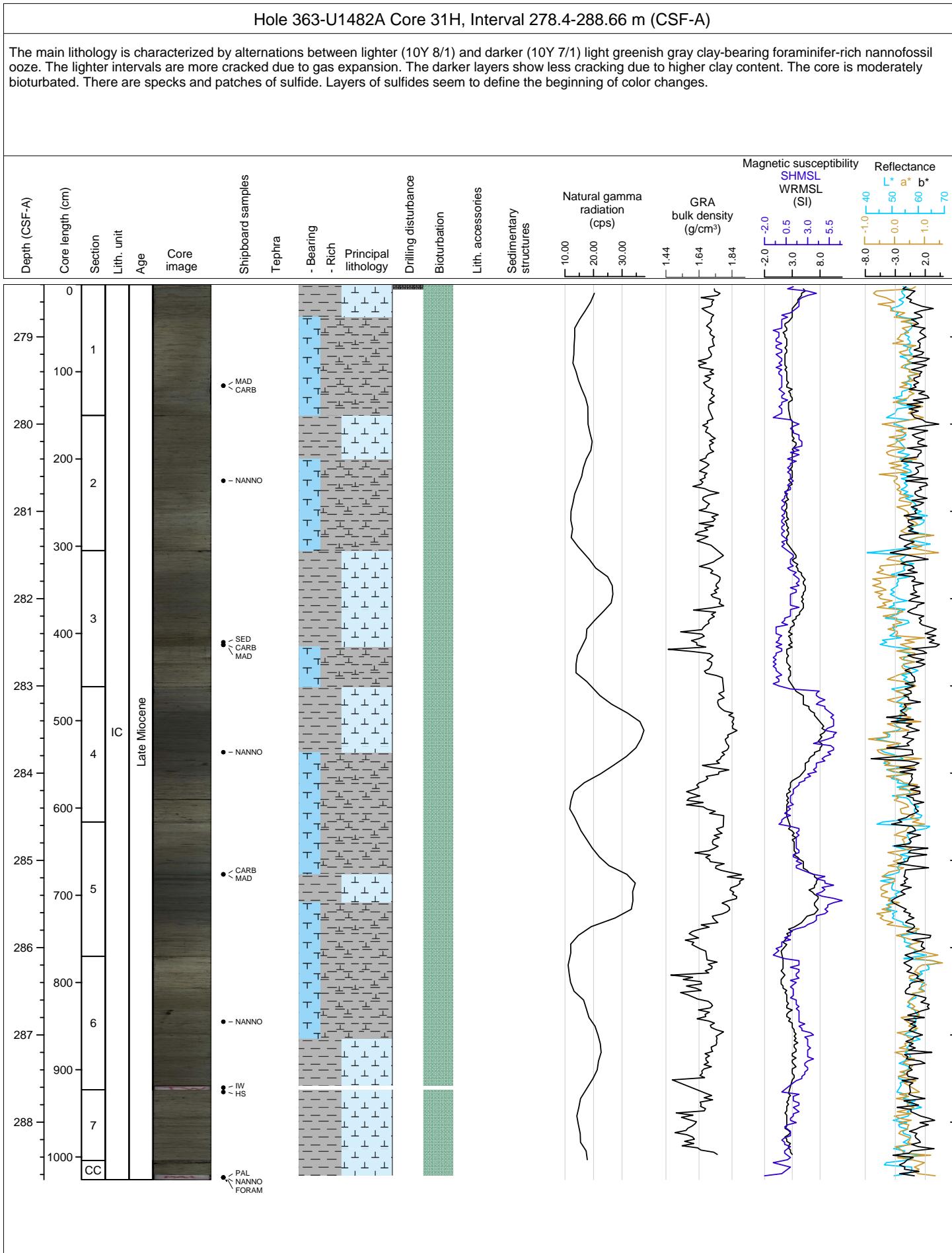
The main lithology is characterized by alternations between lighter (10Y 8/1) and darker (5G 7/1) light greenish grey clay-bearing foraminifer-rich nannofossil ooze. The lighter intervals are more cracked due to gas expansion. The darker layers show less cracking due to higher clay content. The core is moderately bioturbated. There are specks and patches of sulfide.



Hole 363-U1482A Core 30H, Interval 268.9-278.69 m (CSF-A)

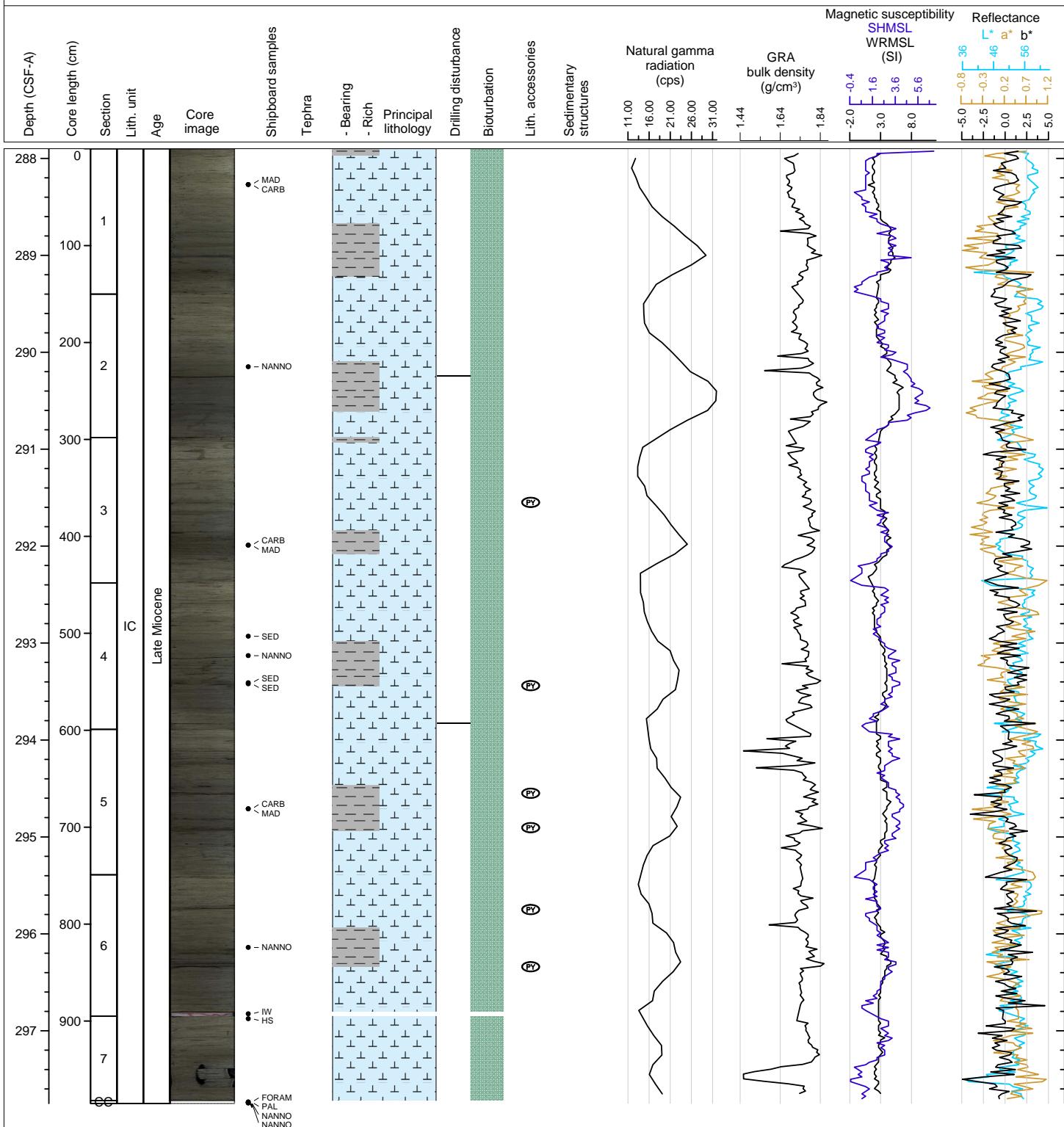
The main lithology is characterized by alternations between lighter (10Y 8/1) and darker (10Y 7/1) light greenish gray clay-bearing foraminifer-rich nannofossil oozes. The lighter intervals are more cracked due to gas expansion. The darker layers show less cracking due to higher clay content. The core is moderately bioturbated. There are specks and patches of sulfide. At 104 cm in section 5 there is a very thick sulfide layer.





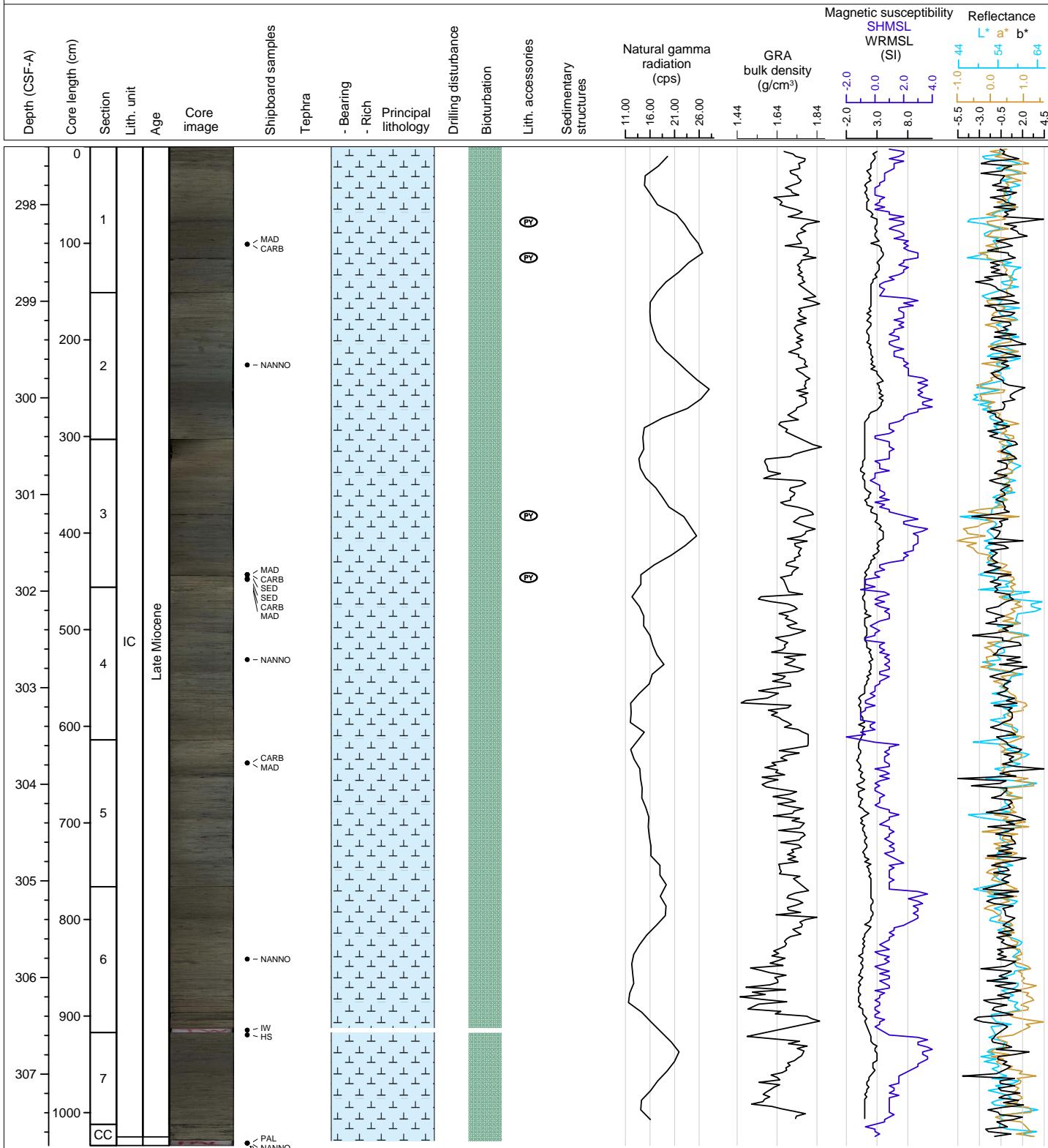
Hole 363-U1482A Core 32H, Interval 287.9-297.75 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is characterized by alternations between lighter (10GY 8/1) and darker (10GY 7/1) light greenish gray clay-bearing foraminifer-rich nannofossil ooze. The lighter intervals are more cracked due to gas expansion. The darker layers show less cracking due to higher clay content. The core is moderately bioturbated. There are specks and patches of sulfide. Layers of sulfides seem to define the beginning of color cycles.



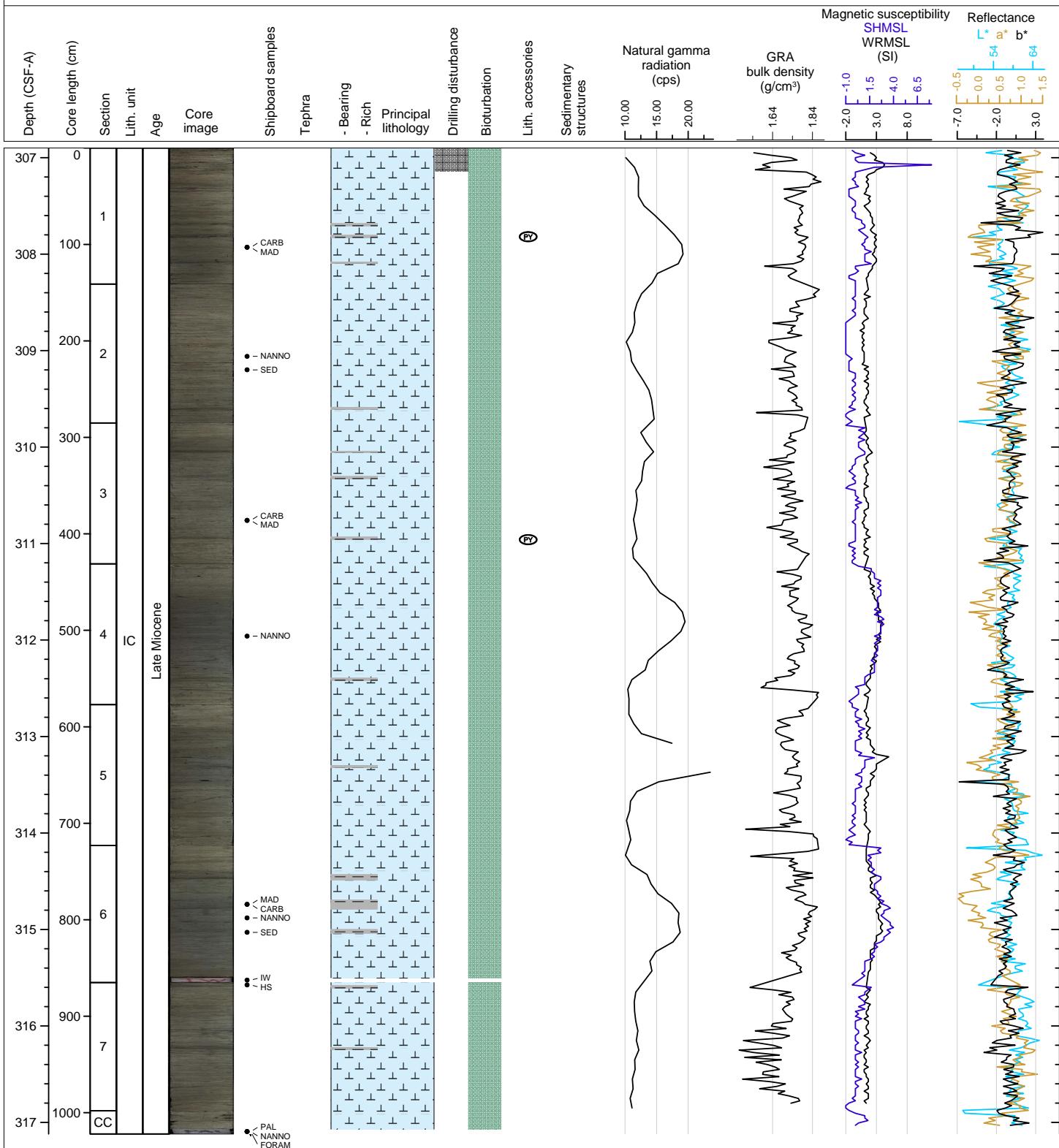
Hole 363-U1482A Core 33H, Interval 297.4-307.74 m (CSF-A)

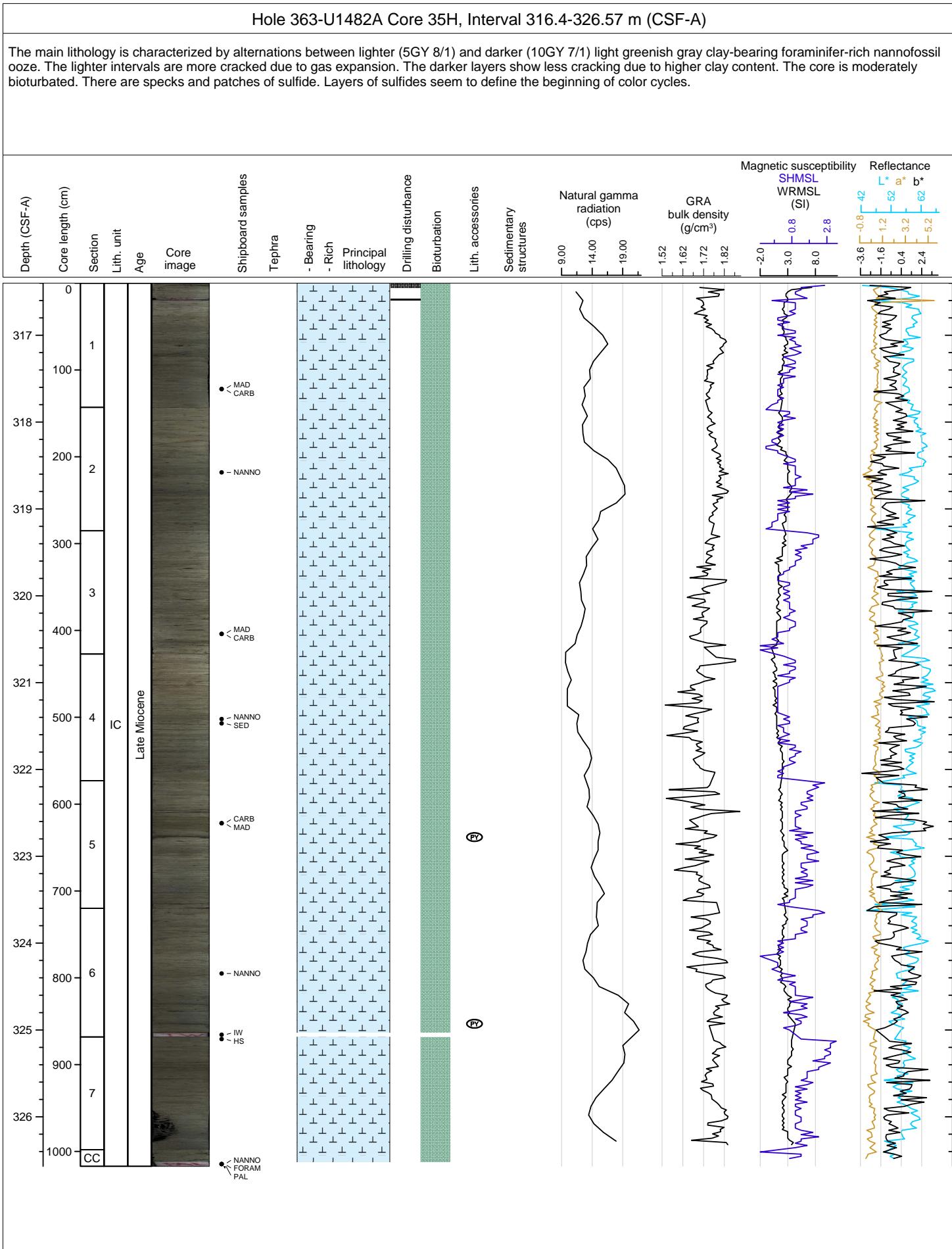
The main lithology is characterized by alternations between lighter (10GY 8/1) and darker (10GY 7/1) light greenish gray clay-bearing foraminifer-rich nannofossil oozes. The lighter intervals are more cracked due to gas expansion. The darker layers show less cracking due to higher clay content. The core is moderately bioturbated. There are specks and patches of sulfide. Layers of sulfides seem to define the beginning of color cycles.



Hole 363-U1482A Core 34H, Interval 306.9-317.12 m (CSF-A)

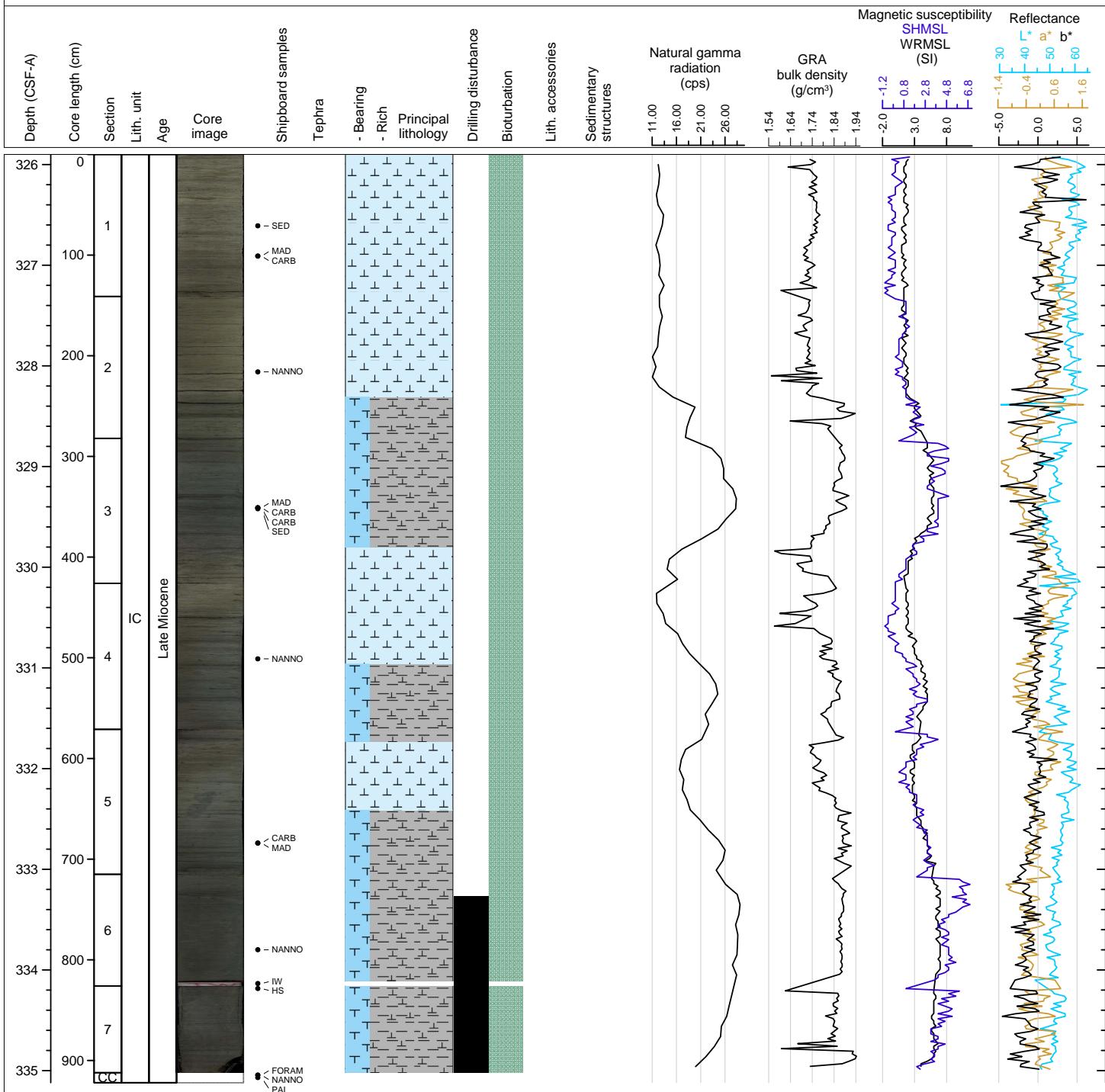
The main lithology is characterized by light greenish gray (5GY 8/1) nannofossil ooze. The lighter intervals are more cracked due to gas expansion. The core is moderately bioturbated. There are specks and patches of sulfide. Layers of sulfides seem to define the beginning of color cycles.

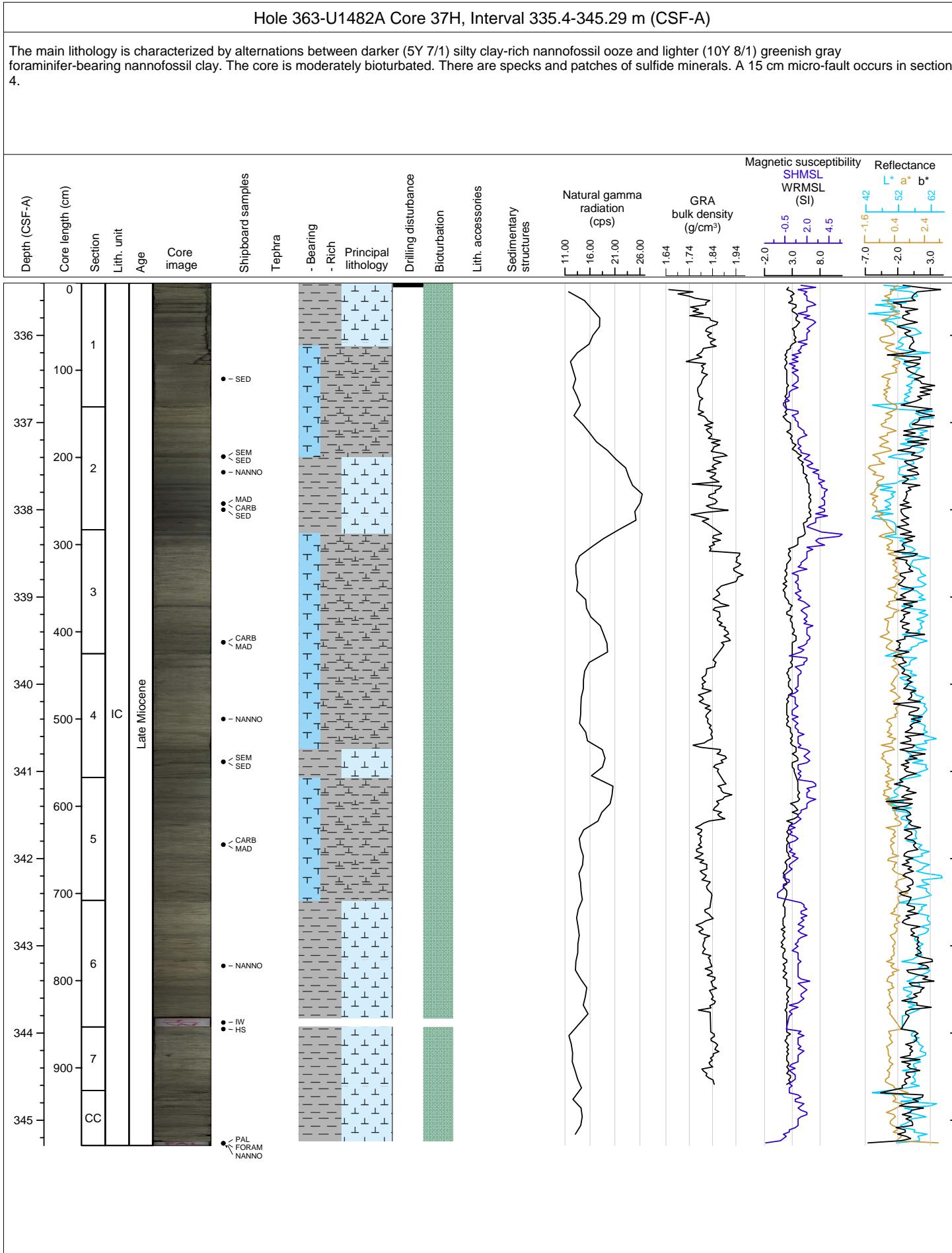




Hole 363-U1482A Core 36H, Interval 325.9-335.12 m (CSF-A)

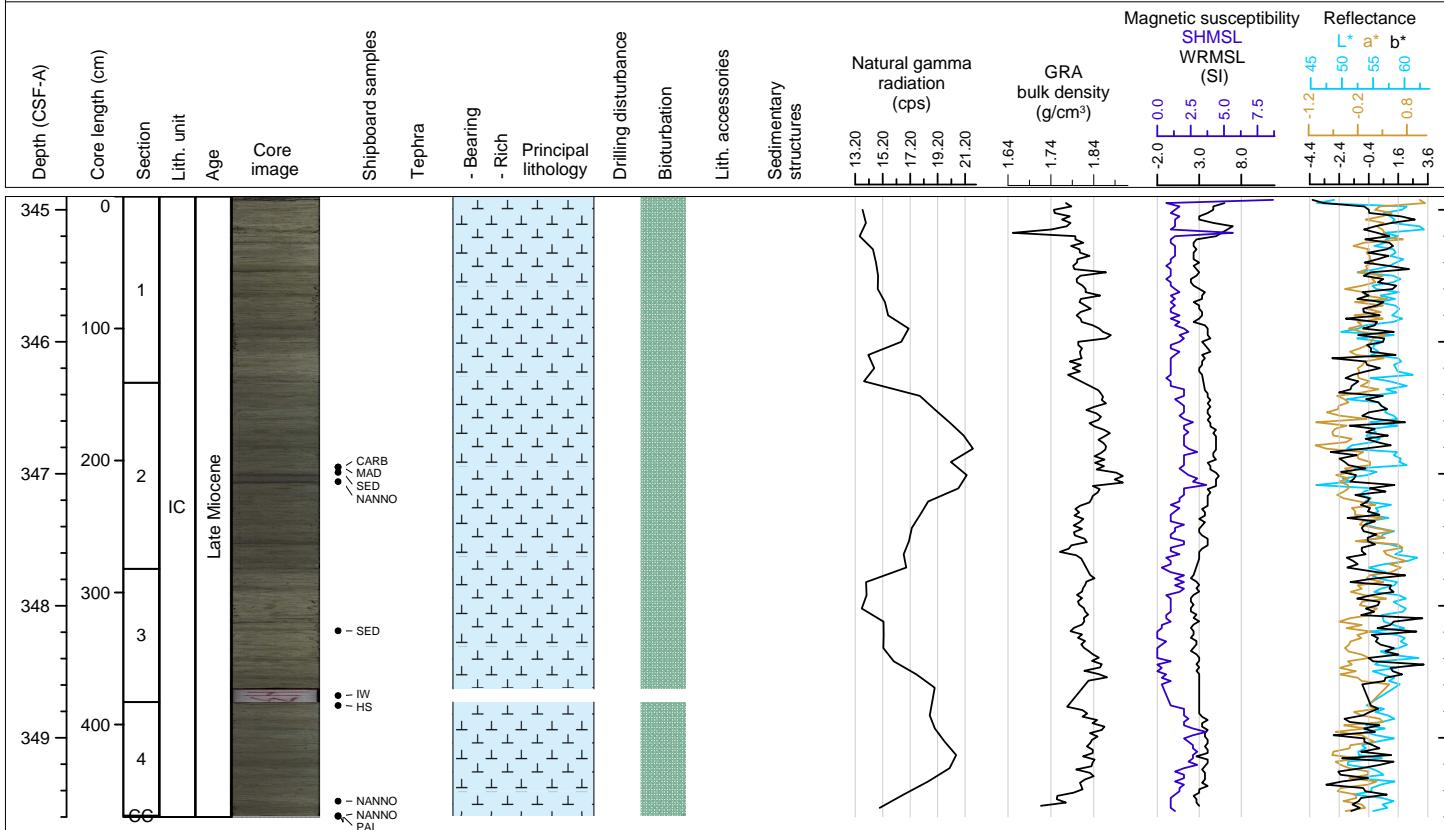
The main lithology is characterized by alternations between lighter (5GY 8/1) and darker (10GY 6/1) light greenish gray clay-bearing foraminifer-rich nannofossil ooze. The lighter intervals are more cracked due to gas expansion. The darker layers show less cracking due to higher clay content. The core is moderately bioturbated. There are specks and patches of sulfide. Layers of sulfides seem to define the beginning of cycles between nannofossil ooze and nannofossil clay. Sections 6 and 7 were disturbed during drilling, exhibiting evidence for suck-in.

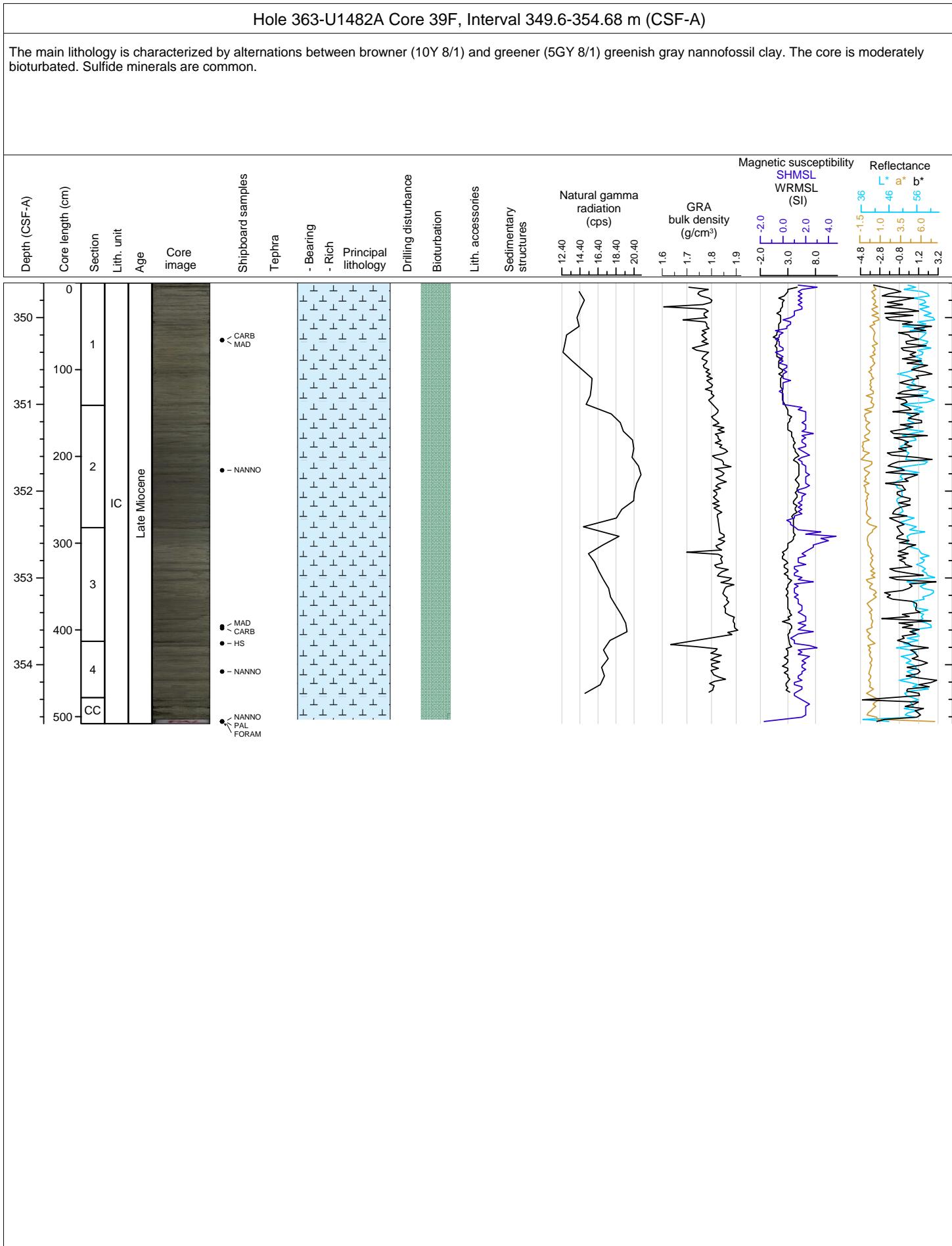




Hole 363-U1482A Core 38F, Interval 344.9-349.6 m (CSF-A)

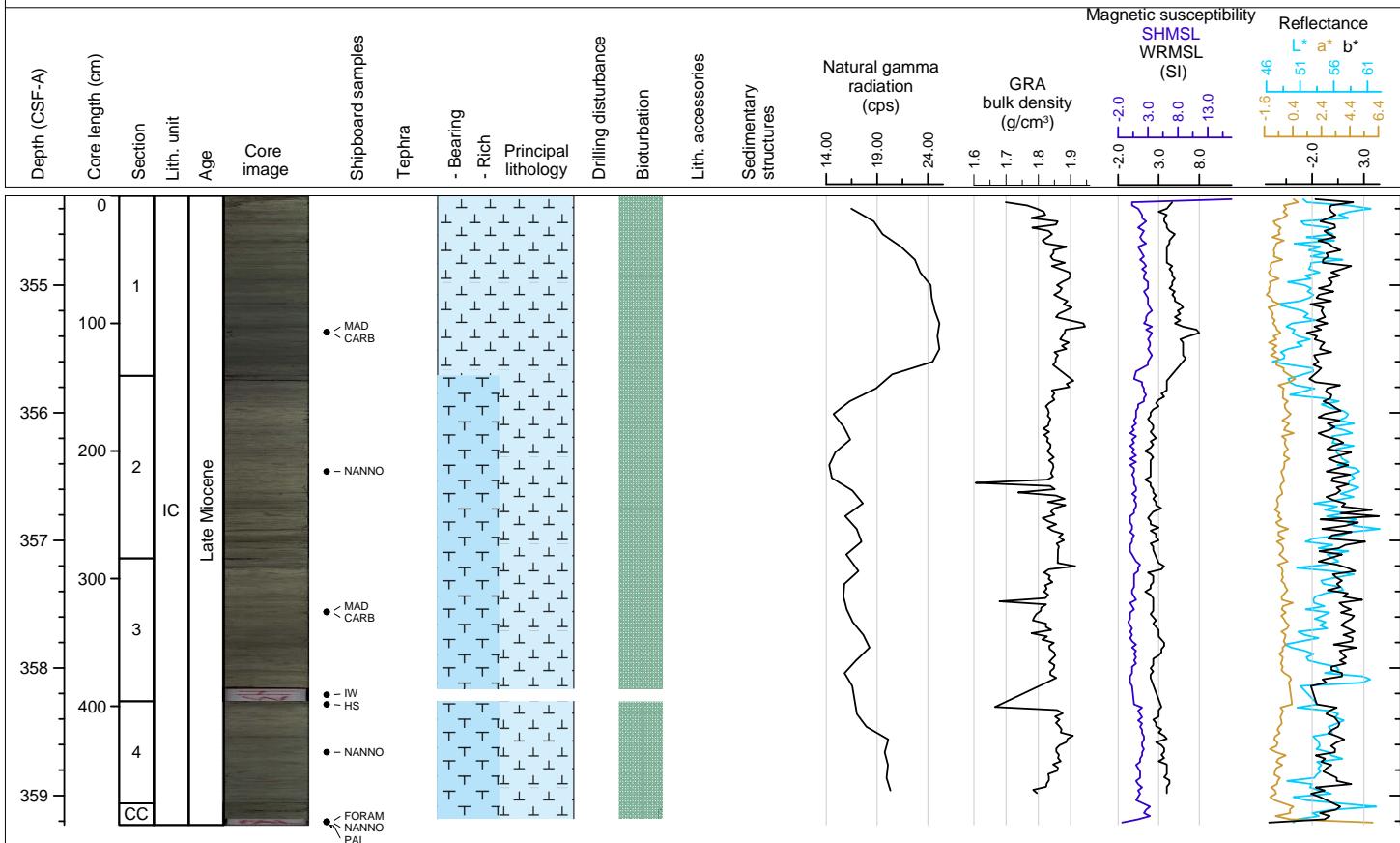
The main lithology is characterized by alternations between browner (10Y 8/1) and greener (5GY 8/1) greenish gray nannofossil clay. The core is moderately bioturbated. There are specks and patches of sulfide minerals. All core catcher material was taken for the PAL sample for micropaleontology.

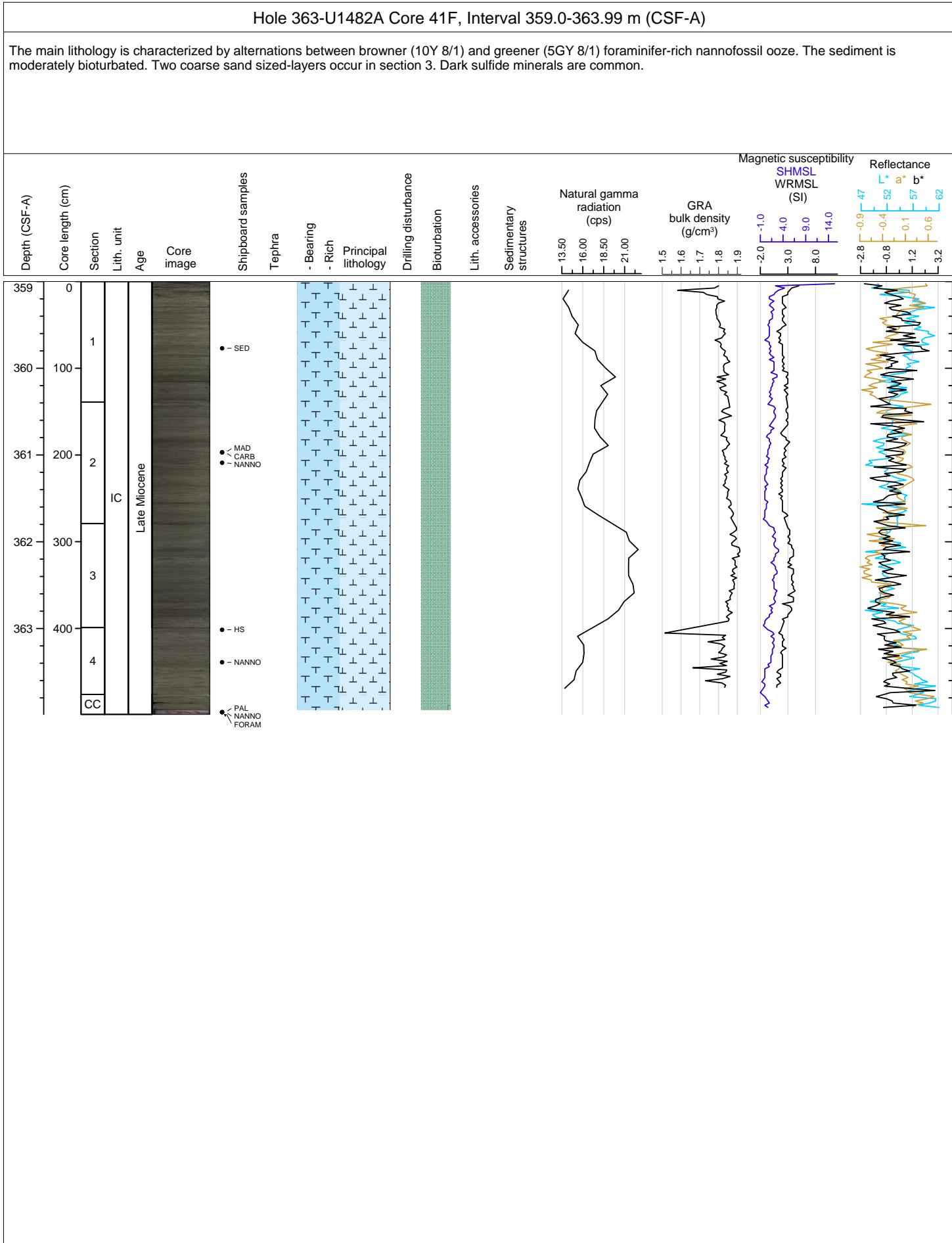




Hole 363-U1482A Core 40F, Interval 354.3-359.23 m (CSF-A)

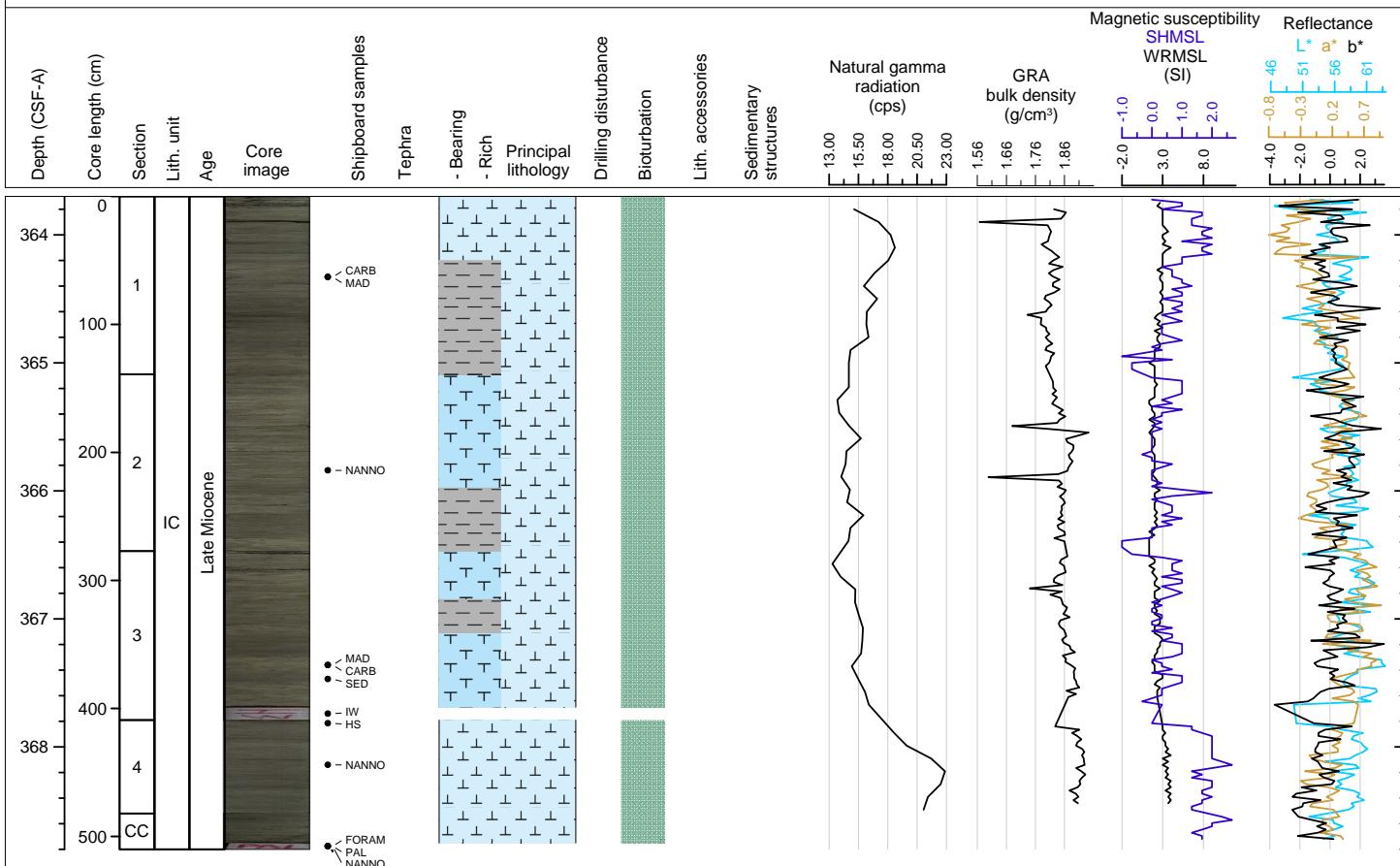
The main lithology is characterized by alternations between browner (10Y 8/1) and greener (5GY 8/1) greenish gray foraminifer-rich nannofossil ooze. Sulfide specks and streaks are common. The sediment is moderately bioturbated. A layer of coarse sand-sized material occurs at 84 cm in section 1.





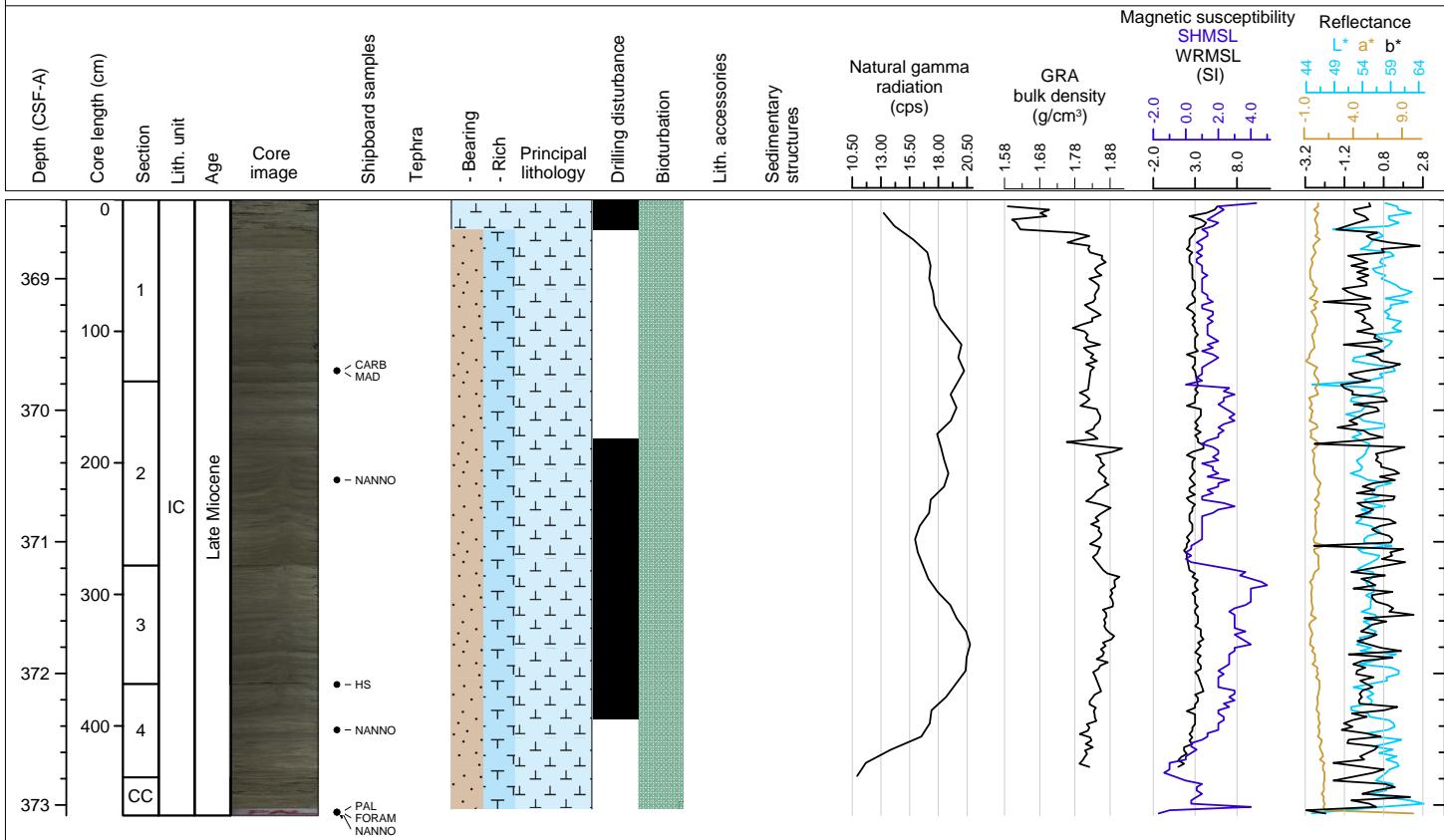
Hole 363-U1482A Core 42F, Interval 363.7-368.8 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is characterized by alternations between darker (5Y 7/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze and lighter (10Y 8/1) greenish grey foraminifer-bearing nannofossil clay. The core is moderately bioturbated. There are specks and patches of sulfide minerals. The lighter intervals are more cracked due to gas expansion. The darker layers show less cracking due to higher clay content.



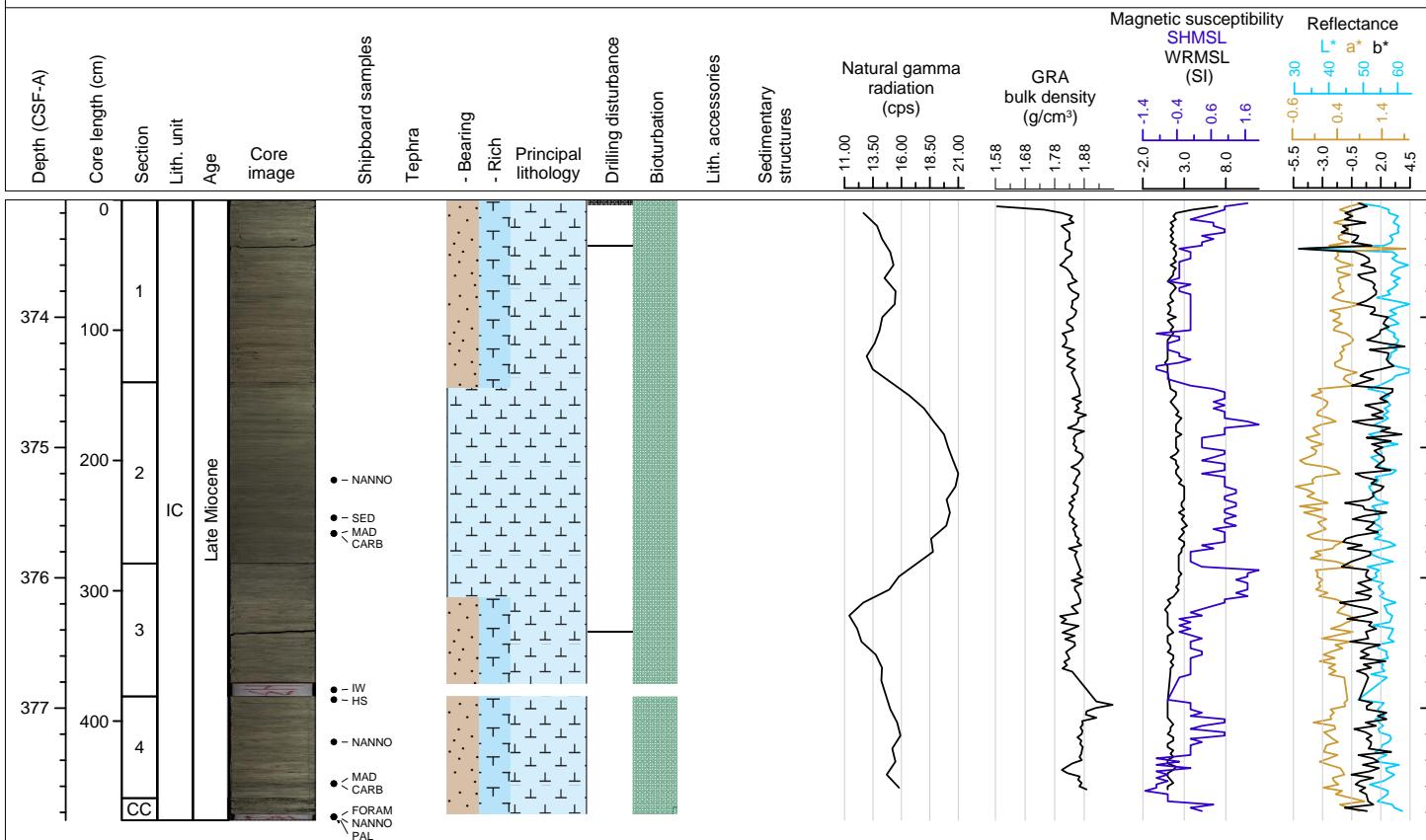
Hole 363-U1482A Core 43F, Interval 368.4-373.08 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is a light greenish gray (10Y 8/1) silt-bearing foraminifer-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is destroyed between 1.94 and 3.87 m due to drilling disturbance (flow-in). No sediment was recovered on the first coring attempt. The same interval was cored a second time, retrieving a full core barrel; however, the sediment is very disturbed.



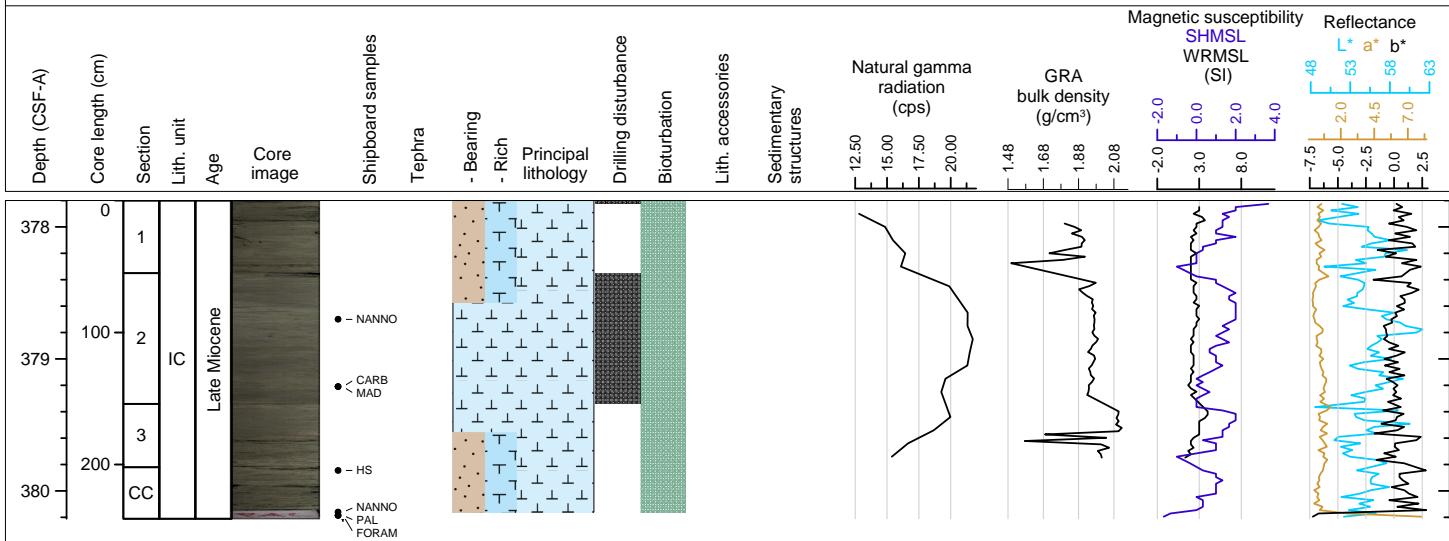
Hole 363-U1482A Core 44F, Interval 373.1-377.86 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is characterized by alternations between browner (10Y 8/1) silt-bearing foraminifer-rich nannofossil ooze and greener (5GY 8/1) greenish gray nannofossil ooze. Sulfide minerals are common. The sediment is moderately bioturbated.



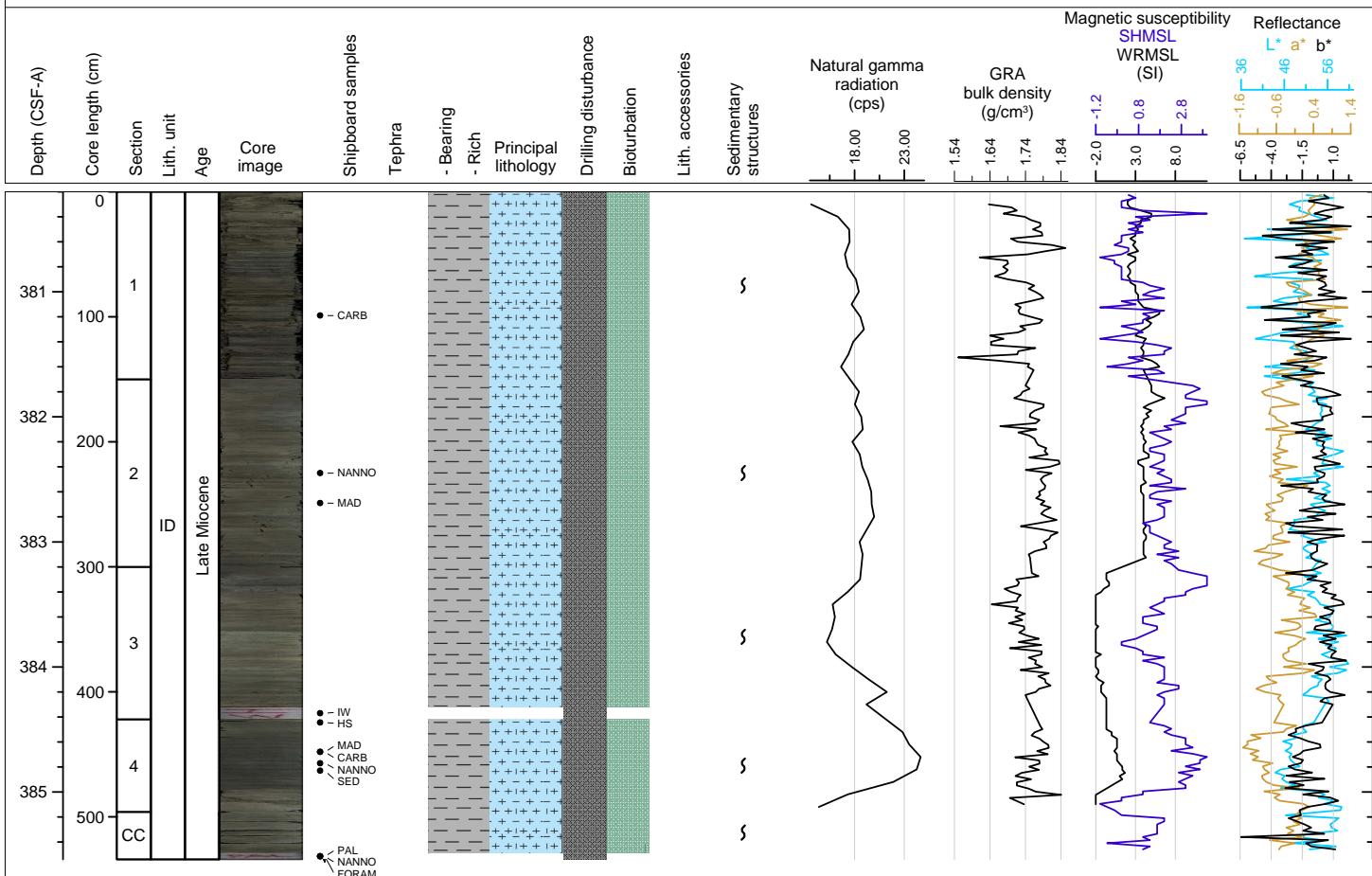
Hole 363-U1482A Core 45F, Interval 377.8-380.21 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is characterized by alternations between browner (10Y 8/1) silt-bearing foraminifer-rich nannofossil ooze and greener (5GY 8/1) greenish gray nannofossil ooze. Sulfide minerals are common. The sediment is moderately bioturbated.



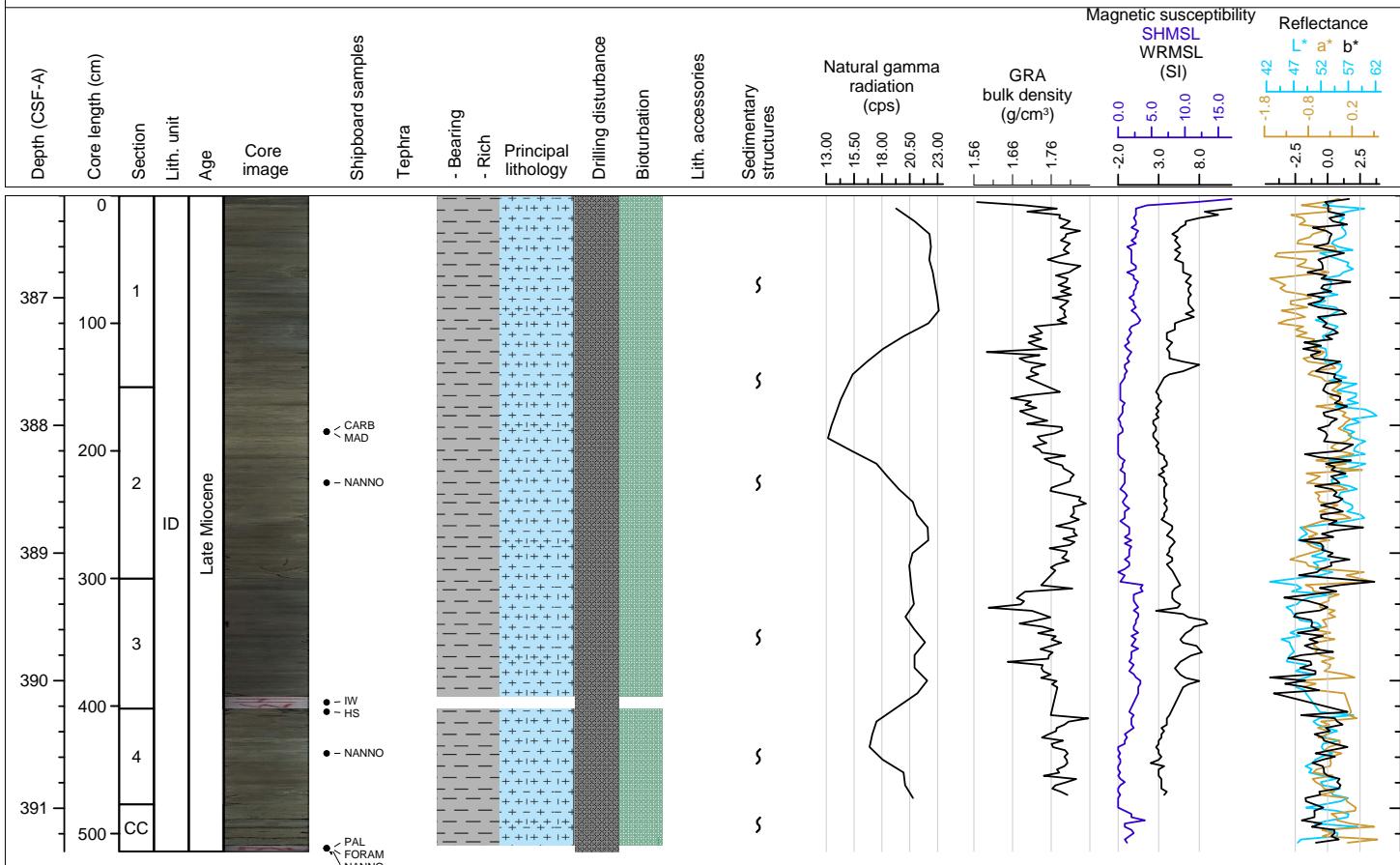
Hole 363-U1482A Core 46X, Interval 380.2-385.54 m (CSF-A)

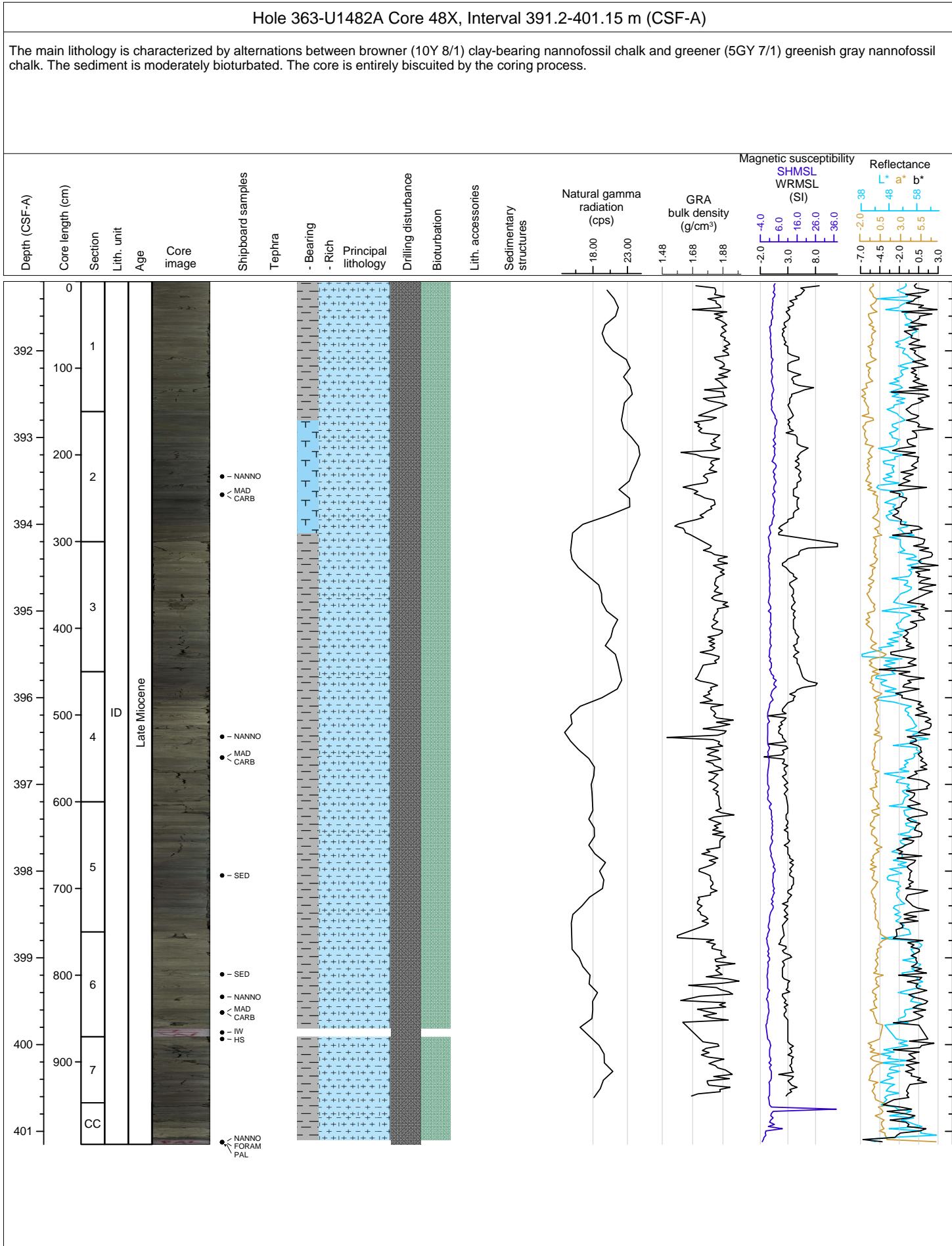
The main lithology is characterized by alternations between browner (10Y 8/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze and greener (5GY 7/1) greenish gray nannofossil ooze. Sulfide minerals are common. The sediment is moderately bioturbated. The boundary between Subunit IC and ID is located at the top of core 46X.



Hole 363-U1482A Core 47X, Interval 386.2-391.34 m (CSF-A)

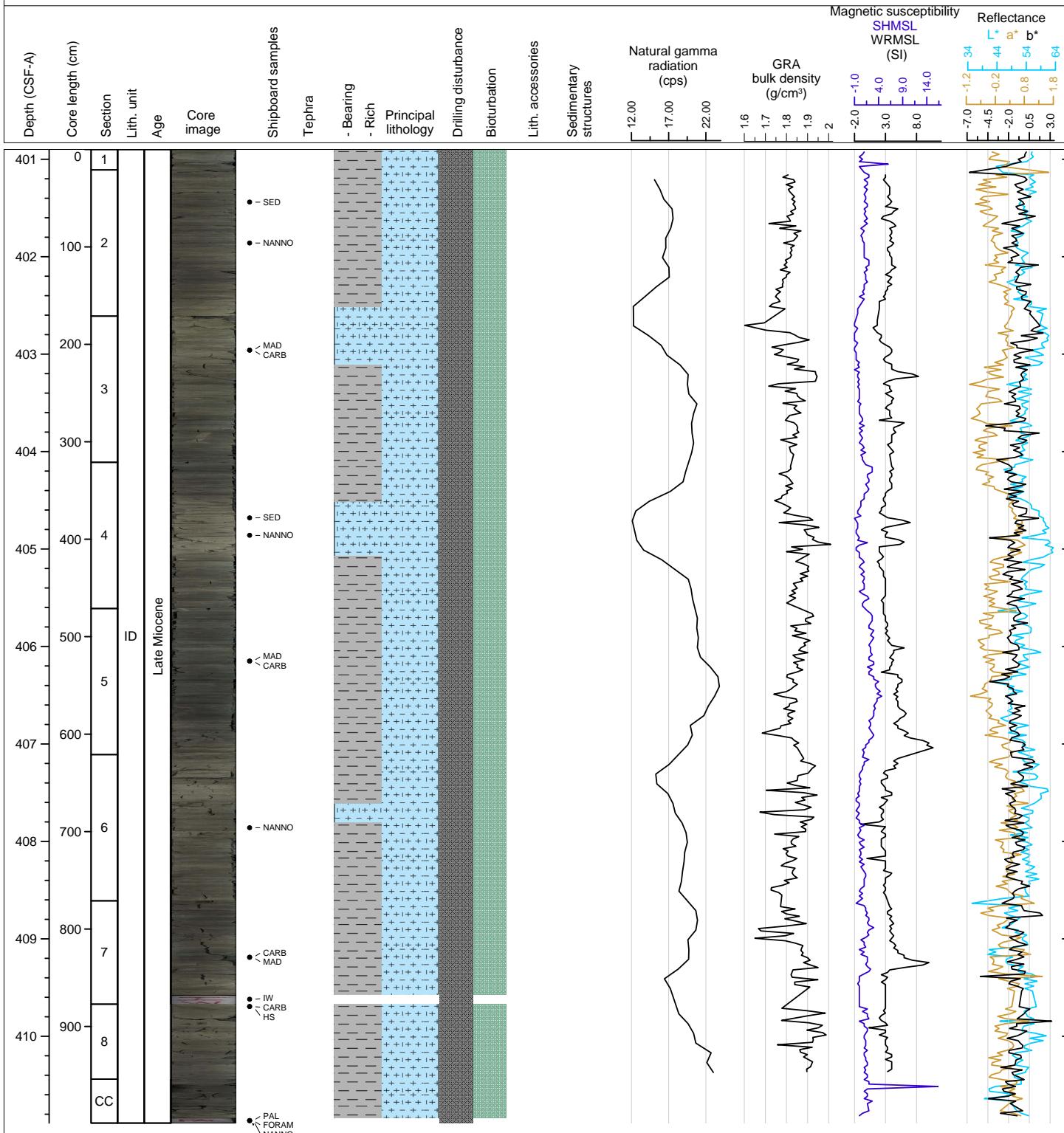
The main lithology is characterized by alternations between browner (10Y 8/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze and greener (5GY 7/1) greenish gray nannofossil ooze. Sulfide minerals are common. The sediment is moderately bioturbated.





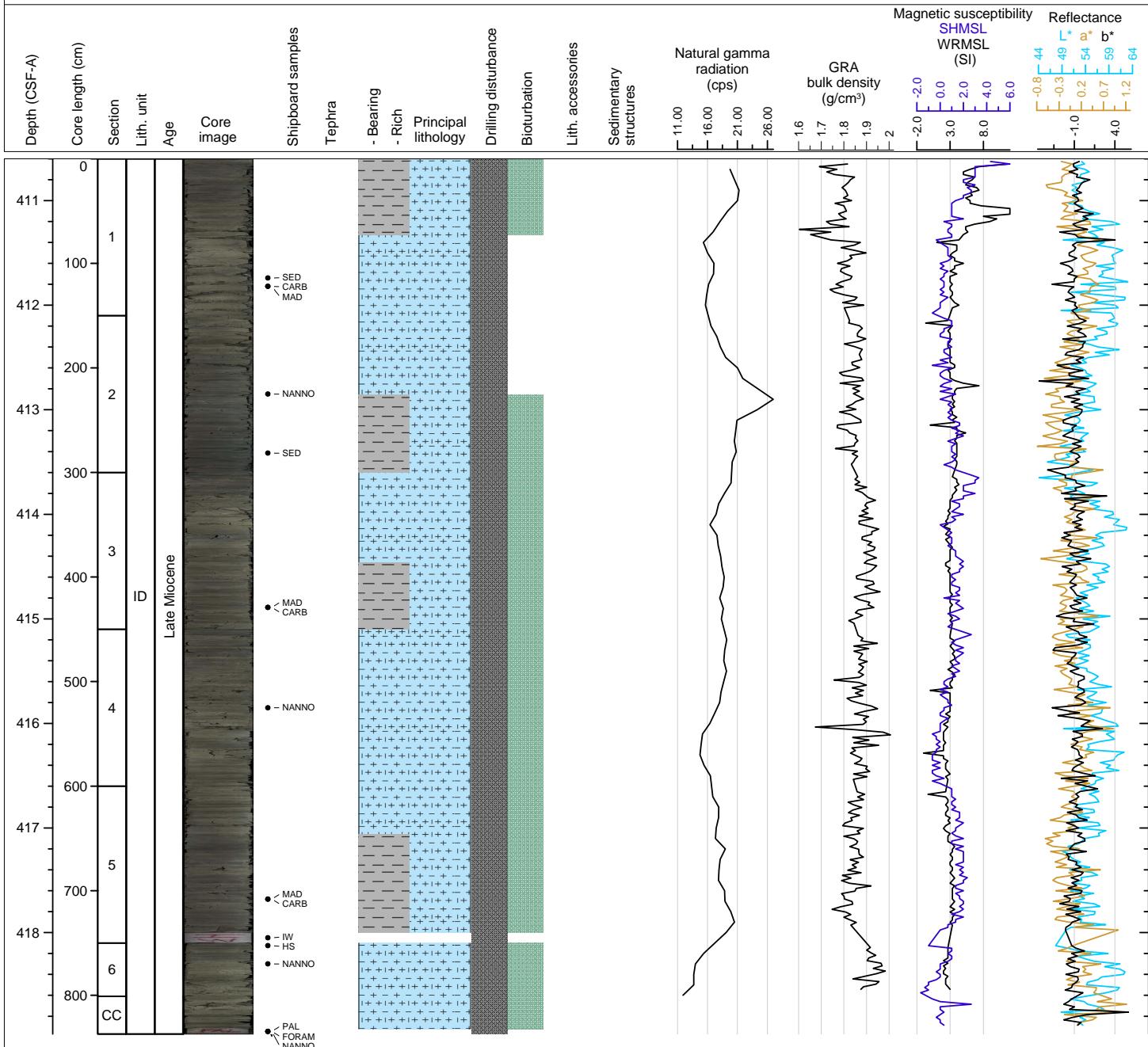
Hole 363-U1482A Core 49X, Interval 400.9-410.89 m (CSF-A)

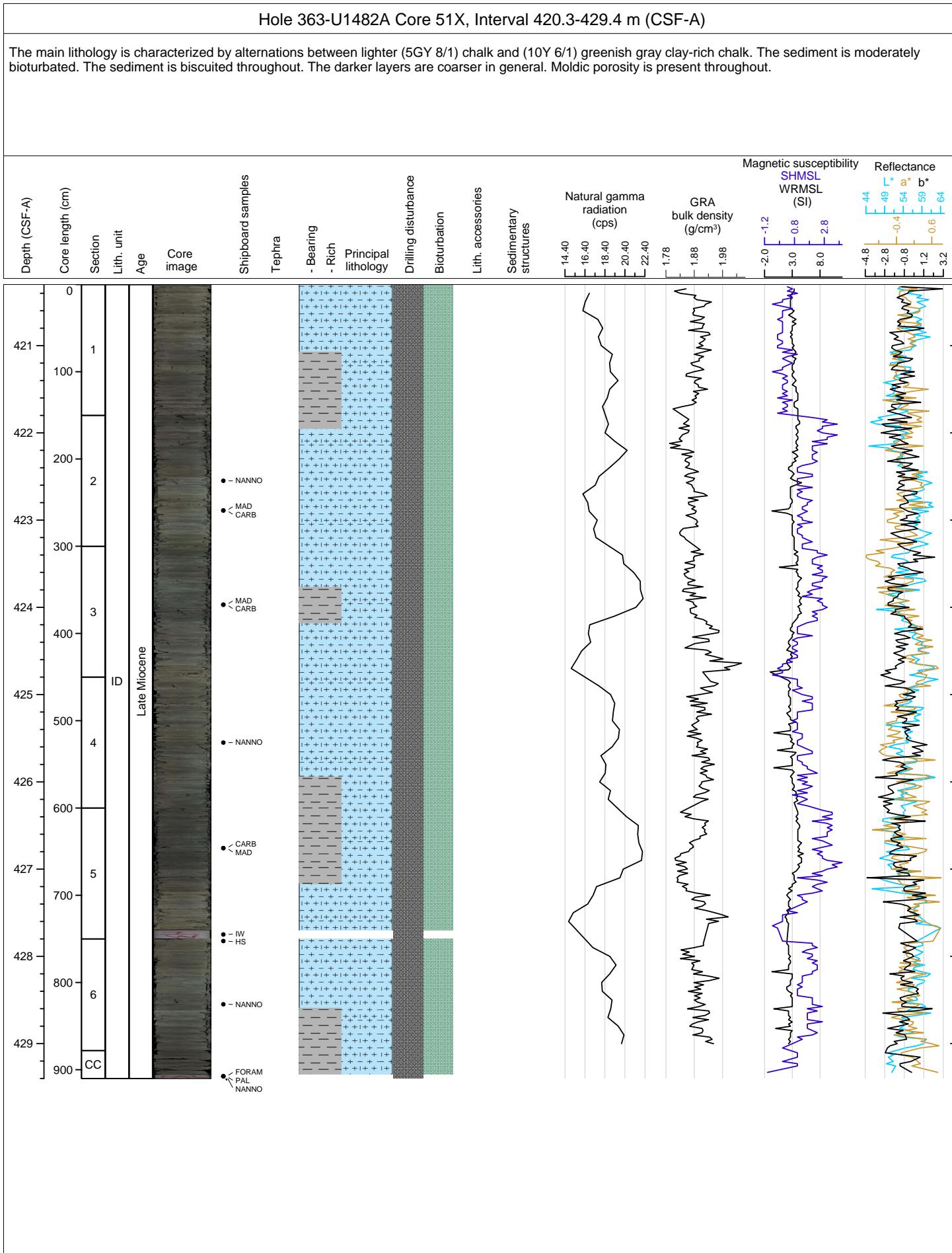
The main lithology is characterized by alternations between browner (10Y 8/1) clay-bearing nannofossil chalk and greener (5GY 7/1) greenish gray nannofossil chalk. The sediment is moderately bioturbated. The core is entirely bisected by the coring process.

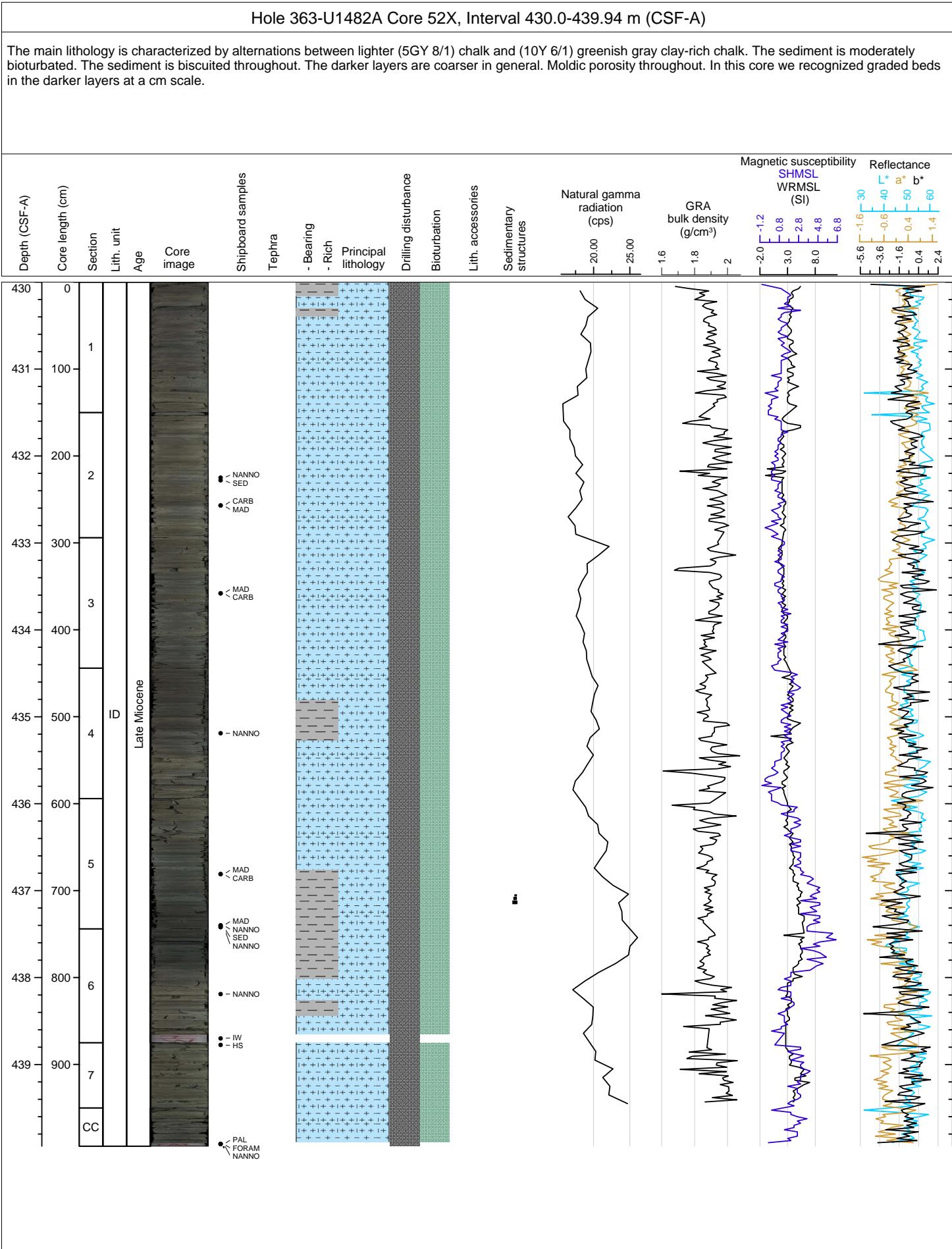


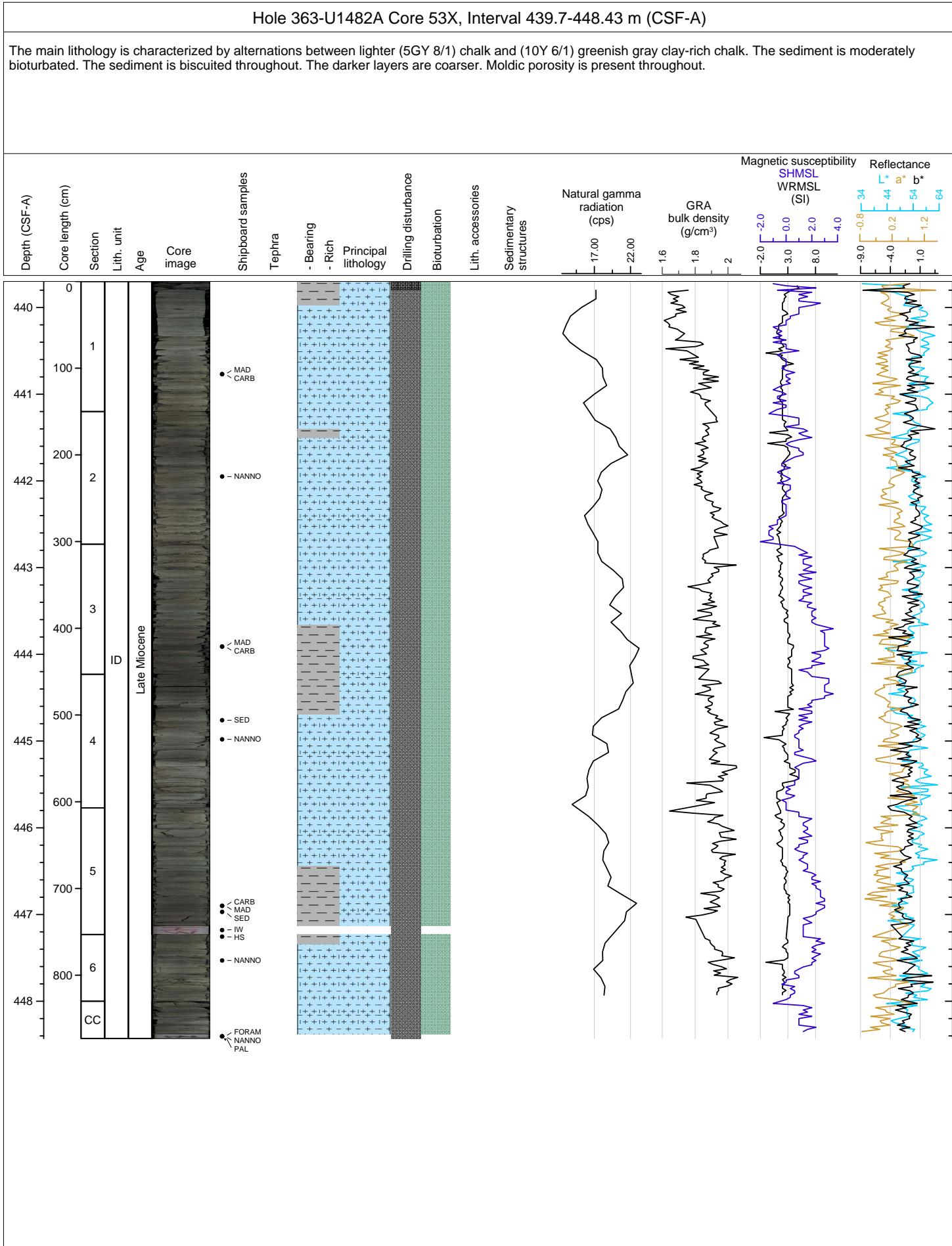
Hole 363-U1482A Core 50X, Interval 410.6-418.97 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is characterized by alternations between browner (10Y 8/1) chalk and (5GY 7/1) greenish gray clay-rich chalk. The sediment is moderately bioturbated. The sediment is bisected throughout.



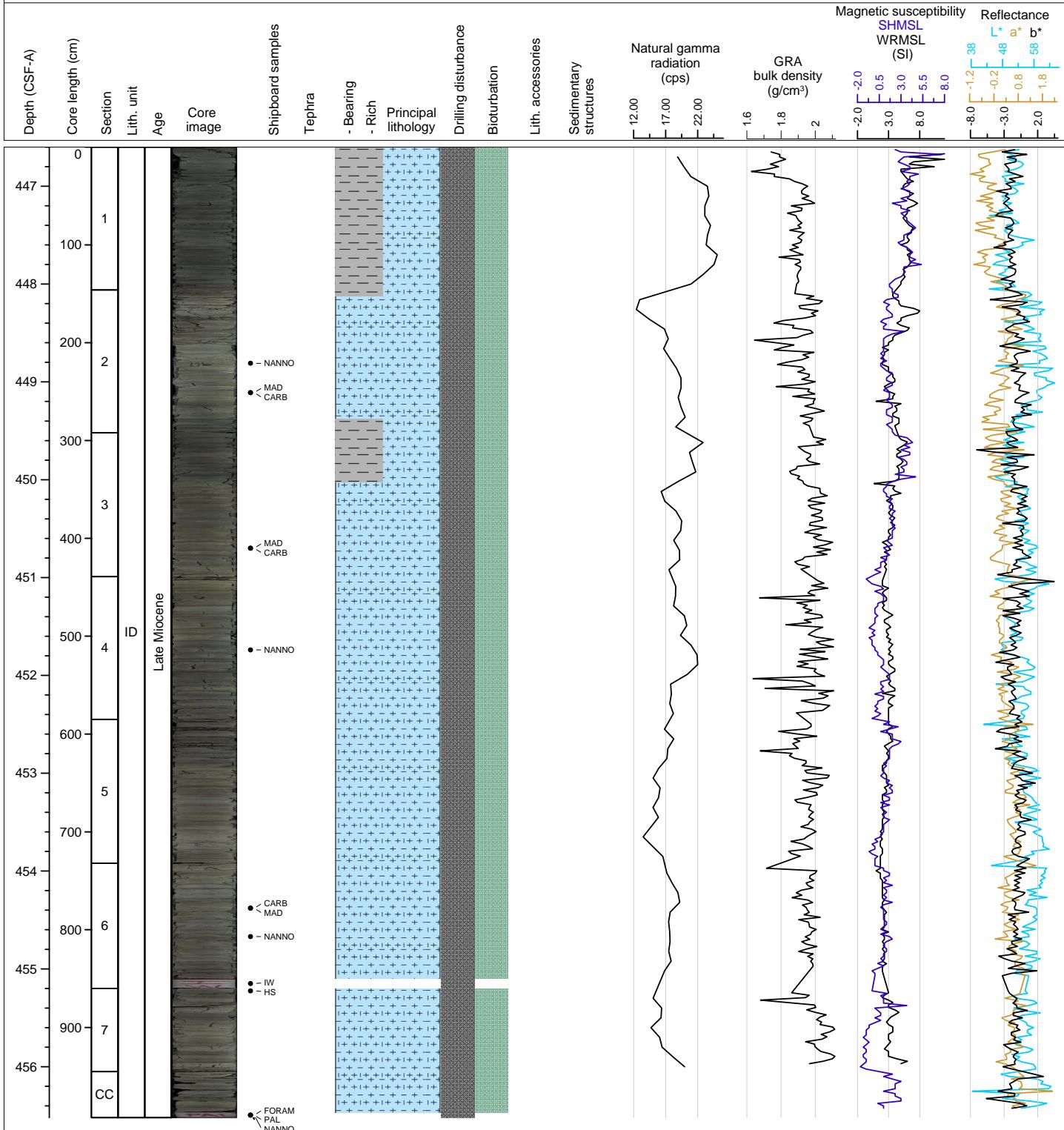


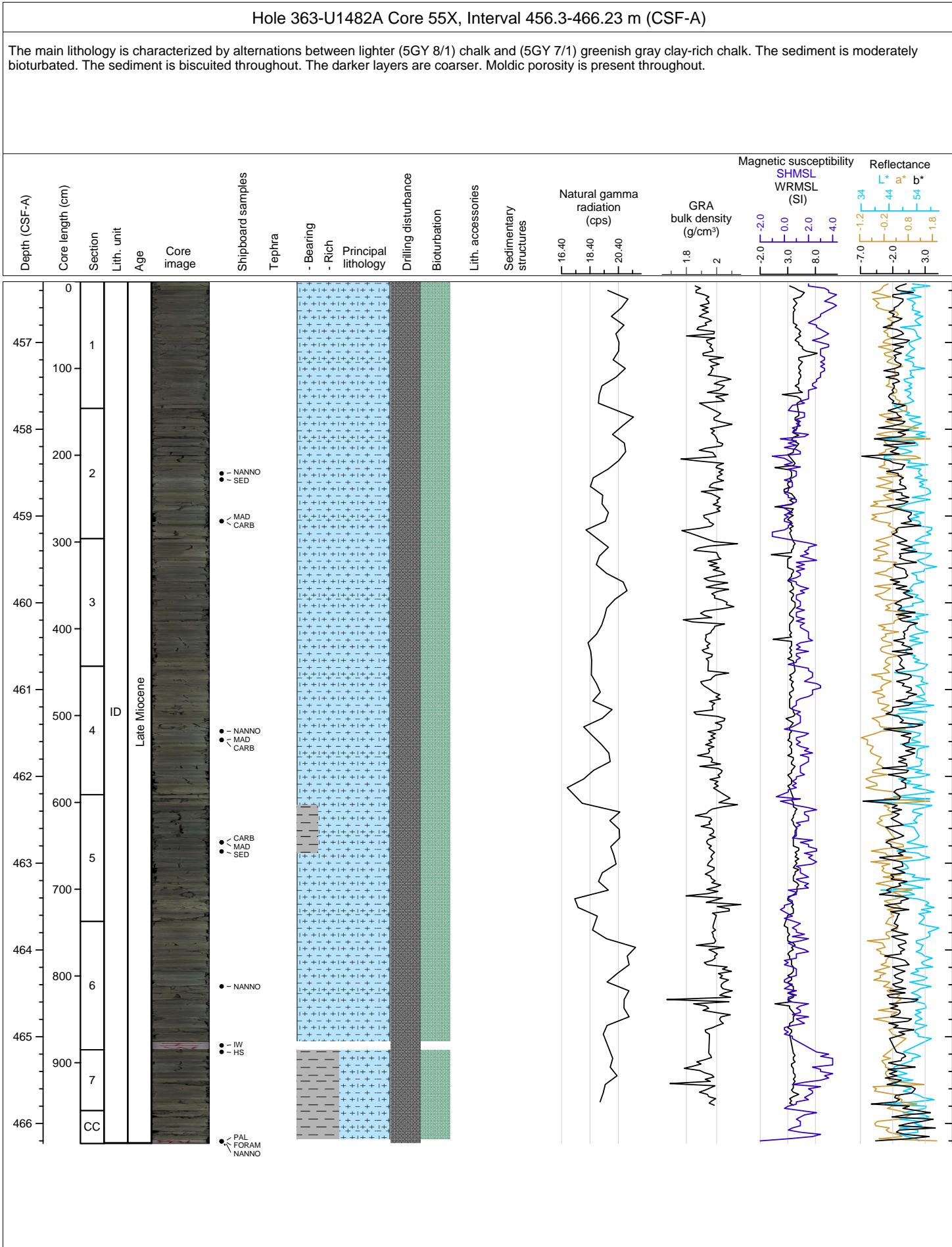


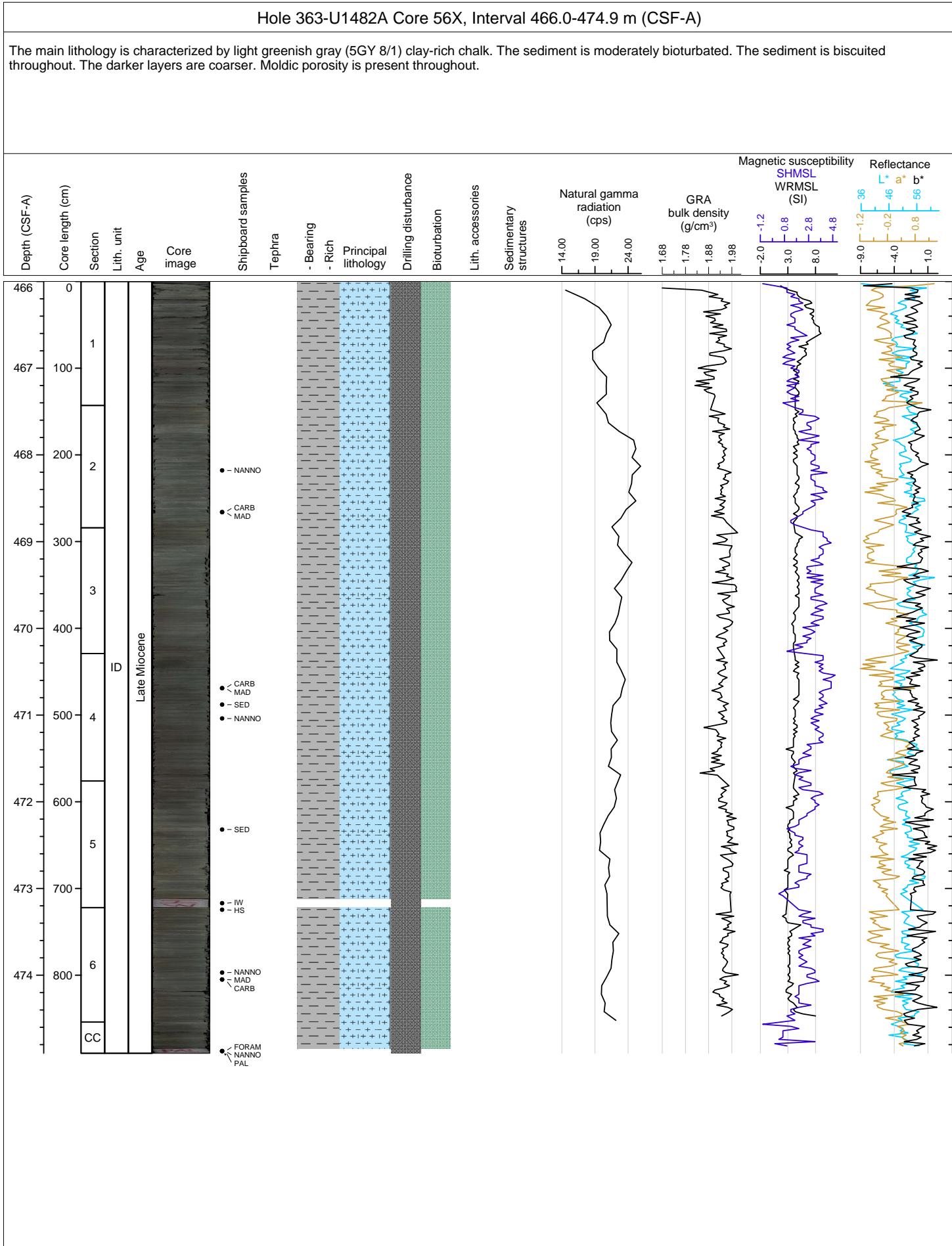


Hole 363-U1482A Core 54X, Interval 446.6-456.52 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is characterized by alternations between lighter (5GY 8/1) chalk and (10Y 6/1) greenish gray clay-rich chalk. The sediment is moderately bioturbated. The sediment is bisected throughout. The darker layers are coarser. Moldic porosity is present throughout.

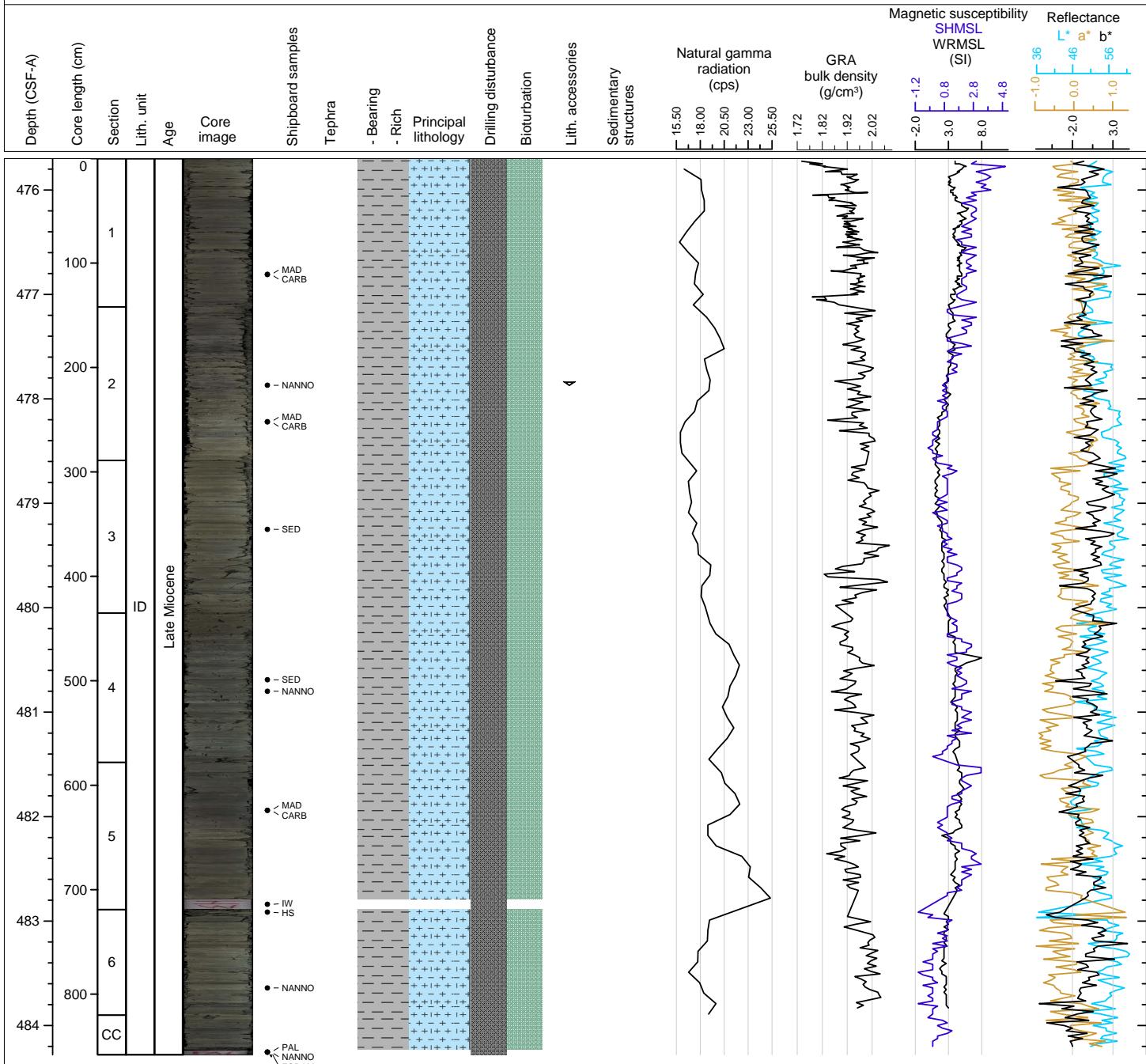






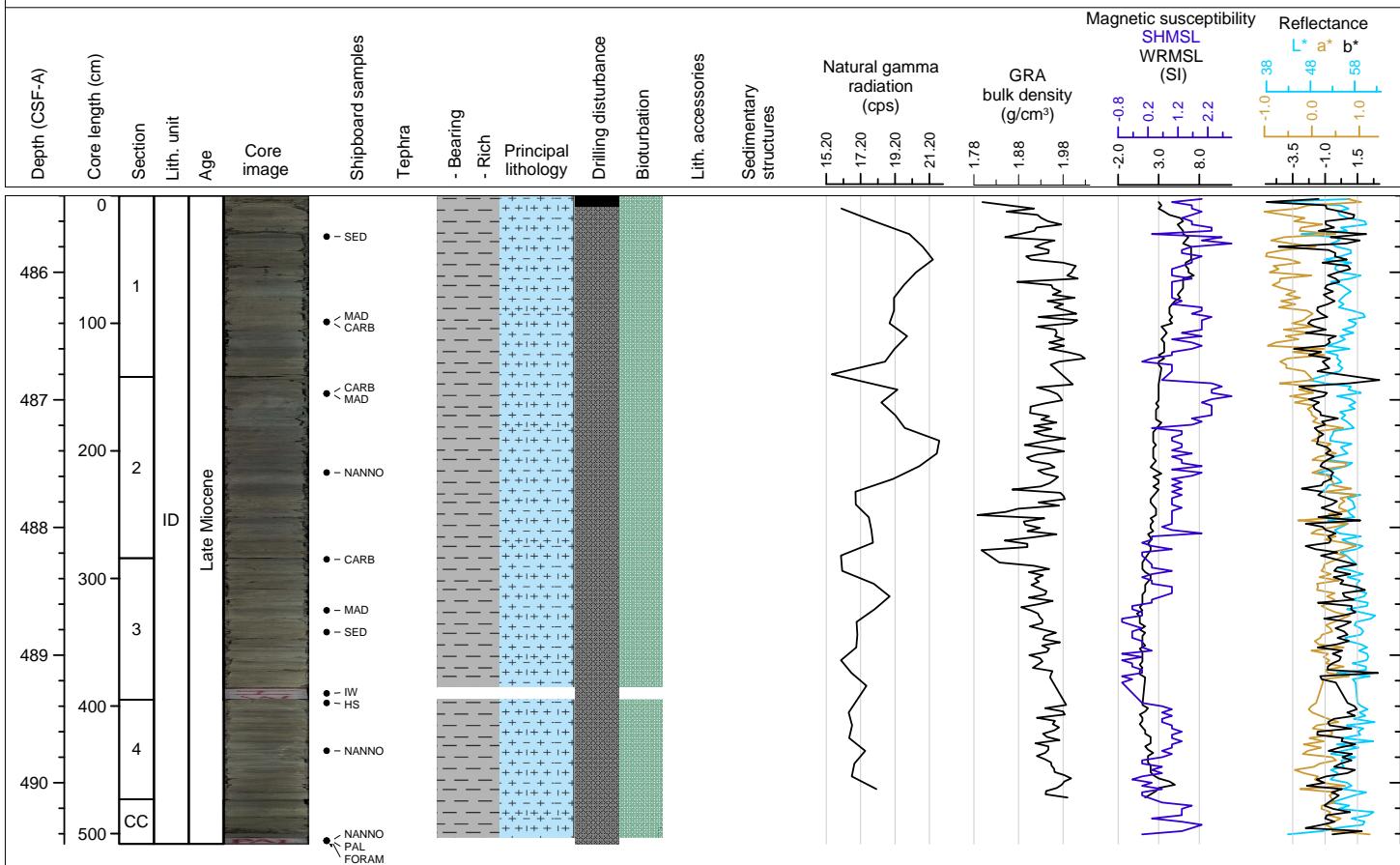
Hole 363-U1482A Core 57X, Interval 475.7-484.28 m (CSF-A)

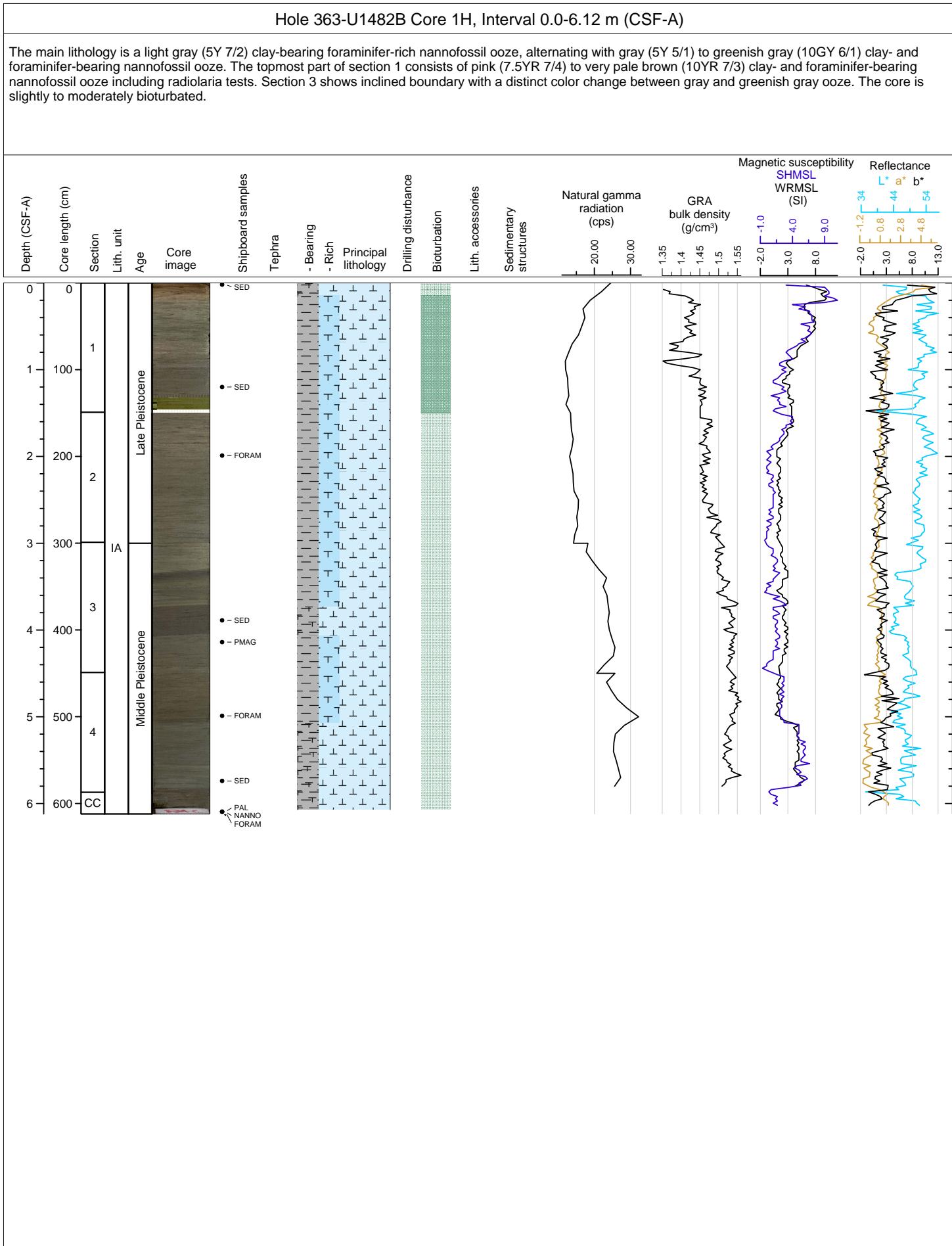
The main lithology is characterized by alternations between lighter greenish gray (5GY 8/1 and 10Y 8/1) clay-rich chalk. The sediment is moderately bioturbated. The sediment is bisected throughout. The darker layers are coarser. Moldic porosity is present throughout. There are notable foraminifer-rich sand layers.

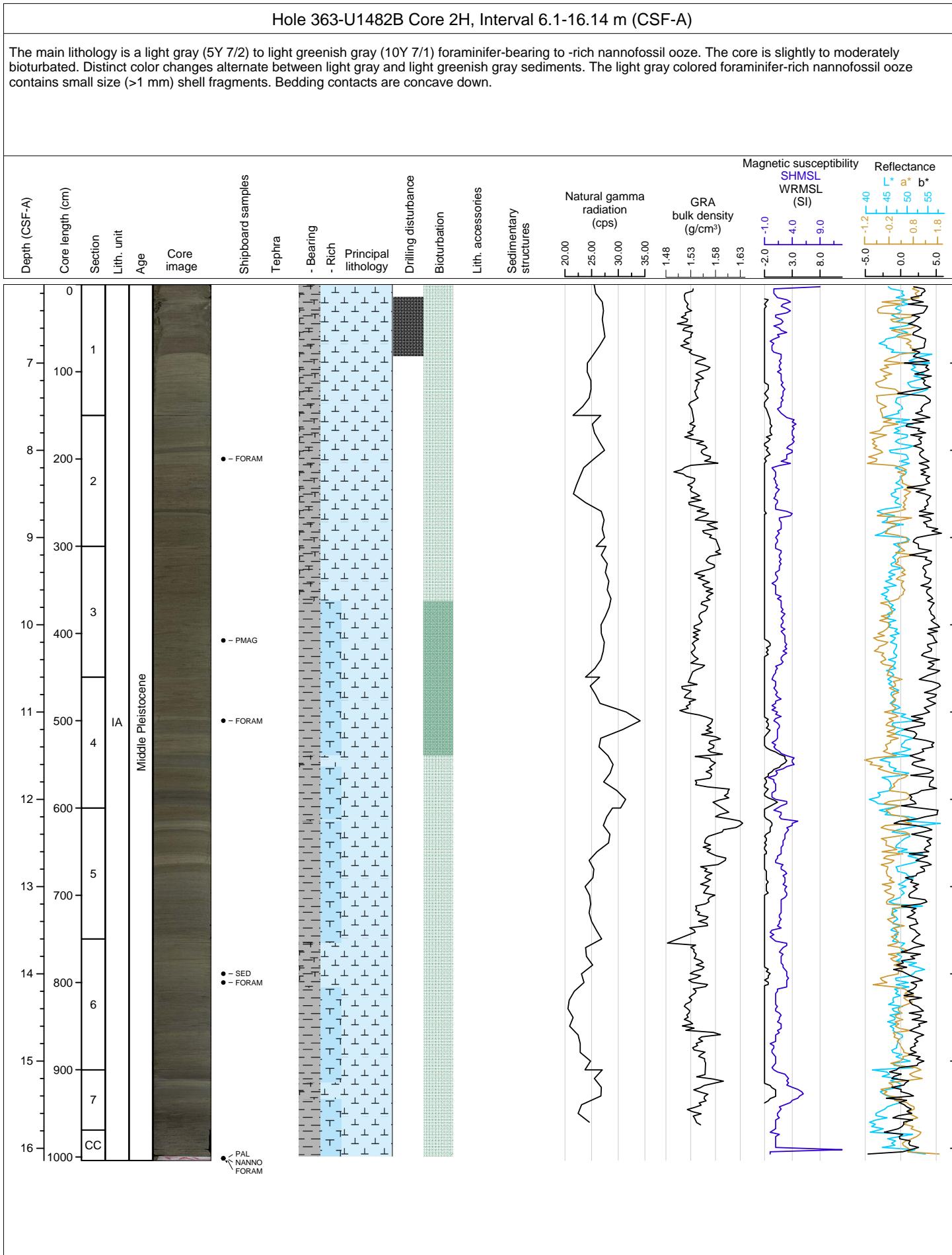


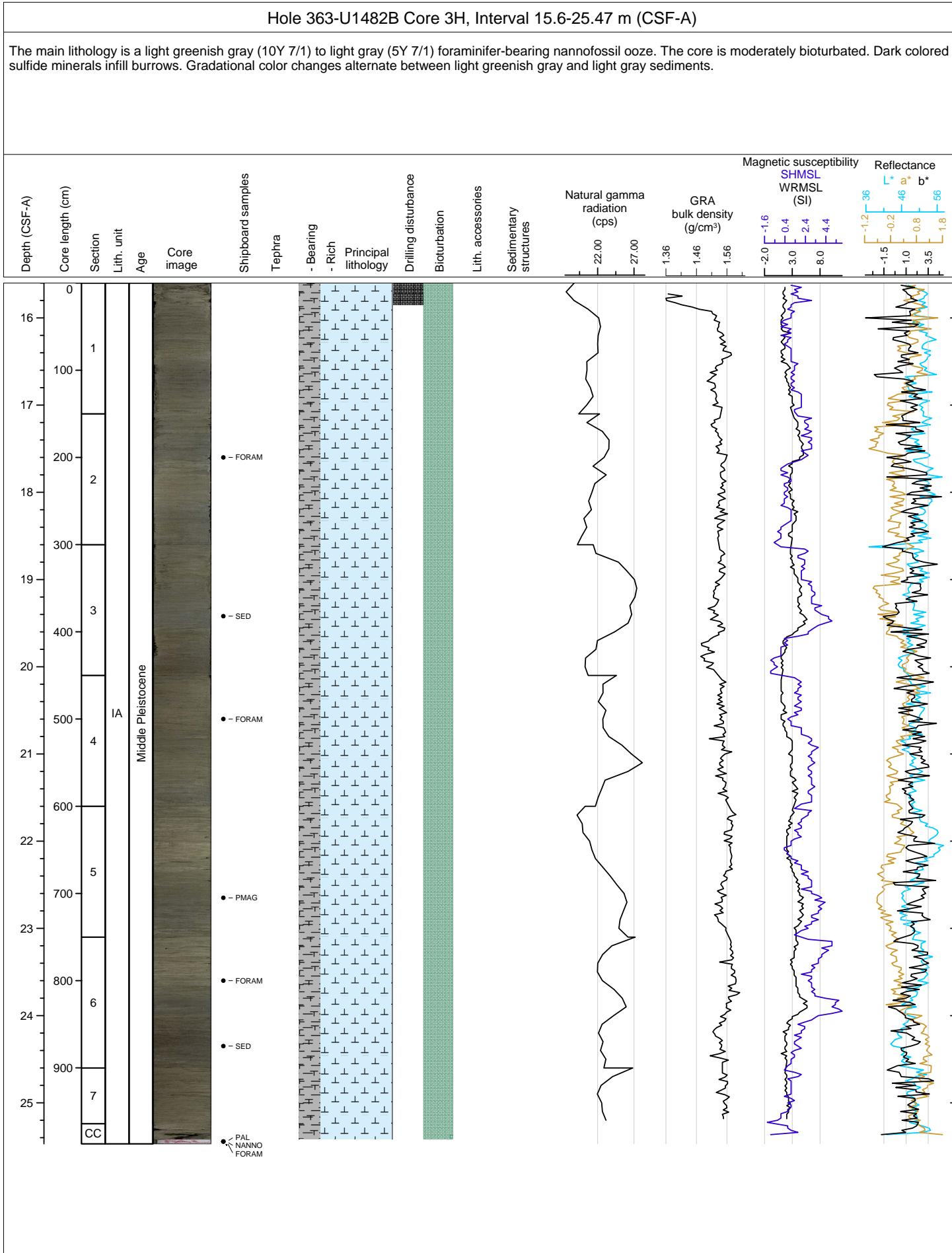
Hole 363-U1482A Core 58X, Interval 485.4-490.48 m (CSF-A)

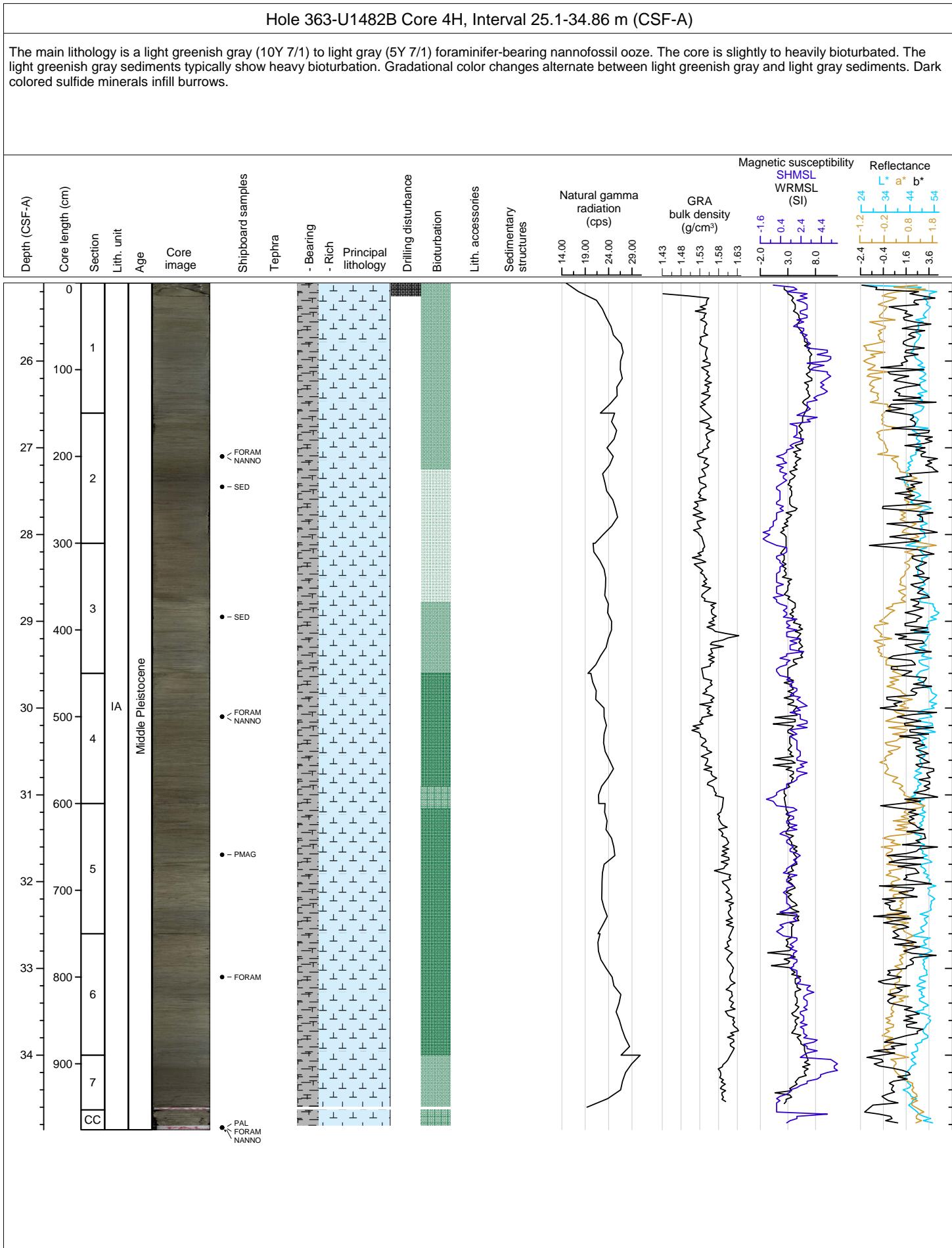
The main lithology is characterized by alternations between lighter greenish gray (5GY 8/1 and 10Y 8/1) clay-rich chalk. The sediment is moderately bioturbated. The sediment is bisected throughout. The darker layers are coarser. Moldic porosity is present throughout. There are notable foraminifer-rich sand layers.





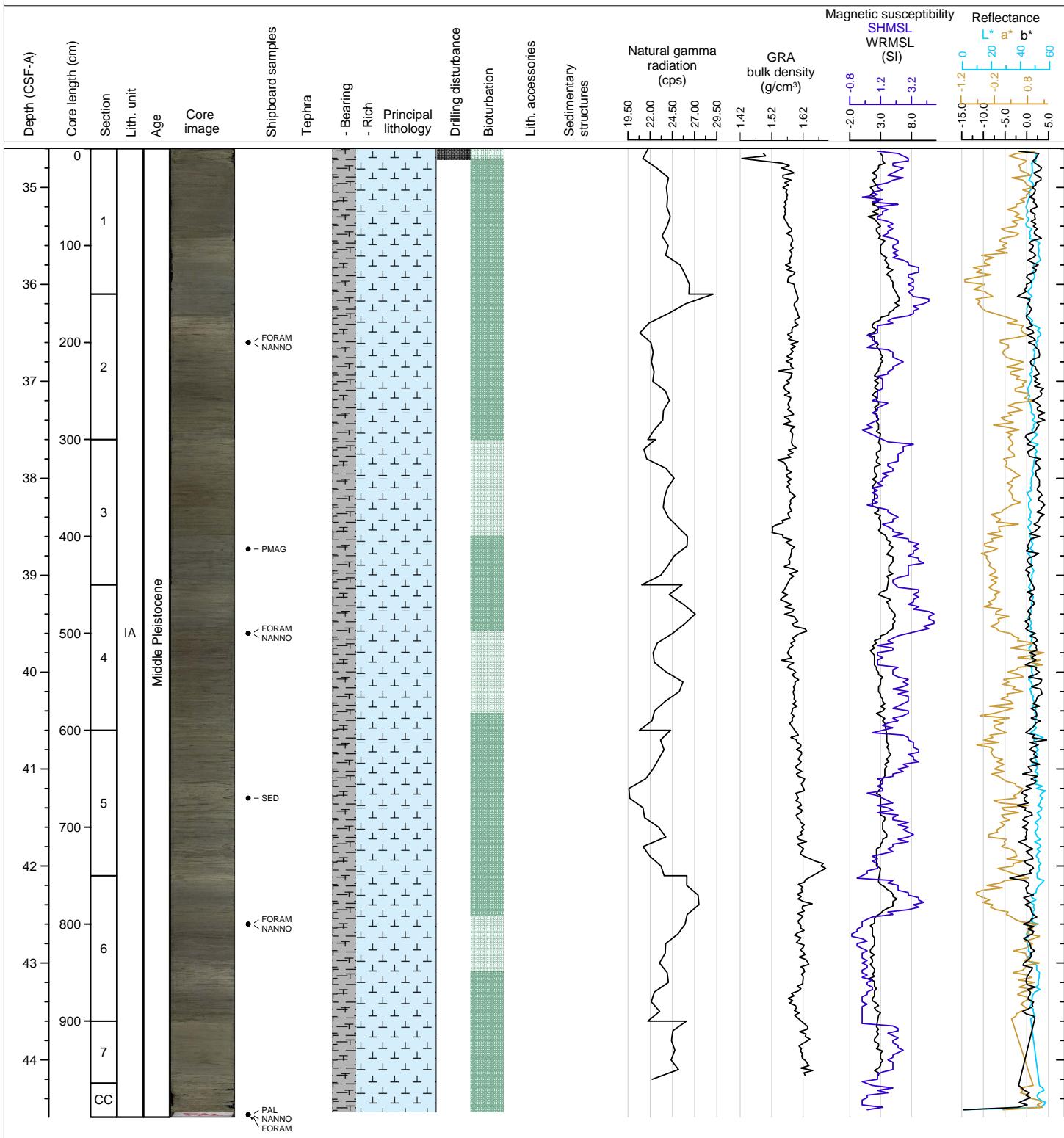




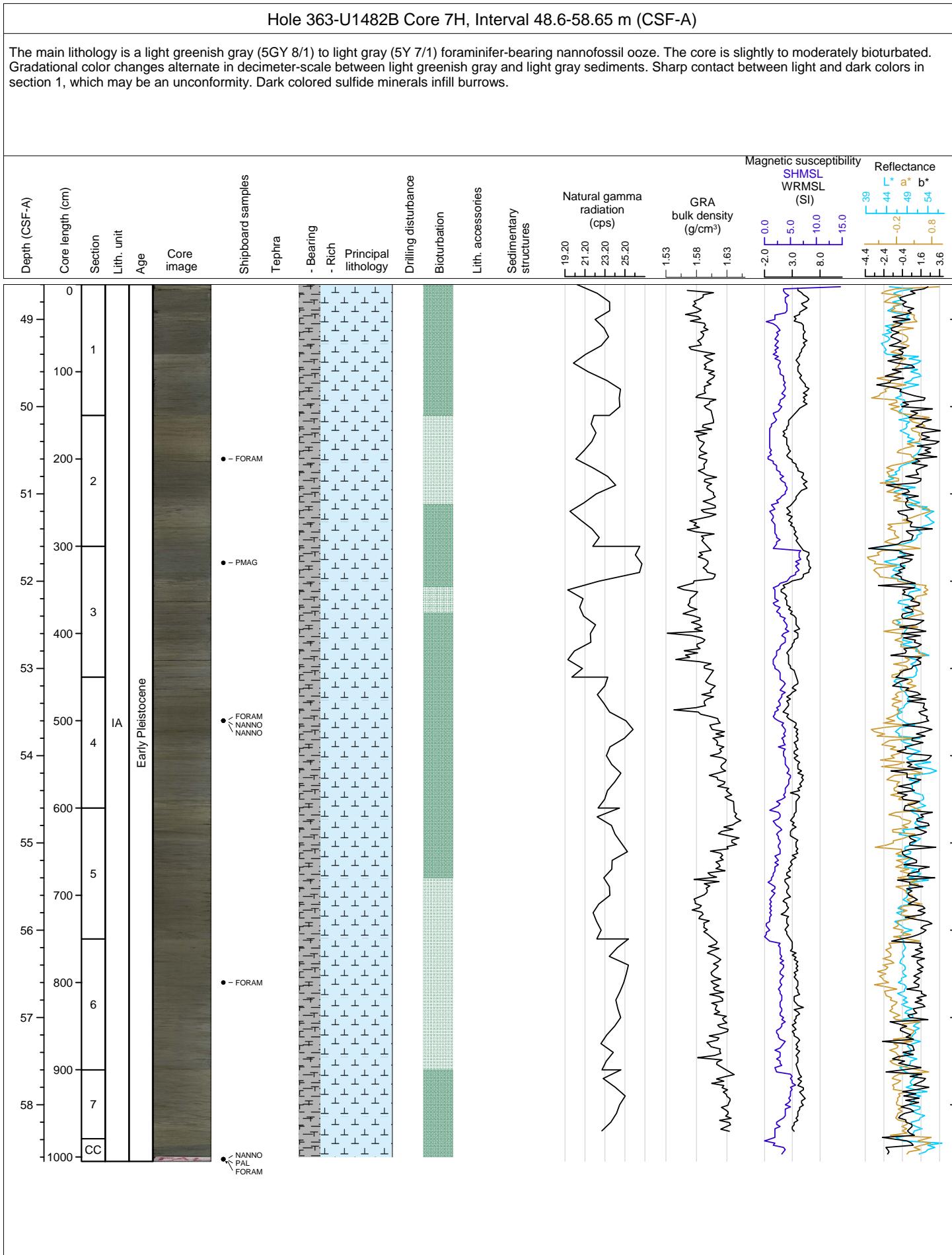


Hole 363-U1482B Core 5H, Interval 34.6-44.59 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is a light greenish gray (10Y 7/1) to light gray (5Y 7/1) foraminifer-bearing nannofossil ooze. The core is slightly to moderately bioturbated. Gradational color changes alternate between light greenish gray and light gray sediments. Dark colored sulfide minerals infill burrows.

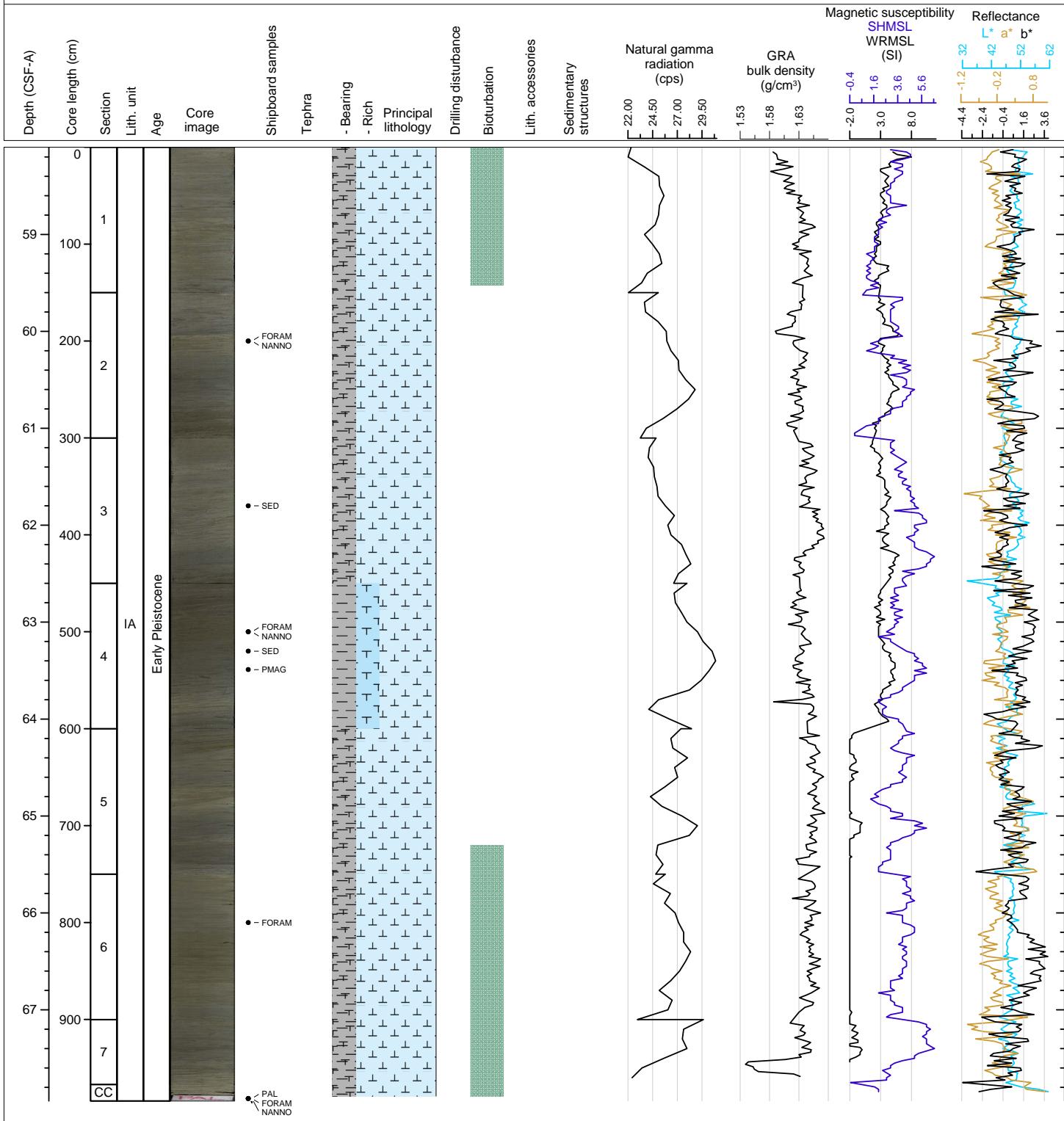


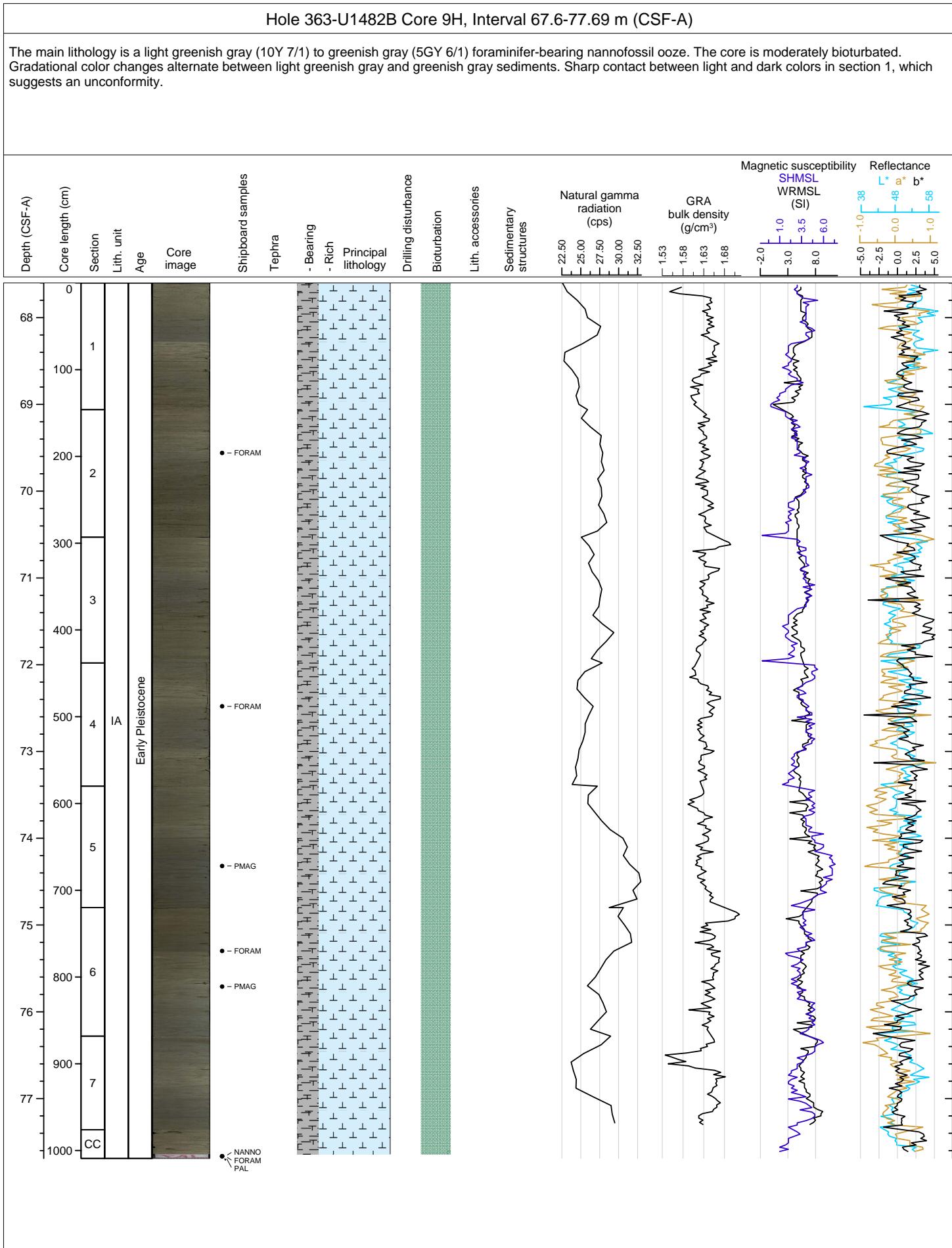


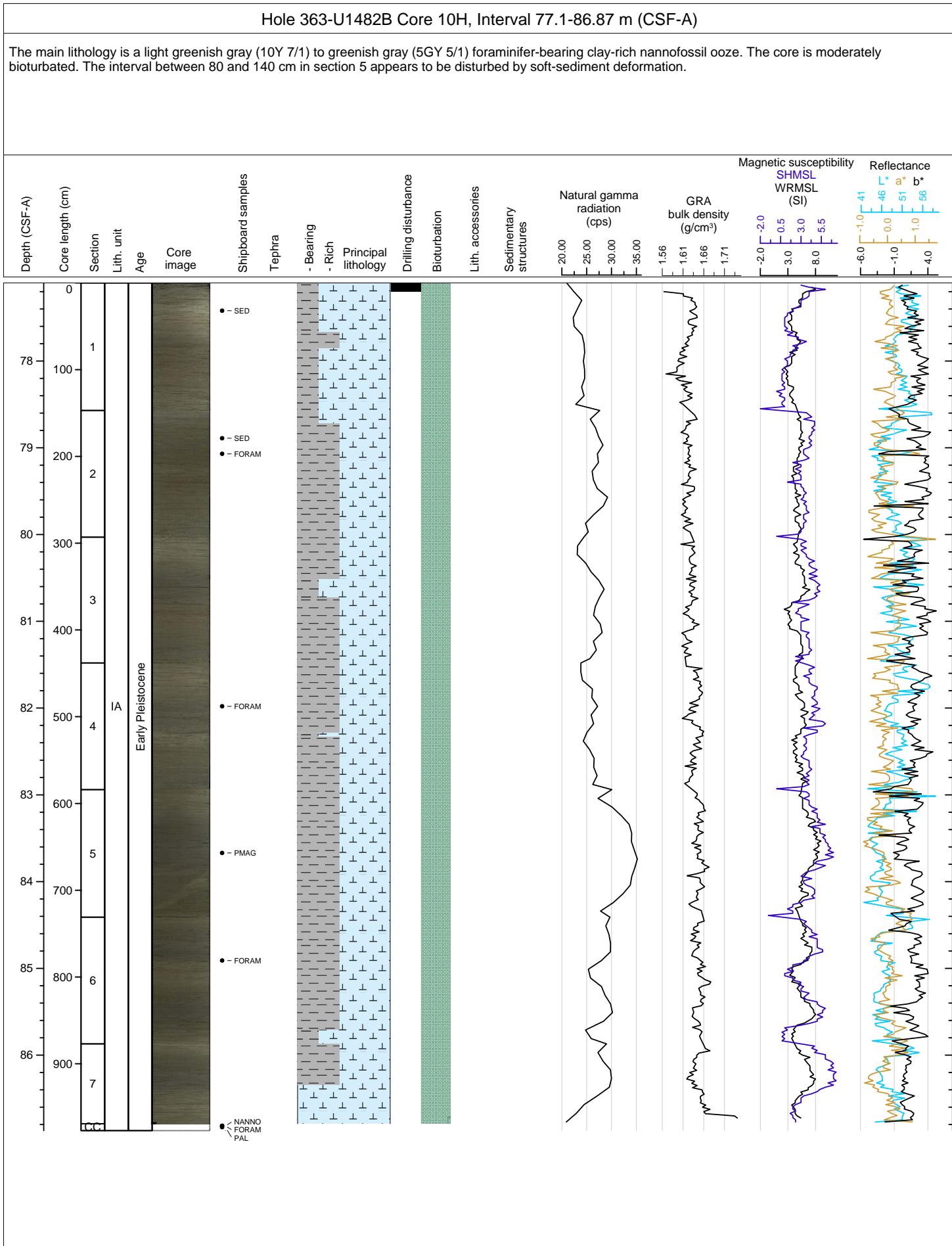


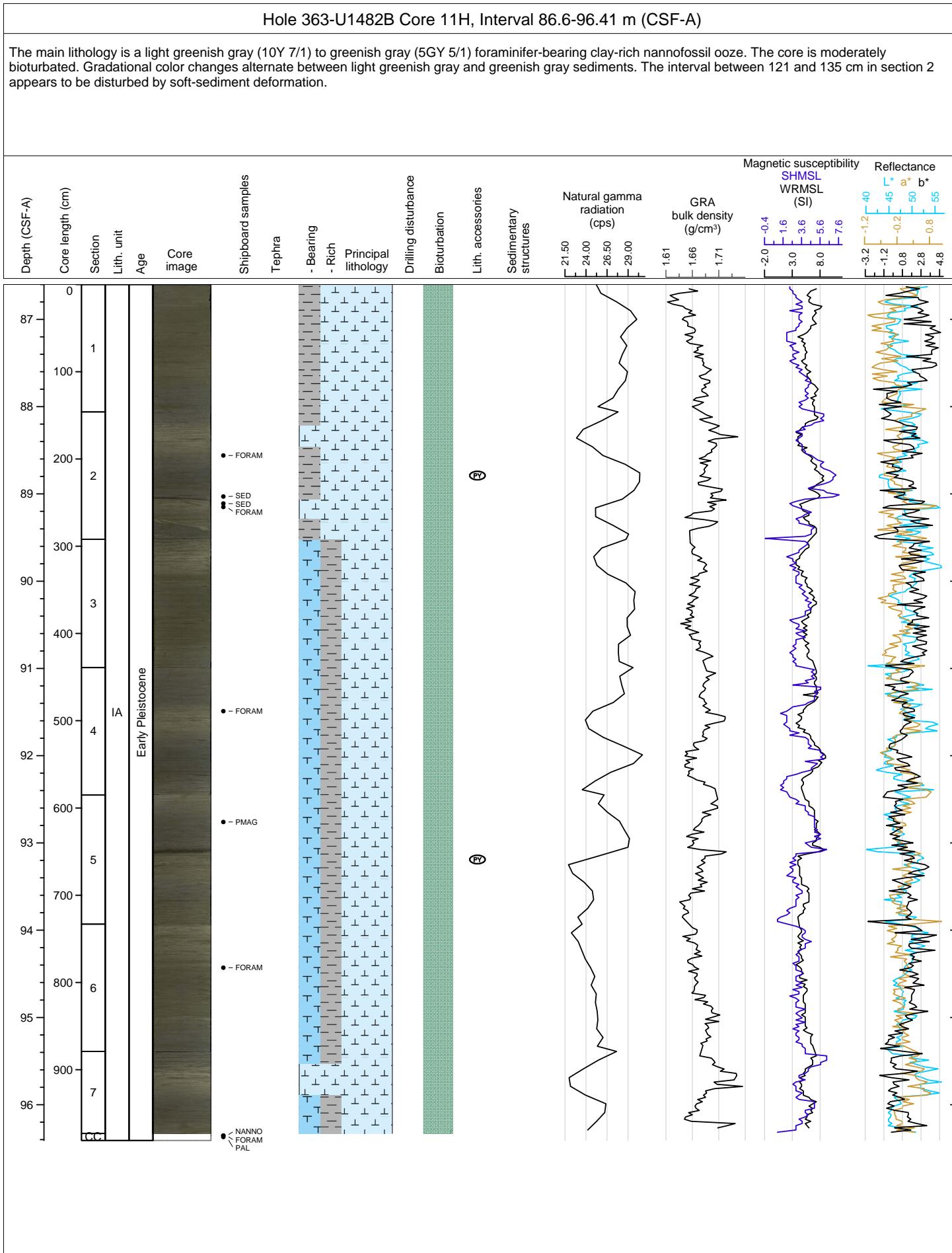
Hole 363-U1482B Core 8H, Interval 58.1-67.94 m (CSF-A)

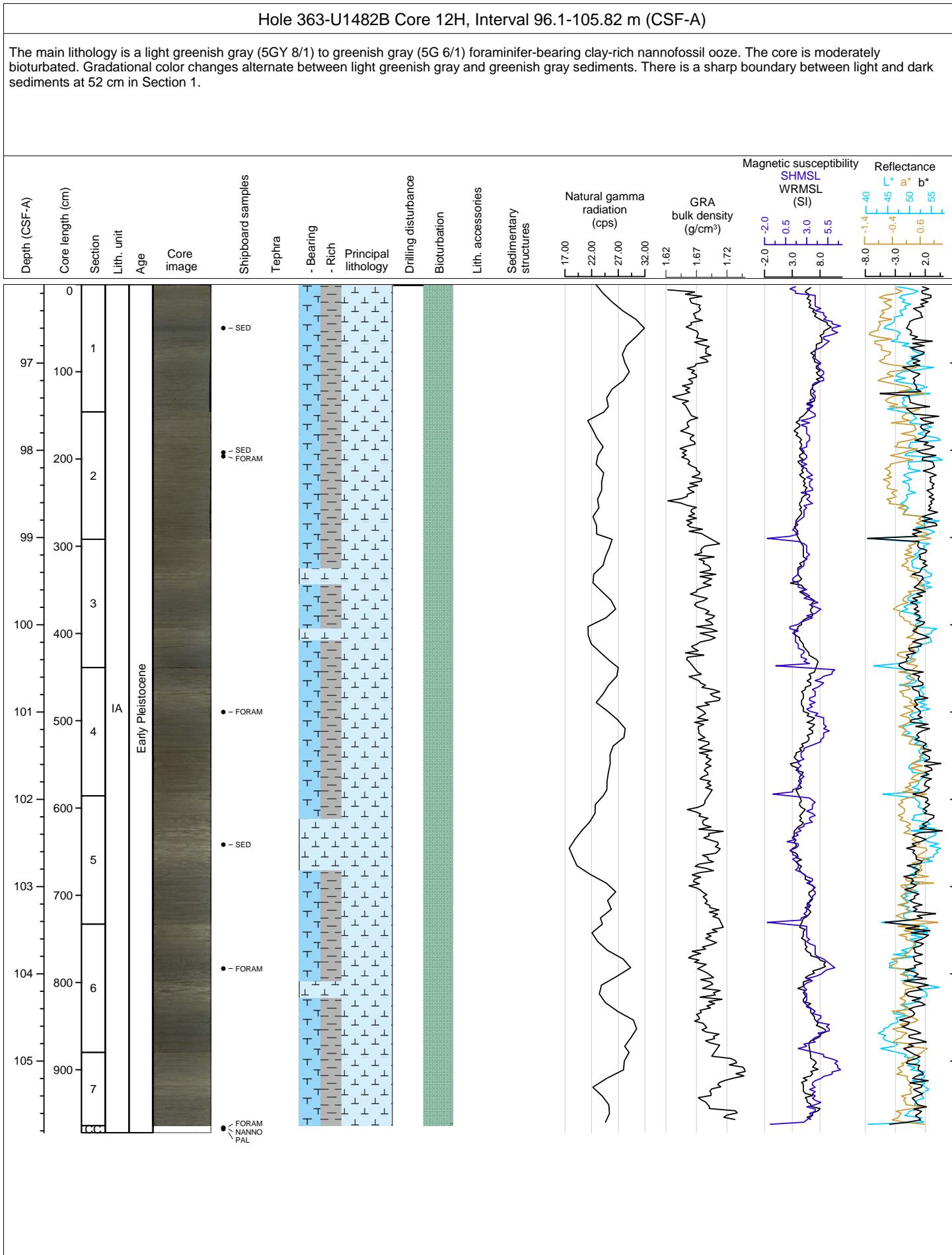
The main lithology is a light greenish gray (5GY 7/1) to greenish gray (5GY 5/1) foraminifer-bearing to -rich nannofossil ooze. The internal structure of the main lithology is completely altered by soft-sediment deformation. The lower boundary of this lithology is sharp and inclined, whereas the upper boundary is indistinct. The deformed main lithology is intercalated with undeformed light greenish gray foraminifer-bearing nannofossil ooze.

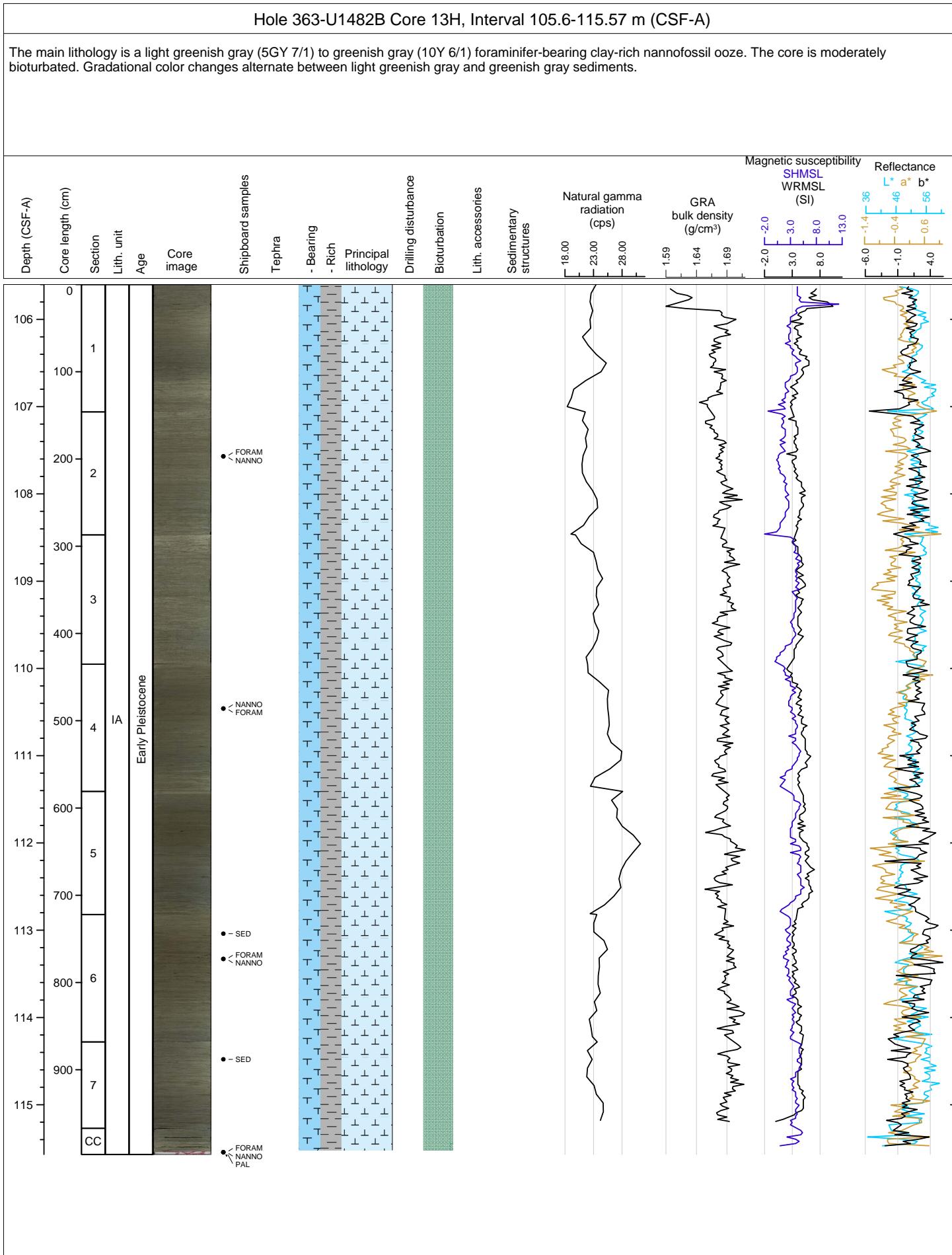


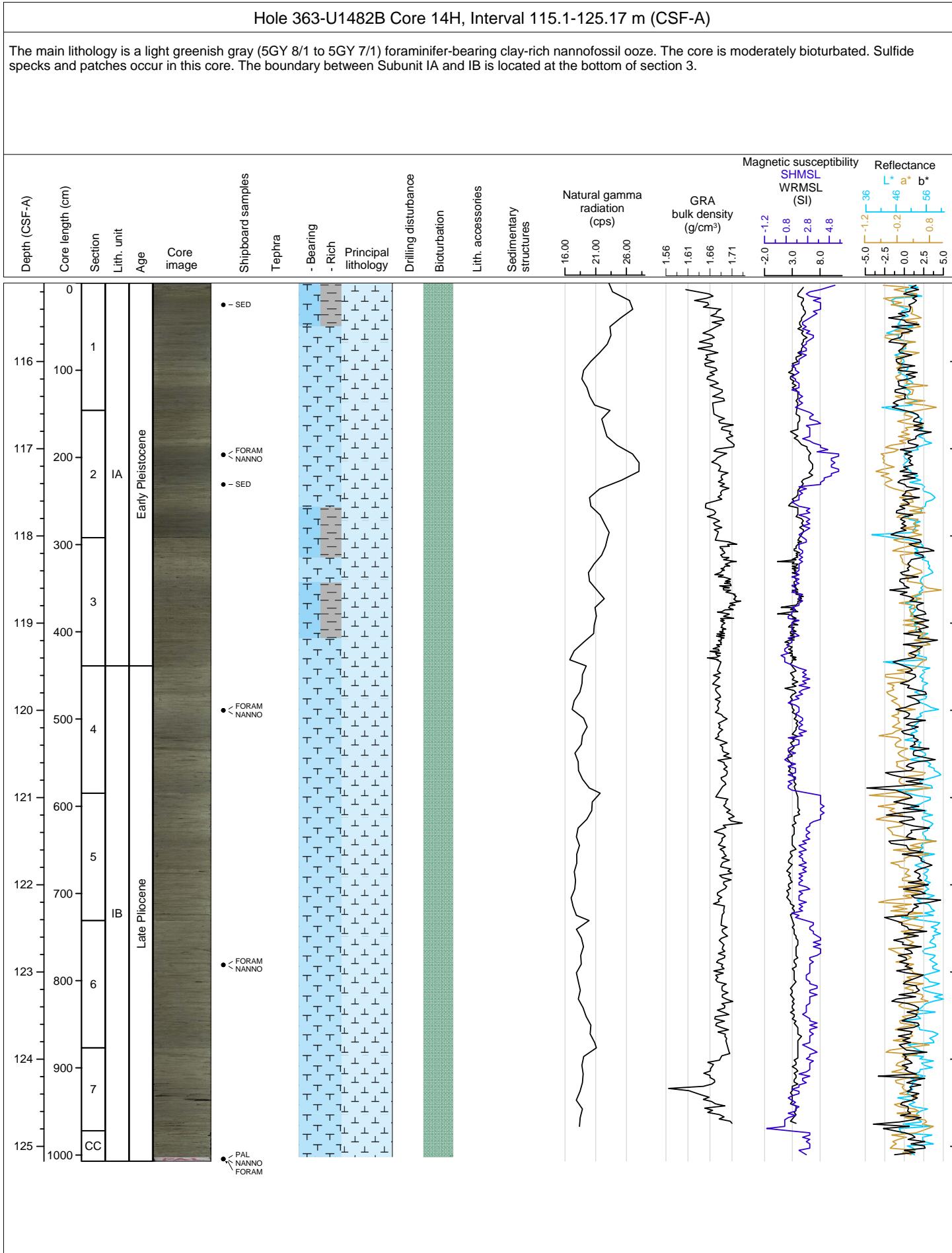






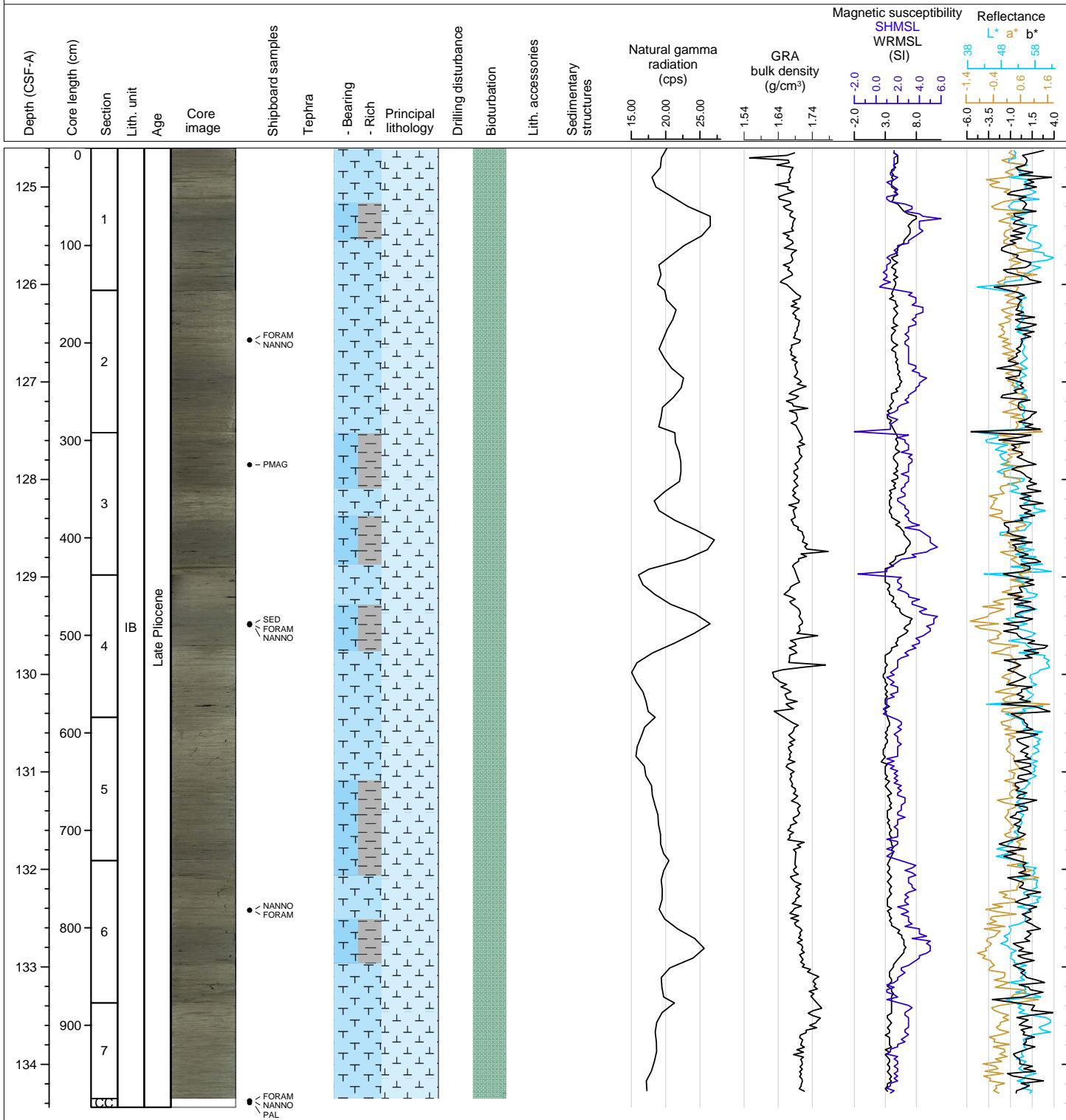






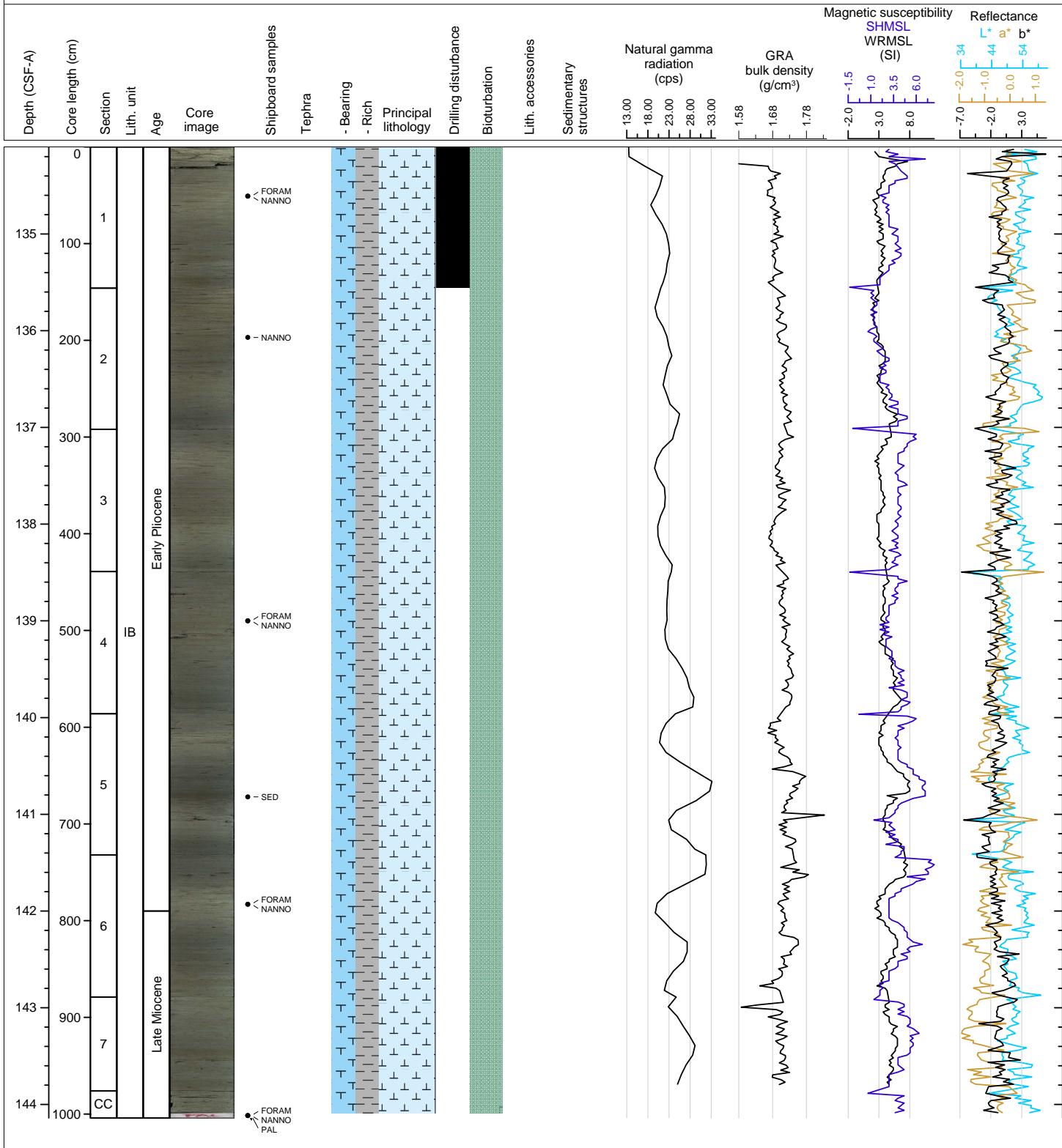
Hole 363-U1482B Core 15H, Interval 124.6-134.44 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is a light greenish gray (5GY 8/1 to 5GY 7/1) foraminifer-bearing clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches occur in this core.



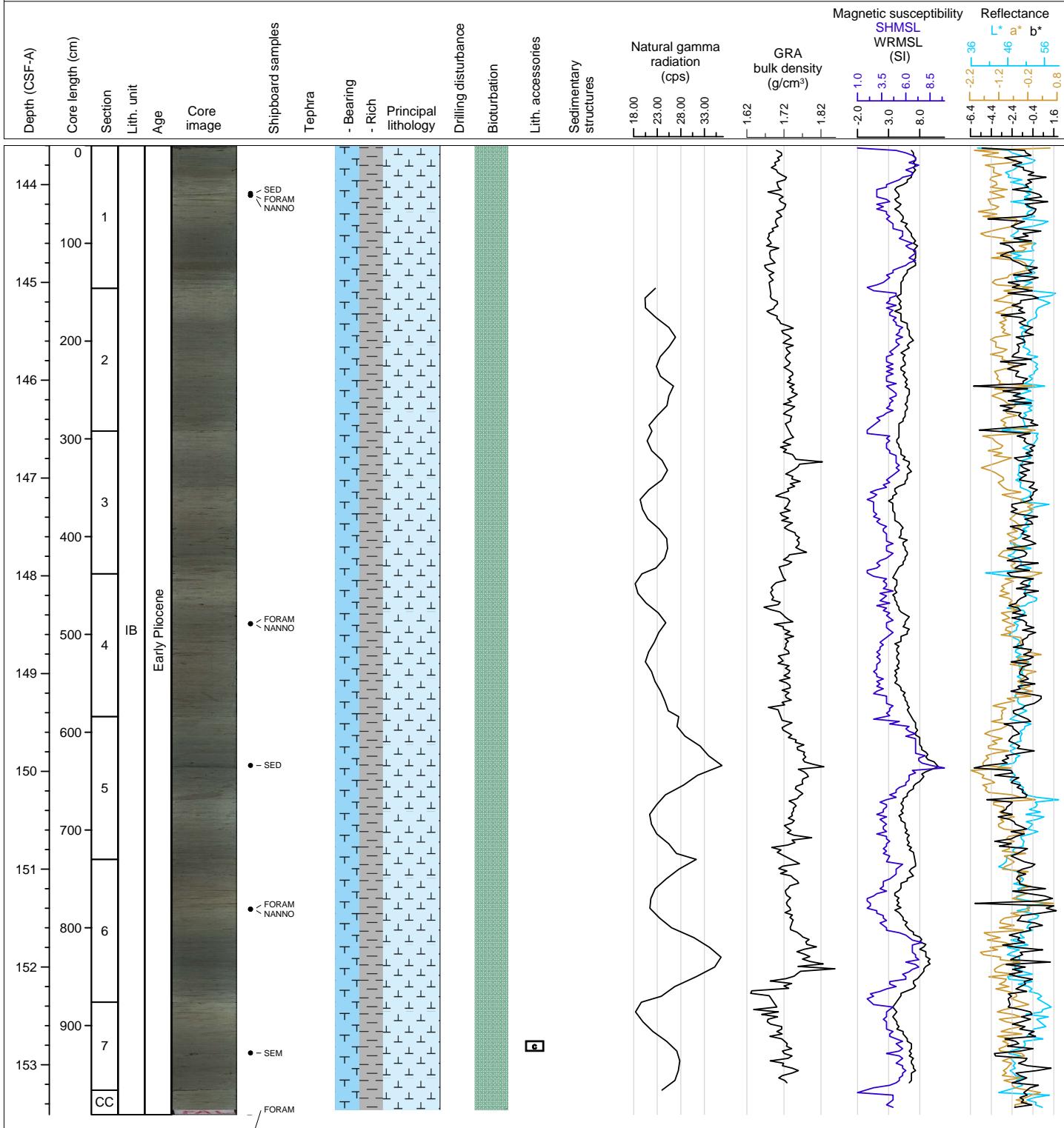
Hole 363-U1482B Core 16H, Interval 134.1-144.14 m (CSF-A)

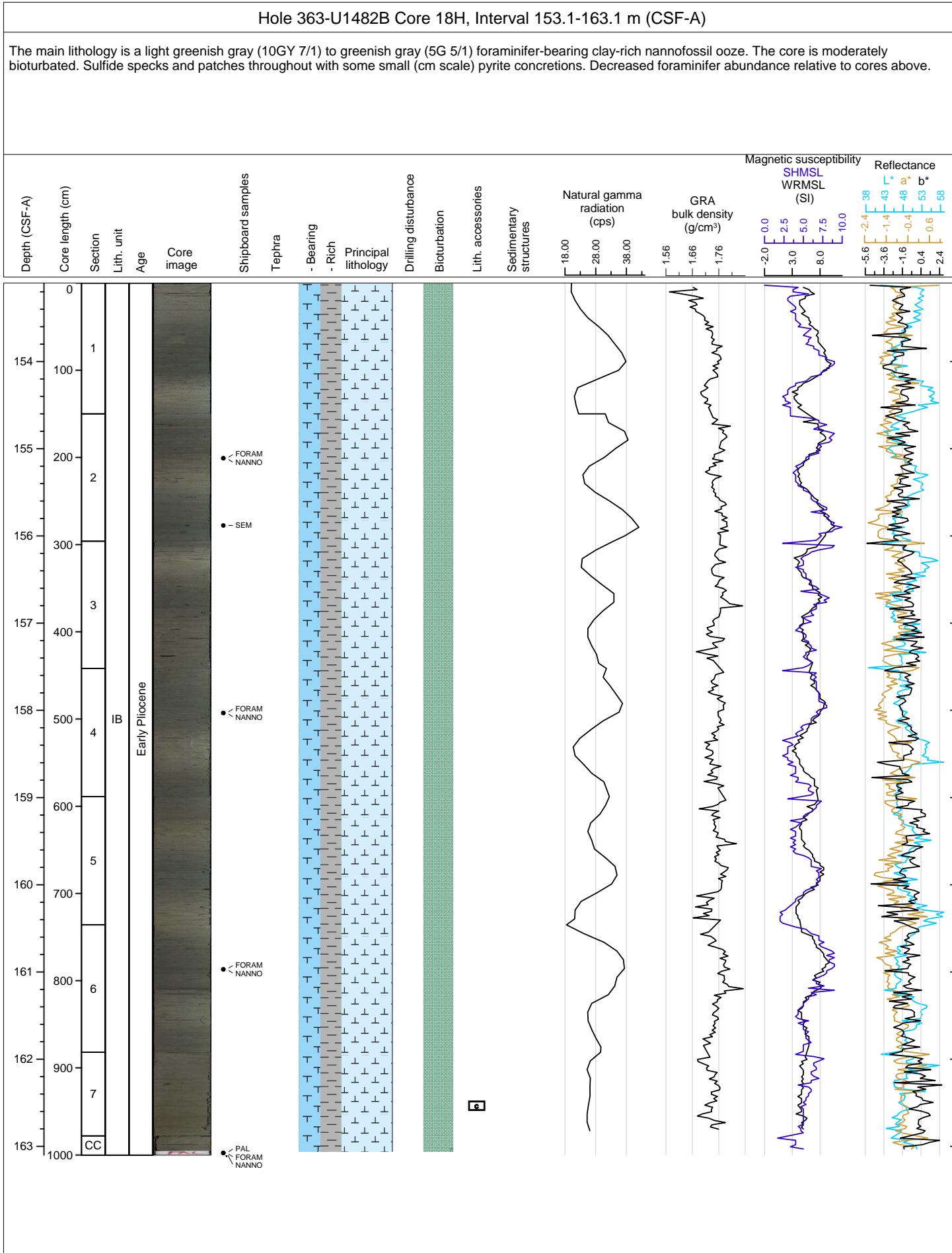
The main lithology is a light greenish gray (5GY 8/1 to 10GY 7/1) foraminifer-bearing clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches are present throughout.

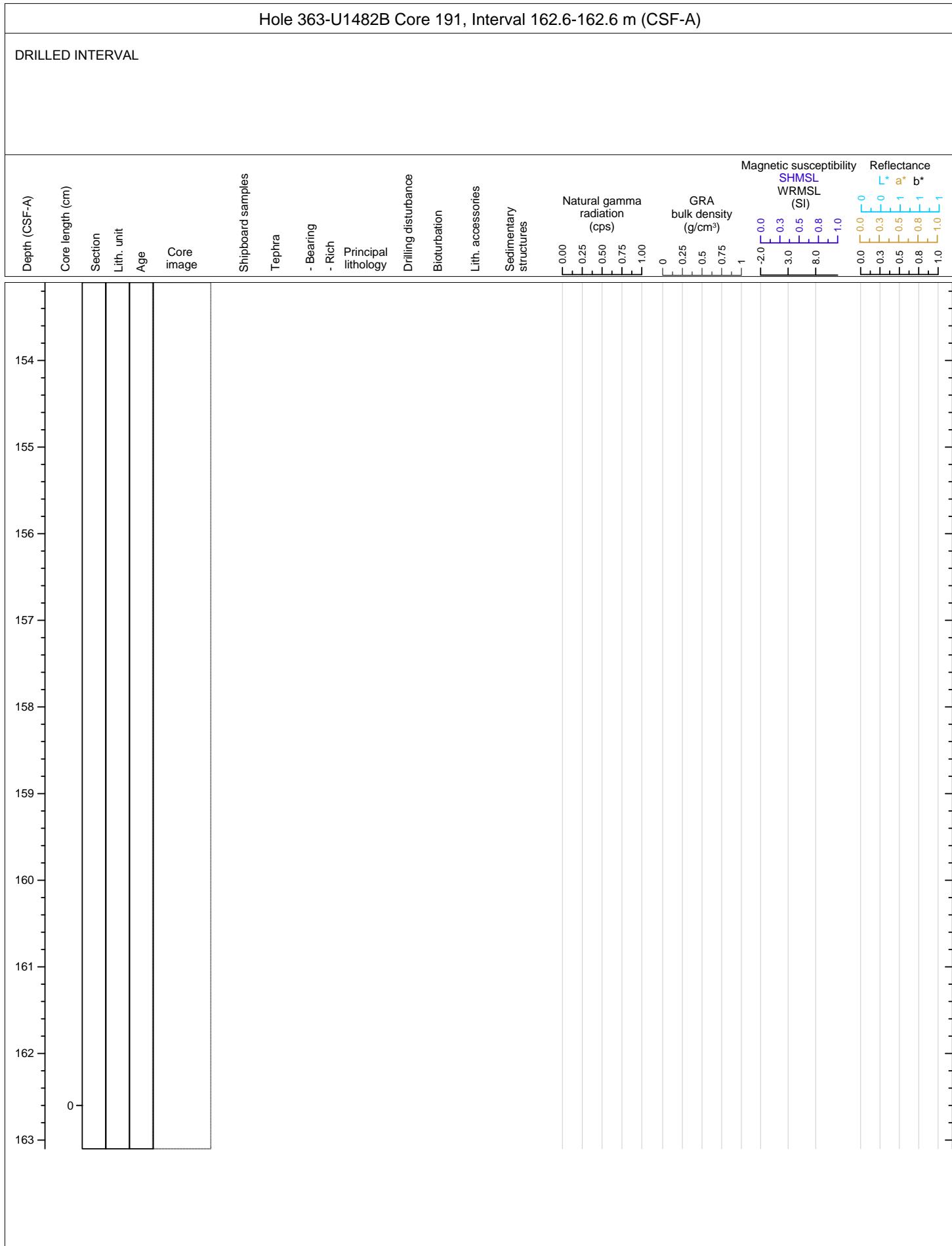


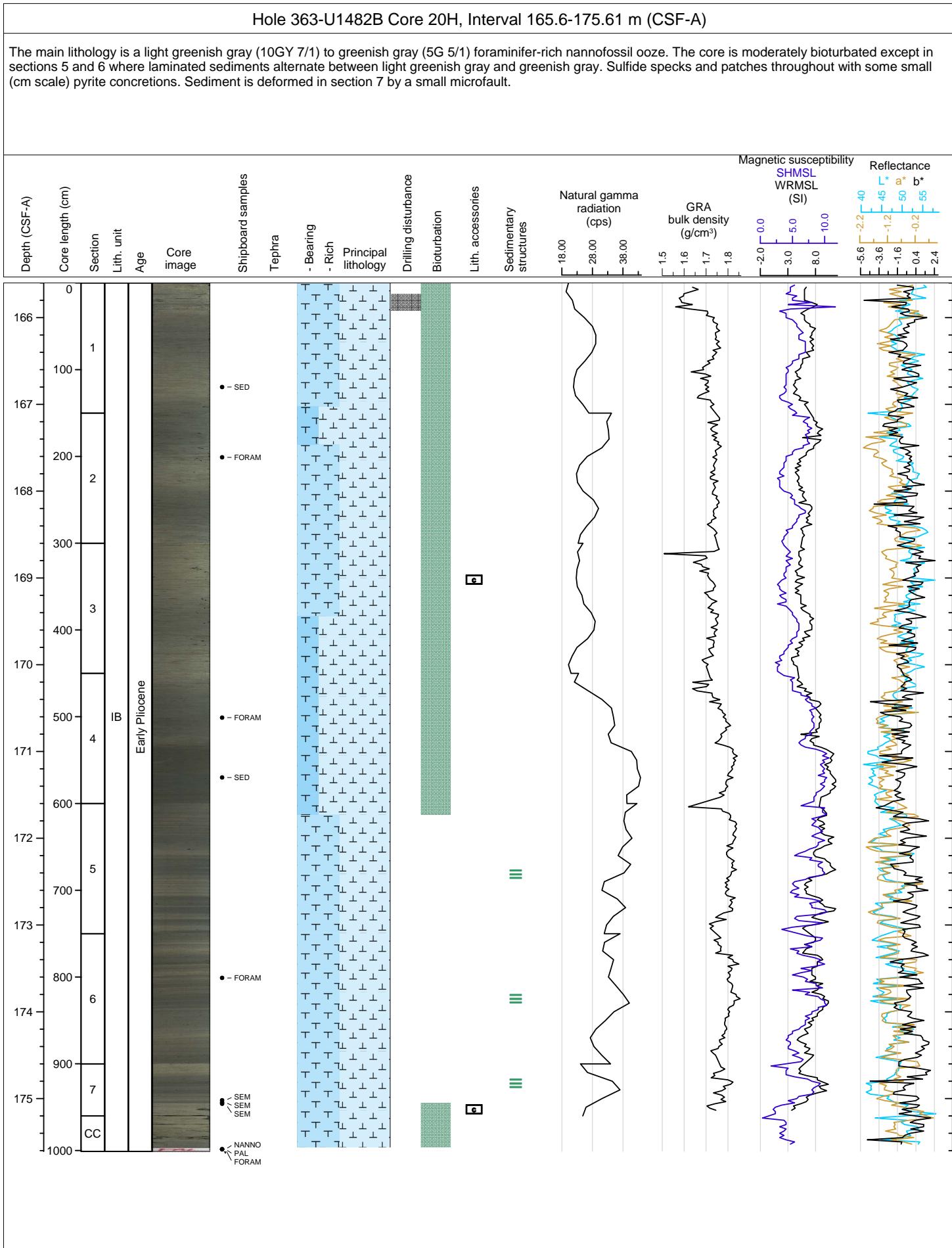
Hole 363-U1482B Core 17H, Interval 143.6-153.51 m (CSF-A)

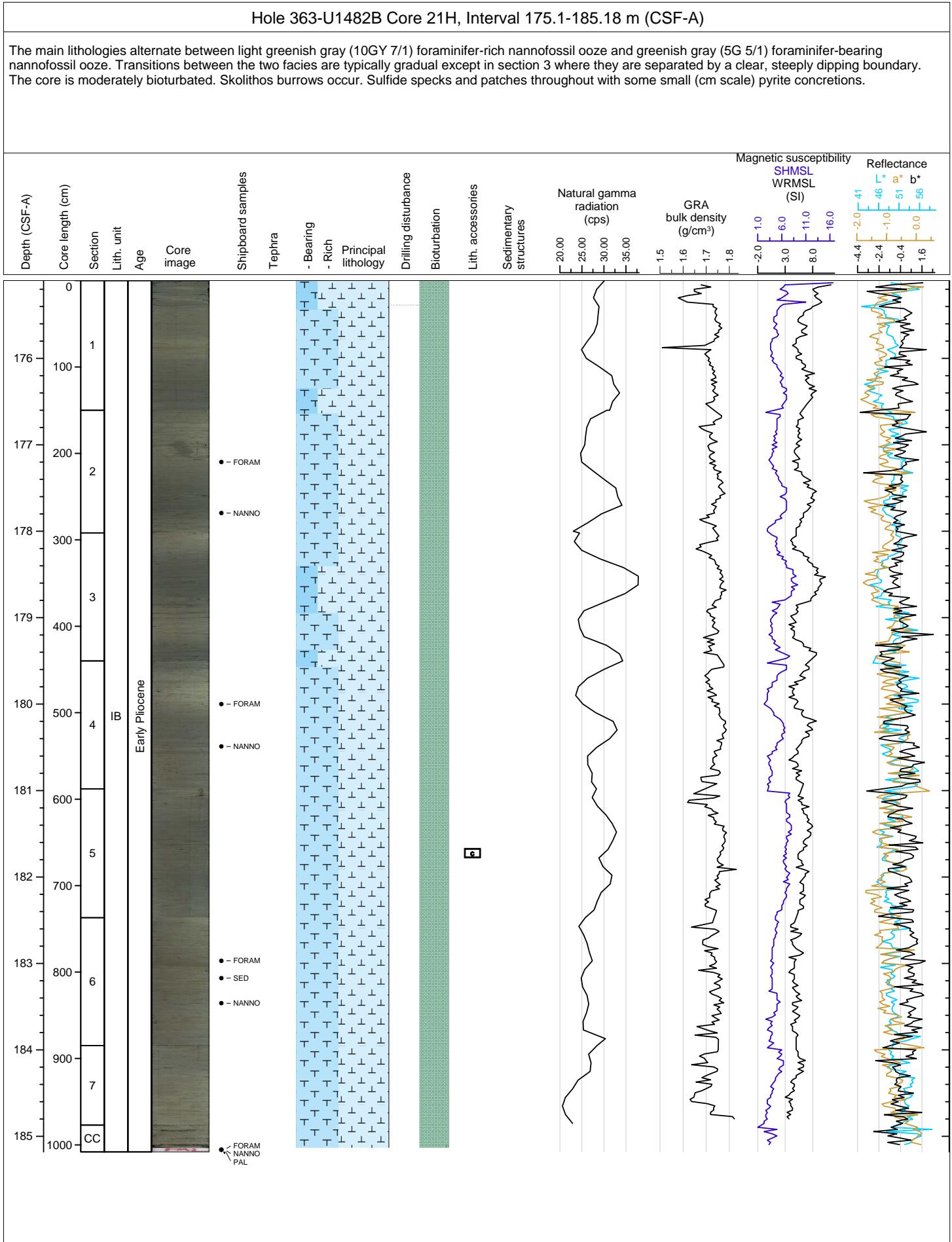
The main lithology is a light greenish gray (10GY 7/1) to greenish gray (5GY 6/1) foraminifer-bearing clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches throughout with some small (cm scale) pyrite concretions.







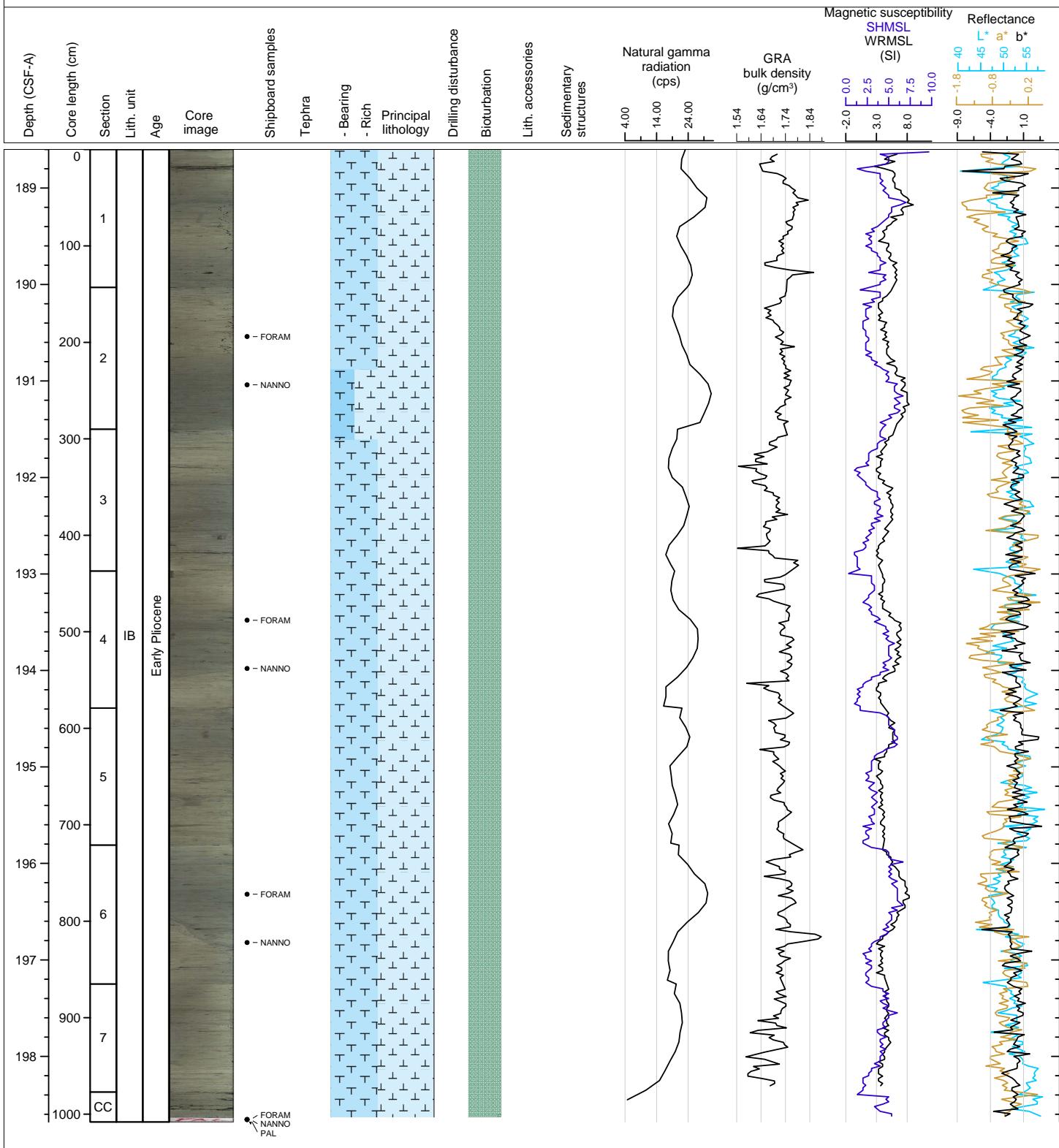


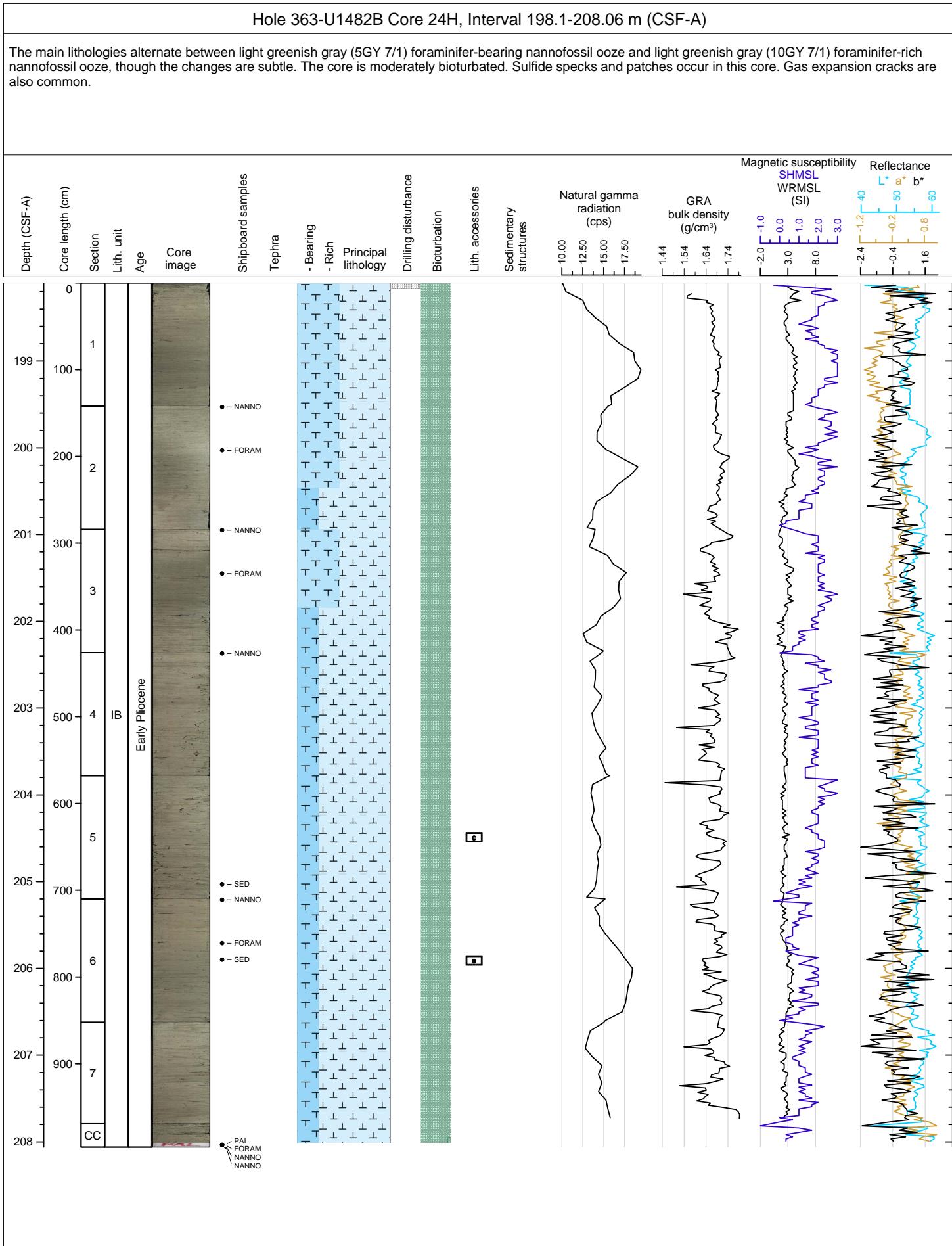




Hole 363-U1482B Core 23H, Interval 188.6-198.68 m (CSF-A)

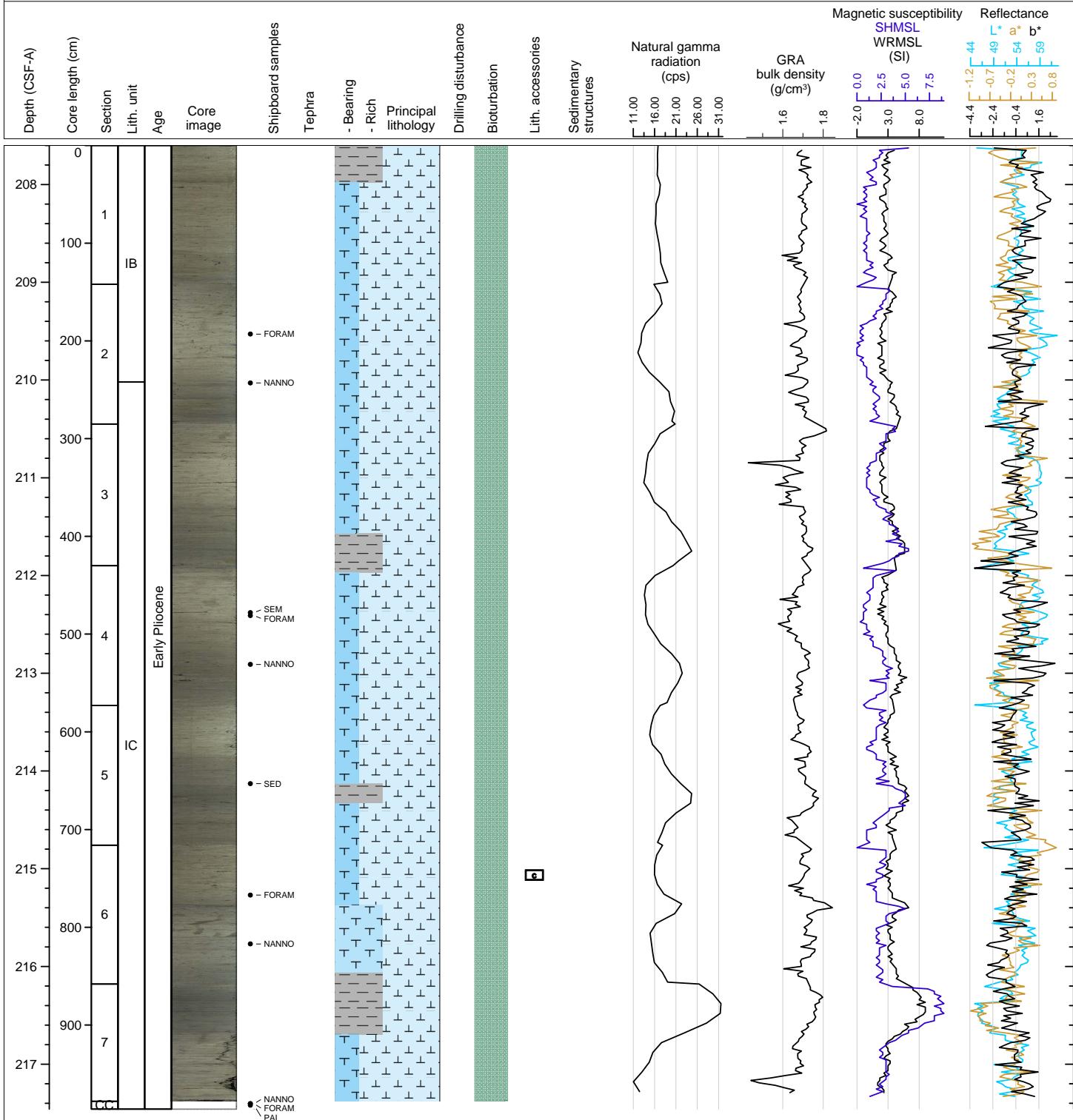
The main lithology is a light greenish gray (10GY 7/1) to a more green light greenish gray (5G 7/1) foraminifer-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches throughout with some small (cm scale) pyrite concretions.



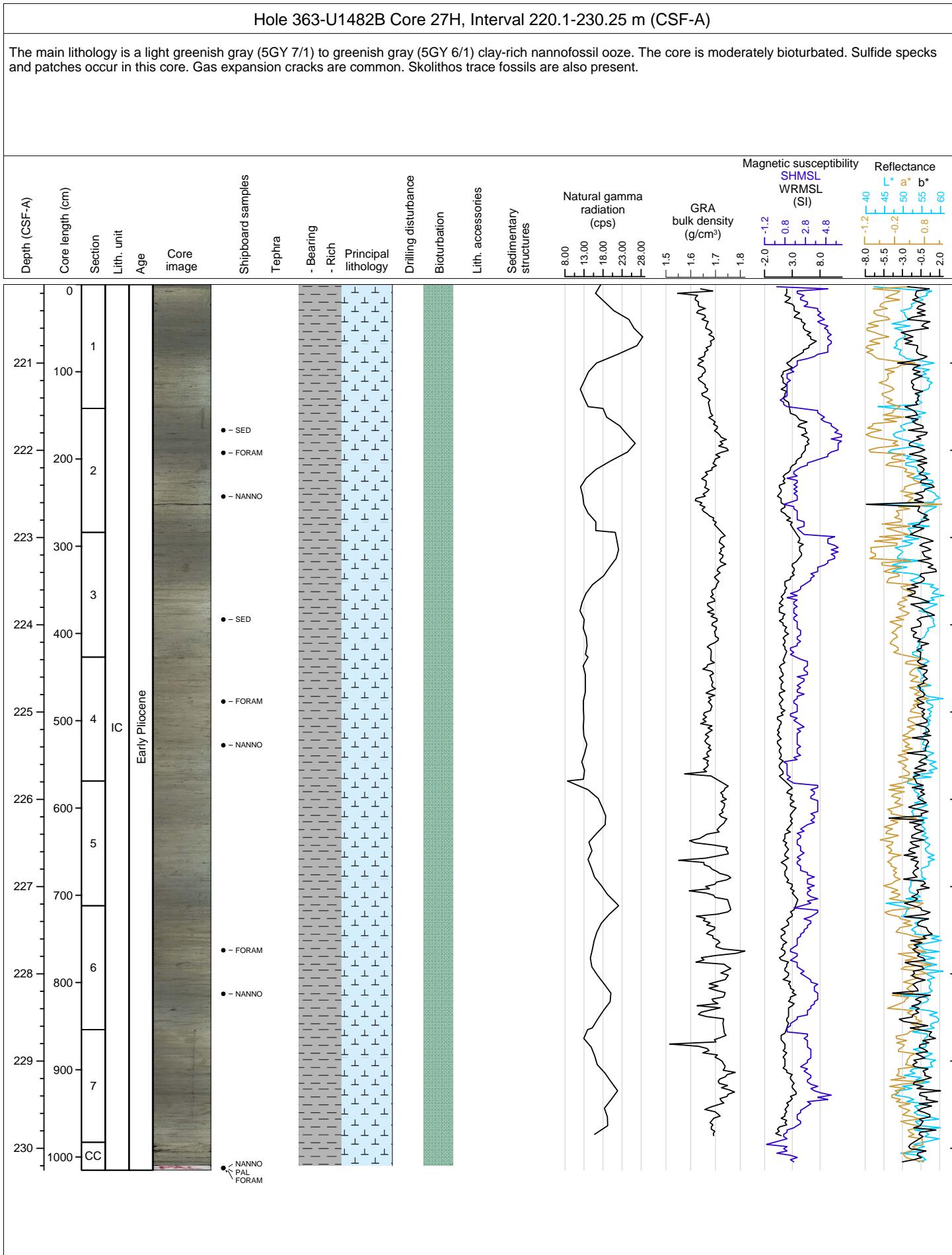


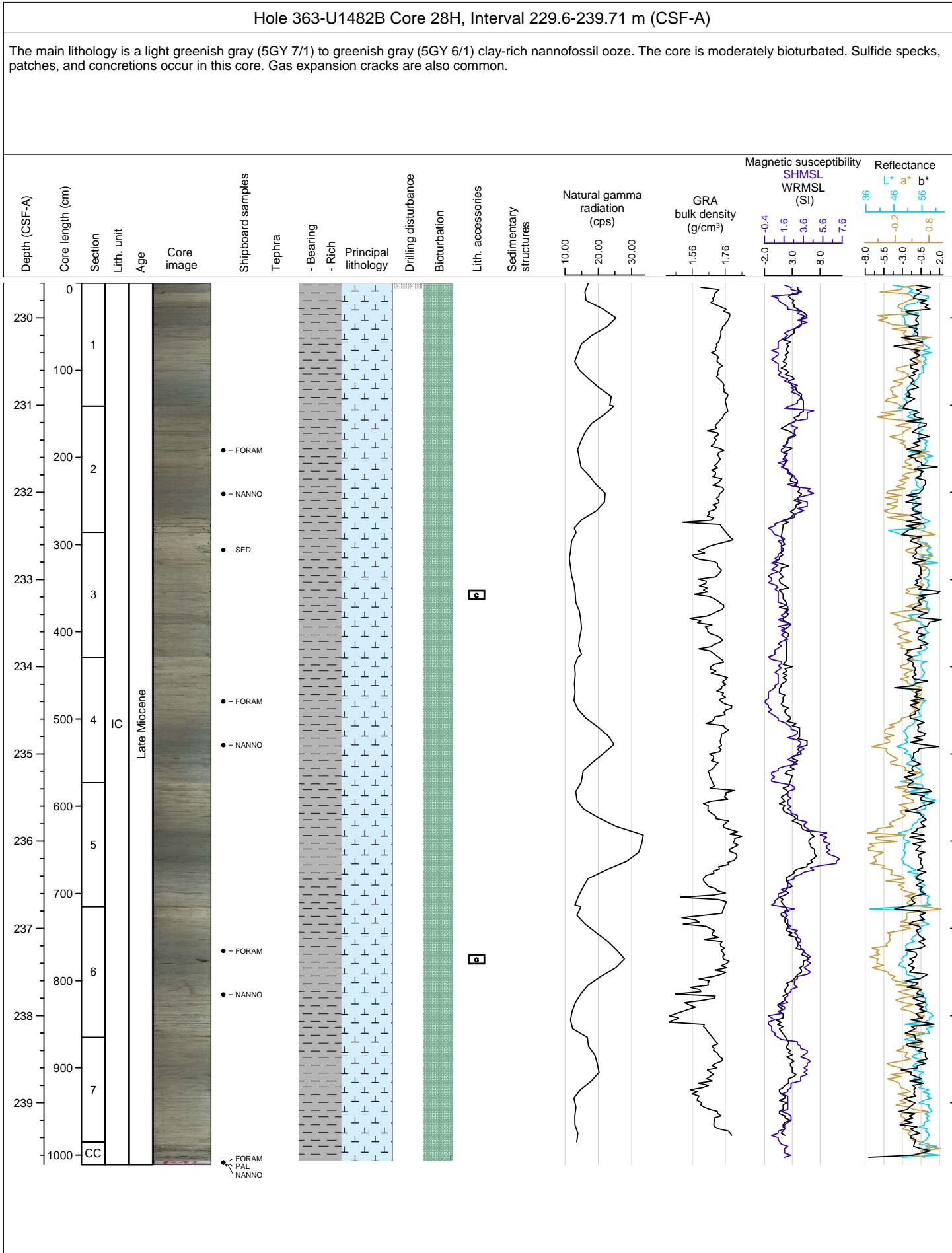
Hole 363-U1482B Core 25H, Interval 207.6-217.46 m (CSF-A)

The main lithologies alternate between a light greenish gray (5GY 7/1) foraminifer-bearing nannofossil ooze and a greenish gray (5GY 6/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches occur in this core. Gas expansion cracks are also common. Numerous Skolithos trace fossils and sulfide concretions are present. The boundary between Subunit IB and IC is located at 100 cm depth of section 2.



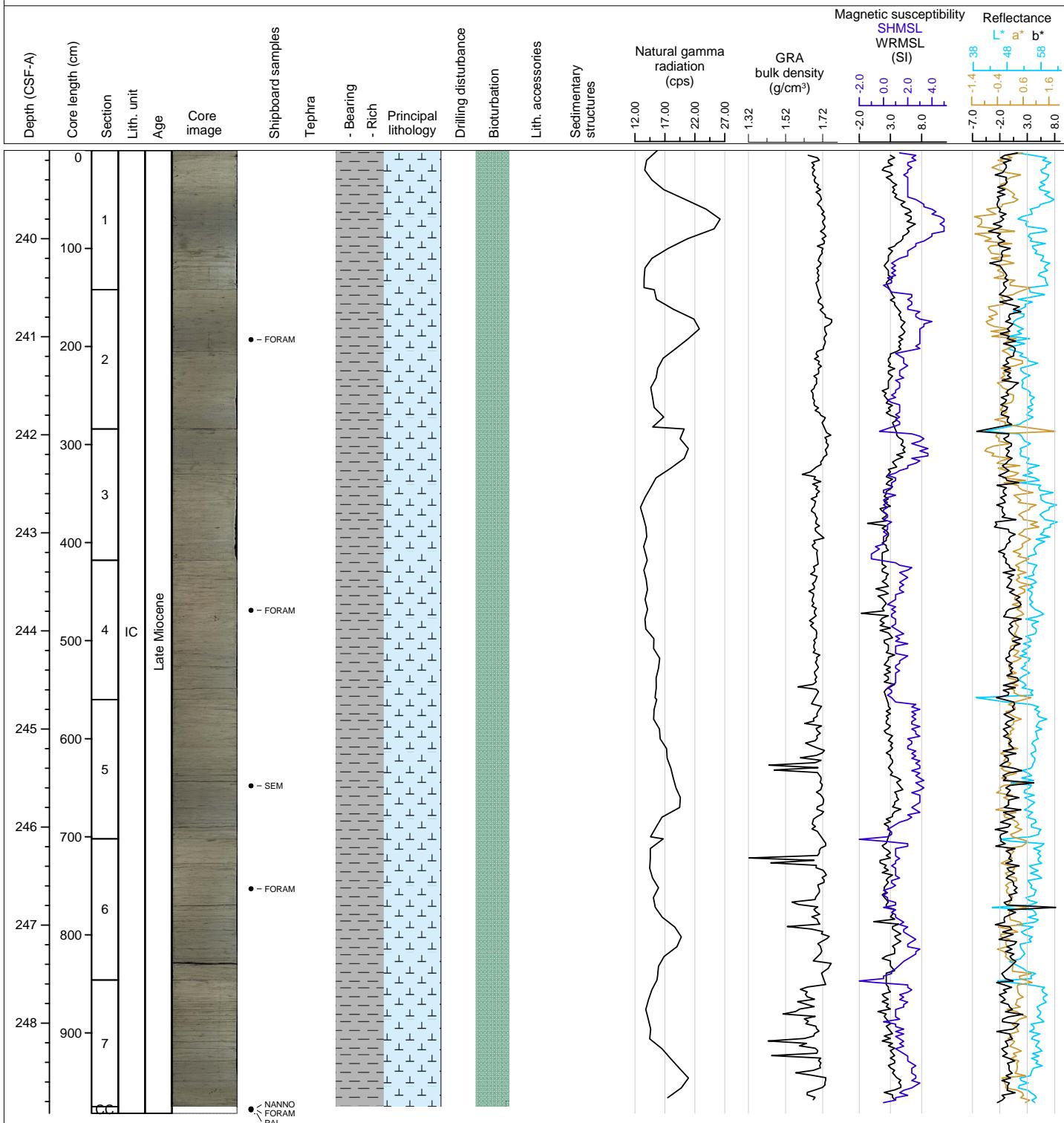






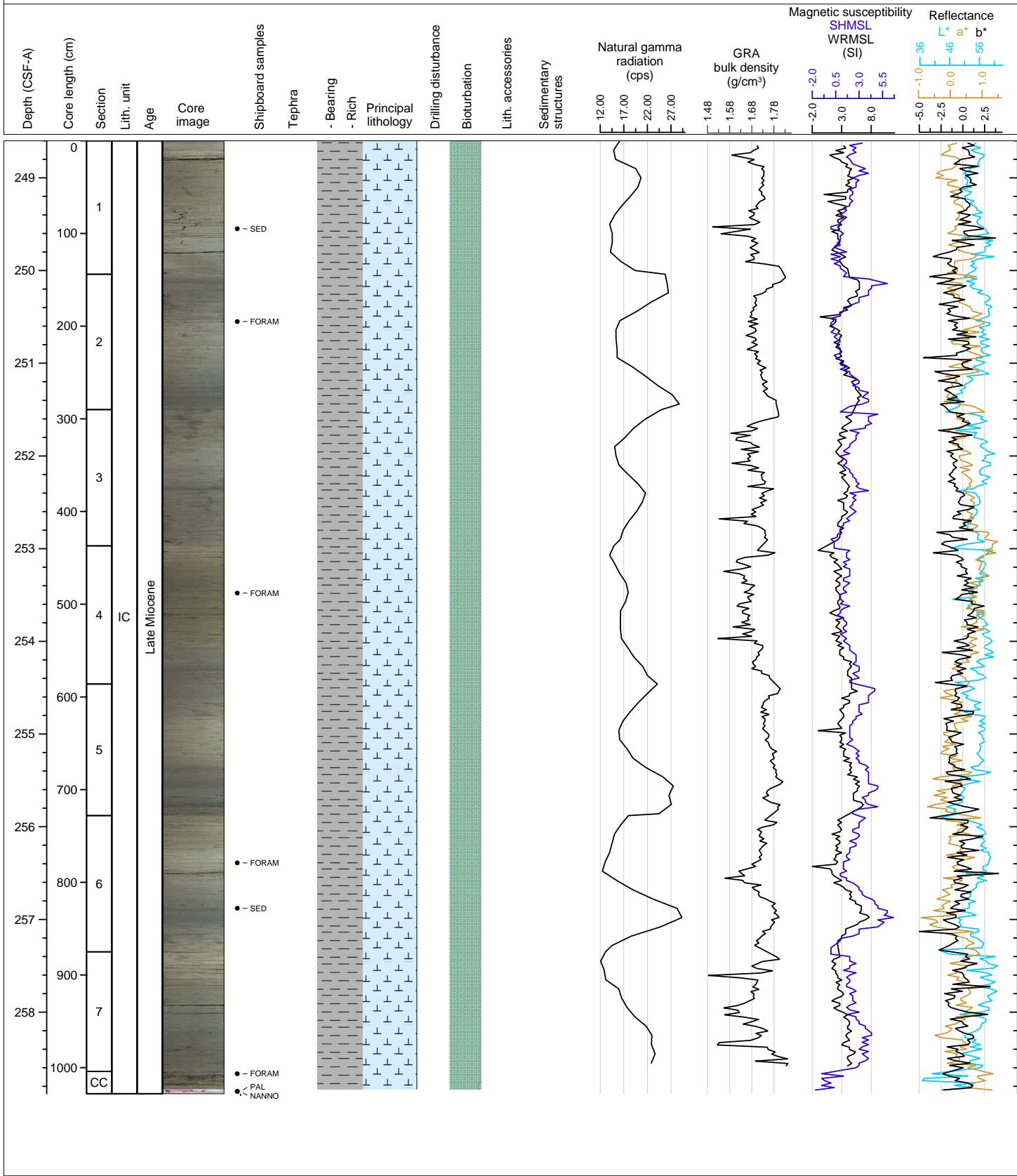
Hole 363-U1482B Core 29H, Interval 239.1-248.92 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is a light greenish gray (5GY 7/1) to greenish gray (5GY 6/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks, patches, and concretions occur in this core. Gas expansion cracks are also common. Skolithos trace fossils are present.



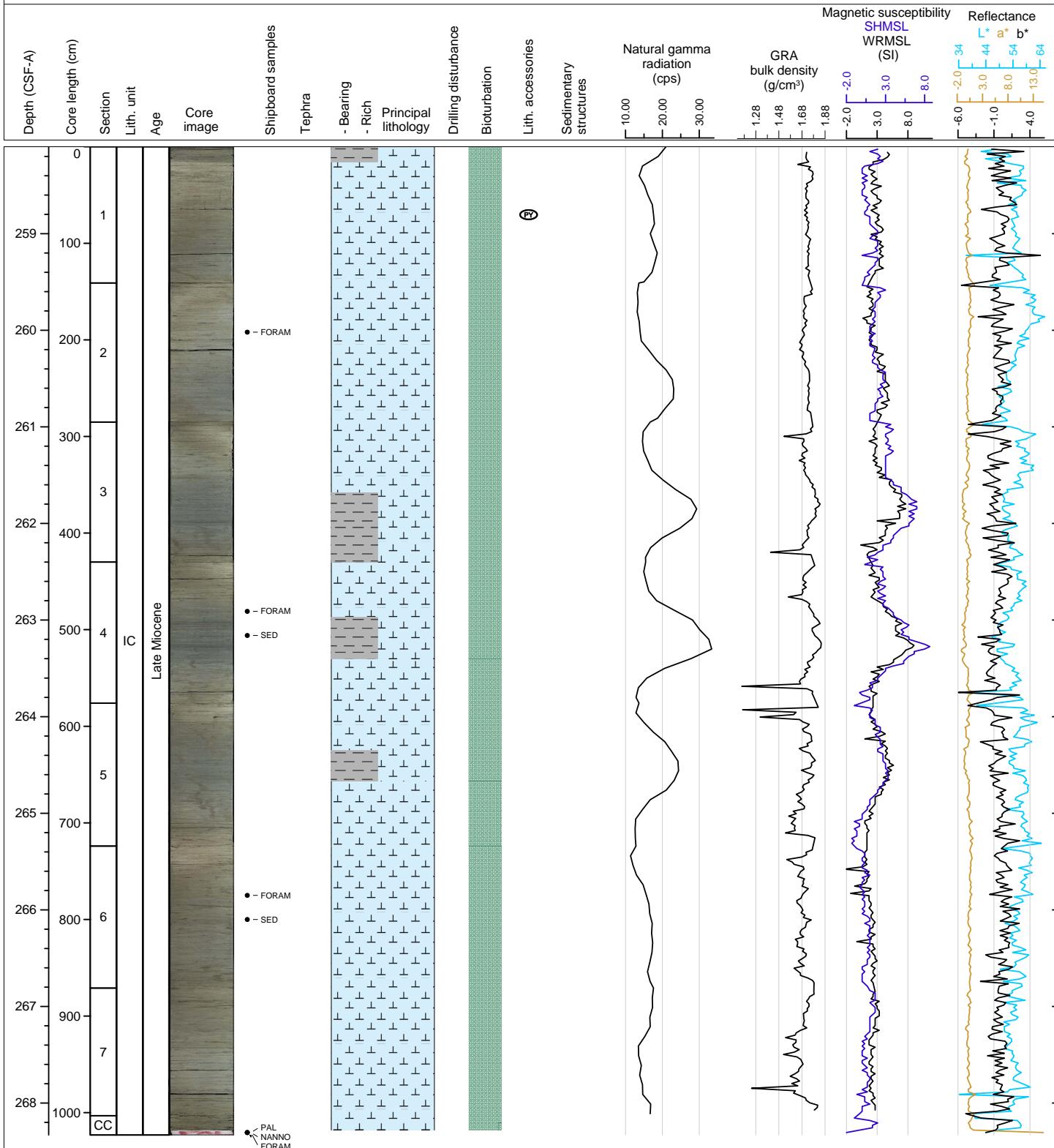
Hole 363-U1482B Core 30H, Interval 248.6-258.88 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is a light greenish gray (5GY 7/1) to greenish gray (5GY 6/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks, patches, and concretions occur in this core. Gas expansion cracks are also common.



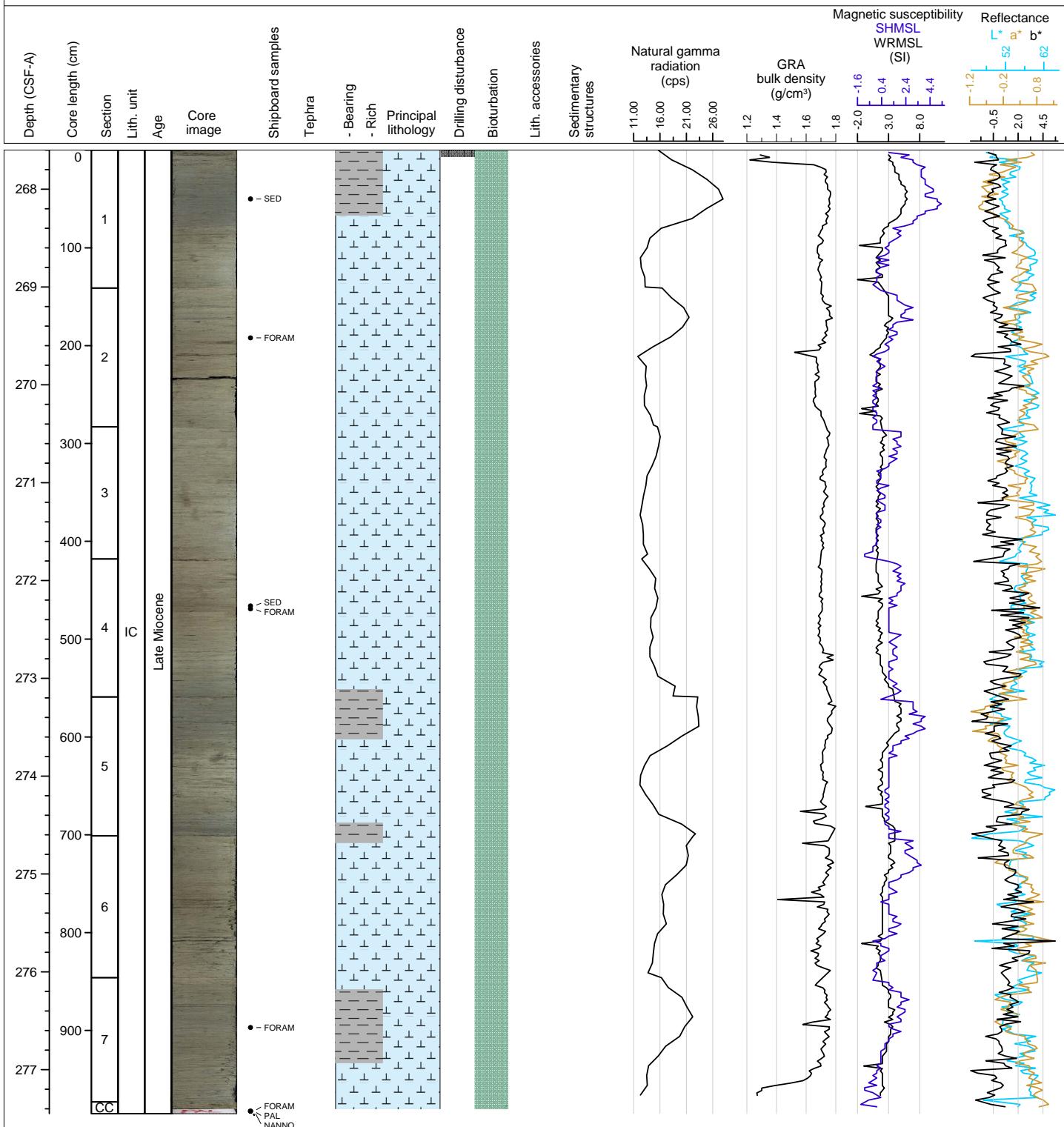
Hole 363-U1482B Core 31H, Interval 258.1-268.33 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology alternates between a light greenish gray (10GY 8/1) nannofossil ooze and a darker light greenish gray (10GY 7/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks, patches, and concretions occur in this core. Gas expansion cracks are also common.



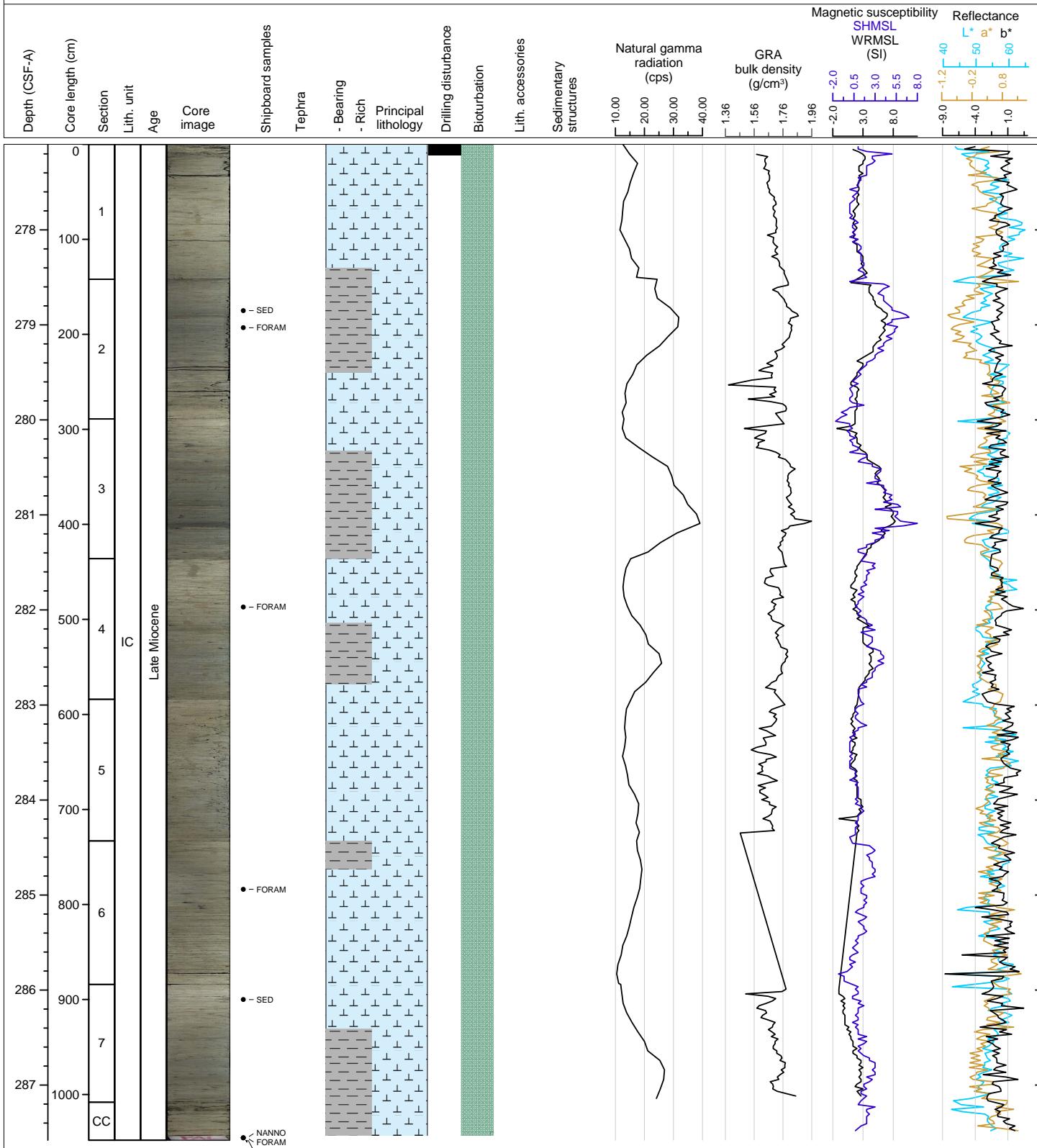
Hole 363-U1482B Core 32H, Interval 267.6-277.45 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology alternates between a light greenish gray (10GY 8/1 & 7/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze and a light greenish gray (5GY 8/1) nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches occur in this core. Gas expansion cracks are also common.



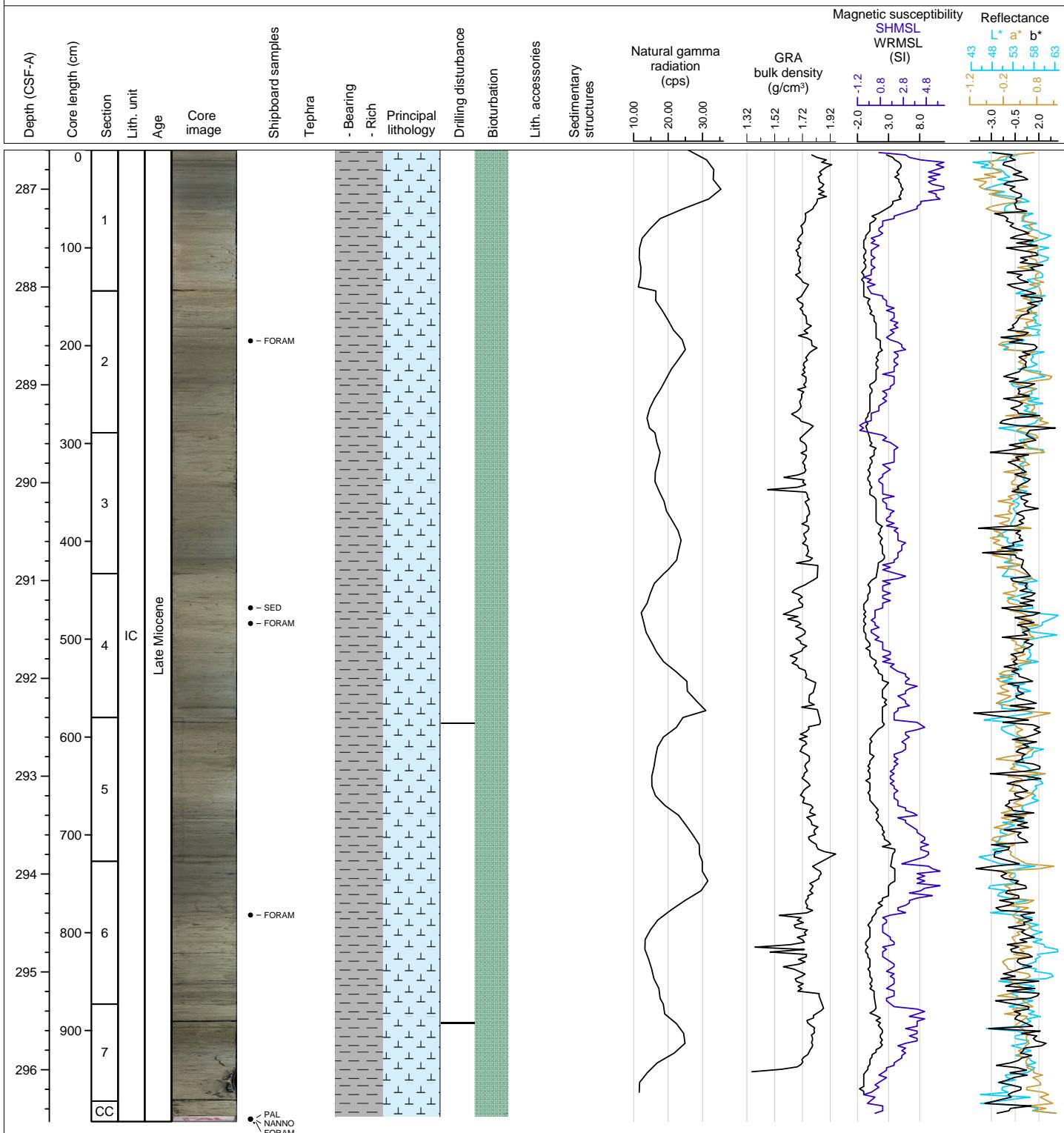
Hole 363-U1482B Core 33H, Interval 277.1-287.58 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology alternates between a light greenish gray (5GY 7/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze and a light greenish gray (5GY 8/1) nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches occur in this core. Gas expansion cracks are also common.



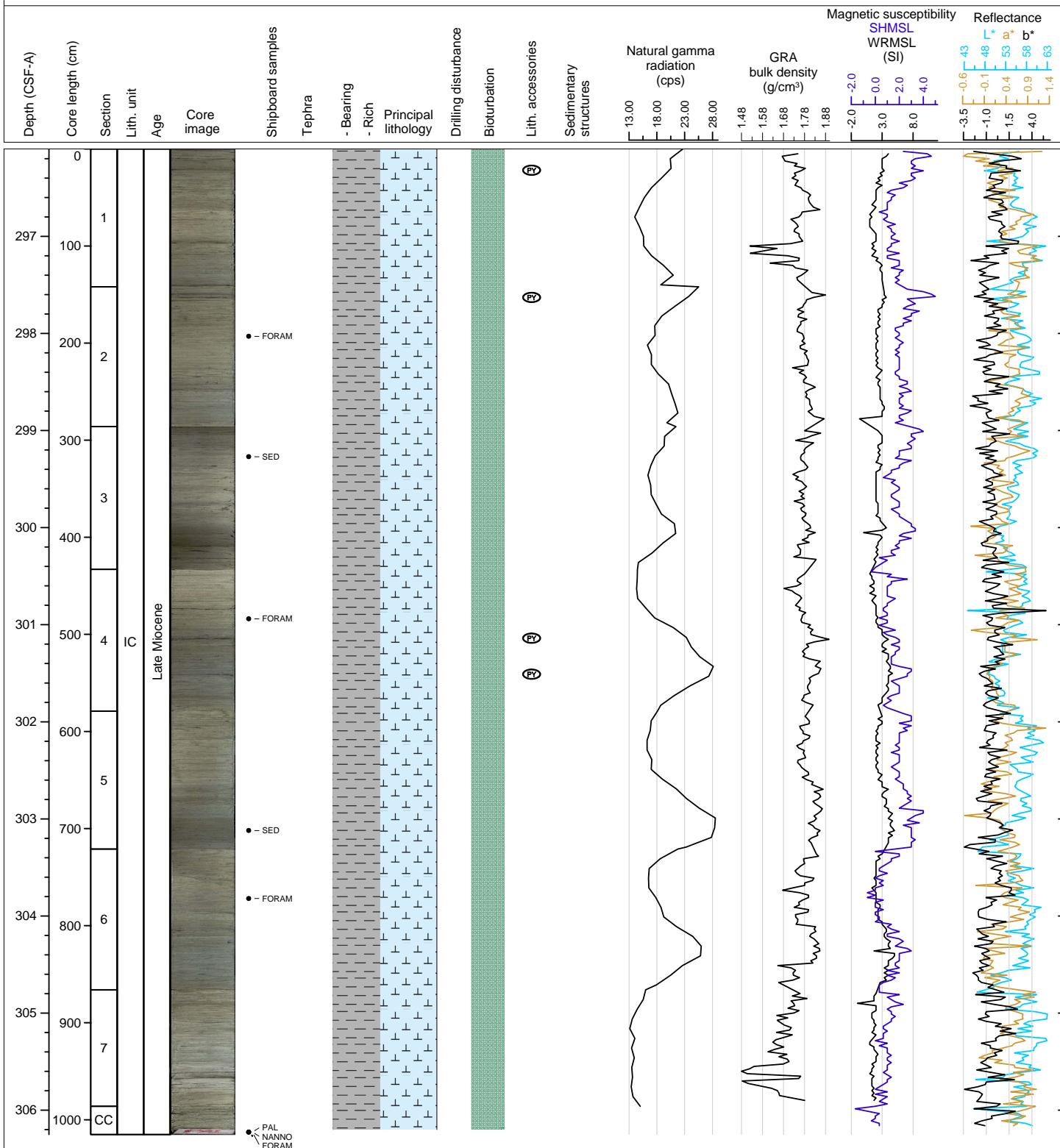
Hole 363-U1482B Core 34H, Interval 286.6-296.53 m (CSF-A)

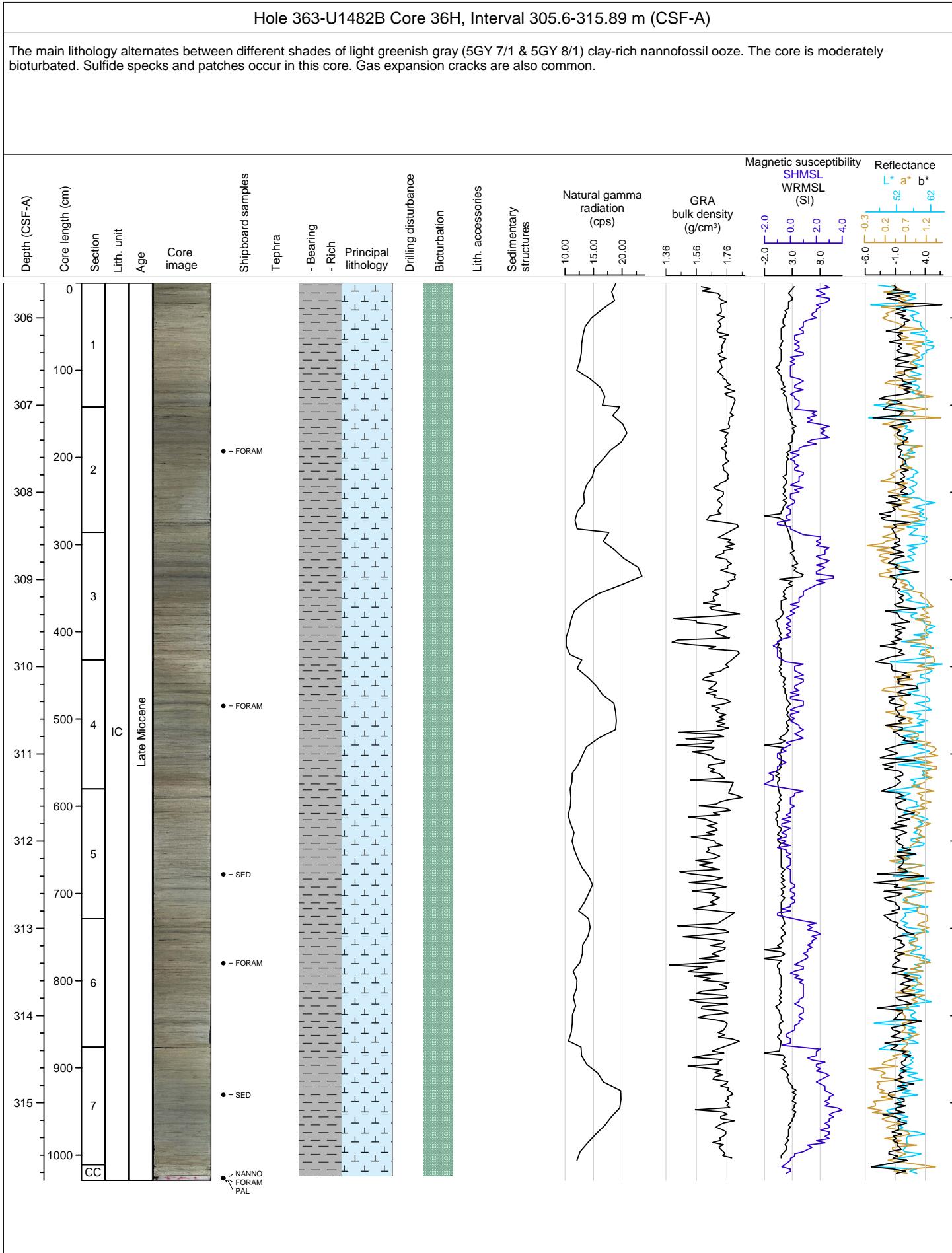
The main lithology alternates between a light greenish gray (10Y 7/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze and a greenish gray (5GY 6/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches occur in this core. Gas expansion cracks are also common.



Hole 363-U1482B Core 35H, Interval 296.1-306.25 m (CSF-A)

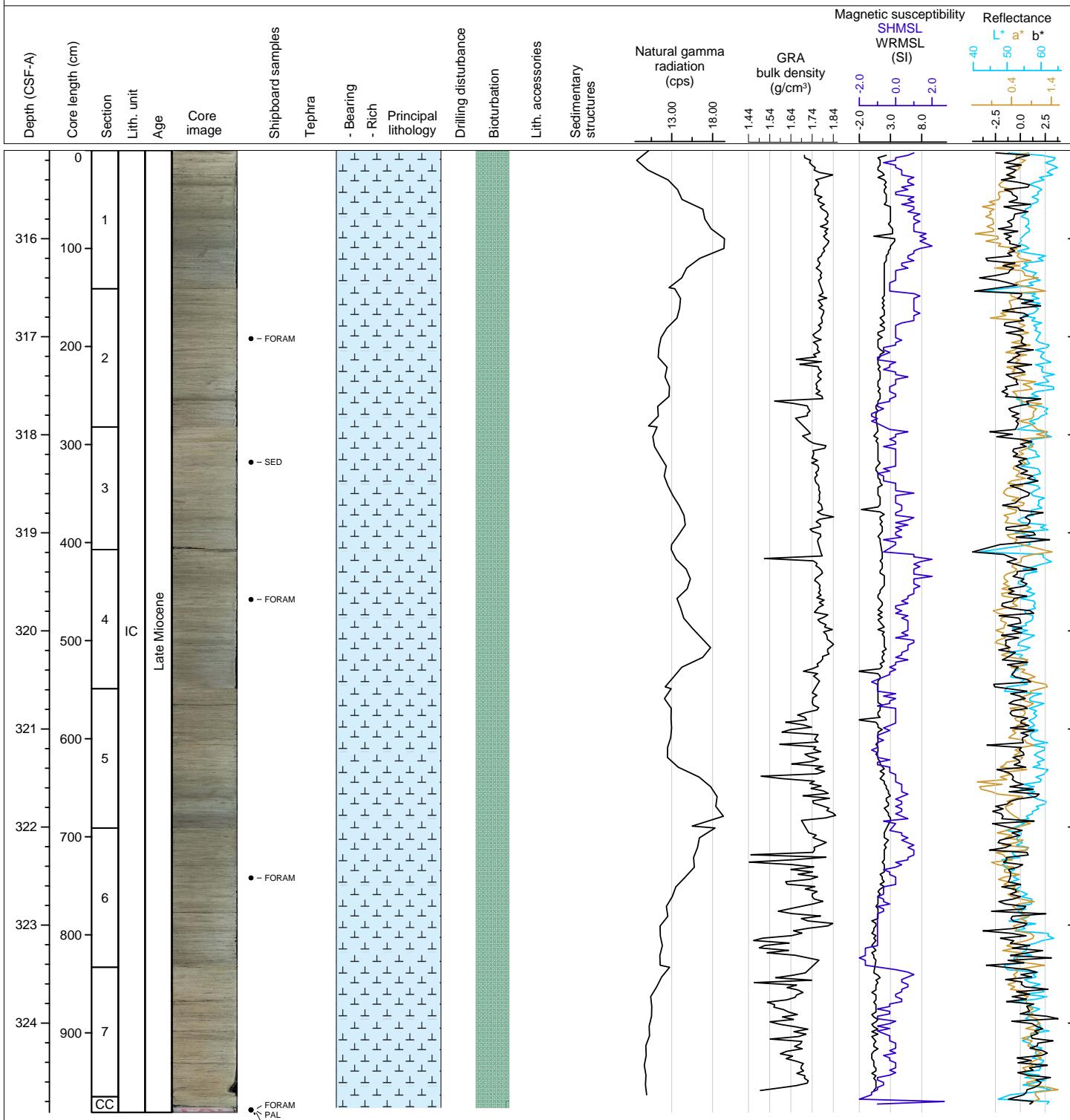
The main lithology is a light greenish gray (10Y 8/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches occur in this core. Gas expansion cracks are also common.





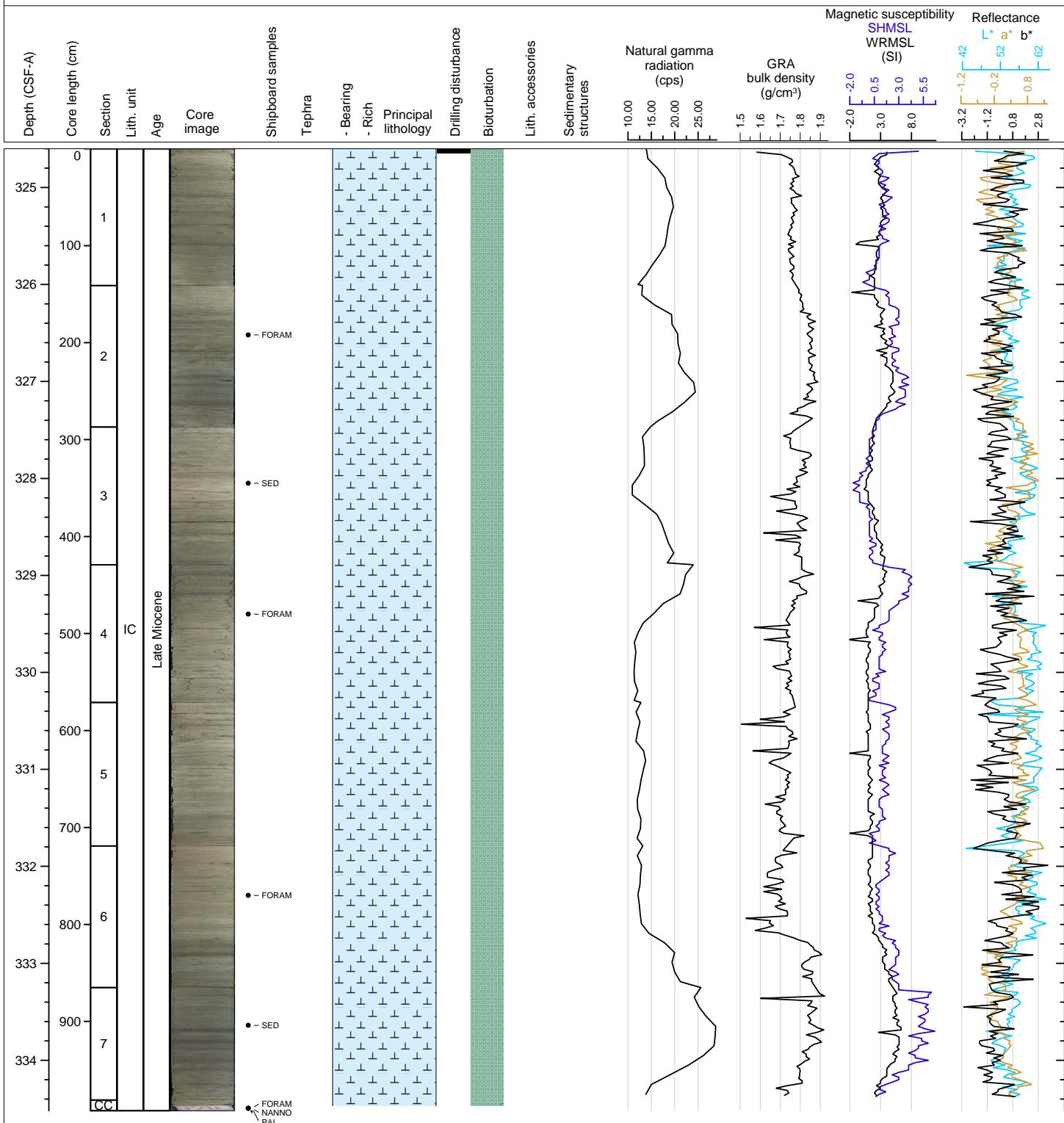
Hole 363-U1482B Core 37H, Interval 315.1-324.91 m (CSF-A)

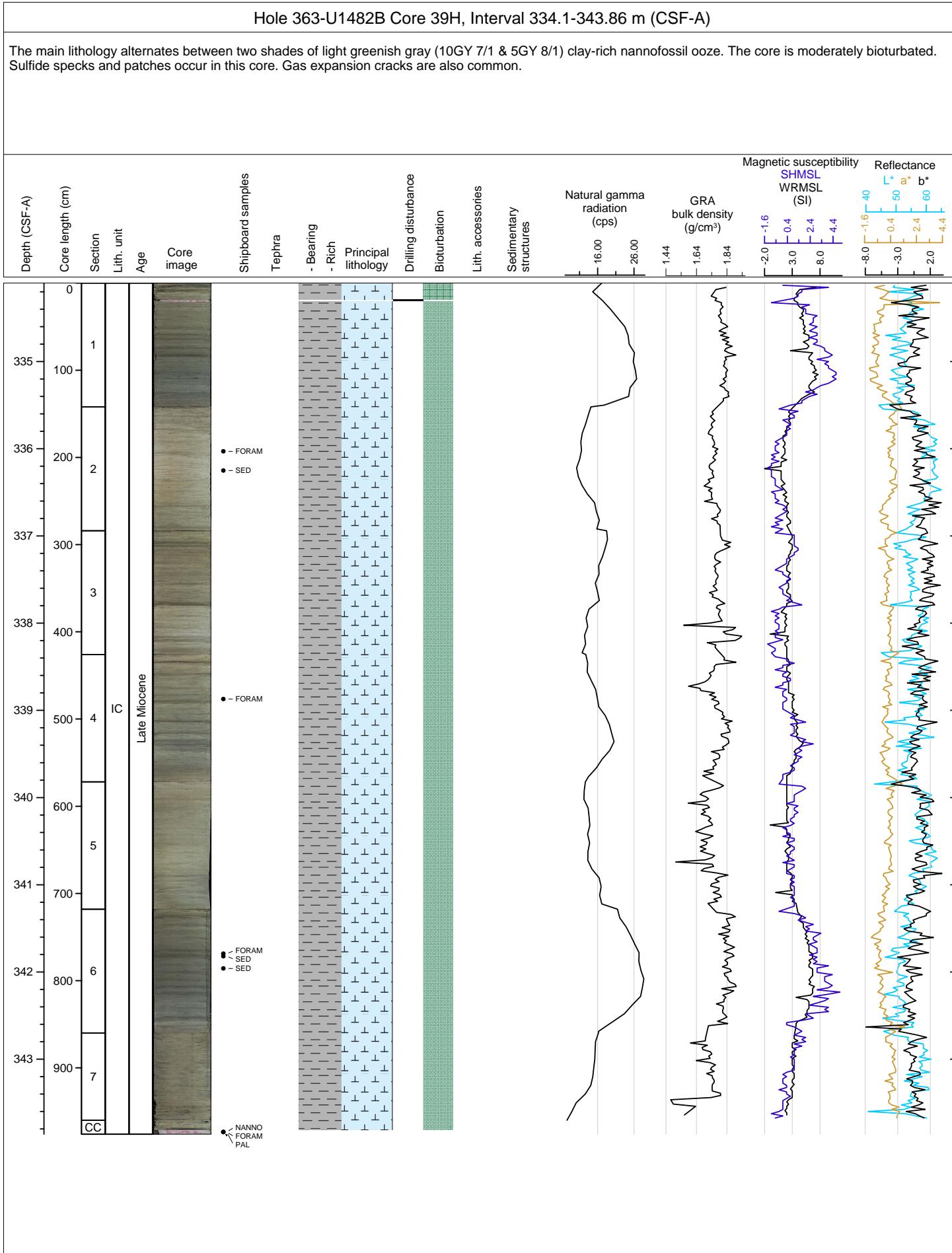
The main lithology alternates between two shades of light greenish gray (5GY 7/1 & 5GY 8/1) nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches occur in this core. Gas expansion cracks are also common.



Hole 363-U1482B Core 38H, Interval 324.6-334.52 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology alternates between light greenish gray (5GY 7/1) and greenish gray (10GY 6/1) nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches occur in this core. Gas expansion cracks are also common.

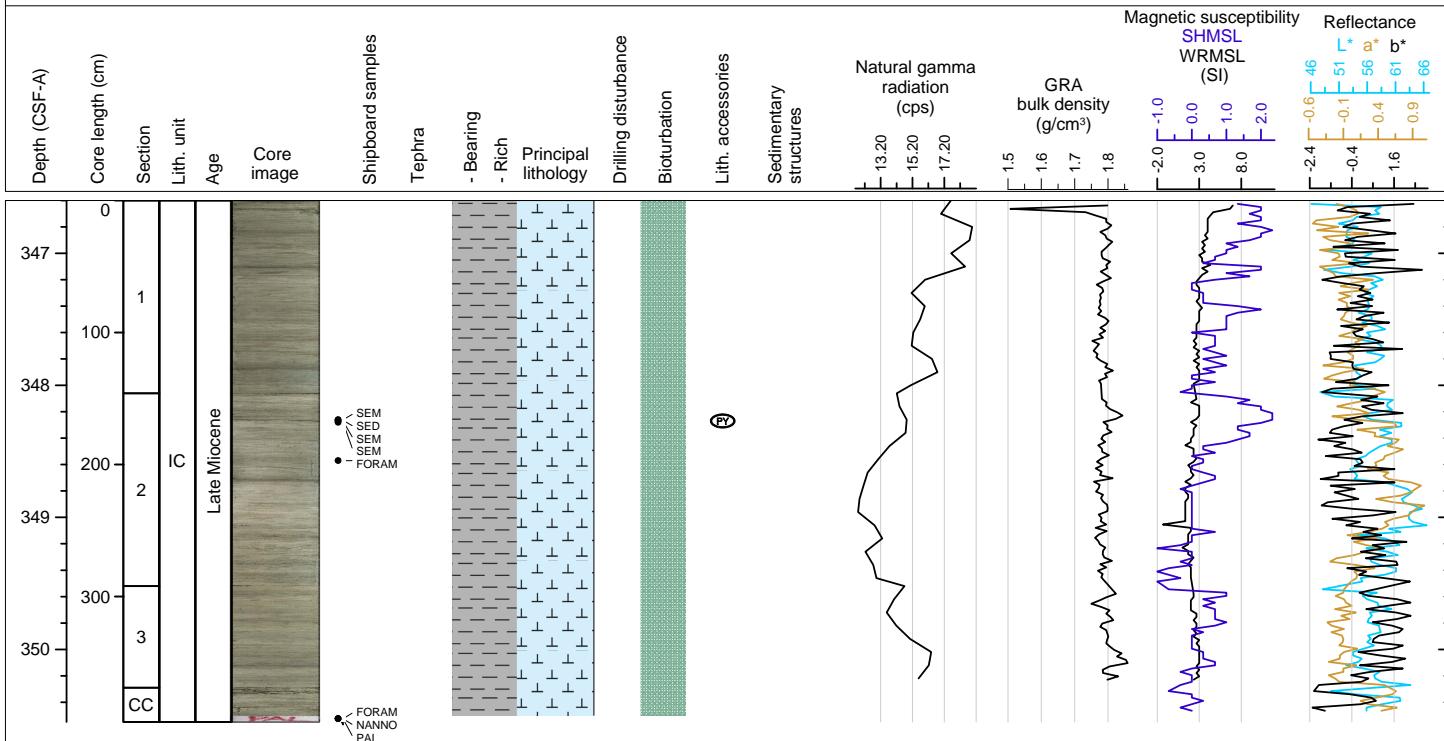






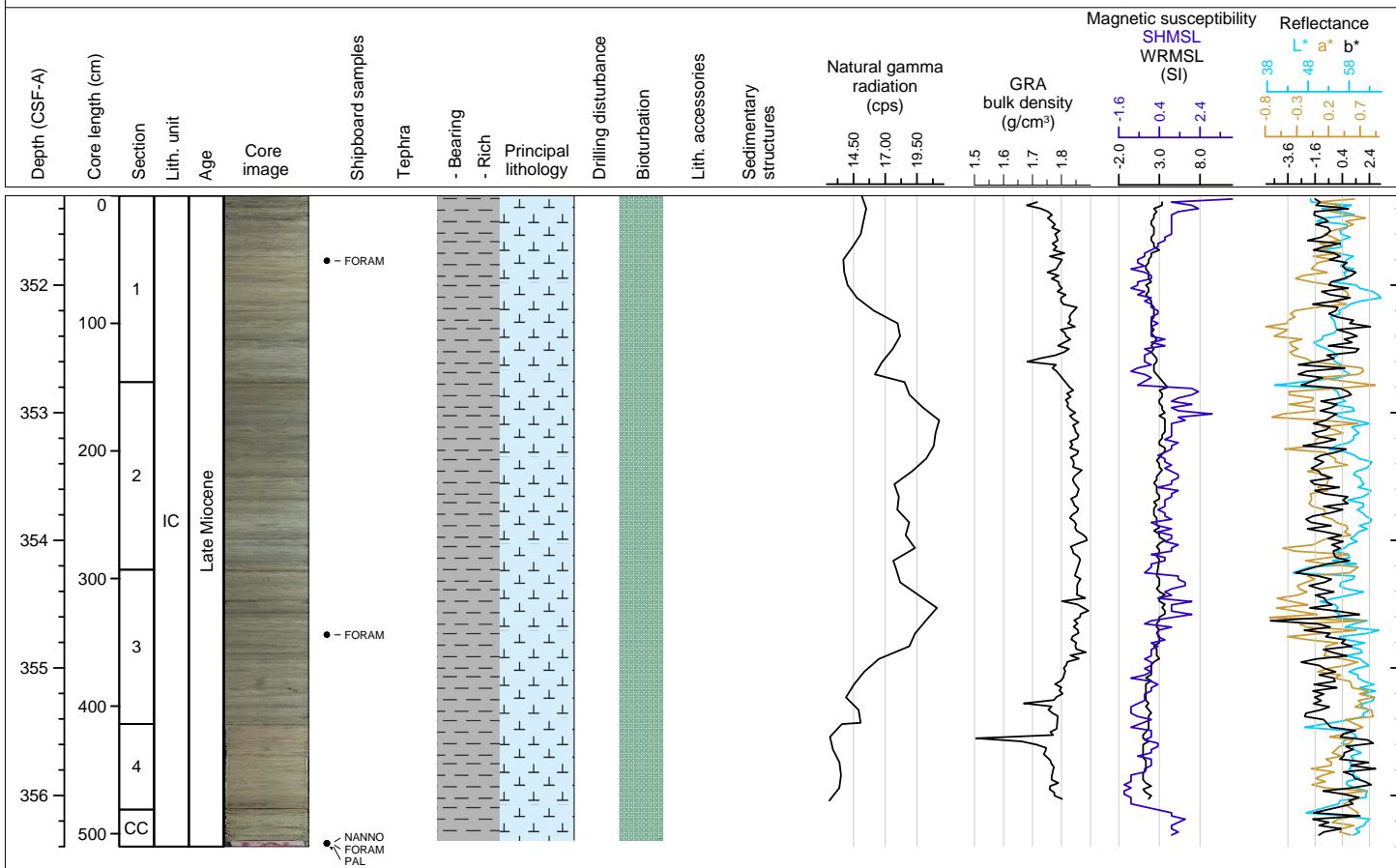
Hole 363-U1482B Core 41F, Interval 346.6-350.55 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology alternates between two shades of light greenish gray (10GY 7/1 & 5GY 8/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated but thin layers are preserved in some sections. Sulfide specks and patches occur in this core. Gas expansion cracks are also common.



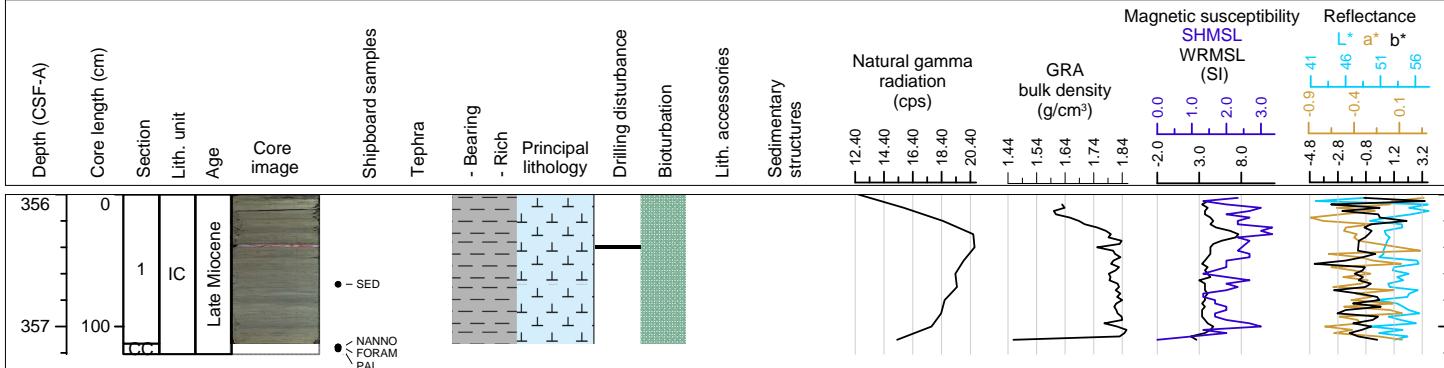
Hole 363-U1482B Core 42F, Interval 351.3-356.4 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology alternates between two shades of light greenish gray (10GY 7/1 & 5GY 8/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated but thin layers are preserved in some sections. Sulfide specks and patches occur in this core. Gas expansion cracks are also common.



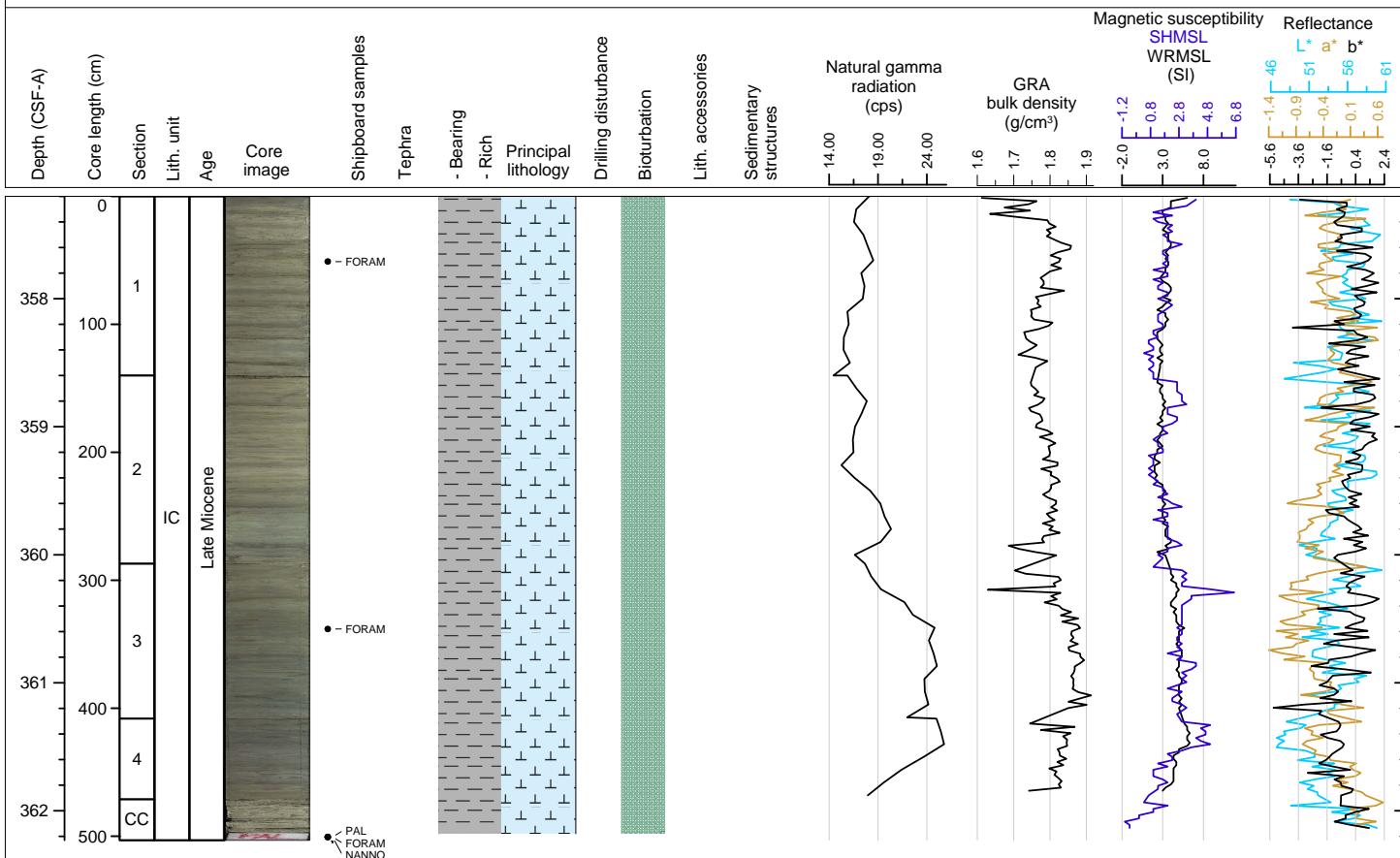
Hole 363-U1482B Core 43F, Interval 356.0-357.21 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is a light greenish gray (10GY 7/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches occur in this core. Gas expansion cracks are also common.



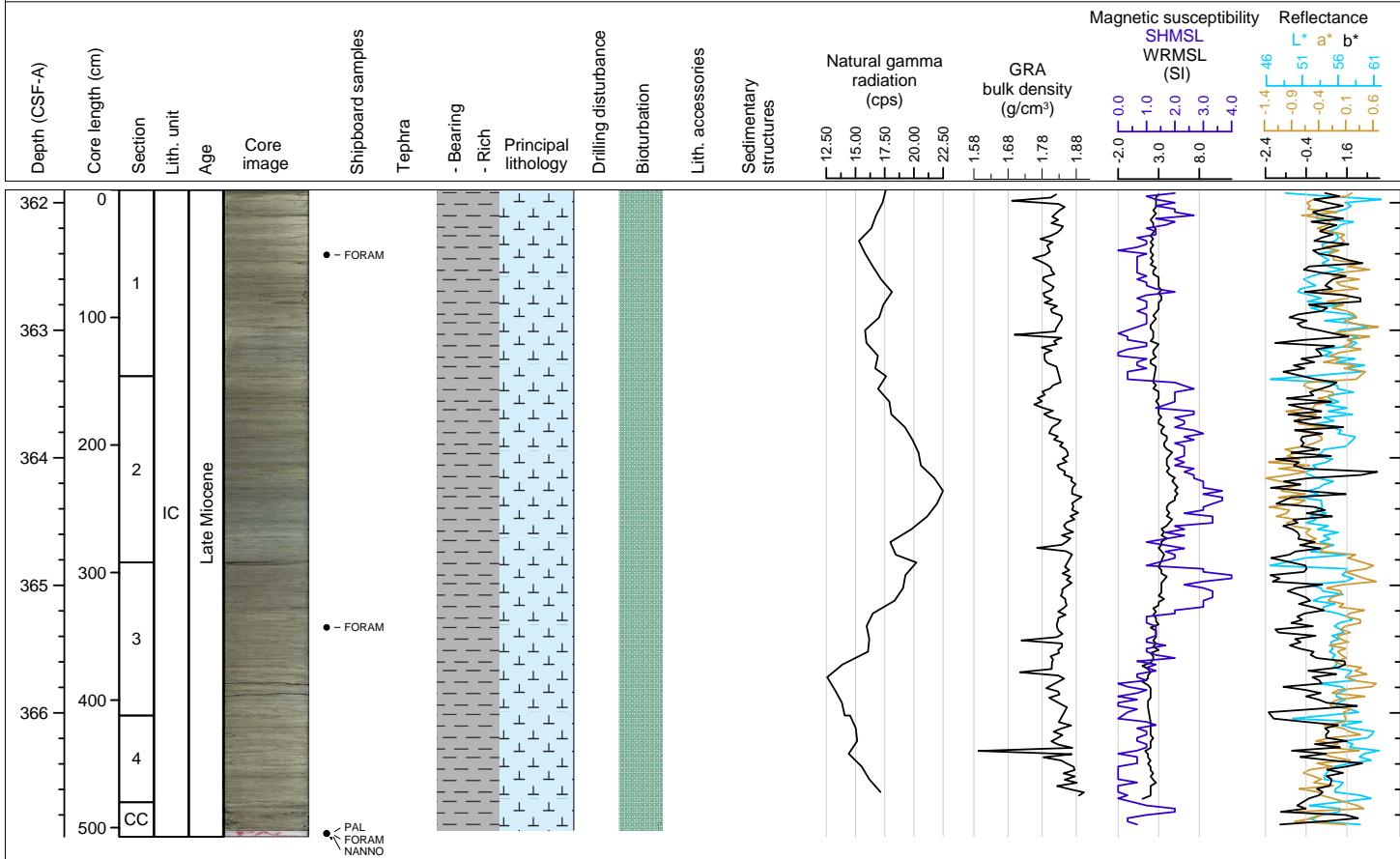
Hole 363-U1482B Core 44F, Interval 357.2-362.23 m (CSF-A)

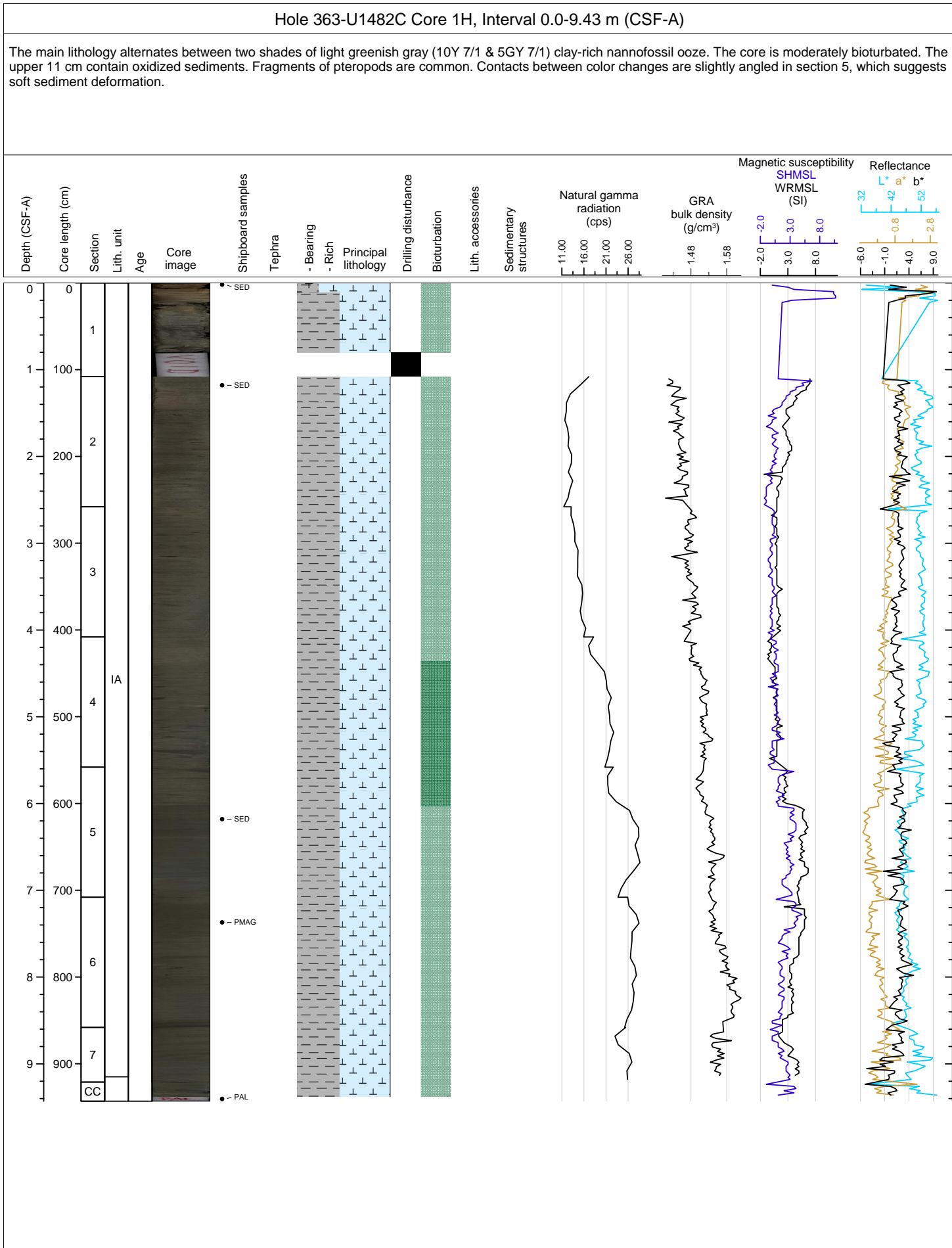
The main lithology alternates between two shades of light greenish gray (10GY 7/1 & 5GY 8/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated but thin layers are preserved in some sections. Sulfide specks and patches occur in this core. Gas expansion cracks are also common.

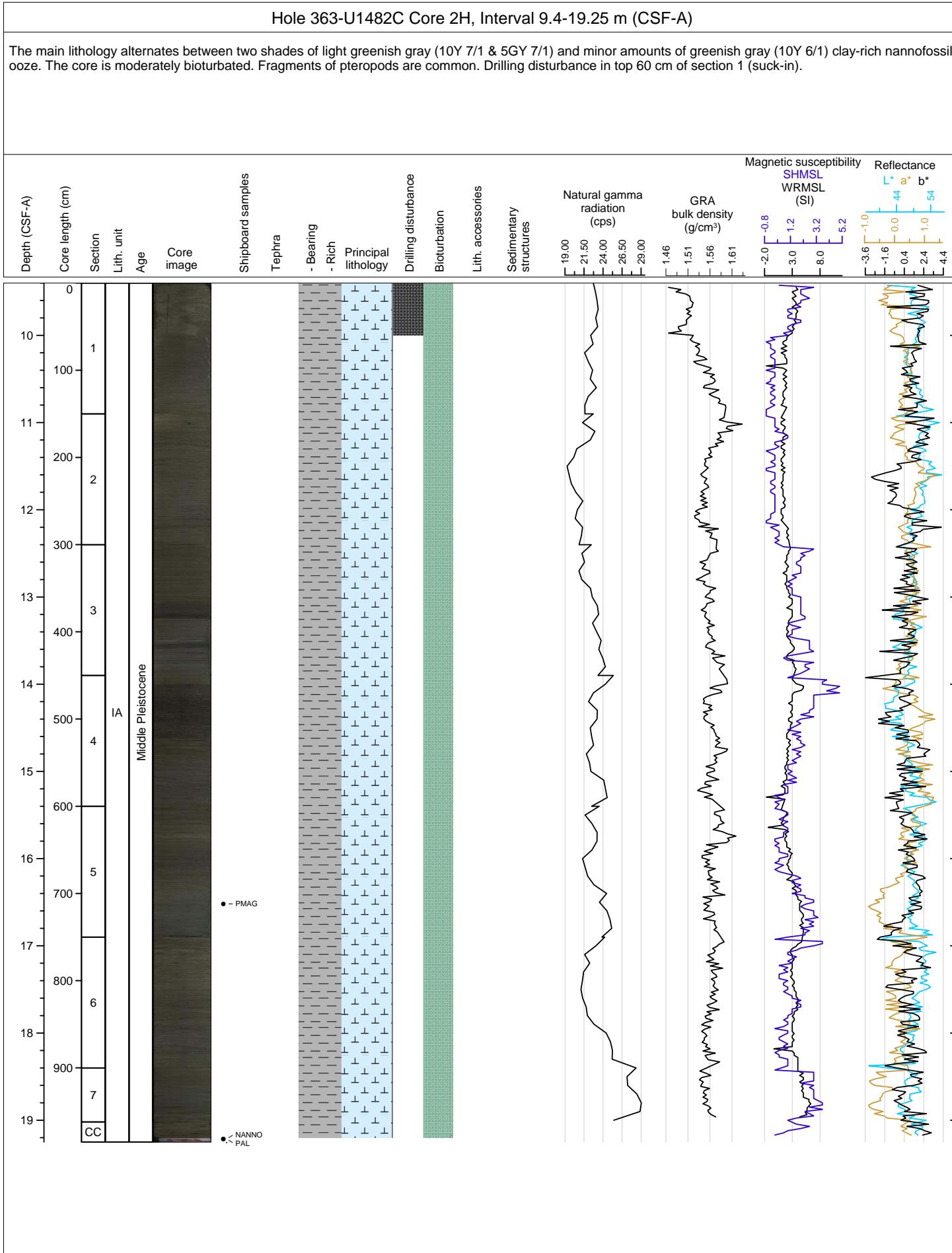


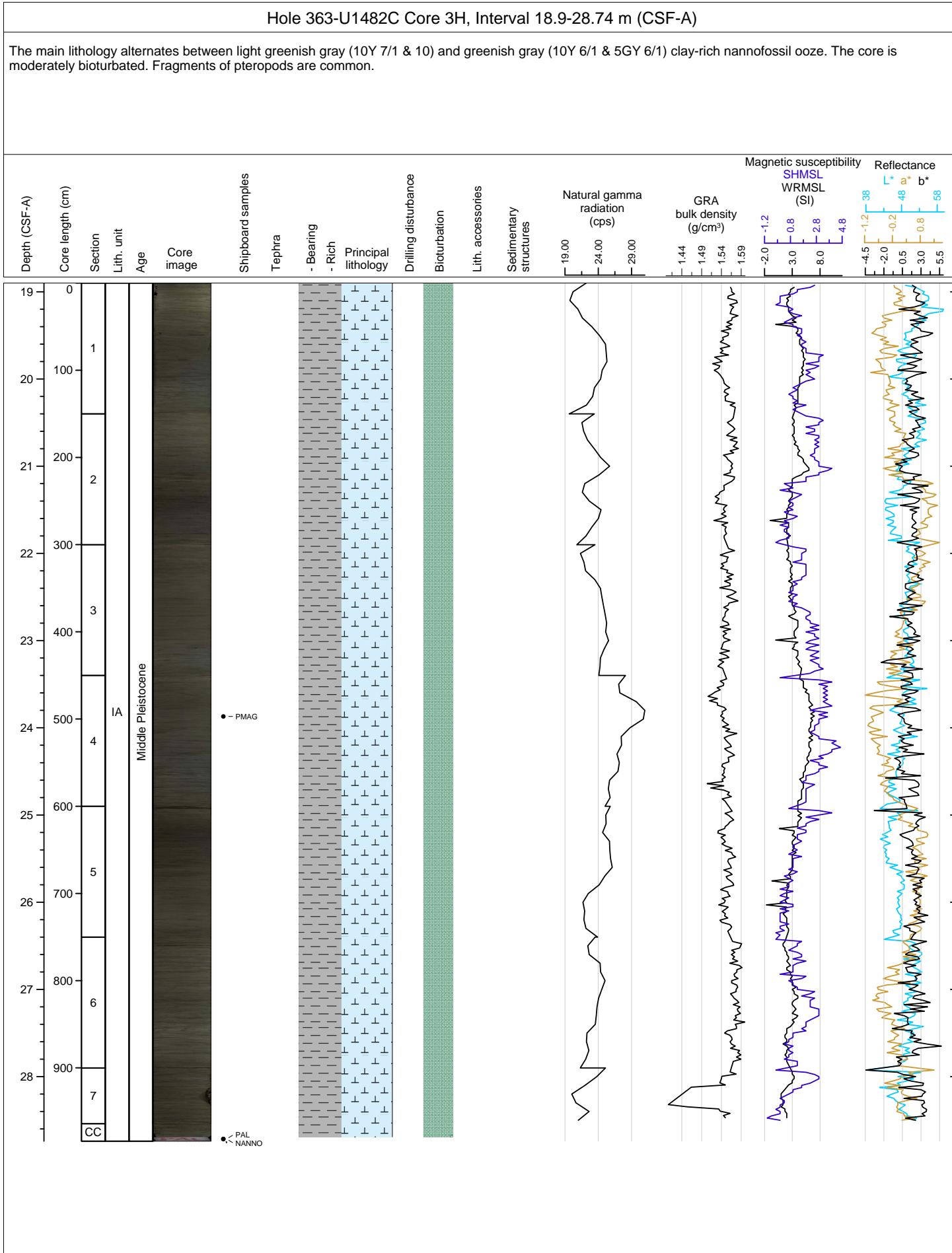
Hole 363-U1482B Core 45F, Interval 361.9-366.97 m (CSF-A)

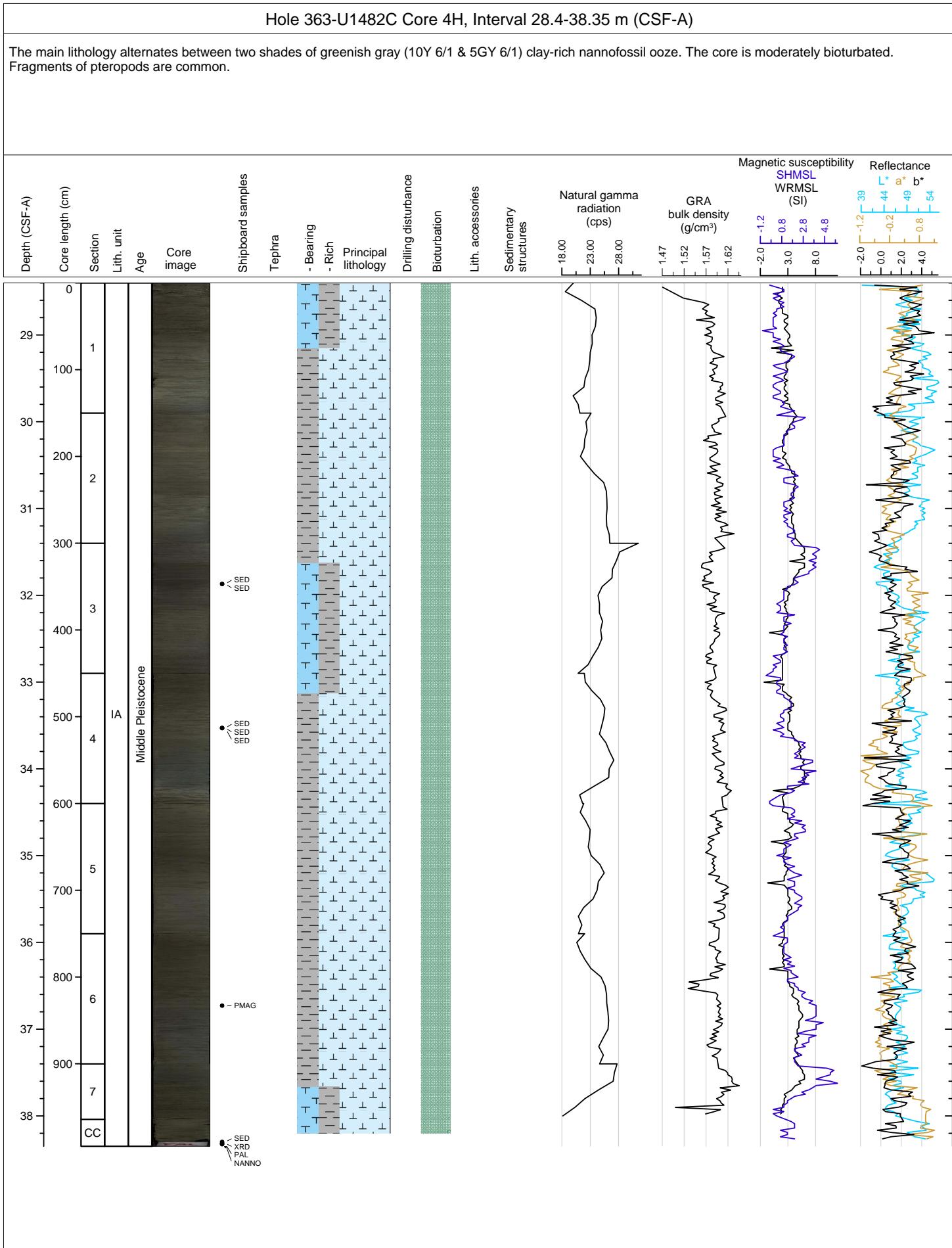
The main lithology alternates between two shades of light greenish gray (10GY 7/1 & 5GY 8/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated but thin layers are preserved in some sections. Sulfide specks and patches occur in this core. Gas expansion cracks are also common.

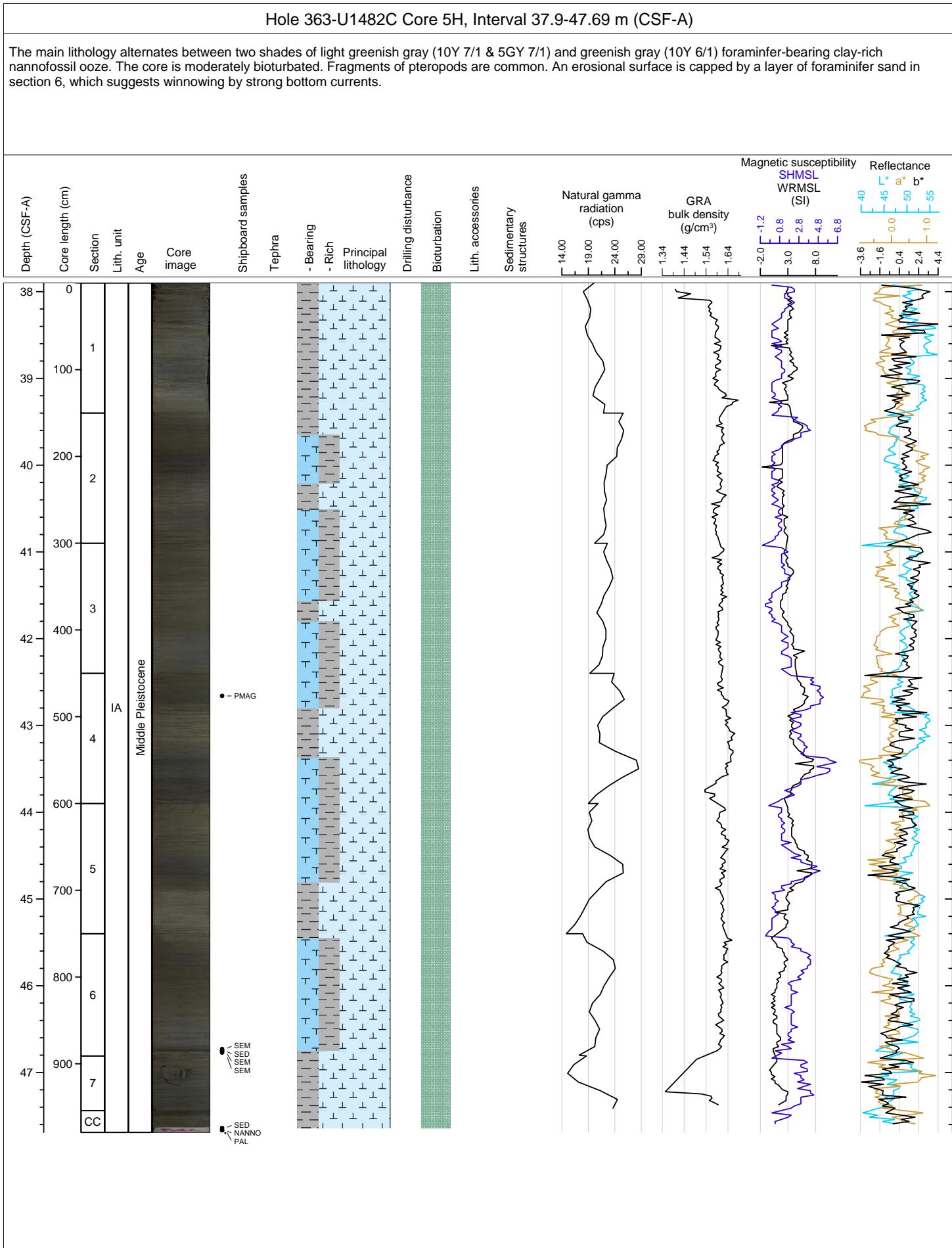


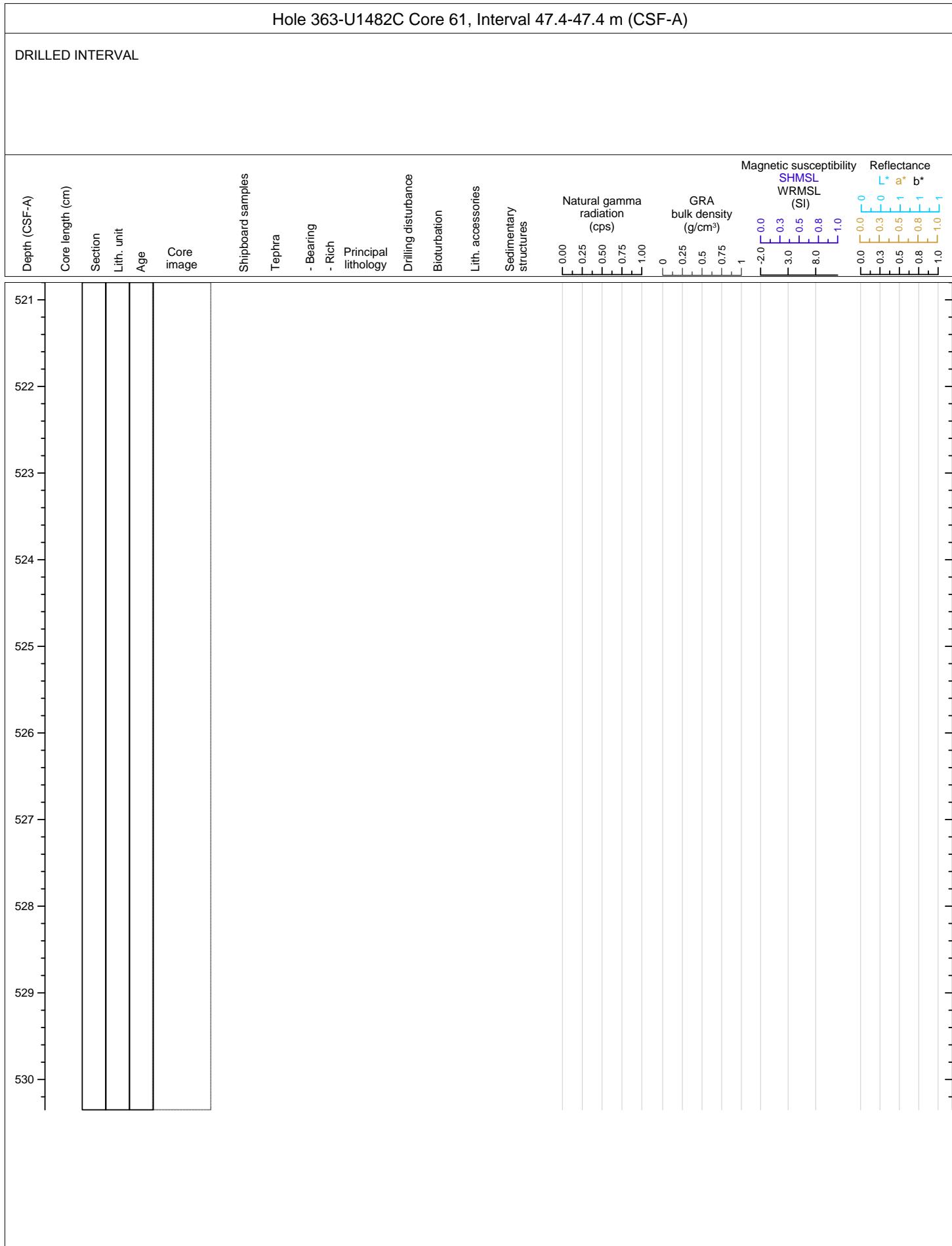


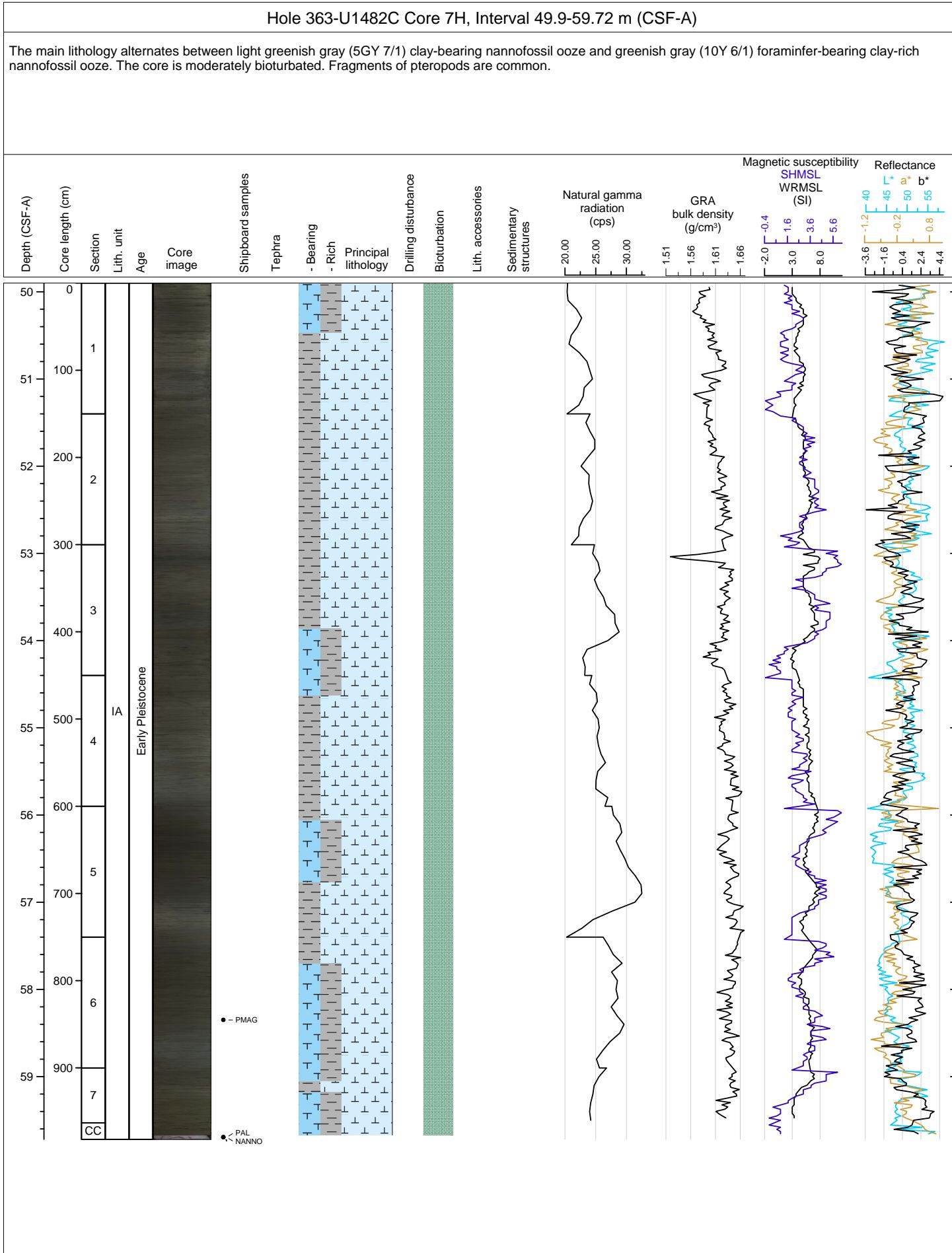


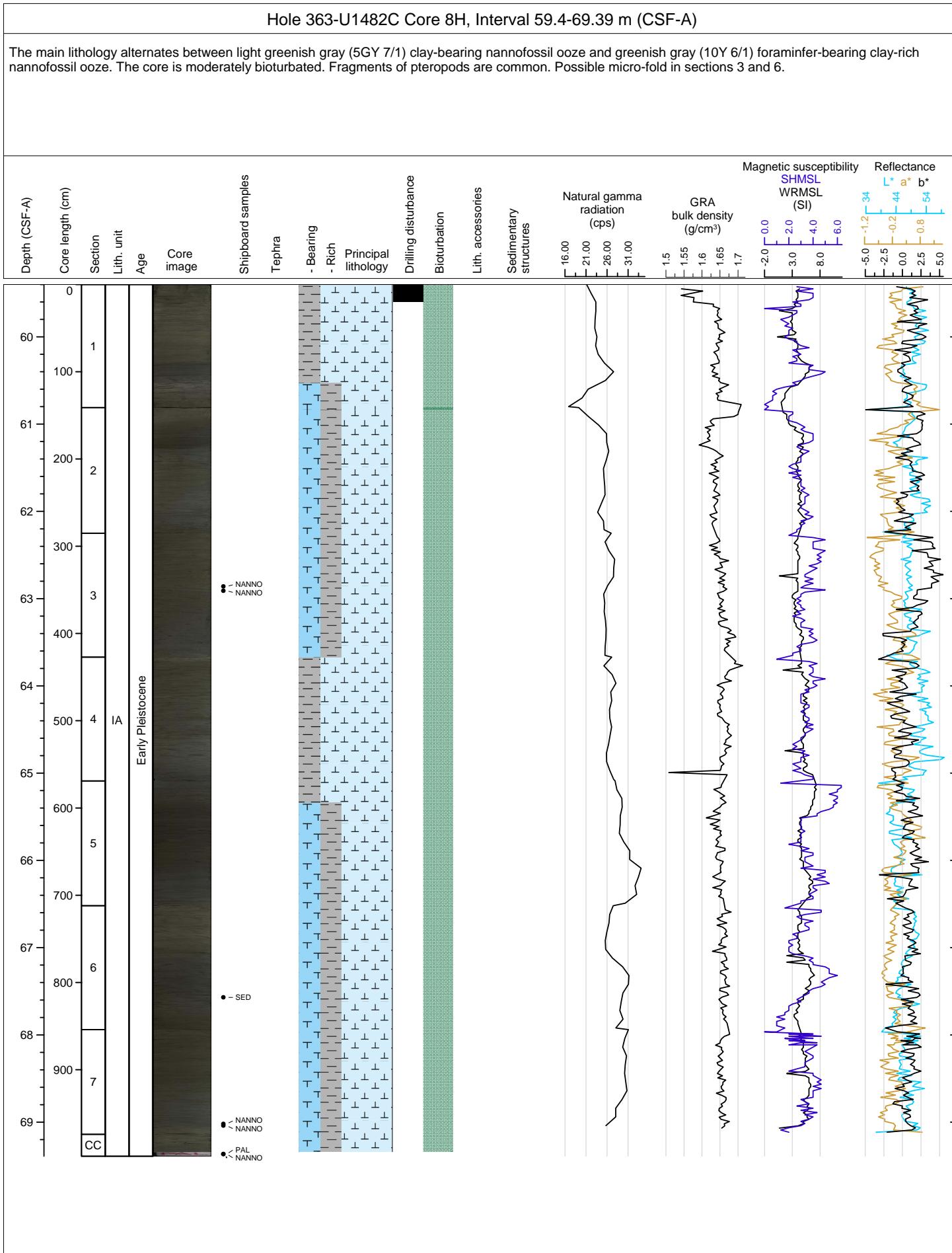


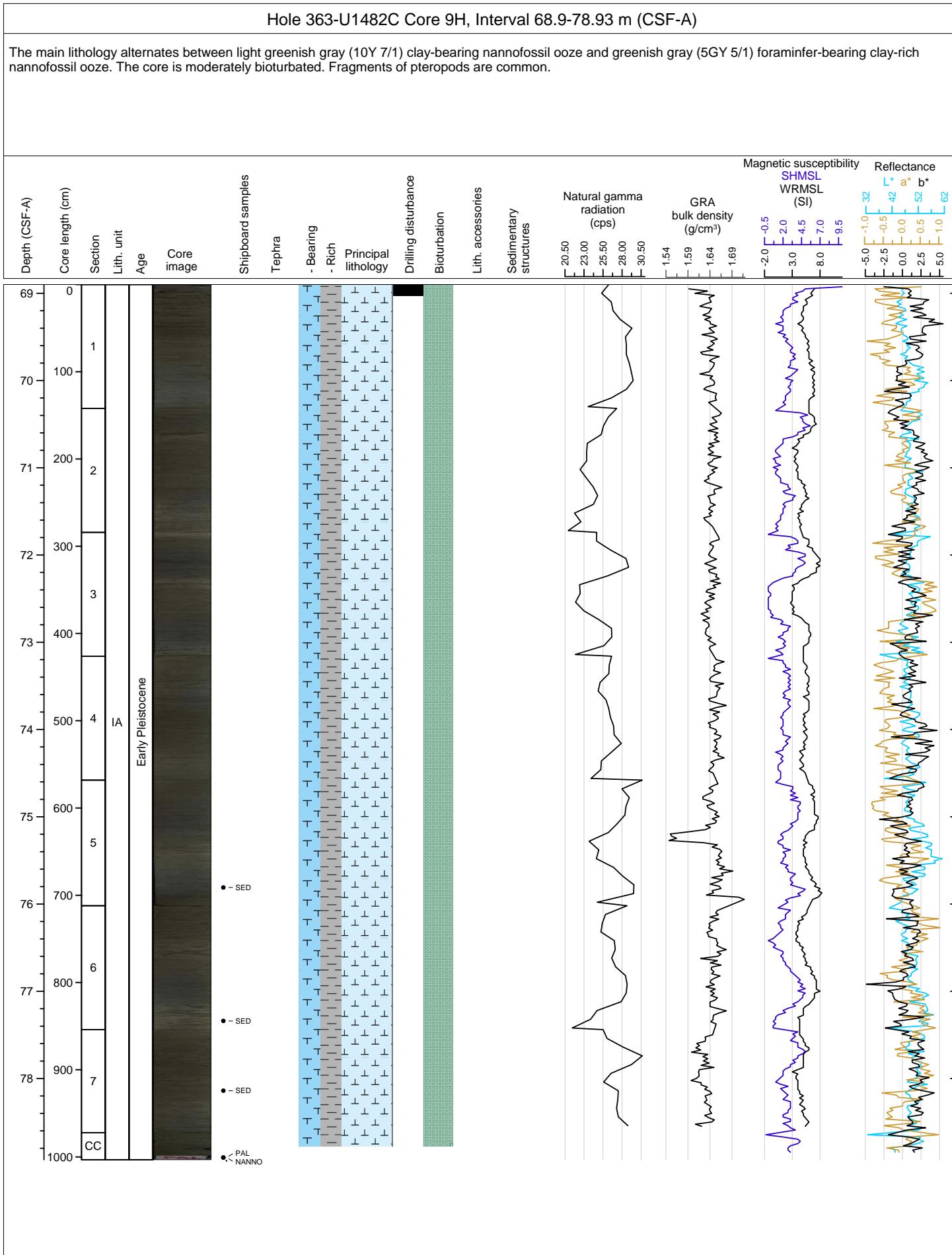


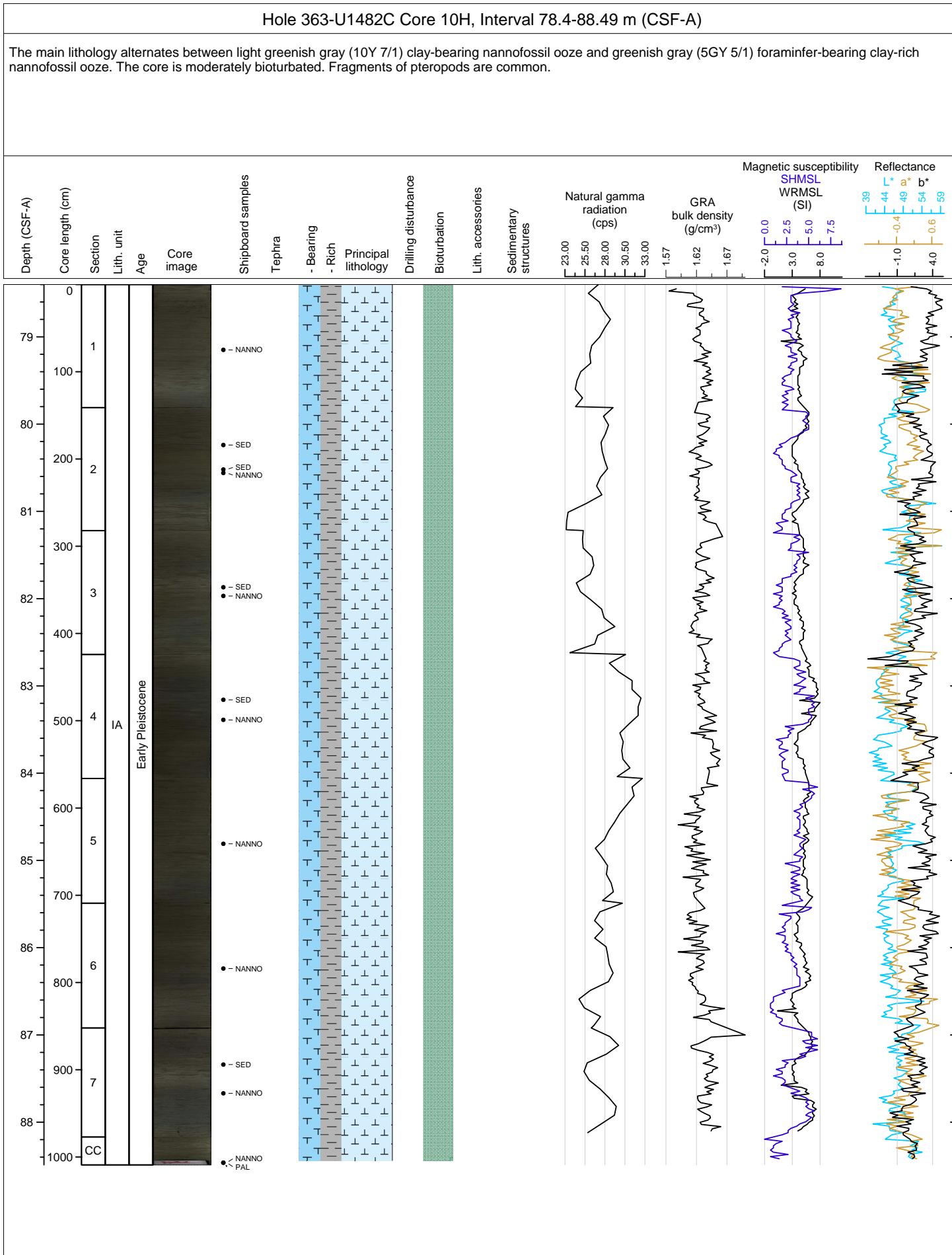


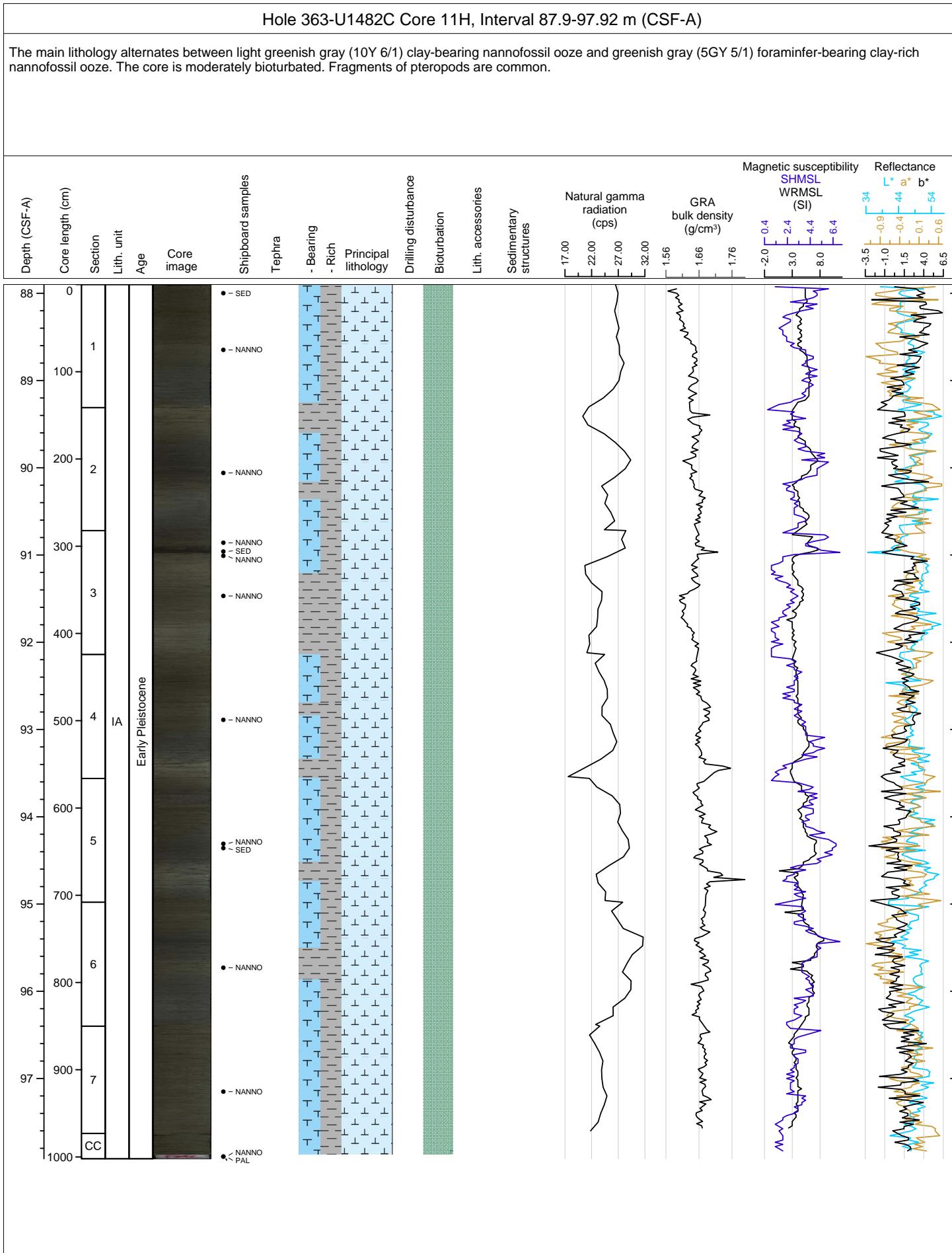


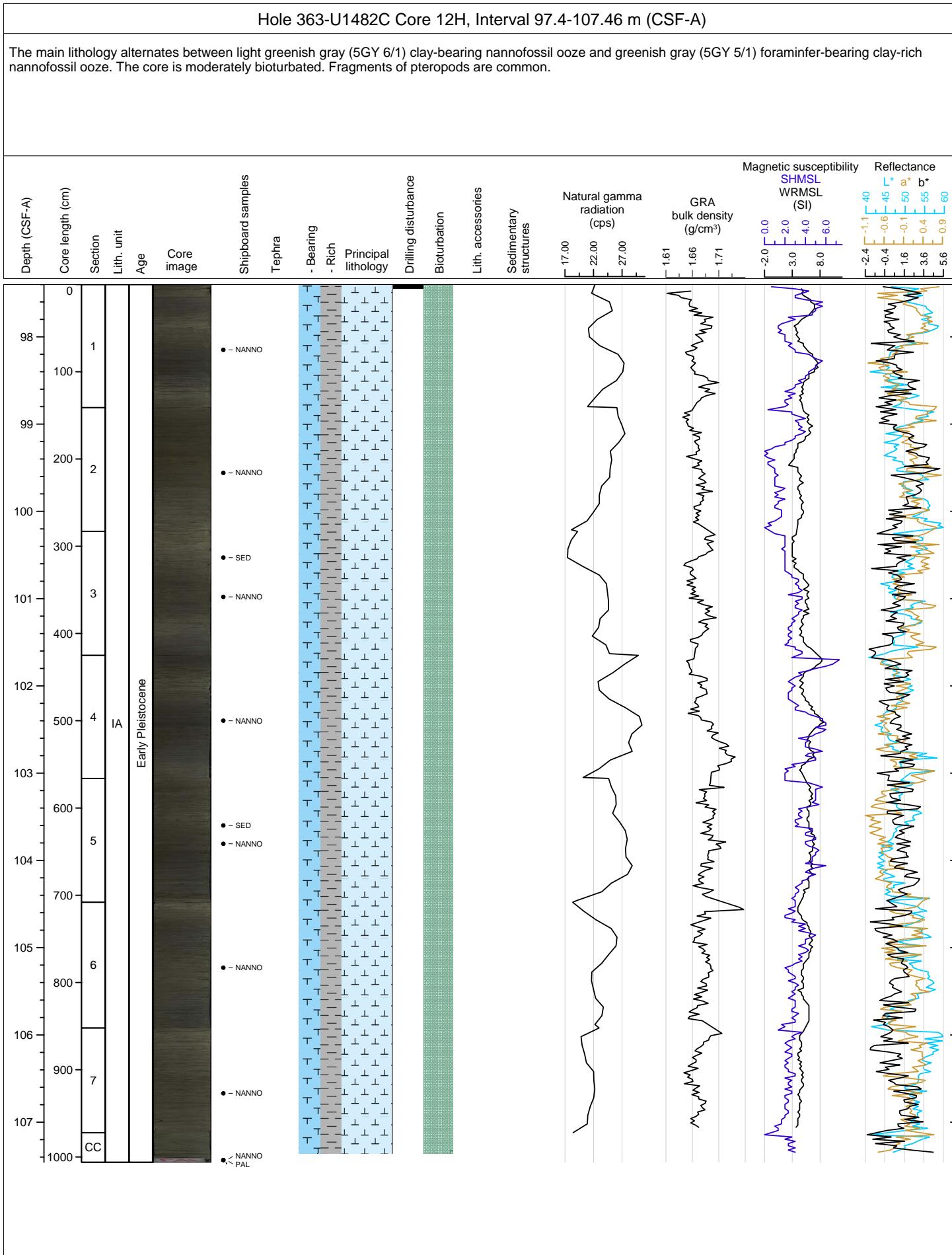






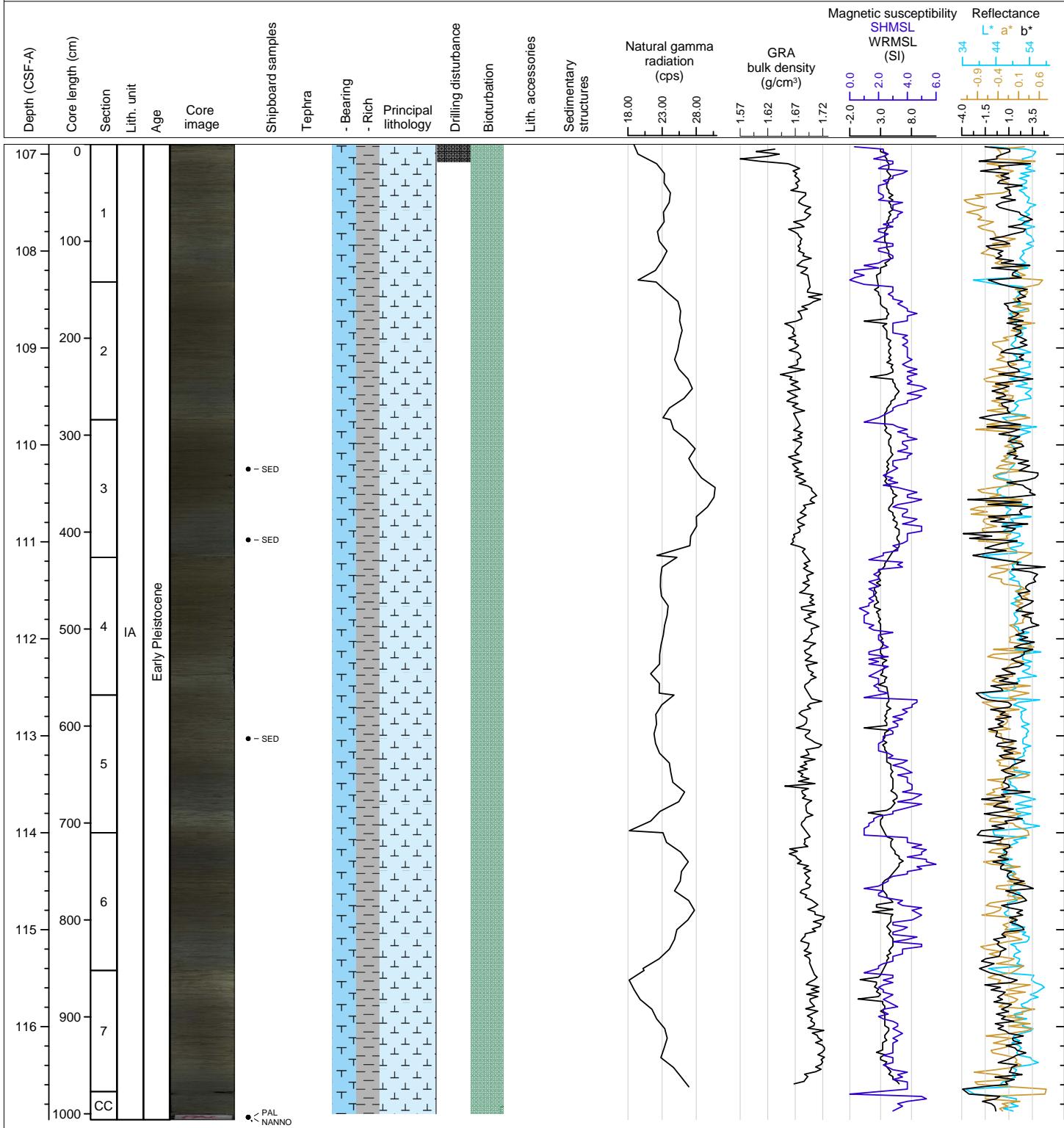






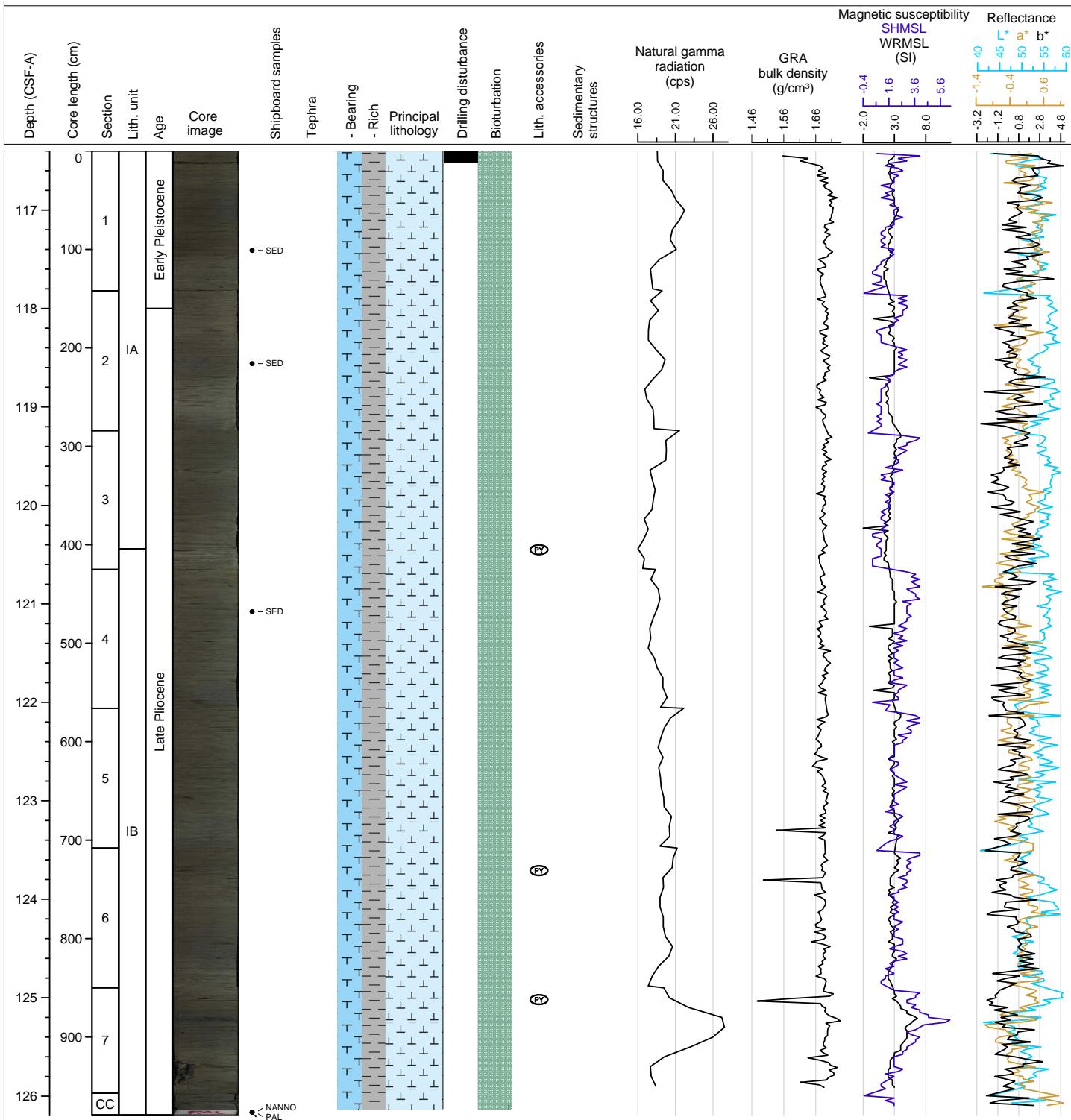
Hole 363-U1482C Core 13H, Interval 106.9-116.96 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology alternates between light greenish gray (5GY 7/1) clay-bearing nannofossil ooze and greenish gray (5GY 5/1) foraminfer-bearing clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated.



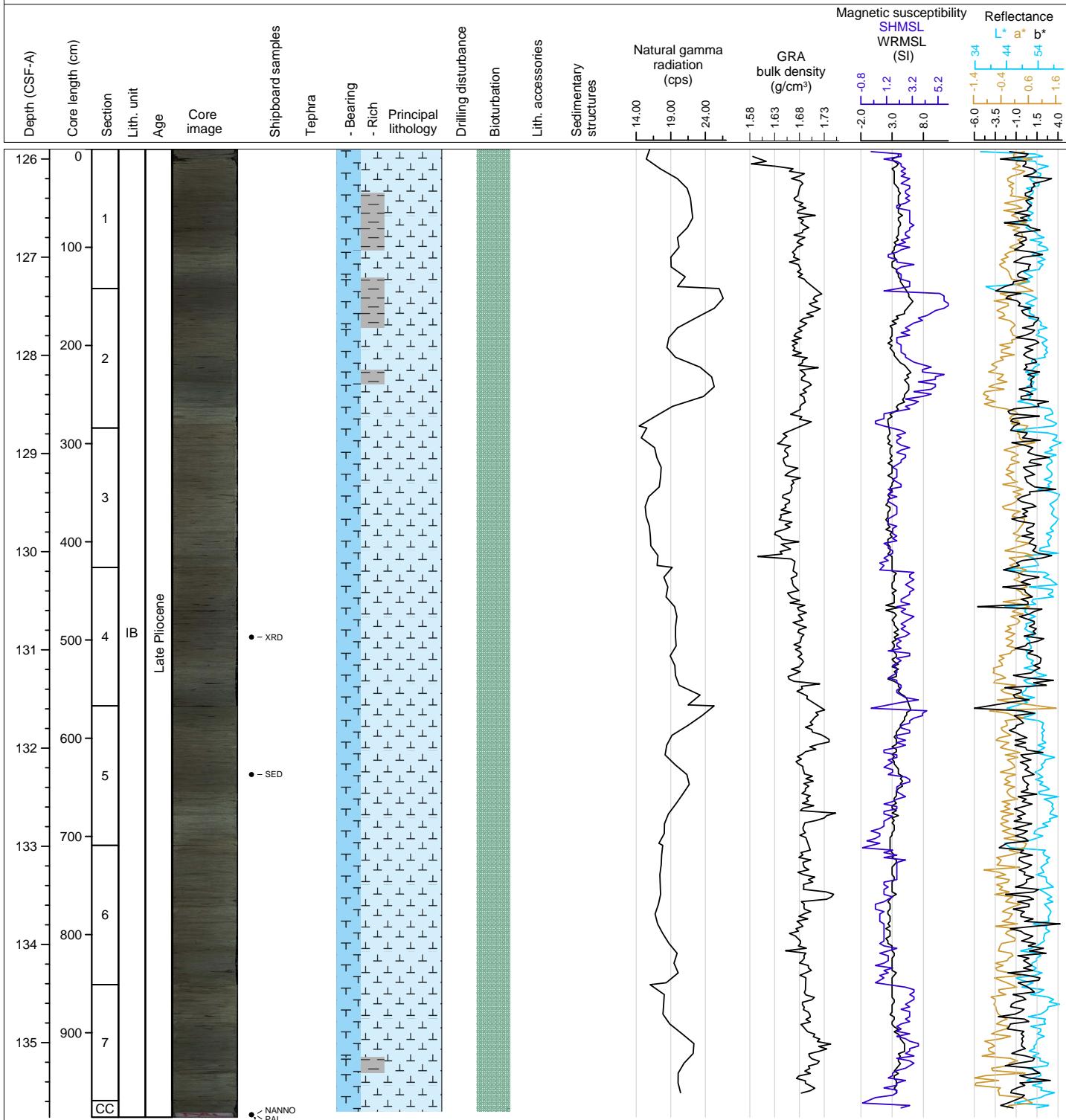
Hole 363-U1482C Core 14H, Interval 116.4-126.19 m (CSF-A)

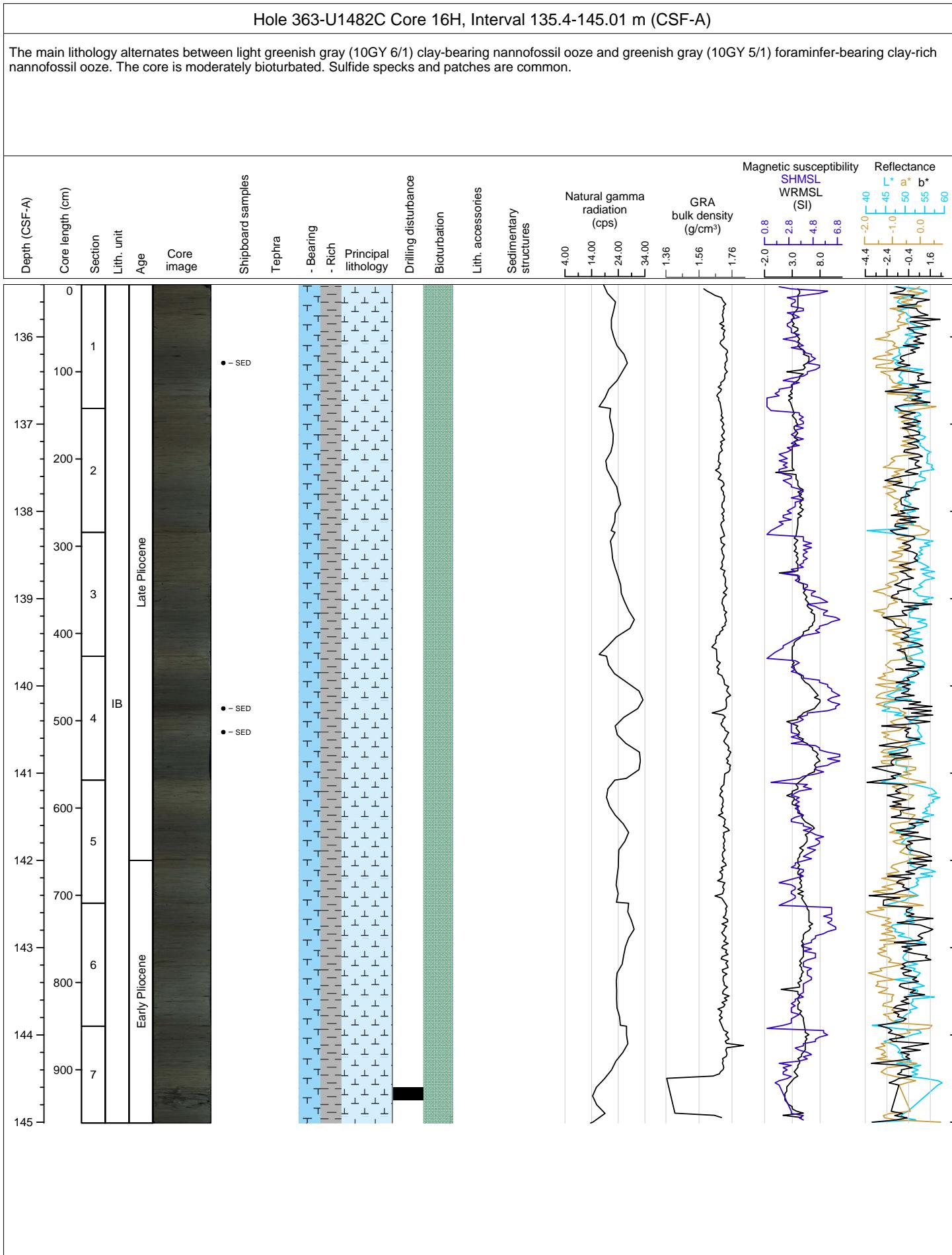
The main lithology alternates between light greenish gray (5GY 8/1) clay-bearing nannofossil ooze and light greenish gray (10Y 7/1) foraminifer-bearing clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches become common. The boundary between Subunit IA and IB is located at 120 cm depth of section 3.



Hole 363-U1482C Core 15H, Interval 125.9-135.76 m (CSF-A)

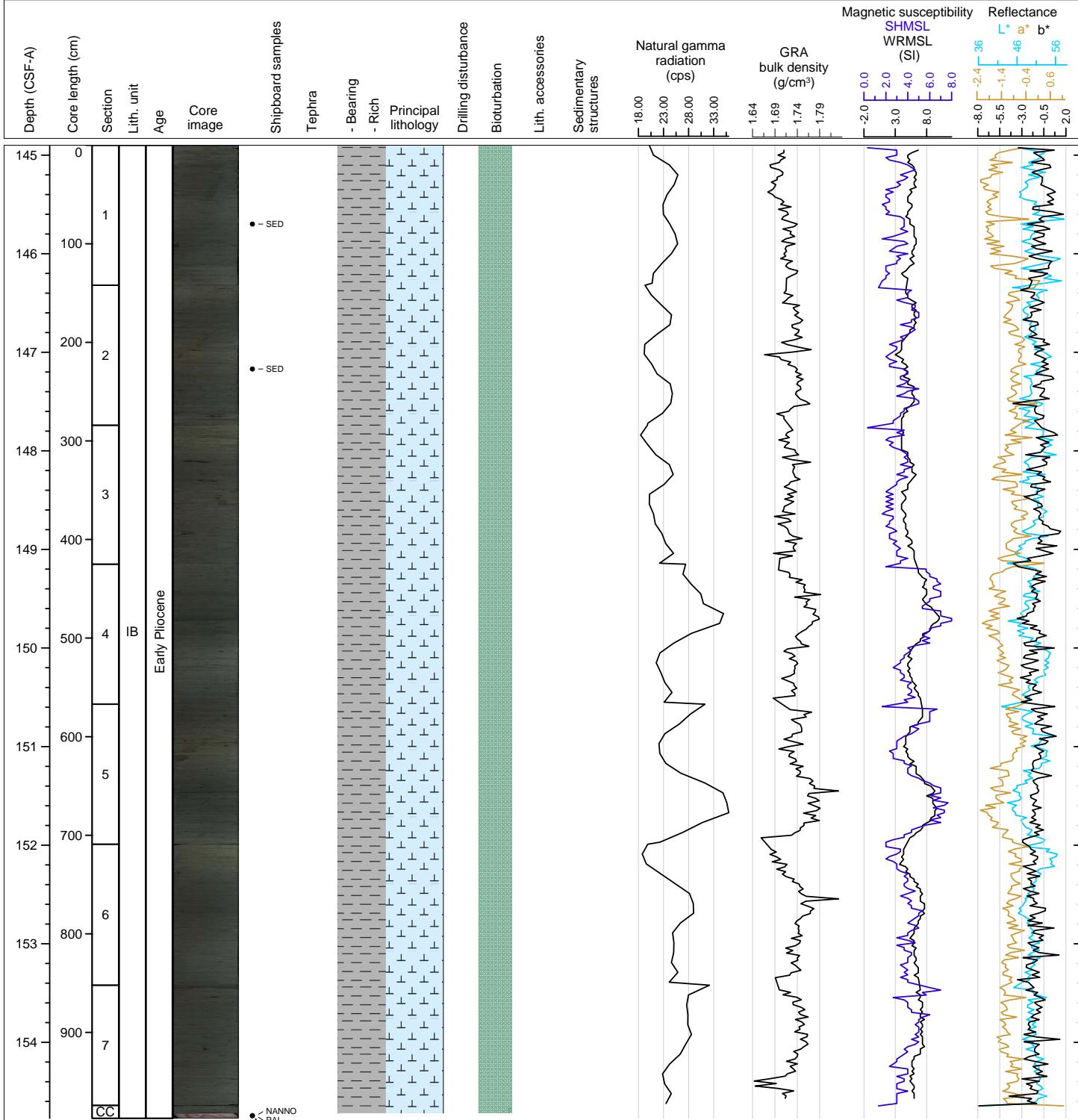
The main lithology alternates between light greenish gray (5GY 8/1) clay-bearing nannofossil ooze and greenish gray (5GY 5/1) foraminifer-bearing clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches are common.





Hole 363-U1482C Core 17H, Interval 144.9-154.77 m (CSF-A)

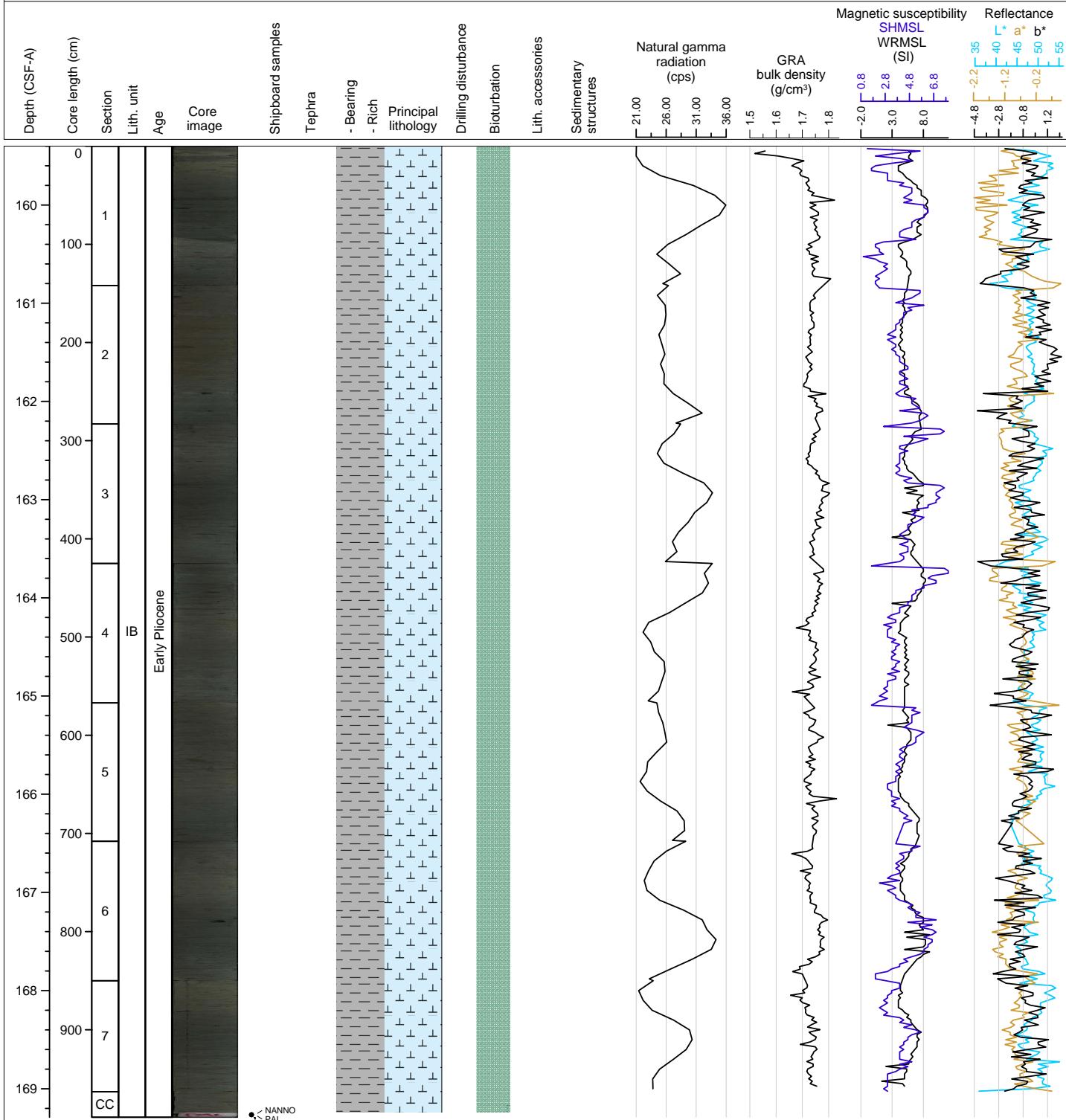
The main lithology alternates between light greenish gray (10GY 7/1) clay-bearing nannofossil ooze and greenish gray (5G 6/1) foraminifer-bearing clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches are common.





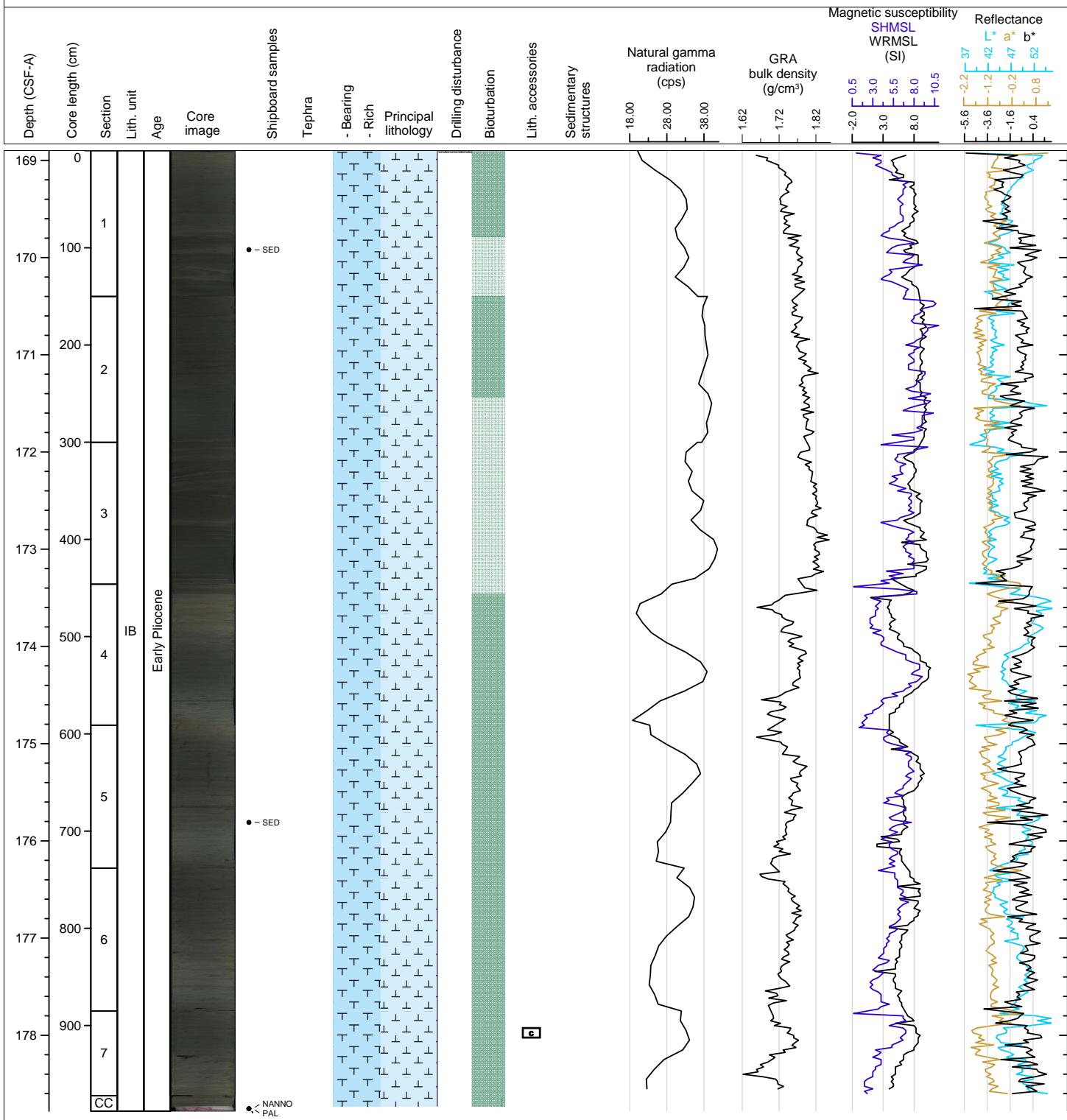
Hole 363-U1482C Core 19H, Interval 159.4-169.29 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology alternates between two shades of greenish gray (10GY 5/1 and 10GY 6/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Contact between colors is angled at 91 cm in section 1, which suggests slumping. Sulfide specks and patches are common.



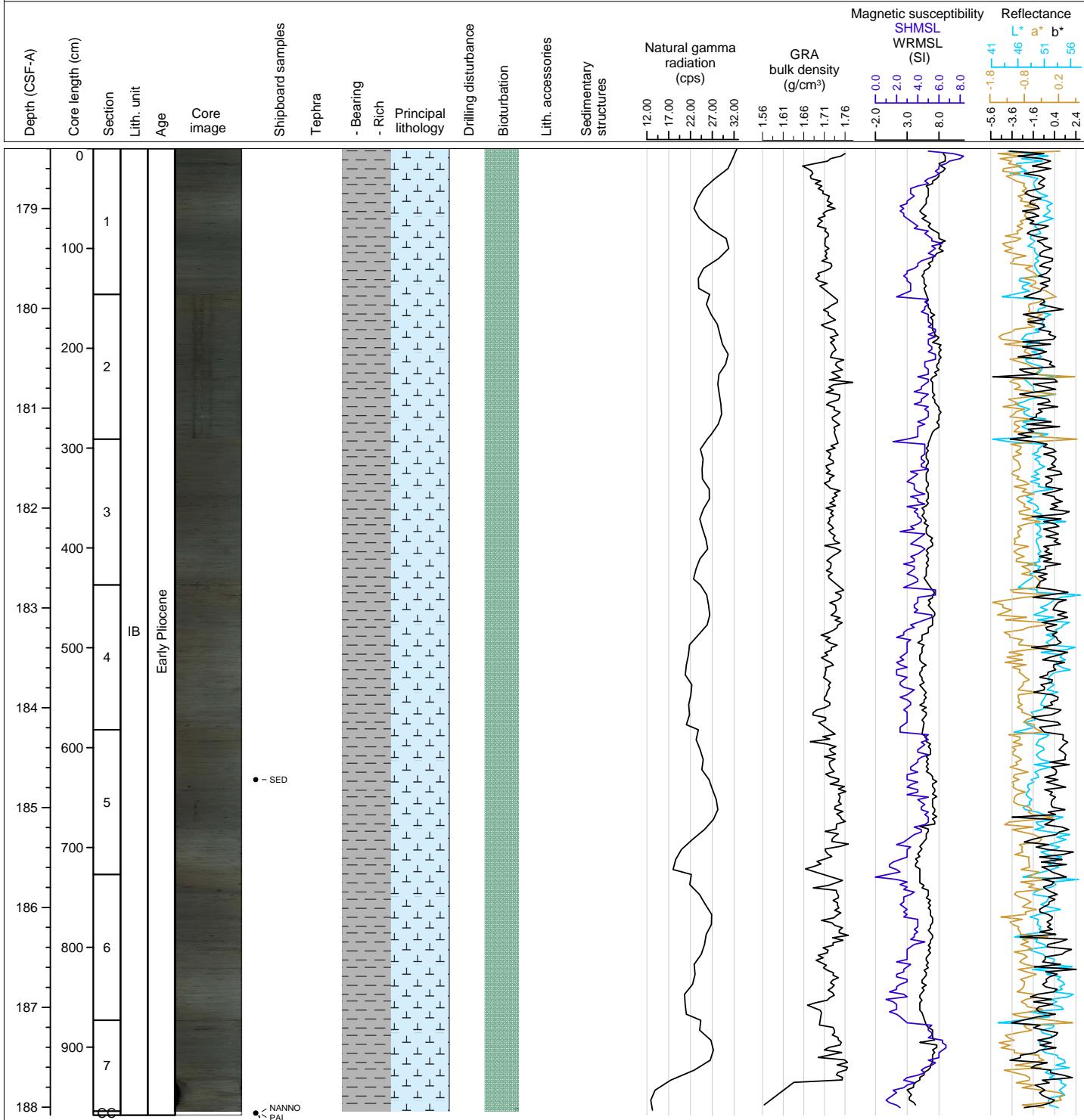
Hole 363-U1482C Core 20H, Interval 168.9-178.78 m (CSF-A)

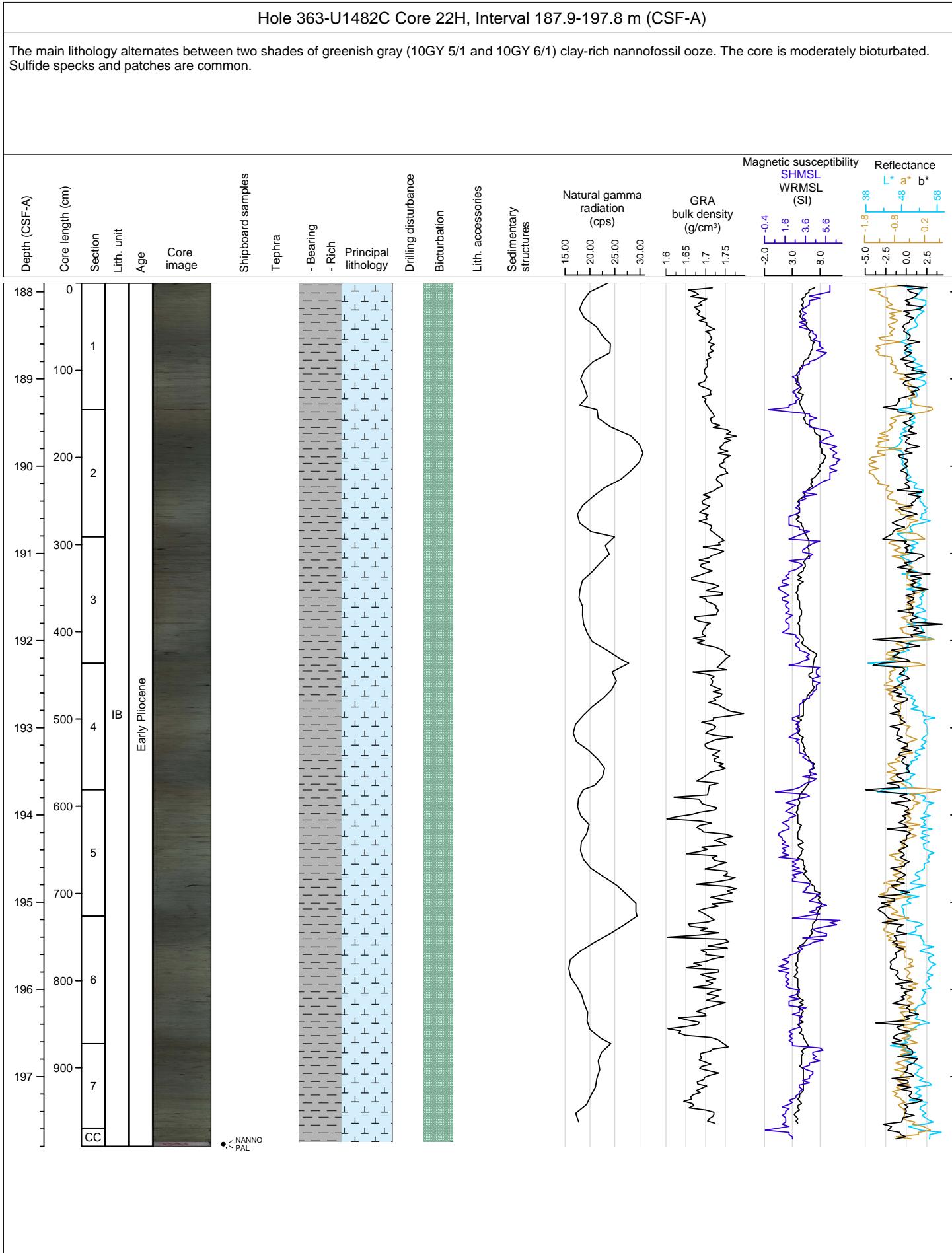
The main lithology alternates between two shades of greenish gray (10GY 5/1 and 10GY 6/1) foraminifer-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches are common. Sub-centimeter scale laminae are preserved but are at an angle due to soft sediment deformation in sections 2, 3, and 4.

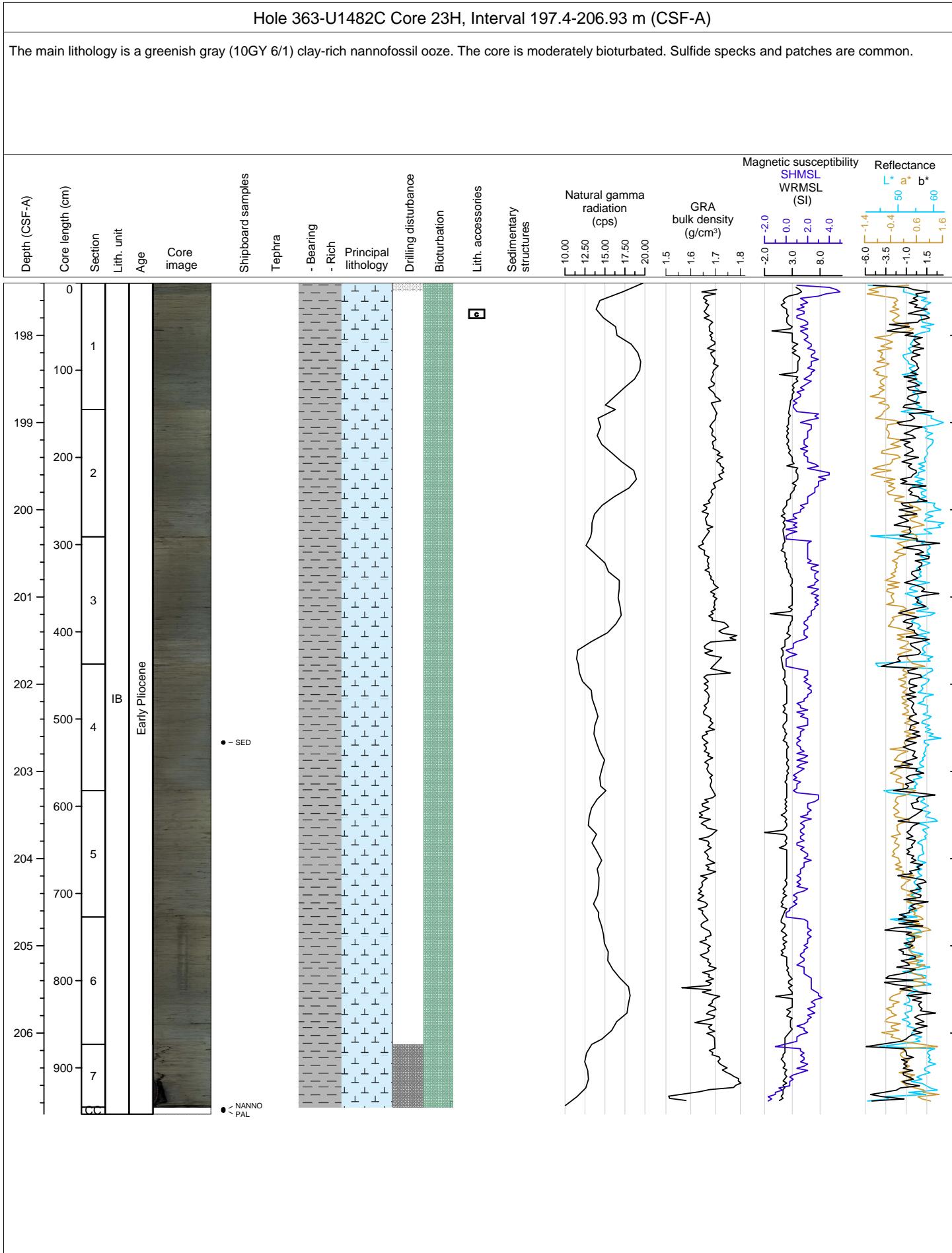


Hole 363-U1482C Core 21H, Interval 178.4-188.08 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is a greenish gray (10GY 6/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches are common.



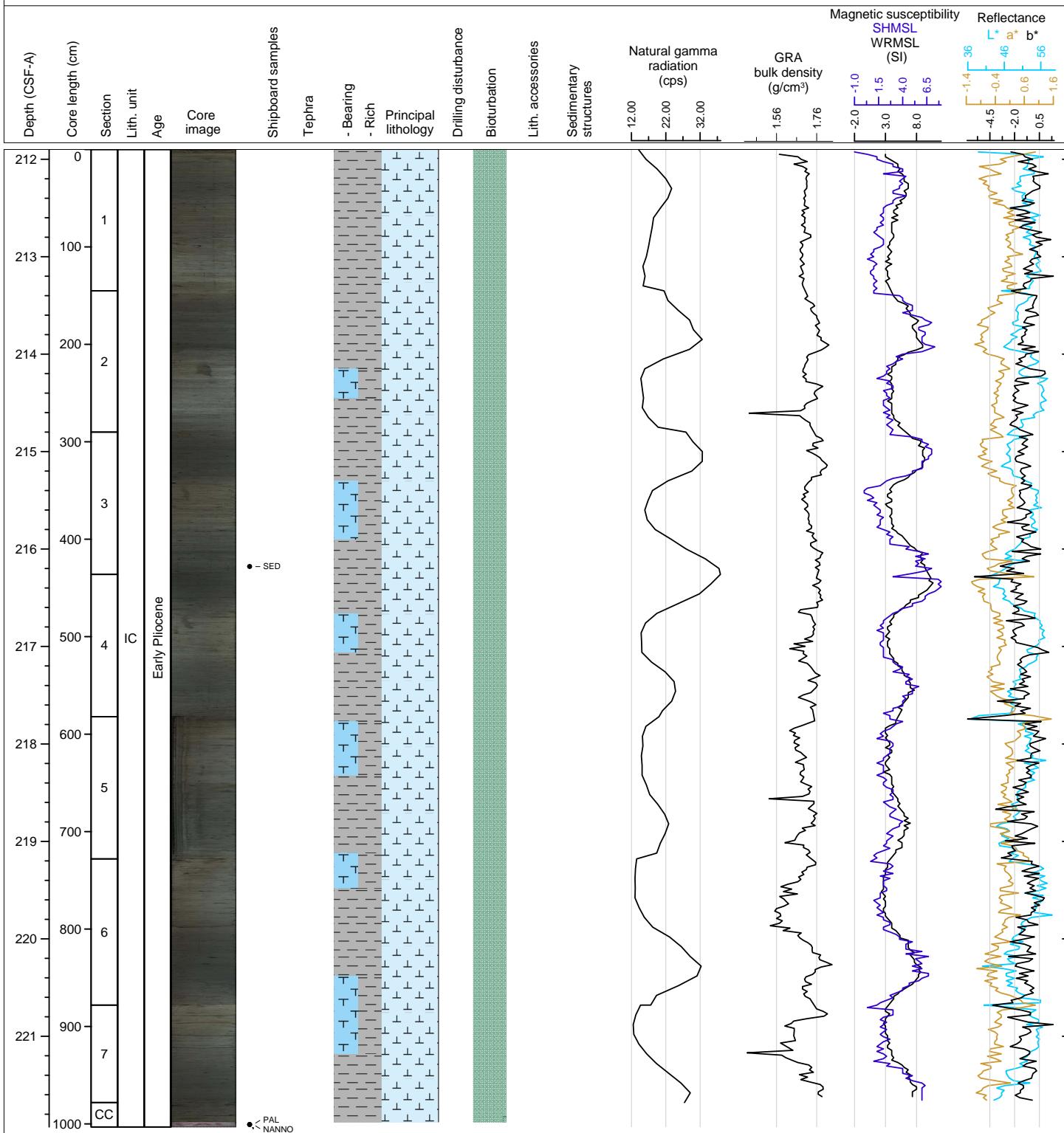


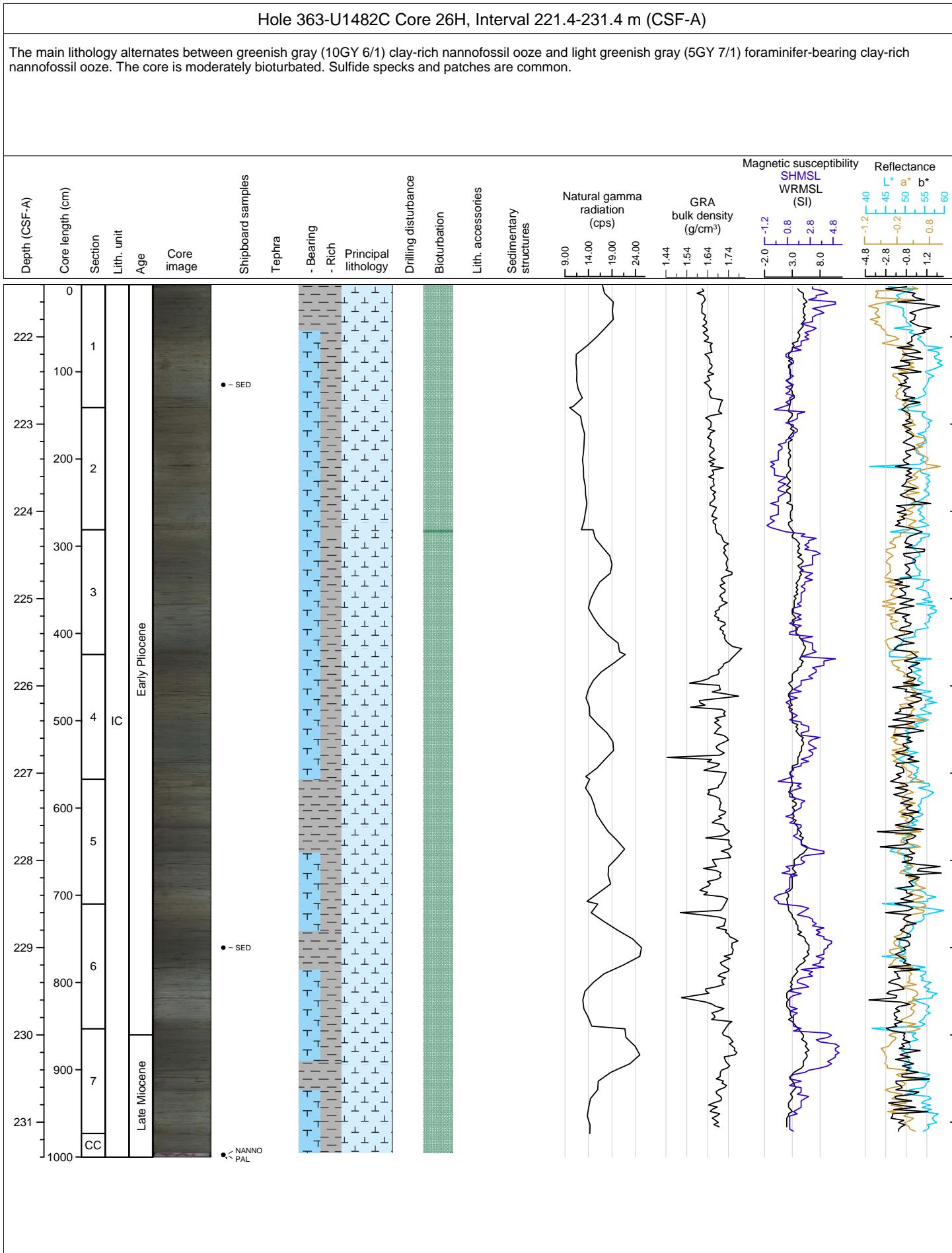


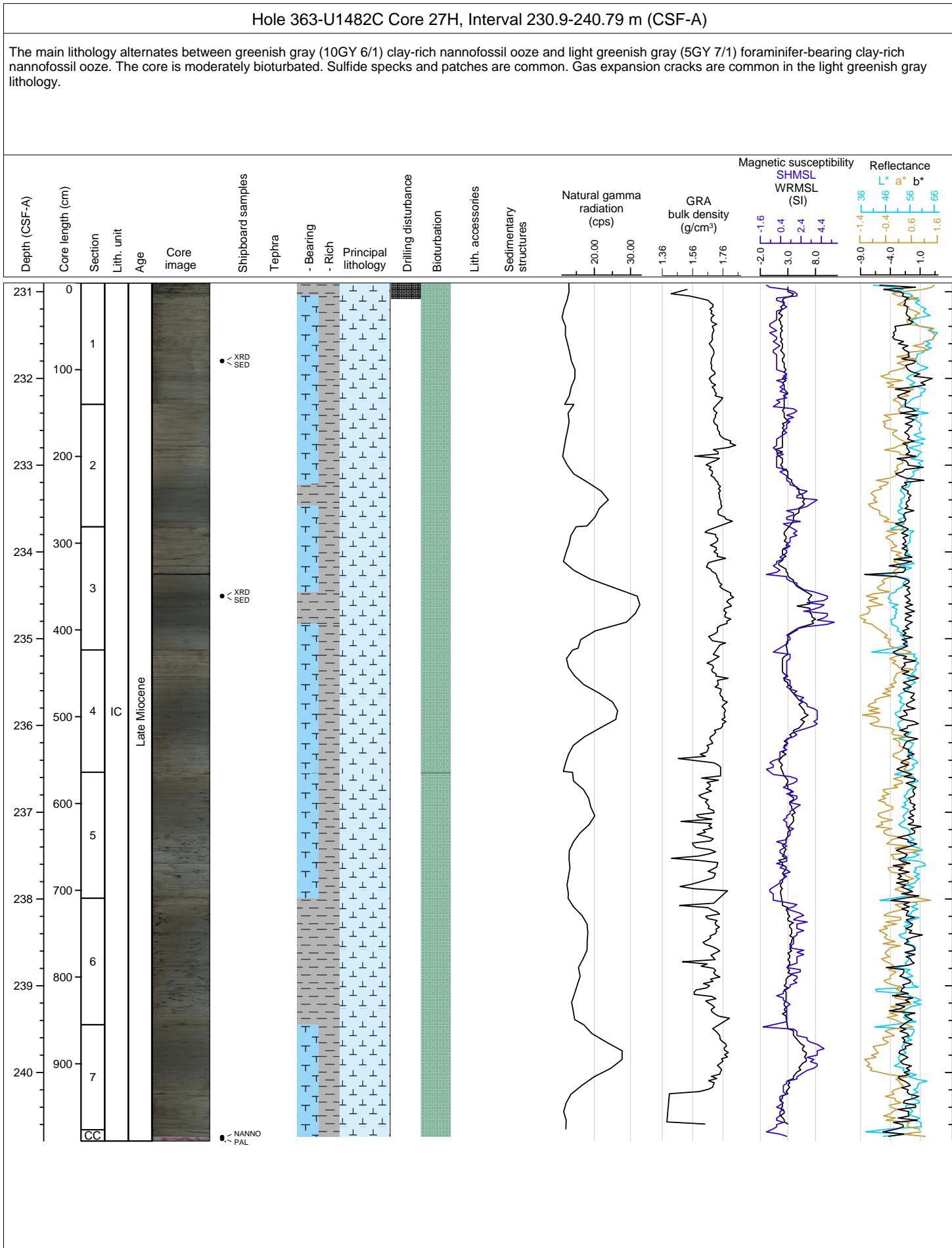


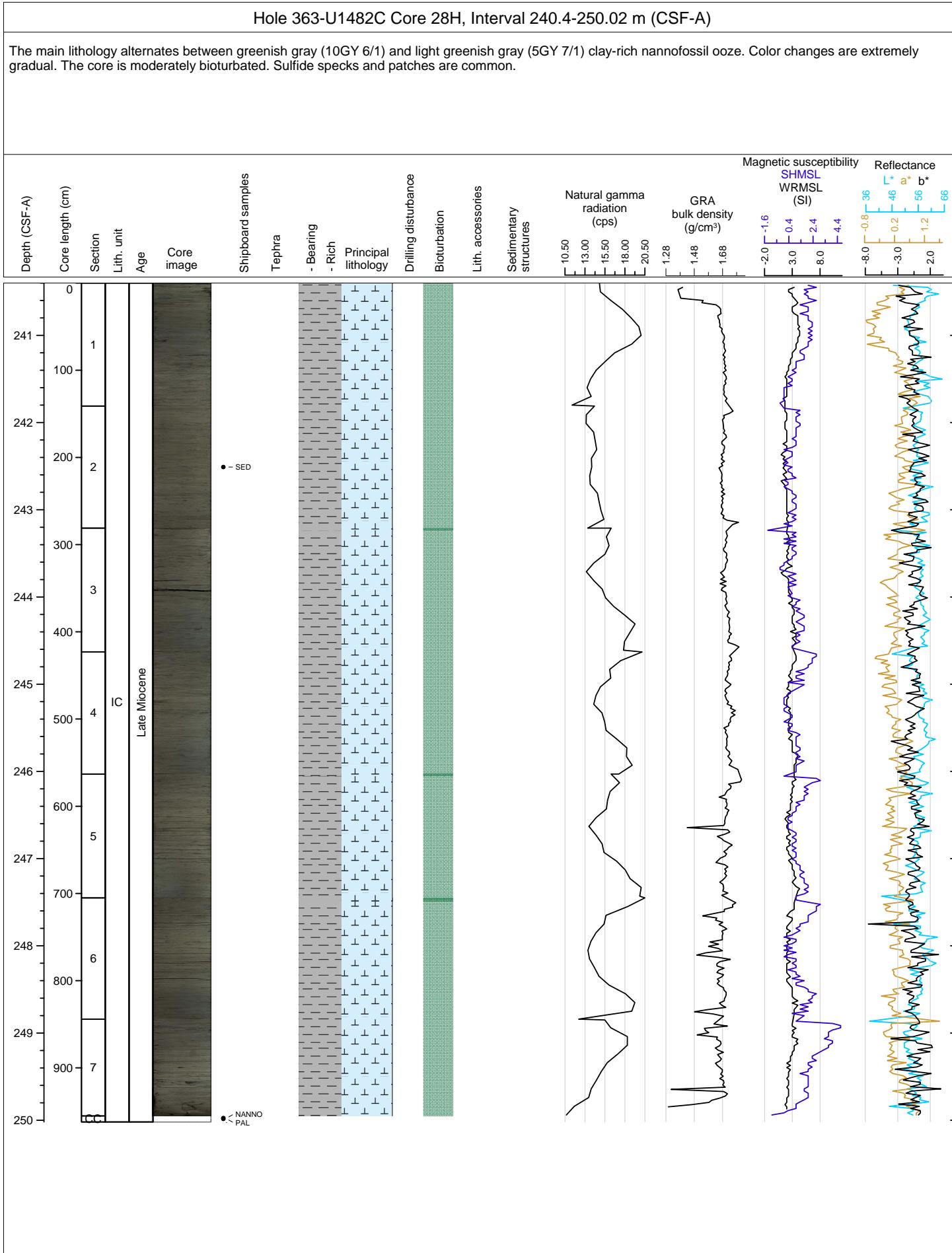
Hole 363-U1482C Core 25H, Interval 211.9-221.93 m (CSF-A)

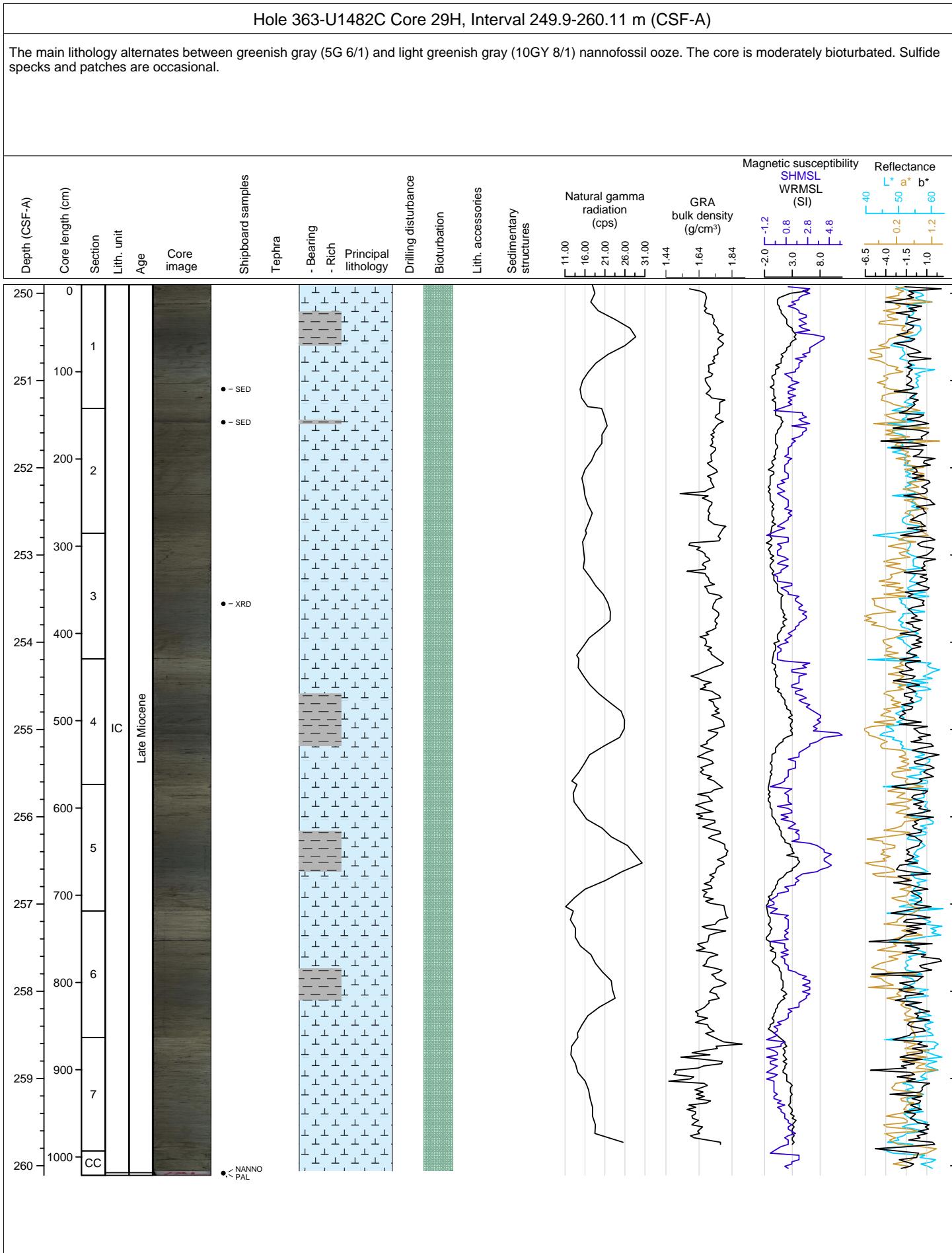
The main lithology alternates between greenish gray (5GY 5/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze and light greenish gray (5GY 7/1) foraminifer-bearing clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide specks and patches are common. The boundary between Subunit IB and IC is assumed to be at the top of core 25.

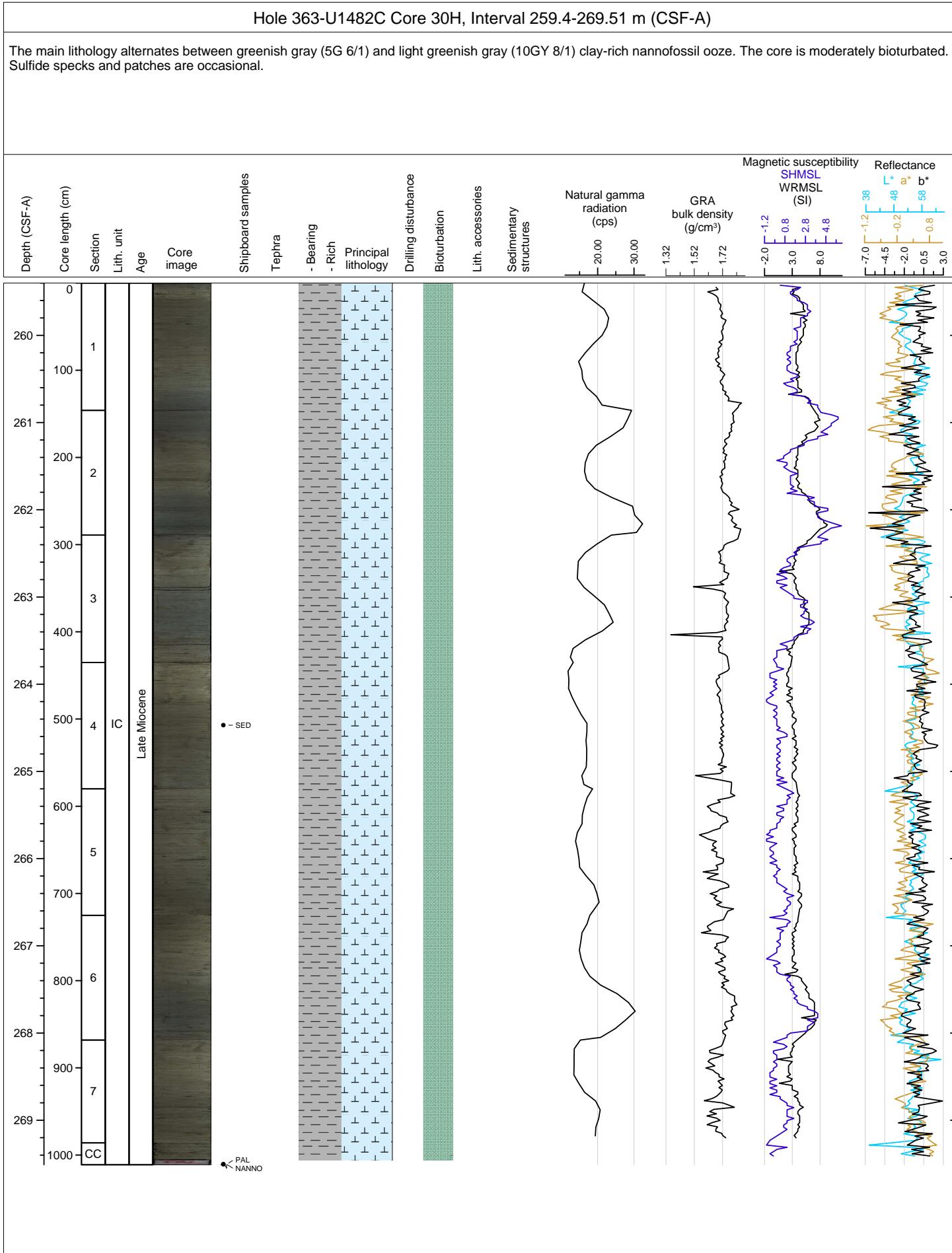


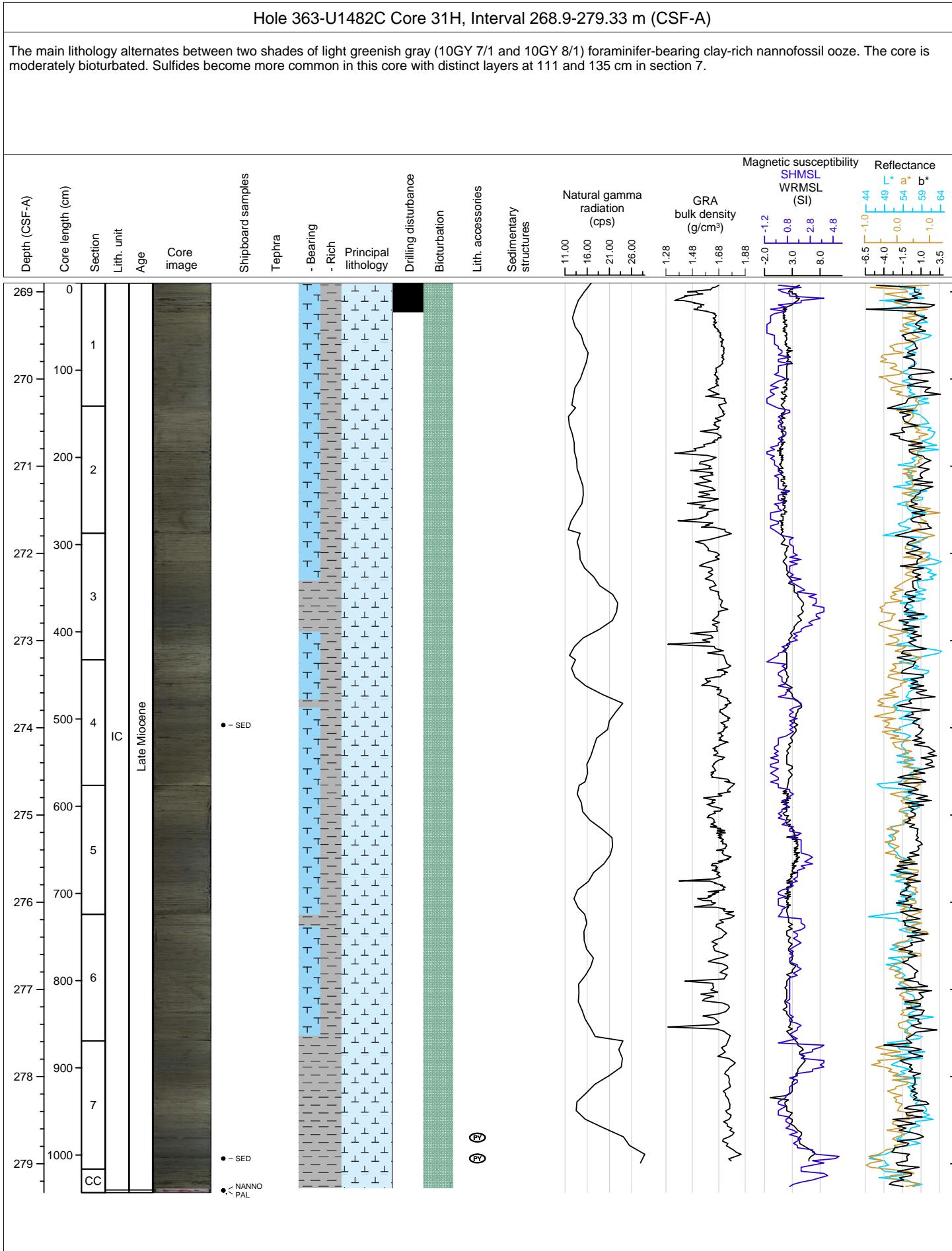


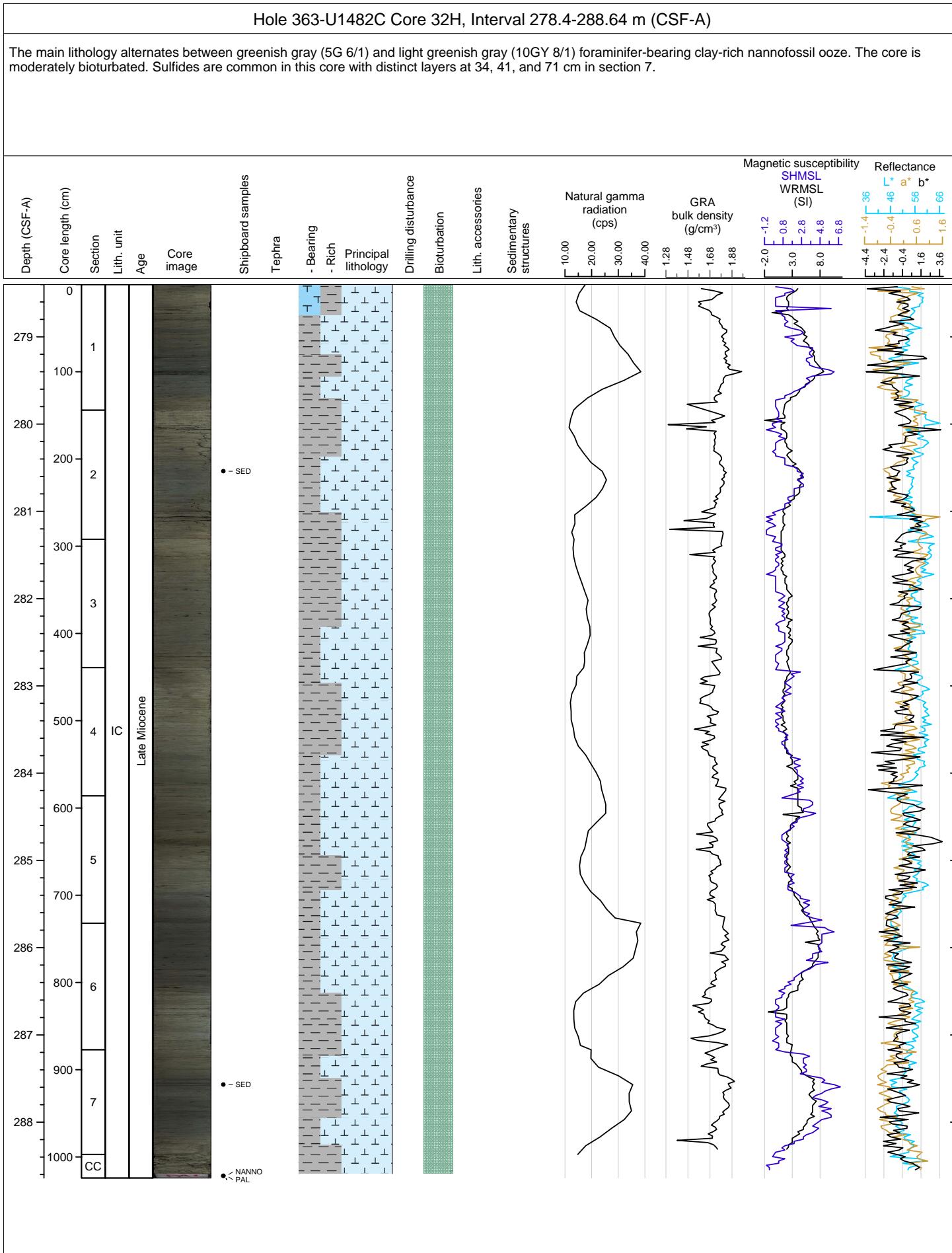






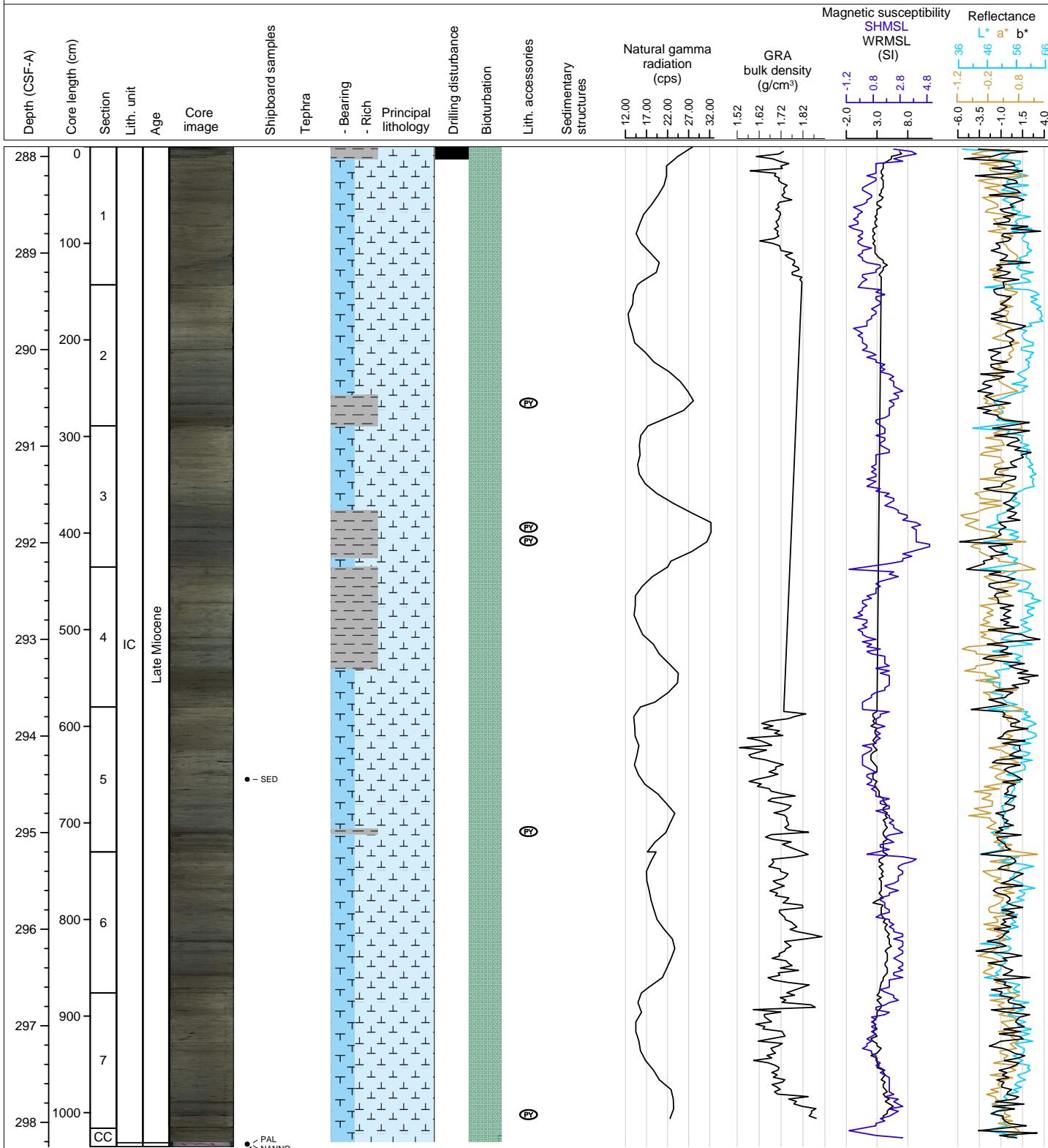






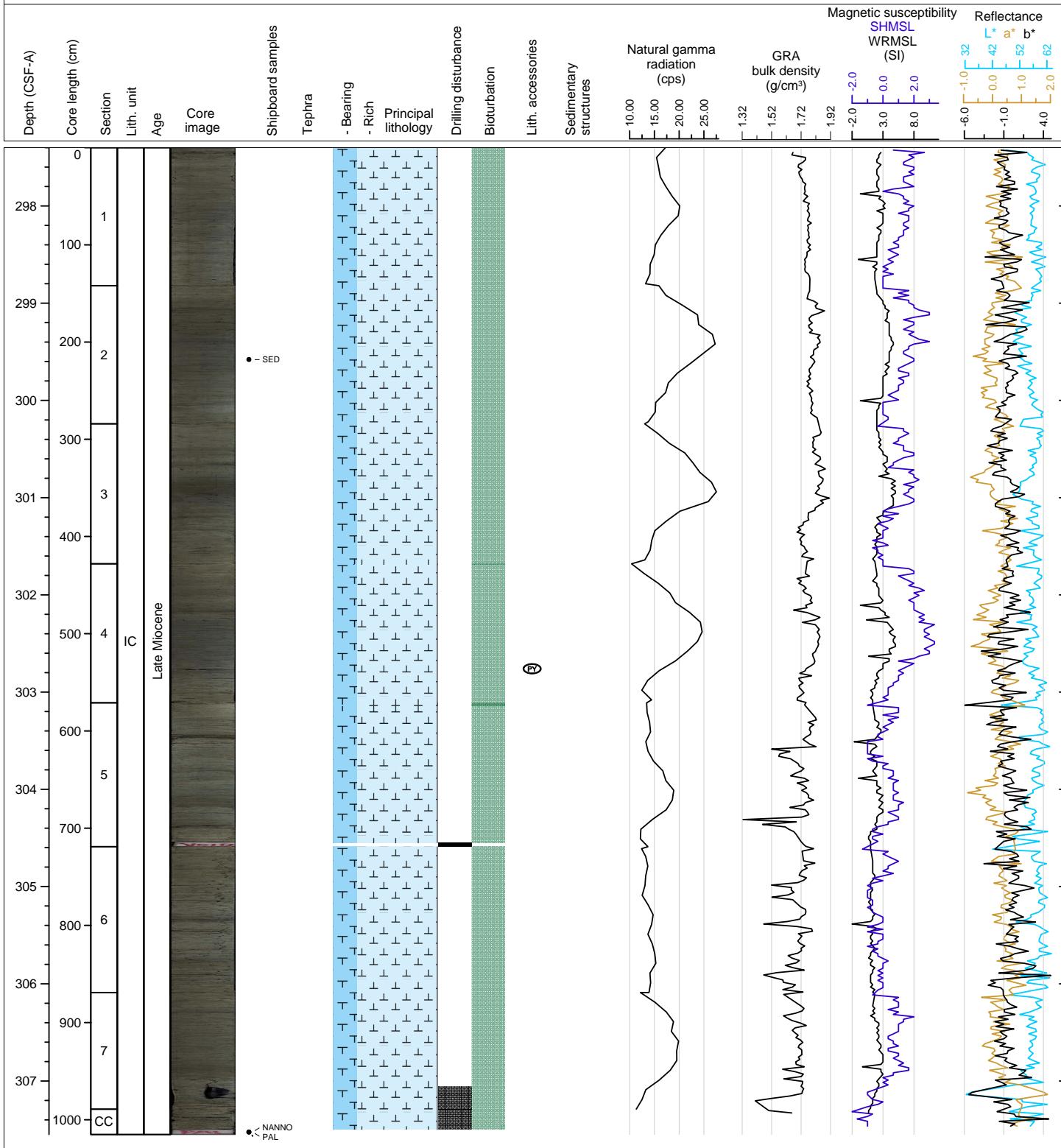
Hole 363-U1482C Core 33H, Interval 287.9-298.25 m (CSF-A)

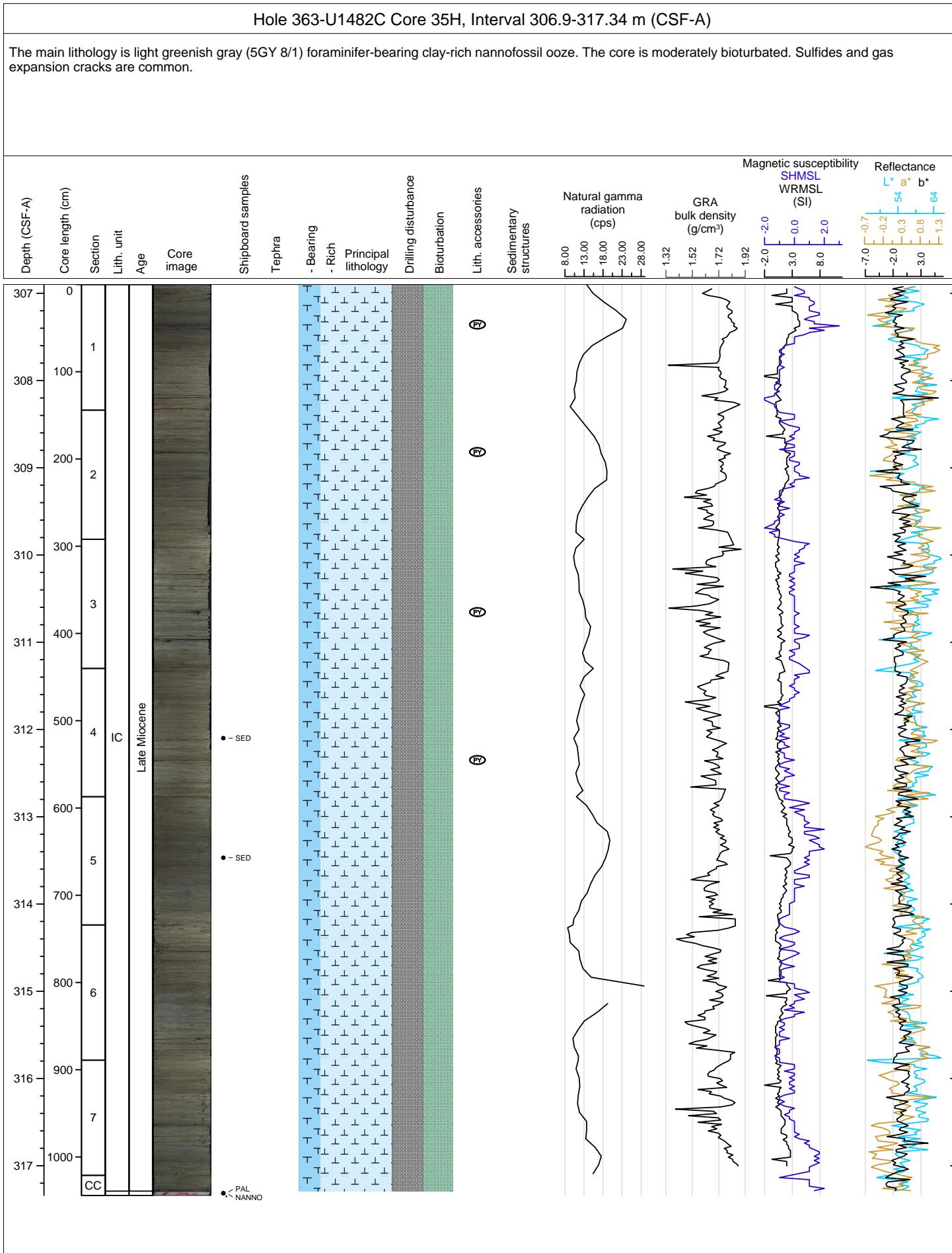
The main lithology alternates between greenish gray (5G 6/1) and light greenish gray (10GY 8/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfides are common in this core with distinct layers throughout.

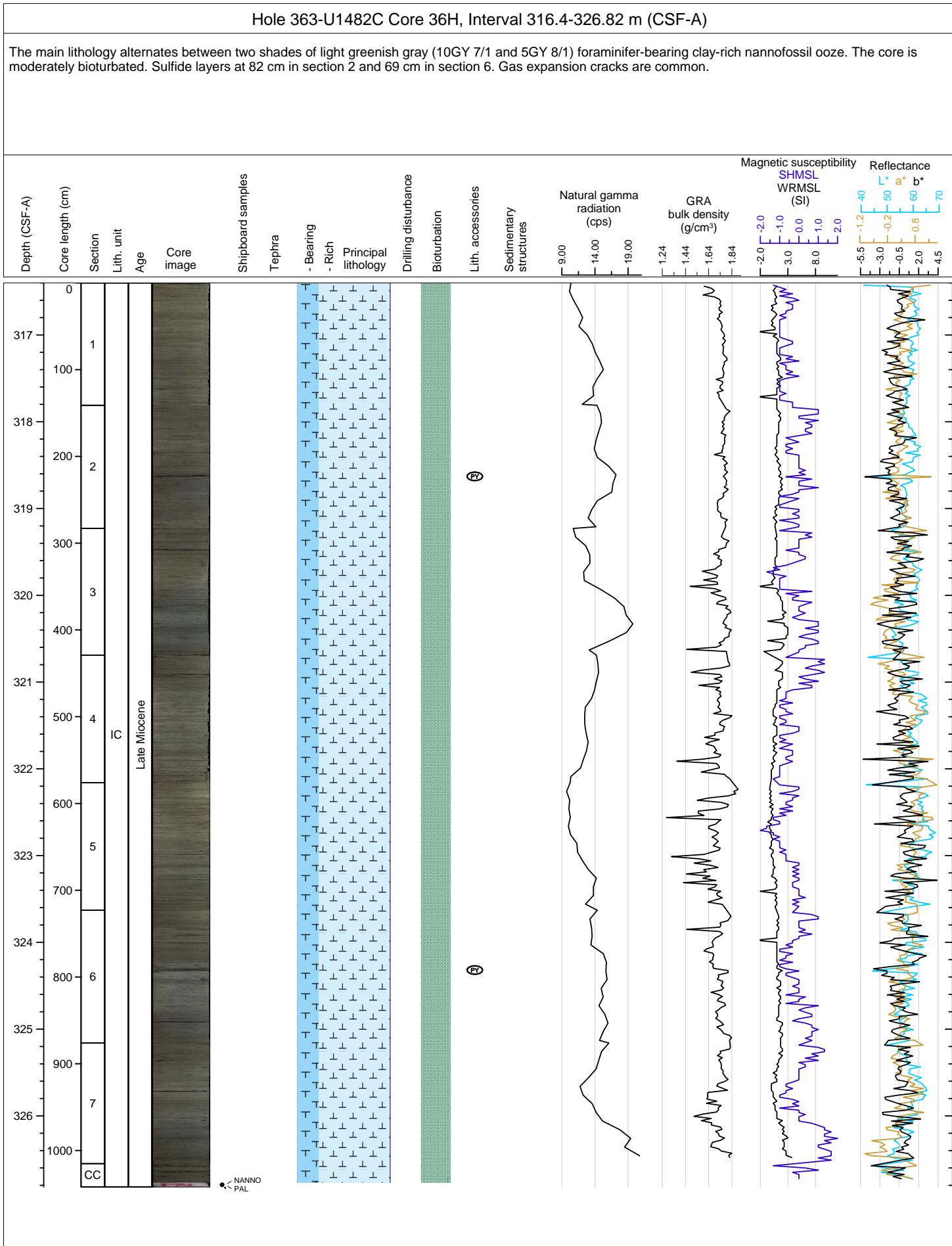


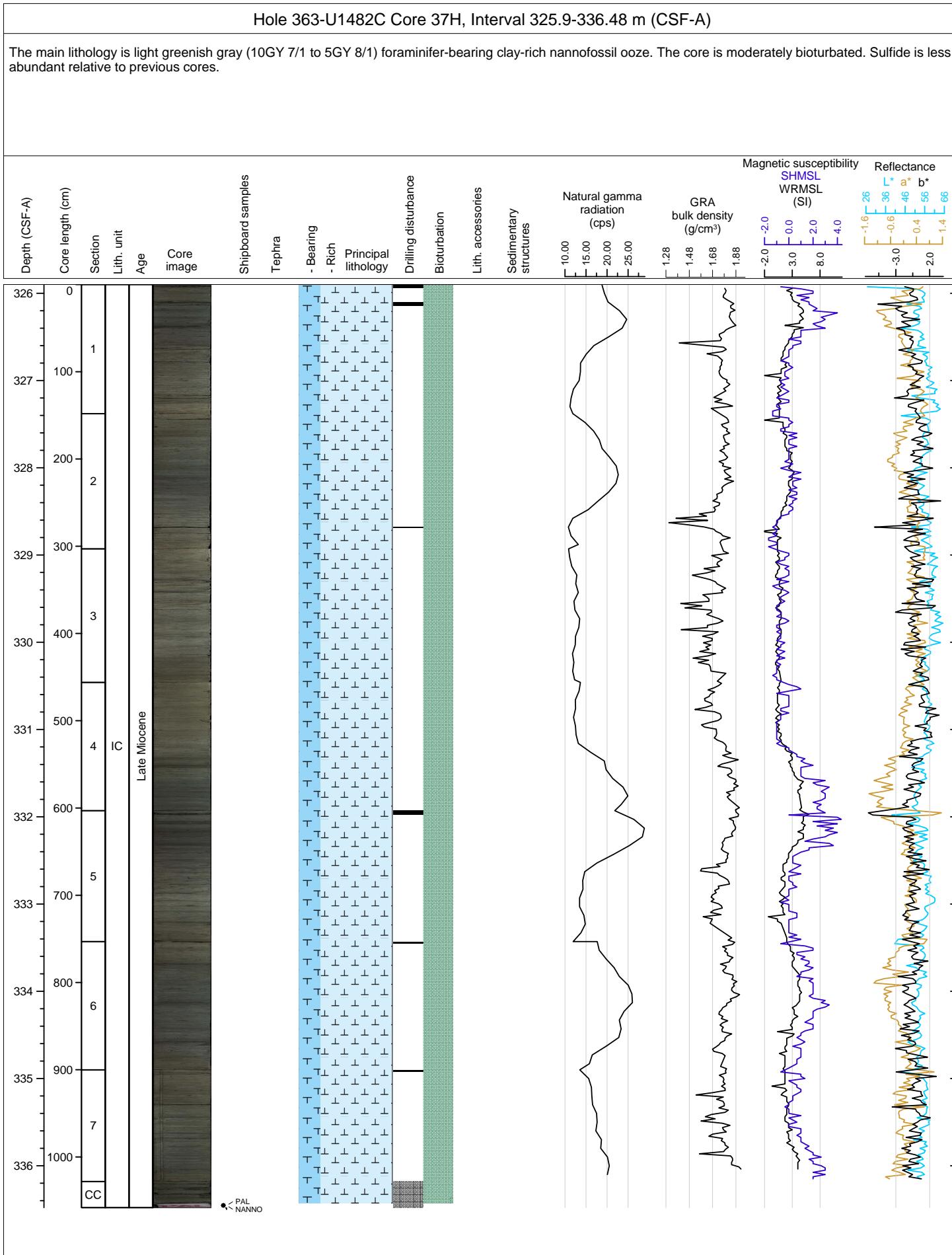
Hole 363-U1482C Core 34H, Interval 297.4-307.55 m (CSF-A)

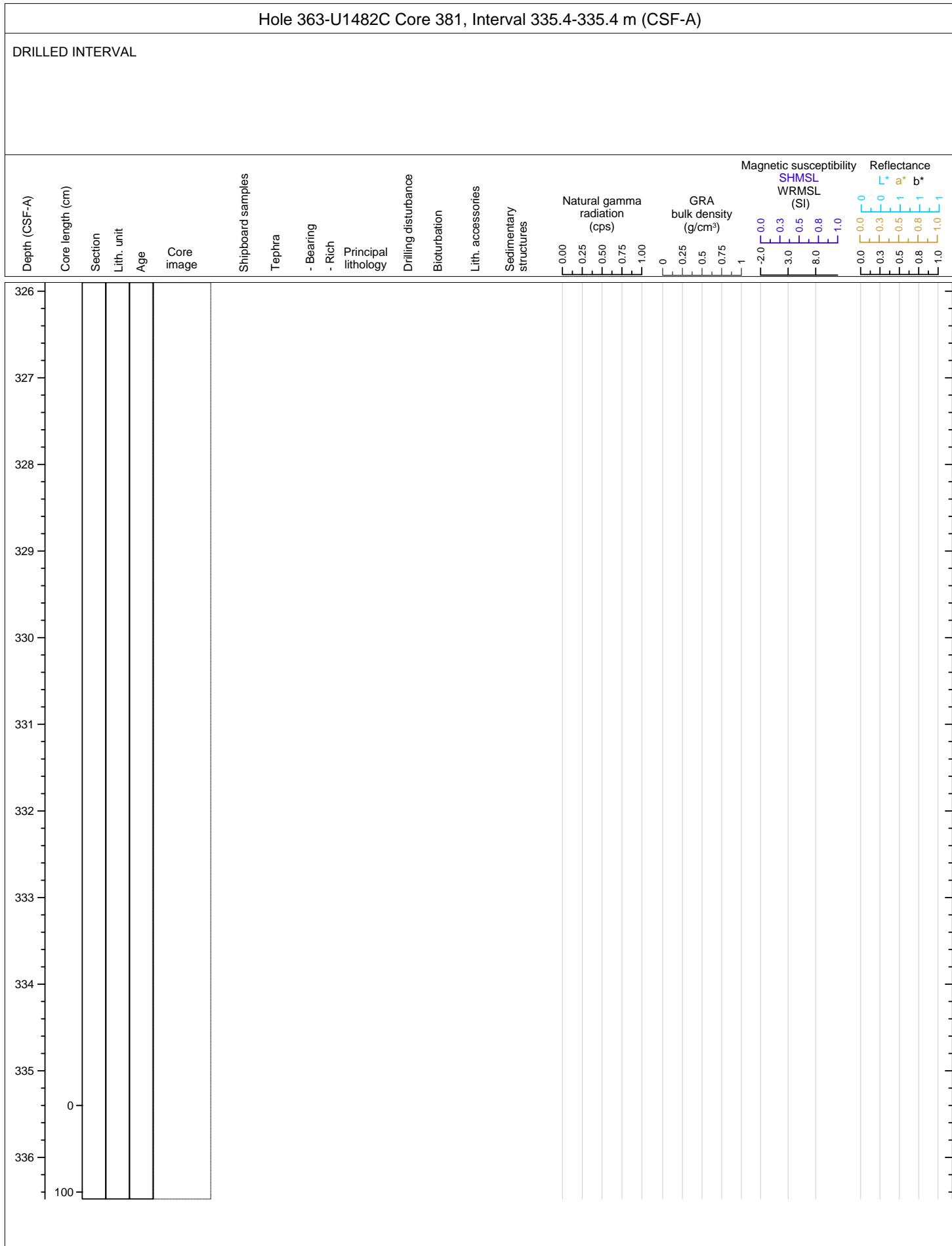
The main lithology alternates between greenish gray (5G 6/1) and light greenish gray (10GY 8/1) foraminifer-bearing clay-rich nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfides are common in this core. It also contains a microfault at 64-79 cm in section 3.

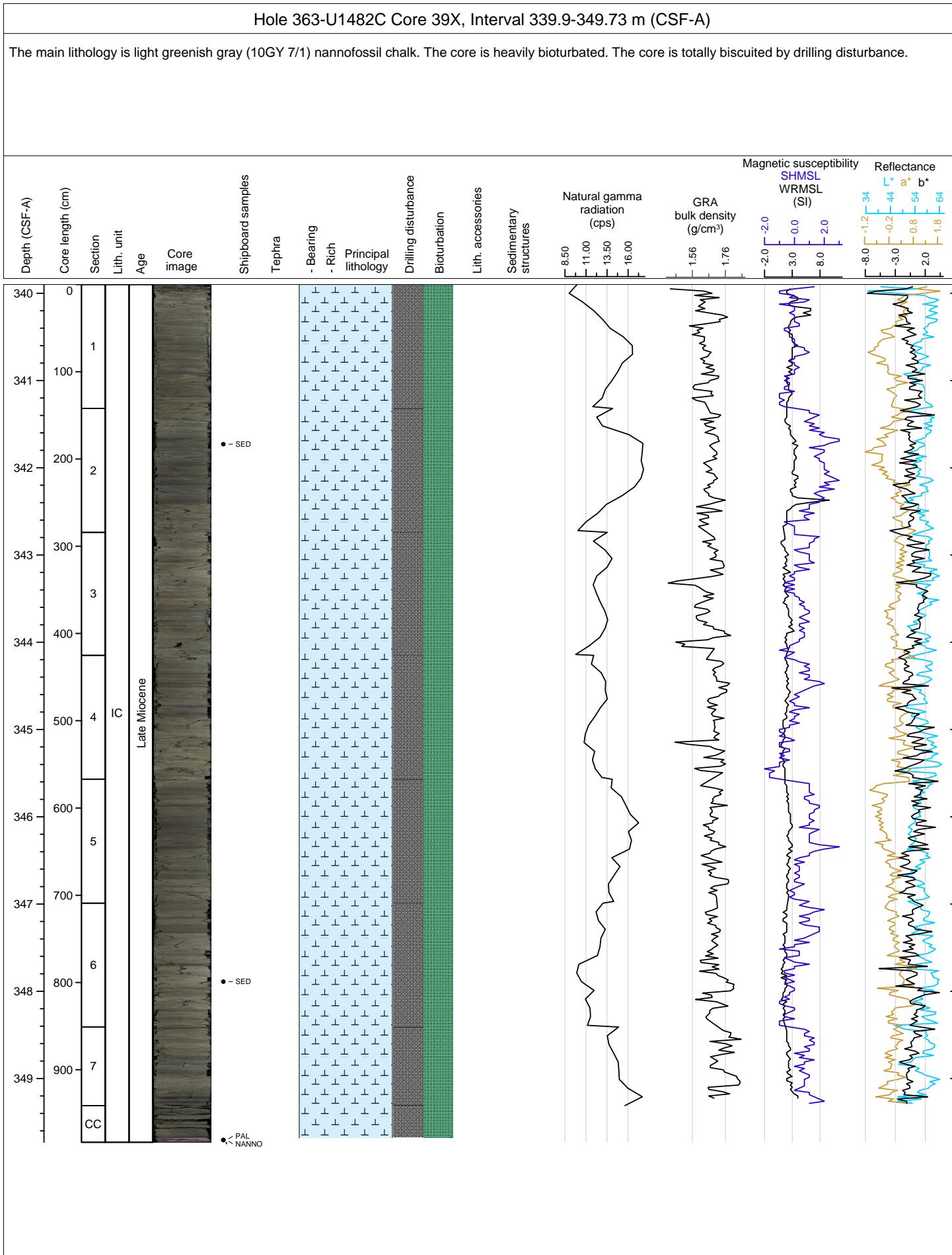






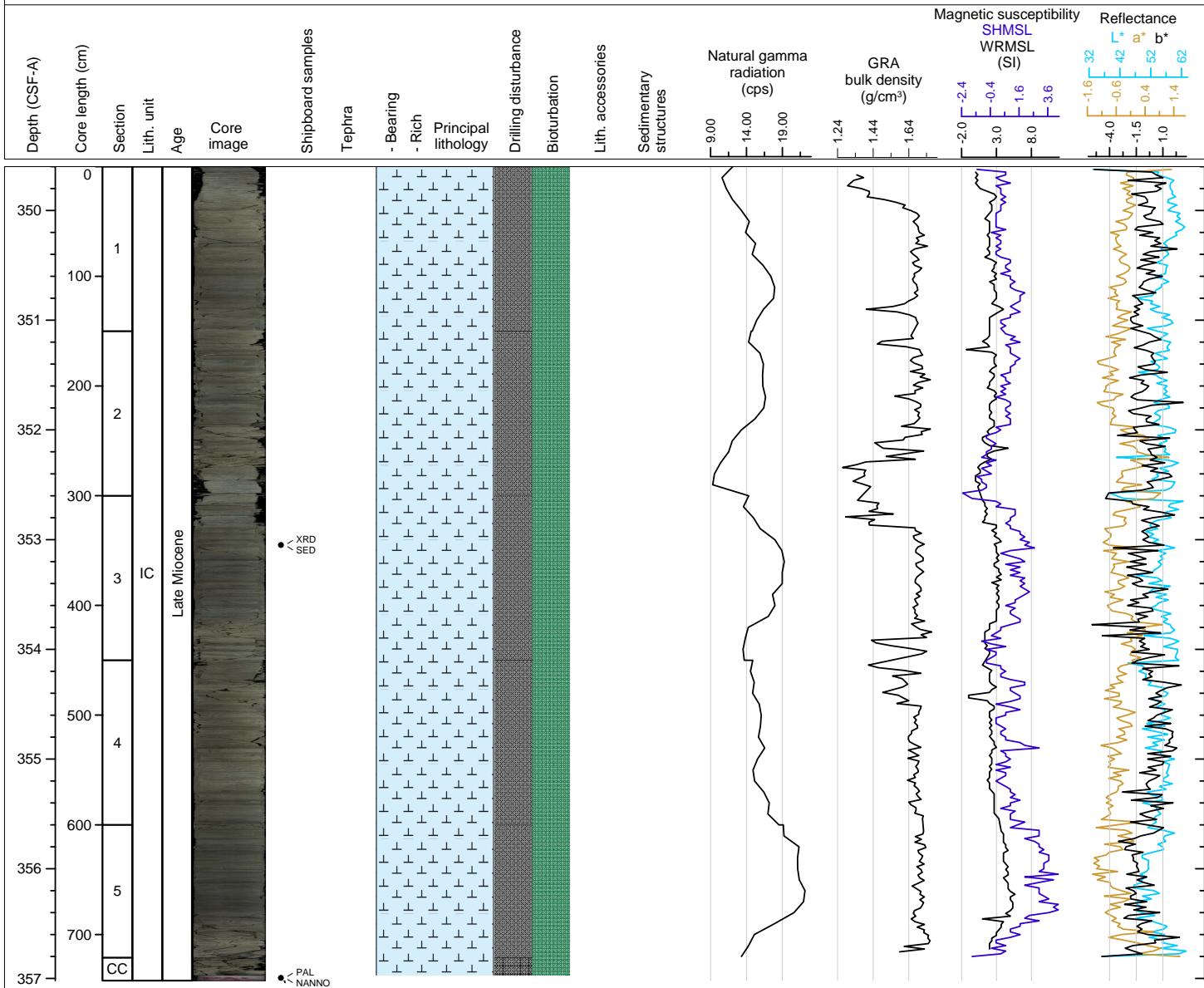


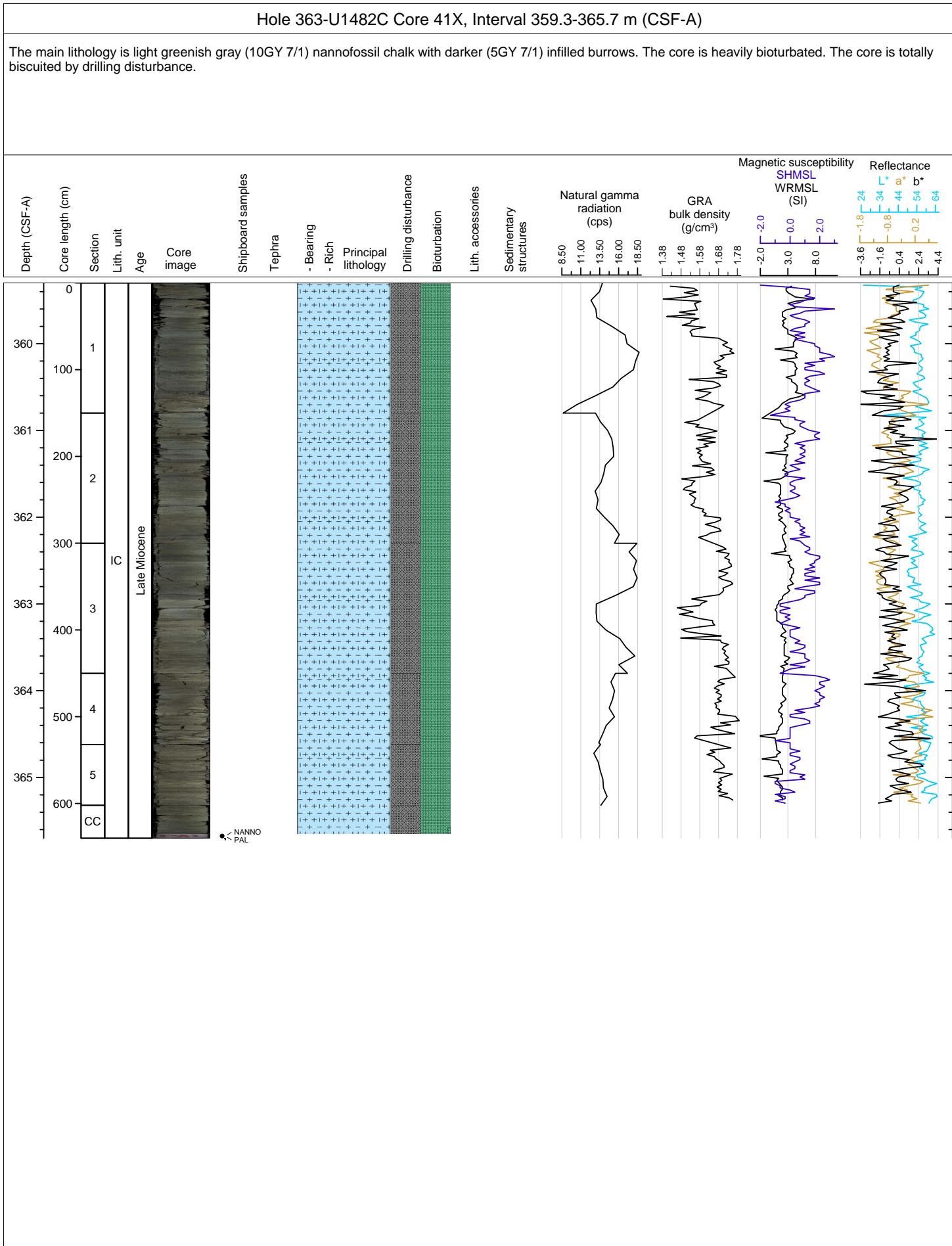




Hole 363-U1482C Core 40X, Interval 349.6-357.02 m (CSF-A)

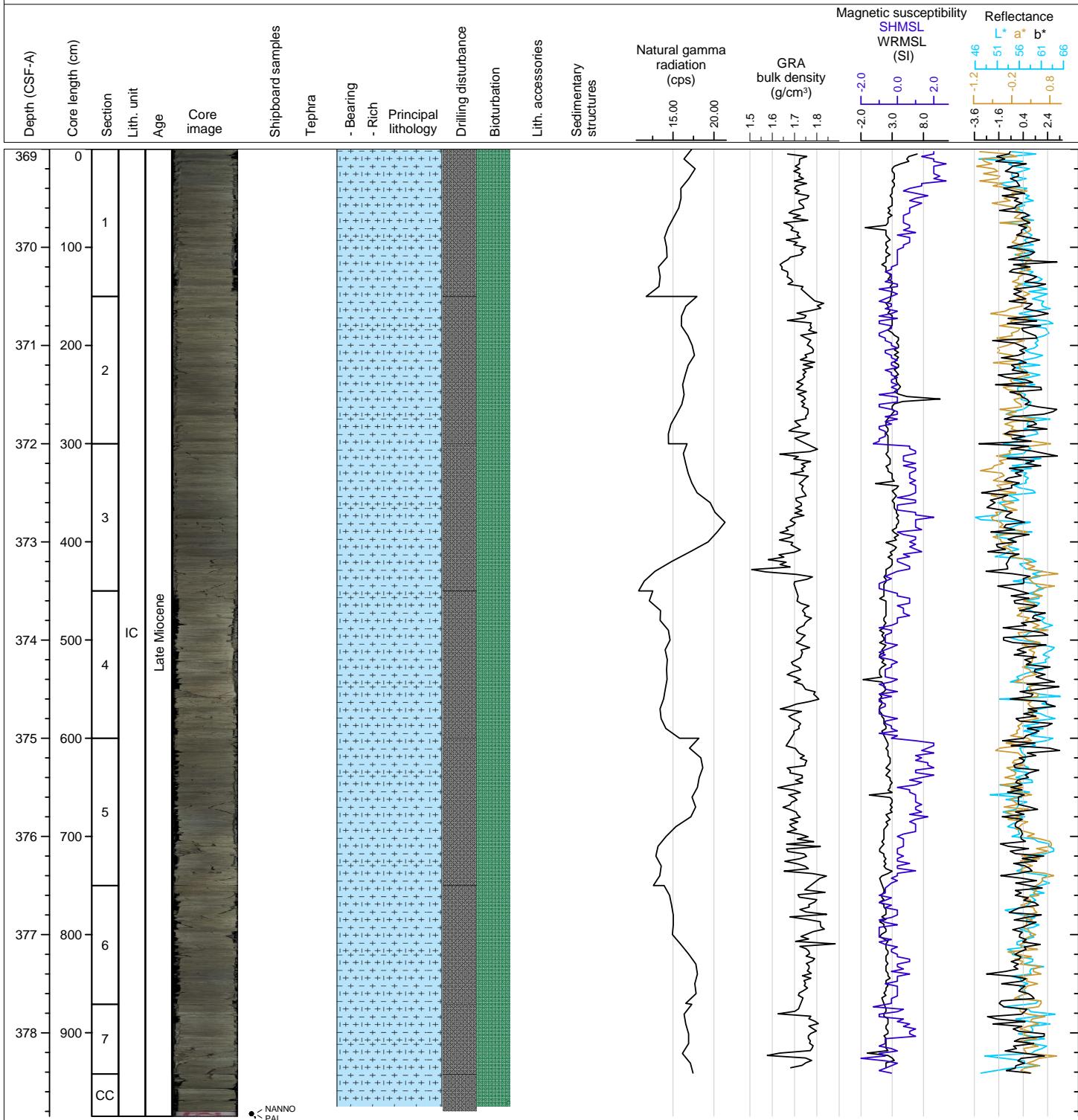
The main lithology is light greenish gray (10GY 7/1) nannofossil chalk. The core is heavily bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.





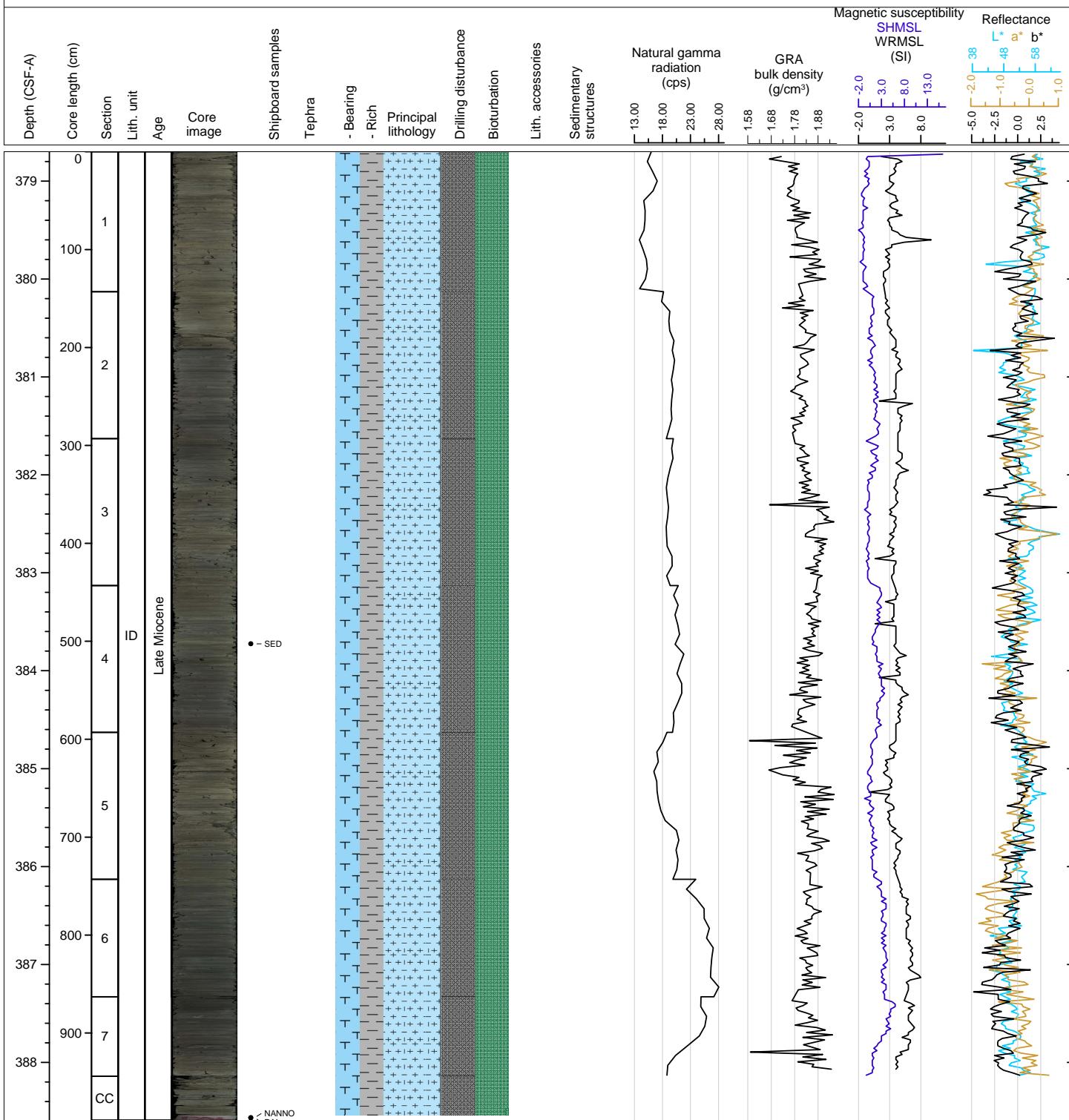
Hole 363-U1482C Core 42X, Interval 369.0-378.85 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (10GY 7/1) nannofossil chalk with generally darker (5GY 7/1) infilled burrows. The core is heavily bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.



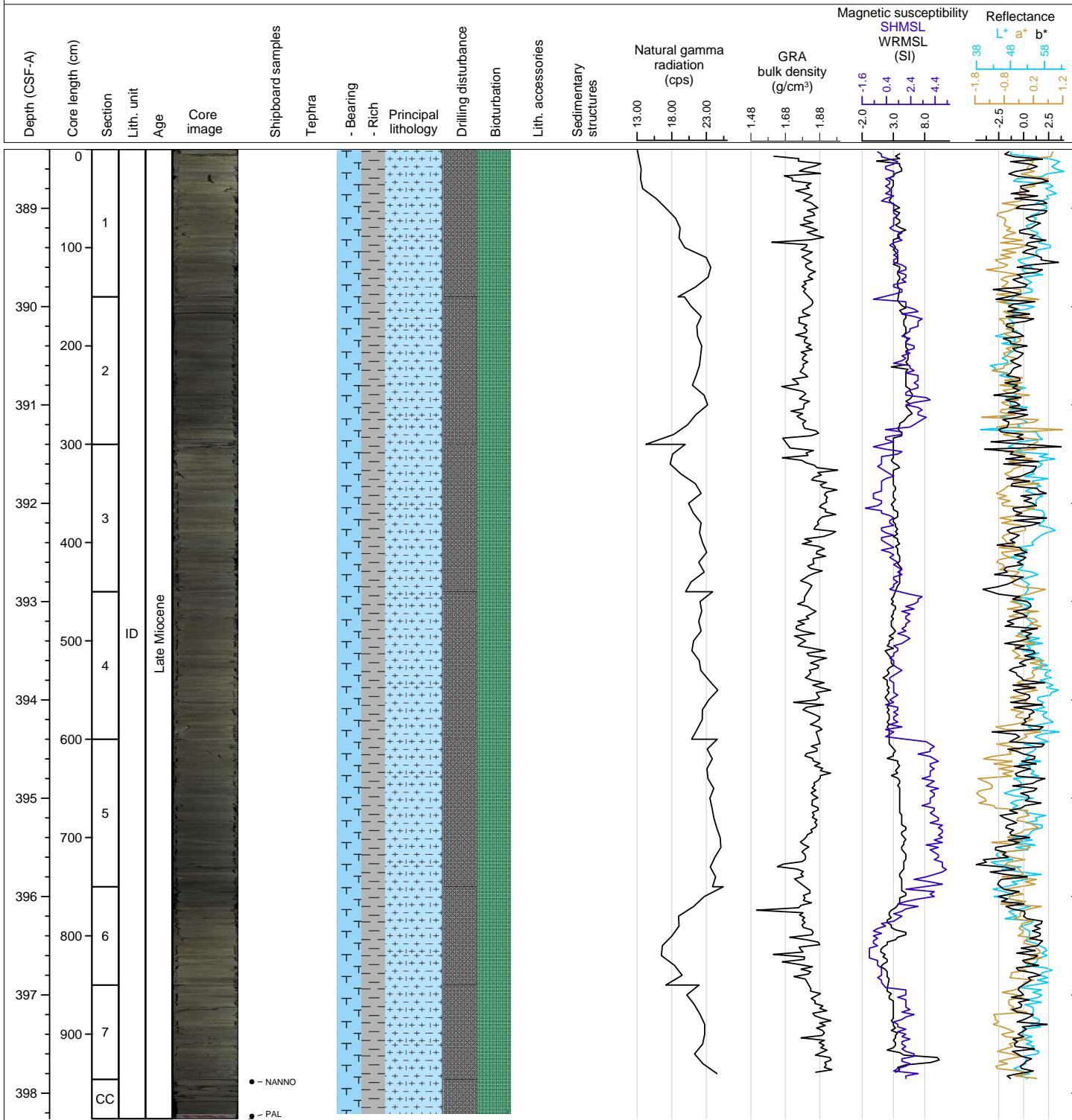
Hole 363-U1482C Core 43X, Interval 378.7-388.59 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (5GY 7/1 to 10GY 7/1) foraminifer-bearing clay-rich nannofossil chalk. The core is heavily bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance. The boundary between Subunit IC and ID is located at the top of core 43X.



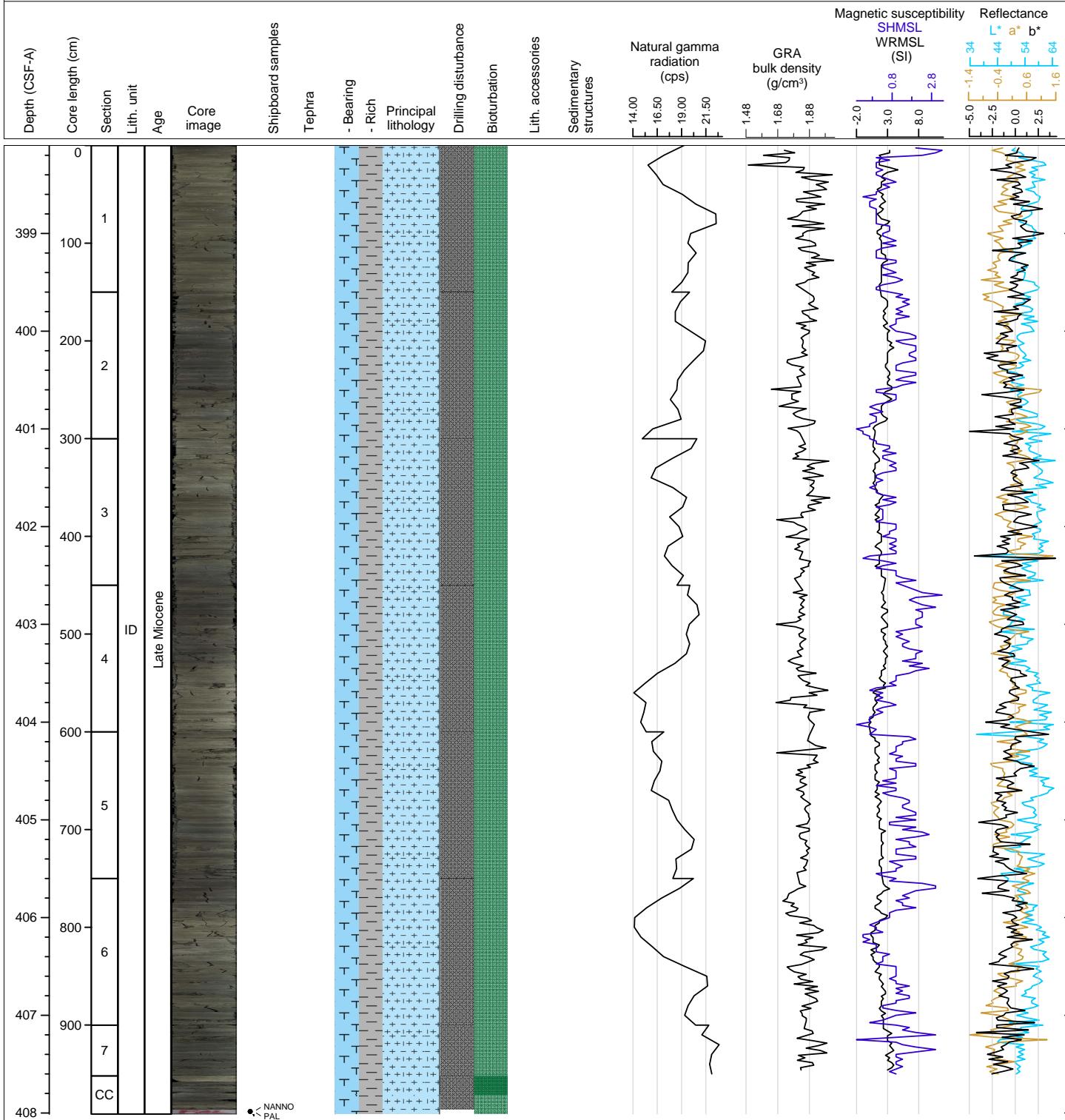
Hole 363-U1482C Core 44X, Interval 388.4-398.26 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (5GY 7/1 to 5G 6/1) foraminifer-bearing clay-rich nannofossil chalk. The core is heavily bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.



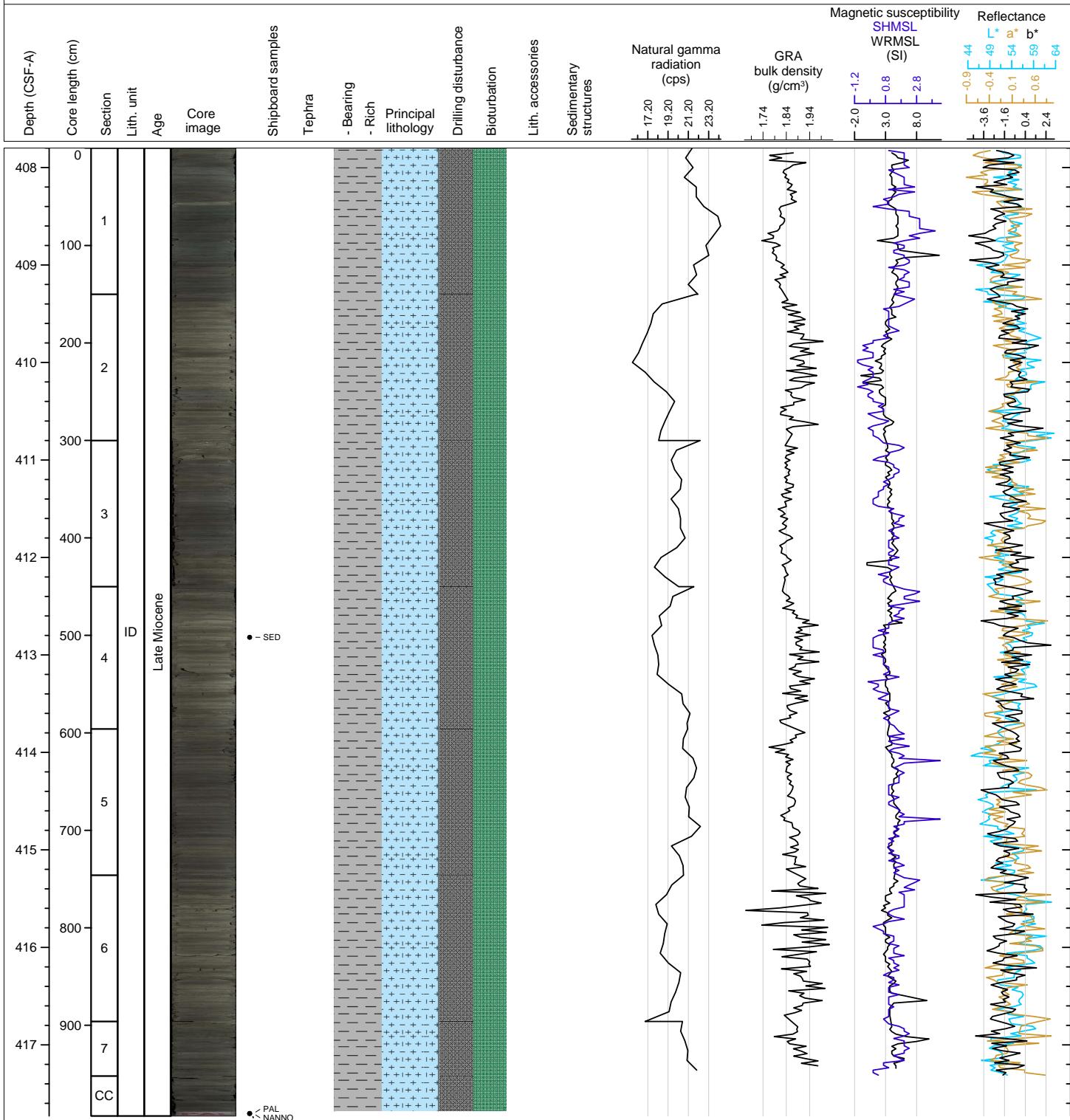
Hole 363-U1482C Core 45X, Interval 398.1-408.01 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (5G 7/1 to 5GY 7/1) foraminifer-bearing clay-rich nannofossil chalk. The core is heavily bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.



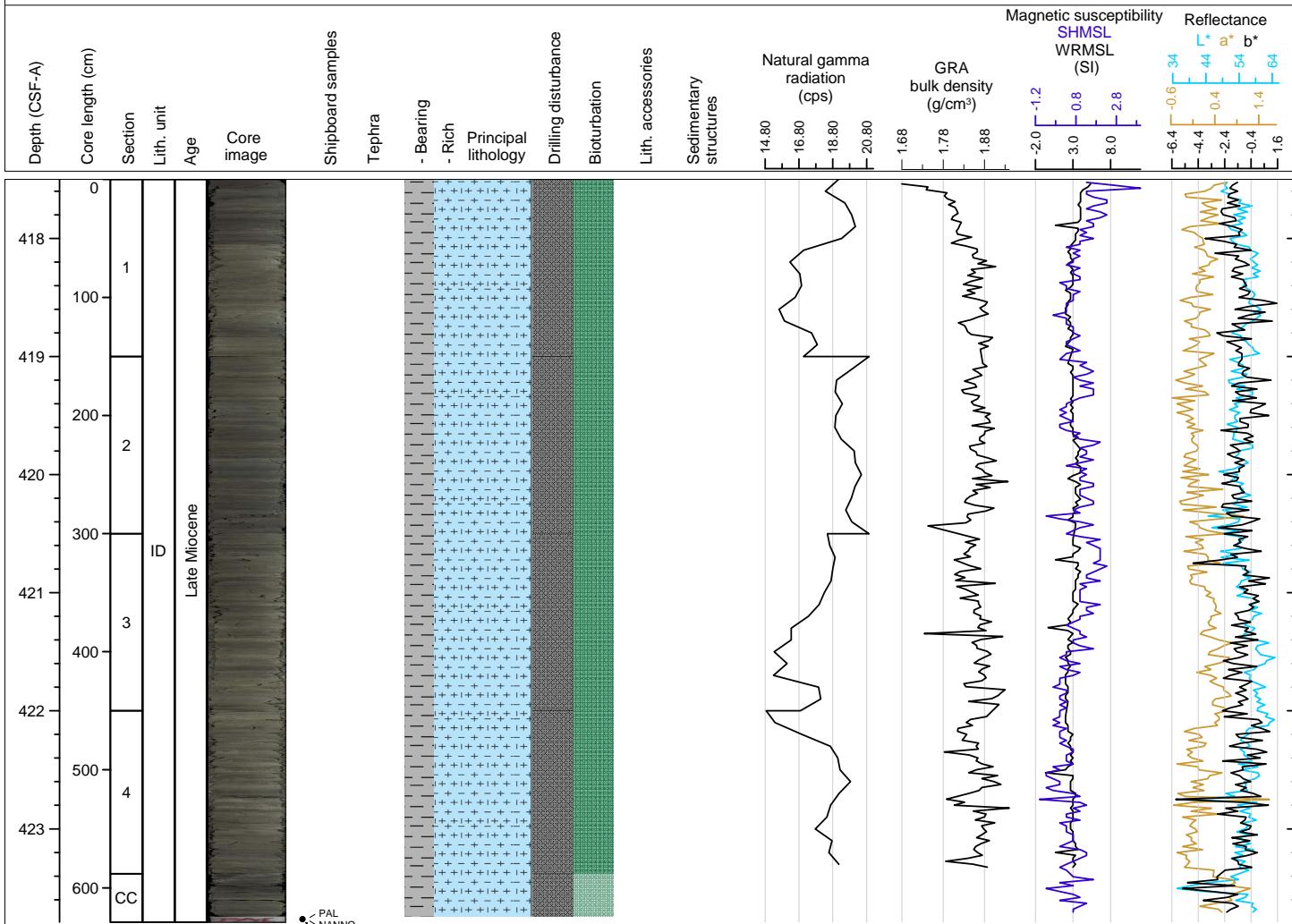
Hole 363-U1482C Core 46X, Interval 407.8-417.73 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology alternates between two shades of light greenish gray (10GY 6/1) and light greenish gray (5GY 7/1) nannofossil chalk. The core is heavily bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.



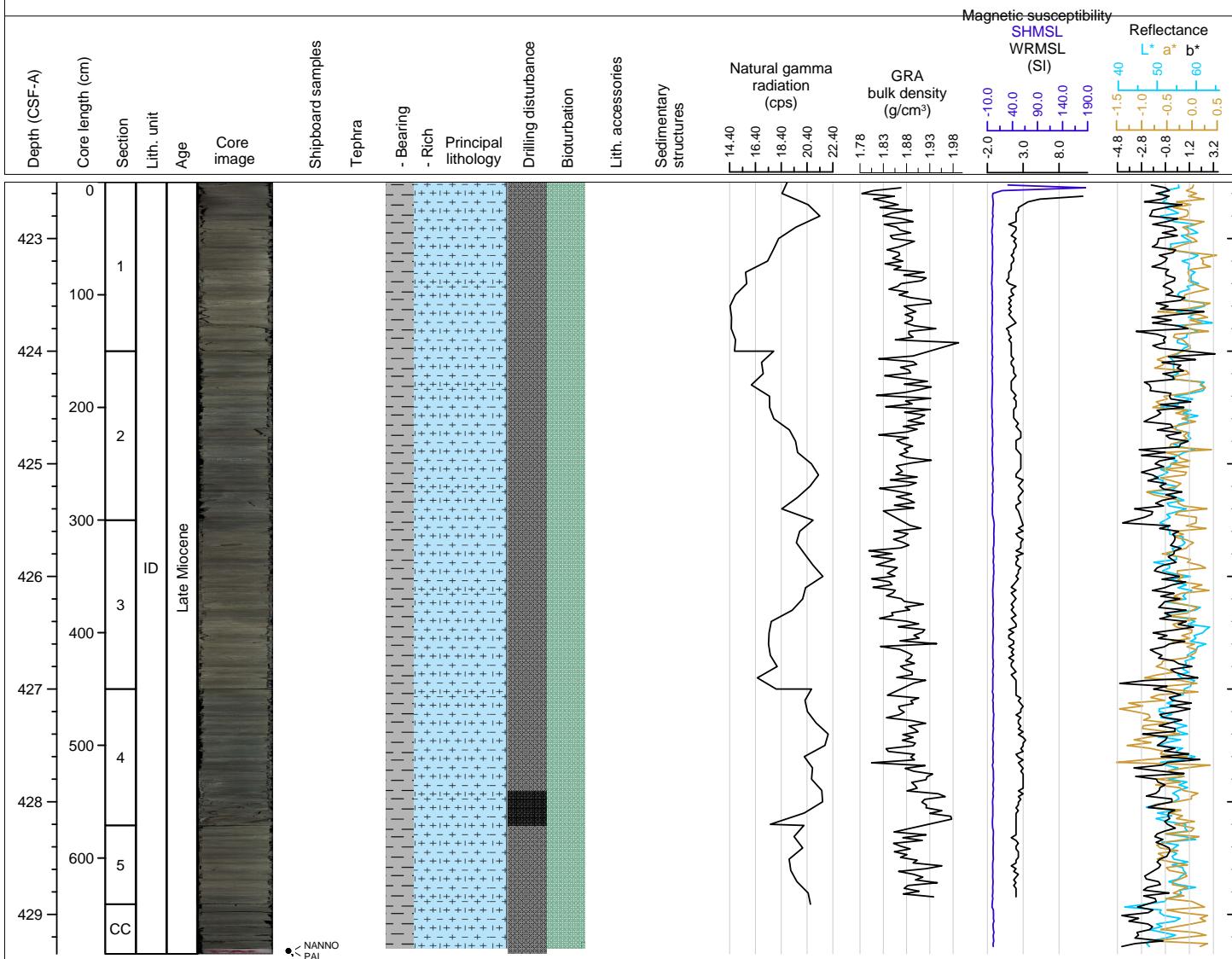
Hole 363-U1482C Core 47X, Interval 417.5-423.79 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (5GY 7/1) nannofossil chalk. The core is moderately bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.



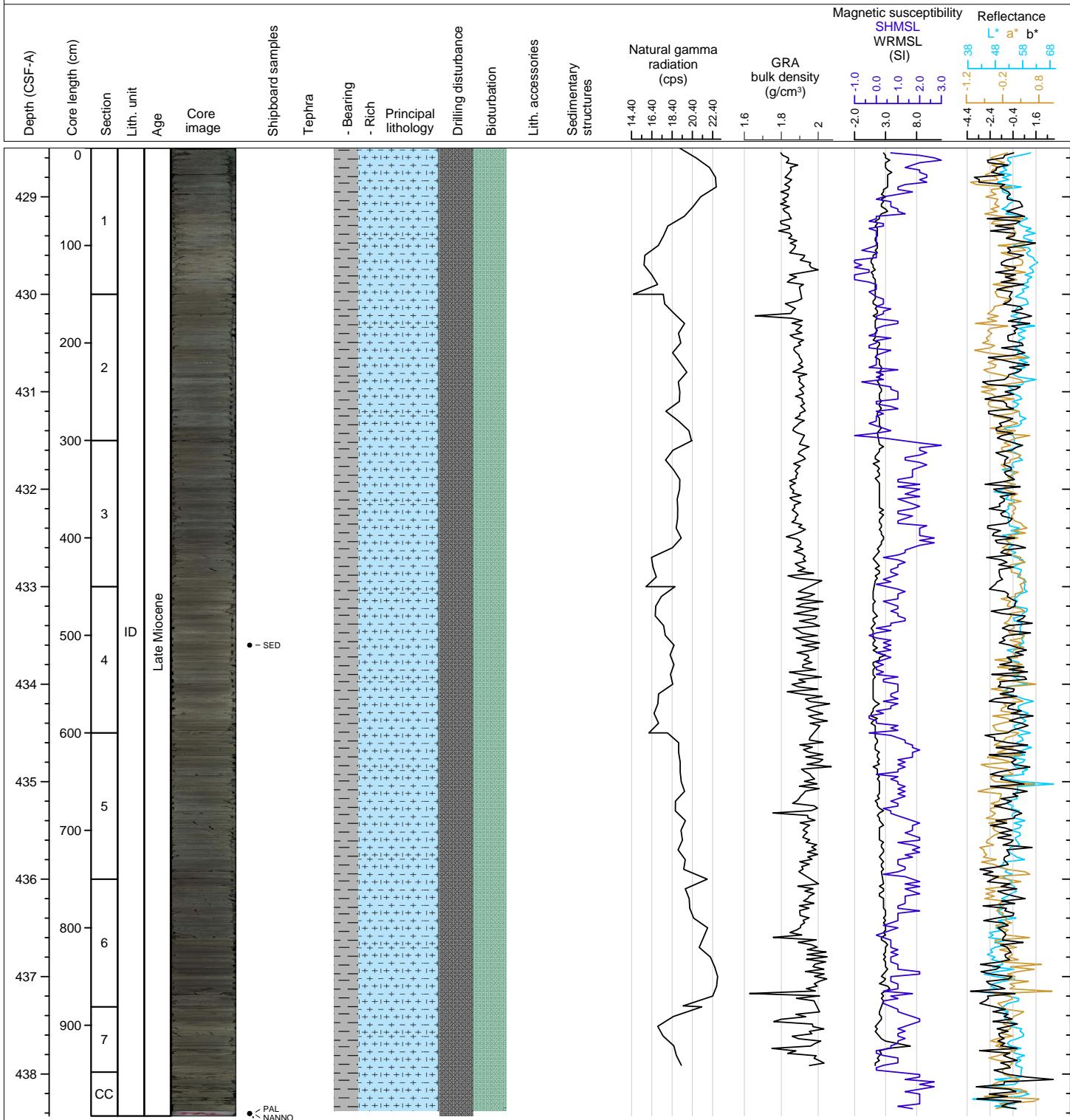
Hole 363-U1482C Core 48X, Interval 422.5-429.35 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (5GY 7/1) nannofossil chalk. The core is moderately bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.



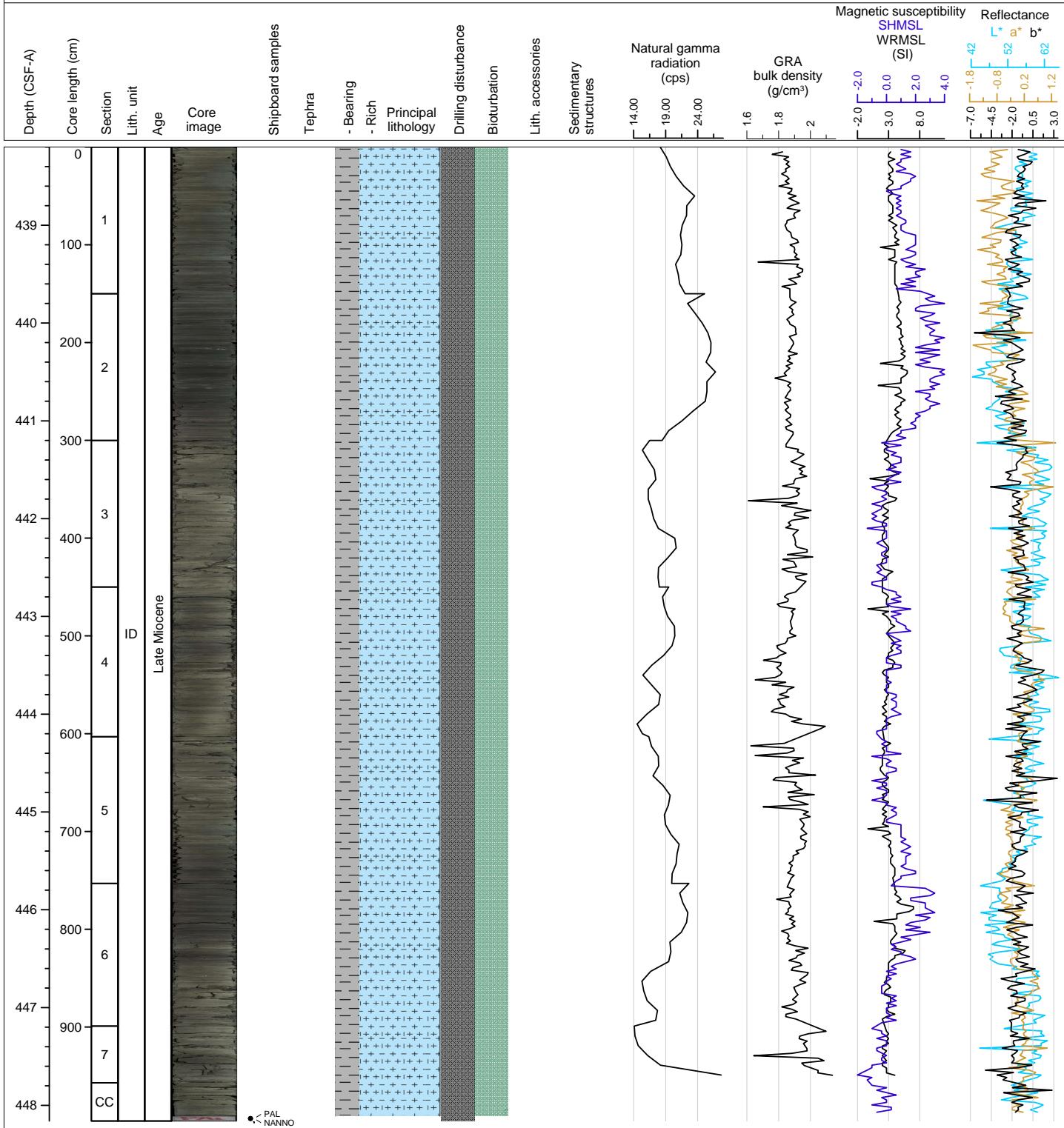
Hole 363-U1482C Core 49X, Interval 428.5-438.43 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (5GY 8/1) nannofossil chalk. The core is moderately bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.



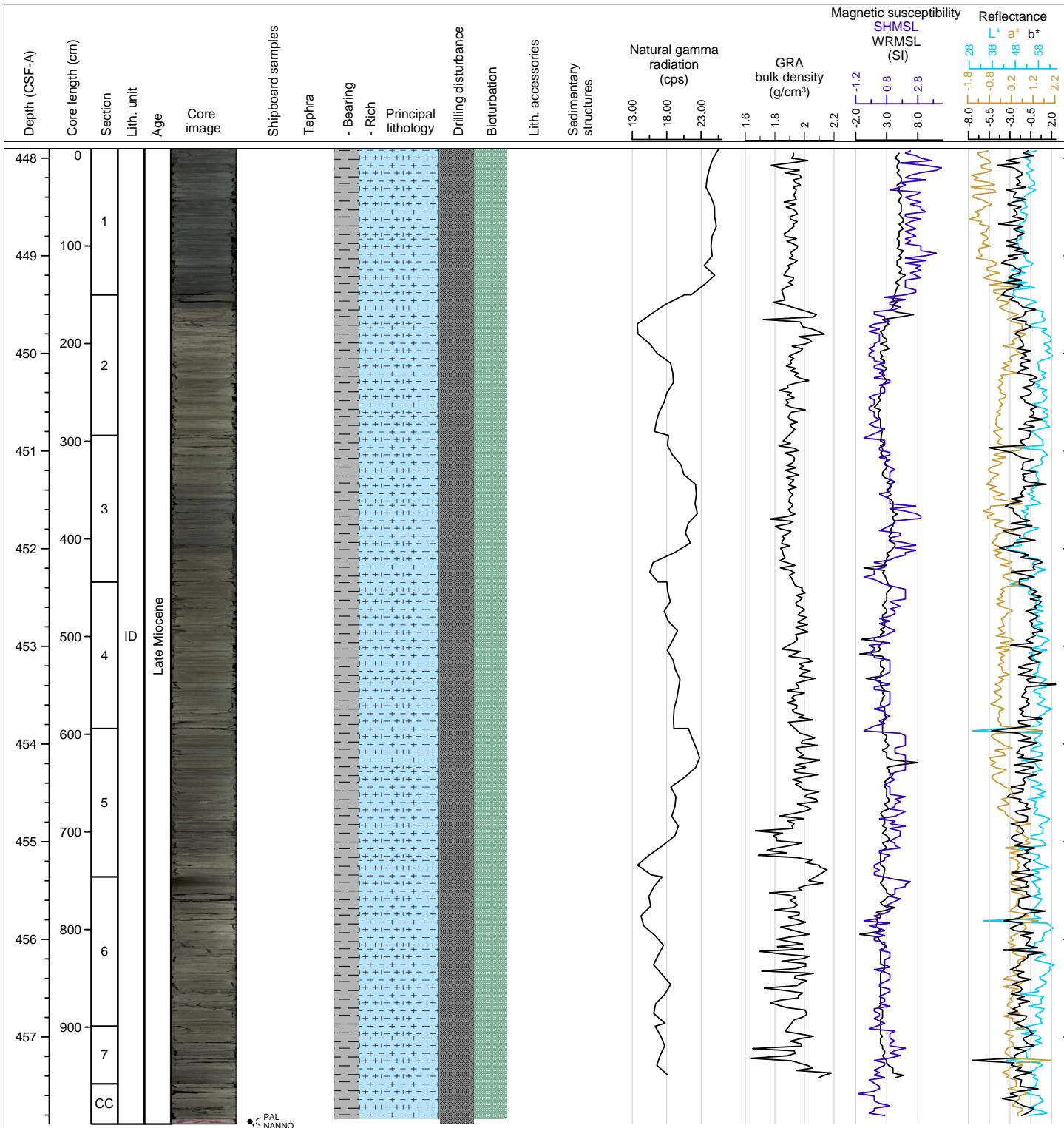
Hole 363-U1482C Core 50X, Interval 438.2-448.16 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (5GY 8/1) nannofossil chalk. The core is moderately bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.



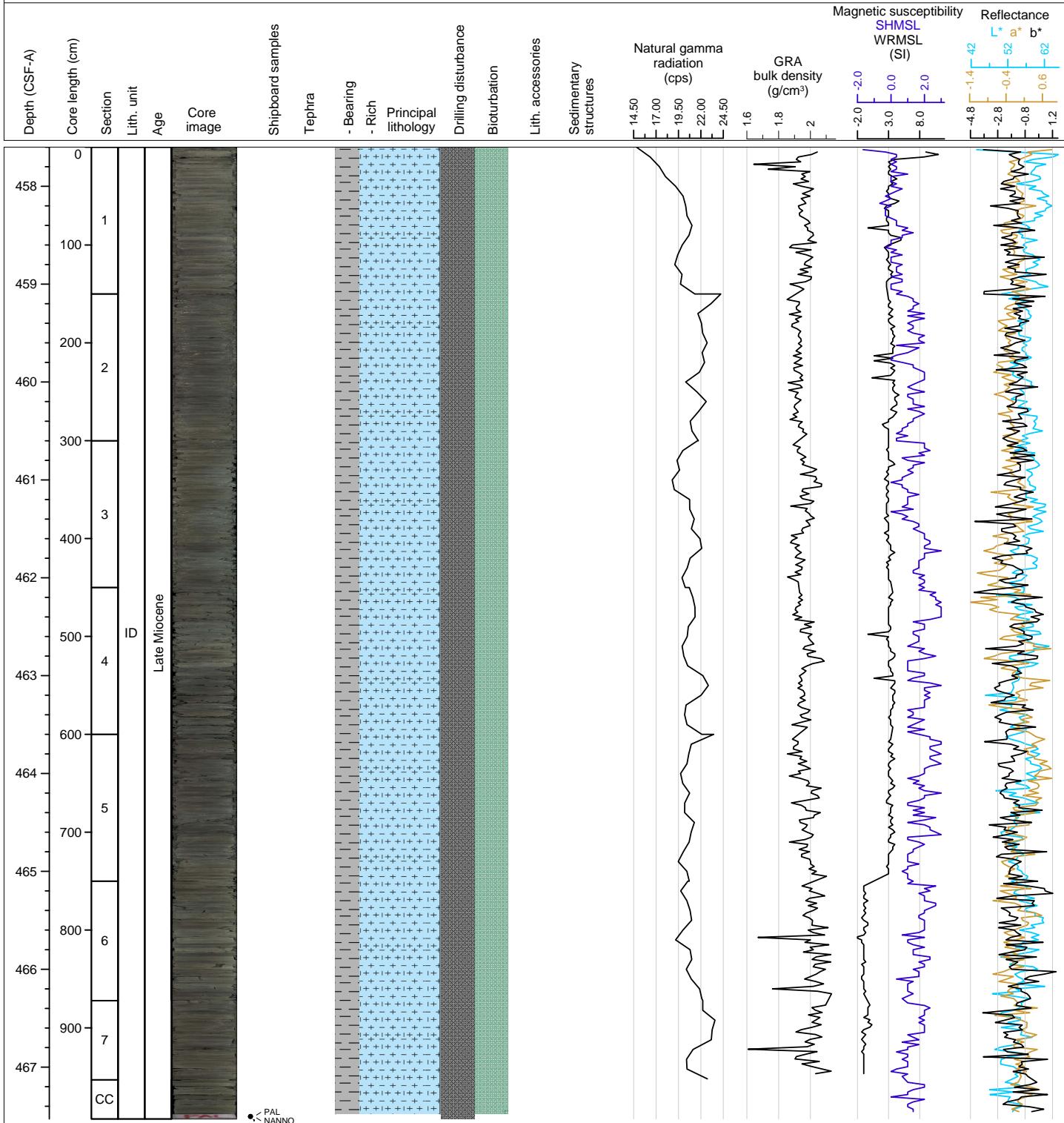
Hole 363-U1482C Core 51X, Interval 447.9-457.89 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (5GY 8/1) nannofossil chalk. The core is moderately bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.



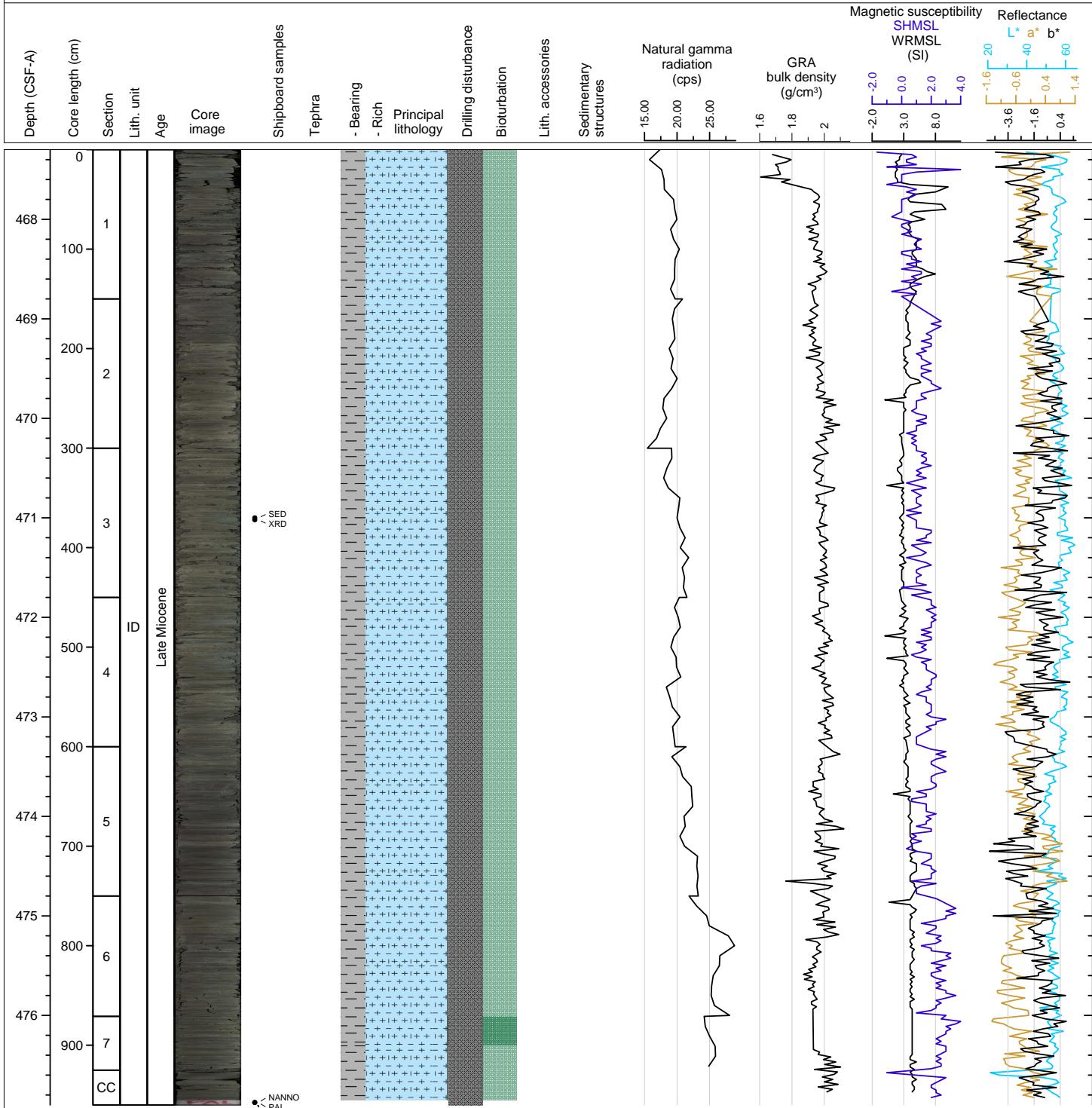
Hole 363-U1482C Core 52X, Interval 457.6-467.53 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (5GY 8/1) nannofossil chalk. The core is moderately bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.



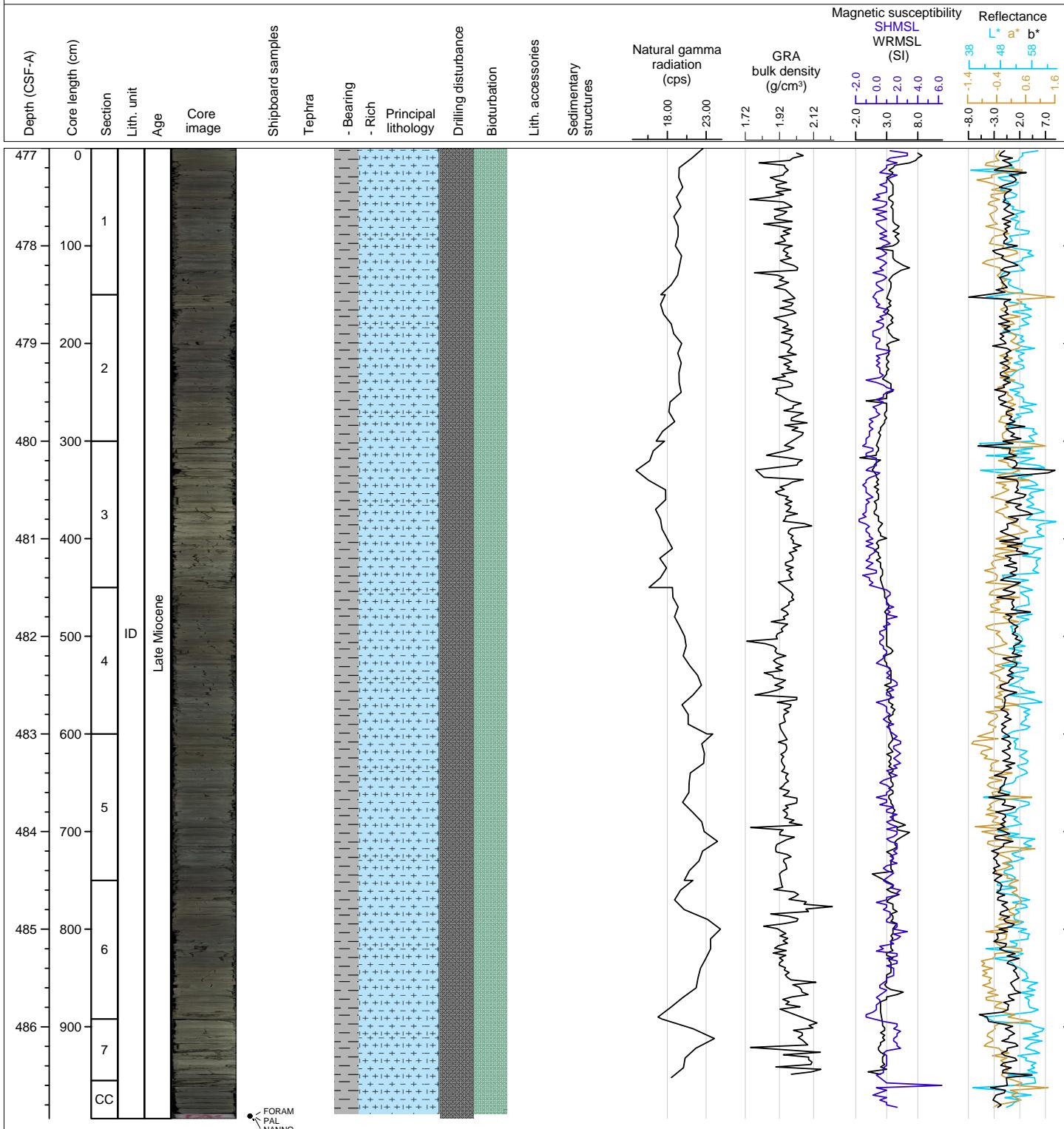
Hole 363-U1482C Core 53X, Interval 467.3-476.9 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (5GY 8/1) nannofossil chalk. The core is moderately bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.



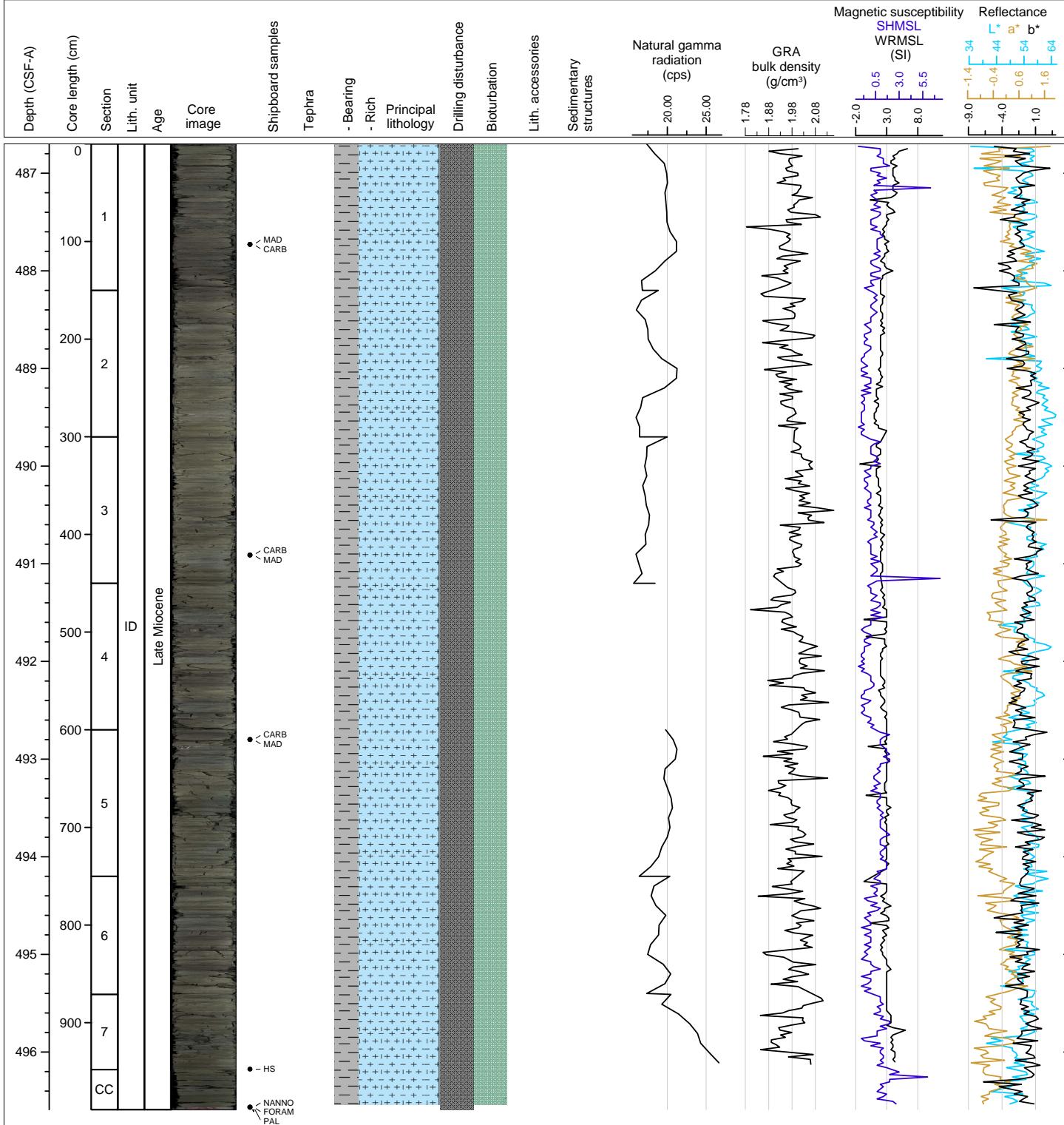
Hole 363-U1482C Core 54X, Interval 477.0-486.94 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (5GY 7/1) nannofossil chalk. The core is moderately bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.



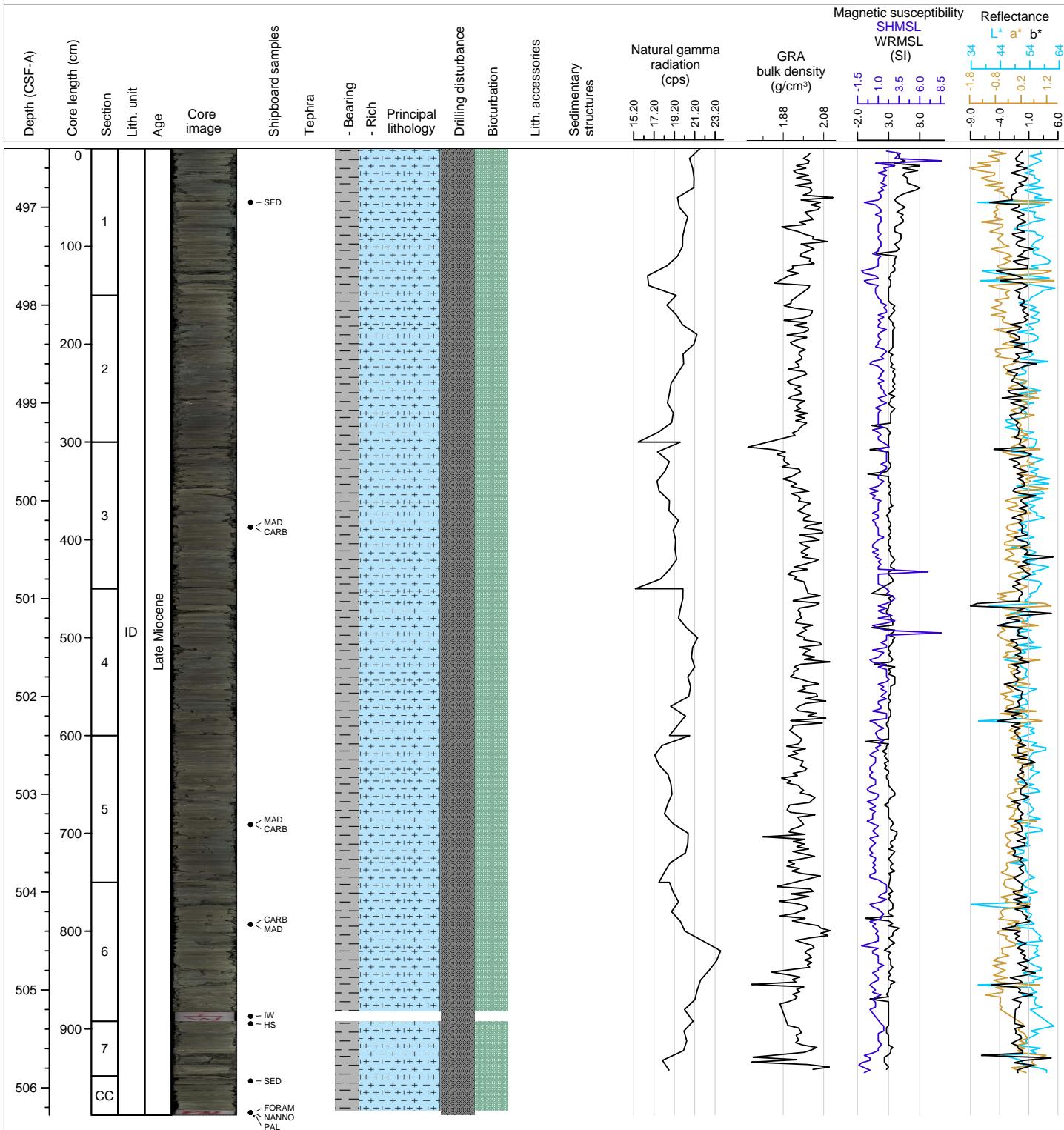
Hole 363-U1482C Core 55X, Interval 486.7-496.59 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (10GY 7/1) nannofossil chalk. The core is moderately bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.



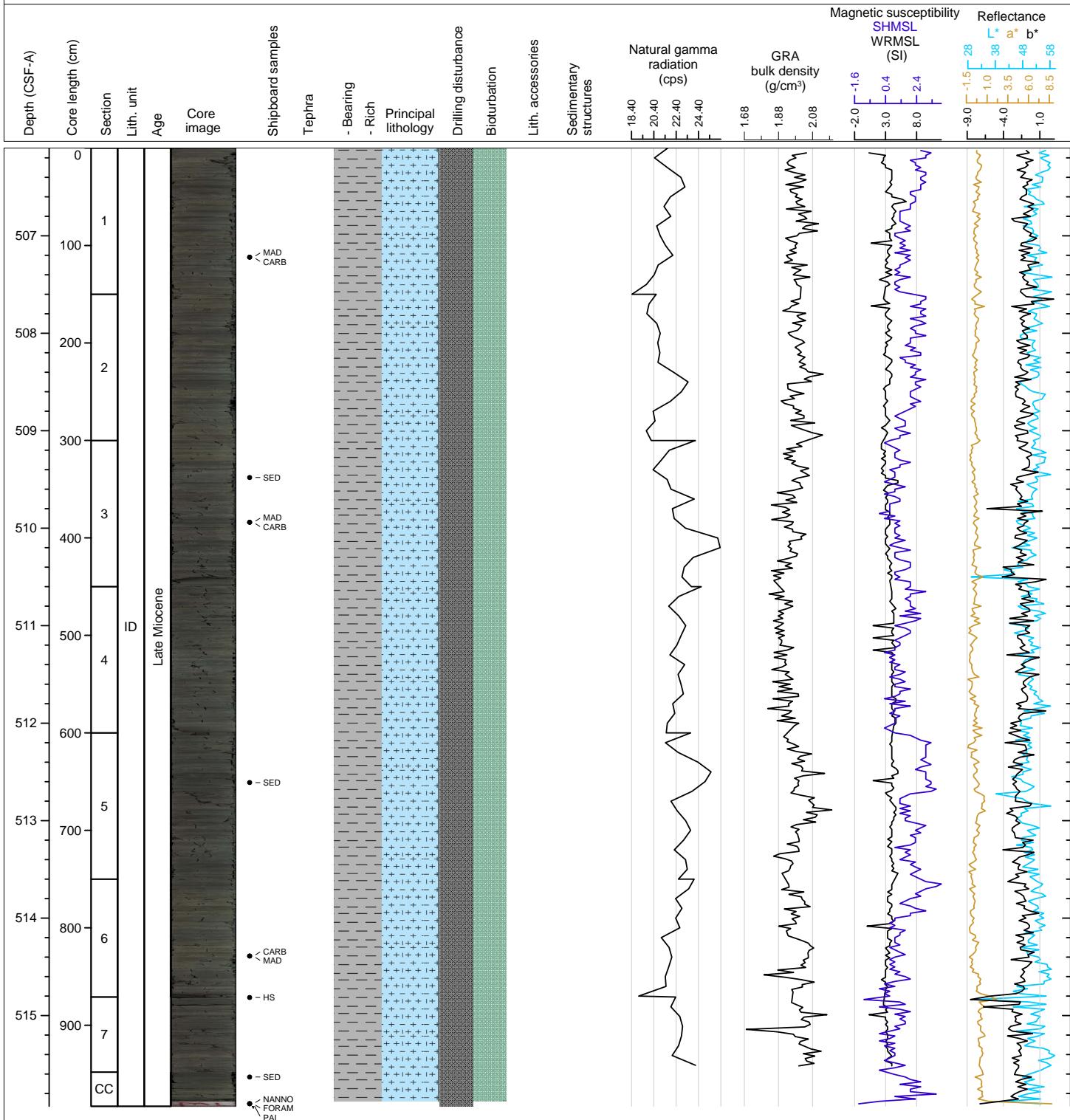
Hole 363-U1482C Core 56X, Interval 496.4-506.28 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (5GY 7/1) nannofossil chalk. The core is moderately bioturbated and bisected throughout.



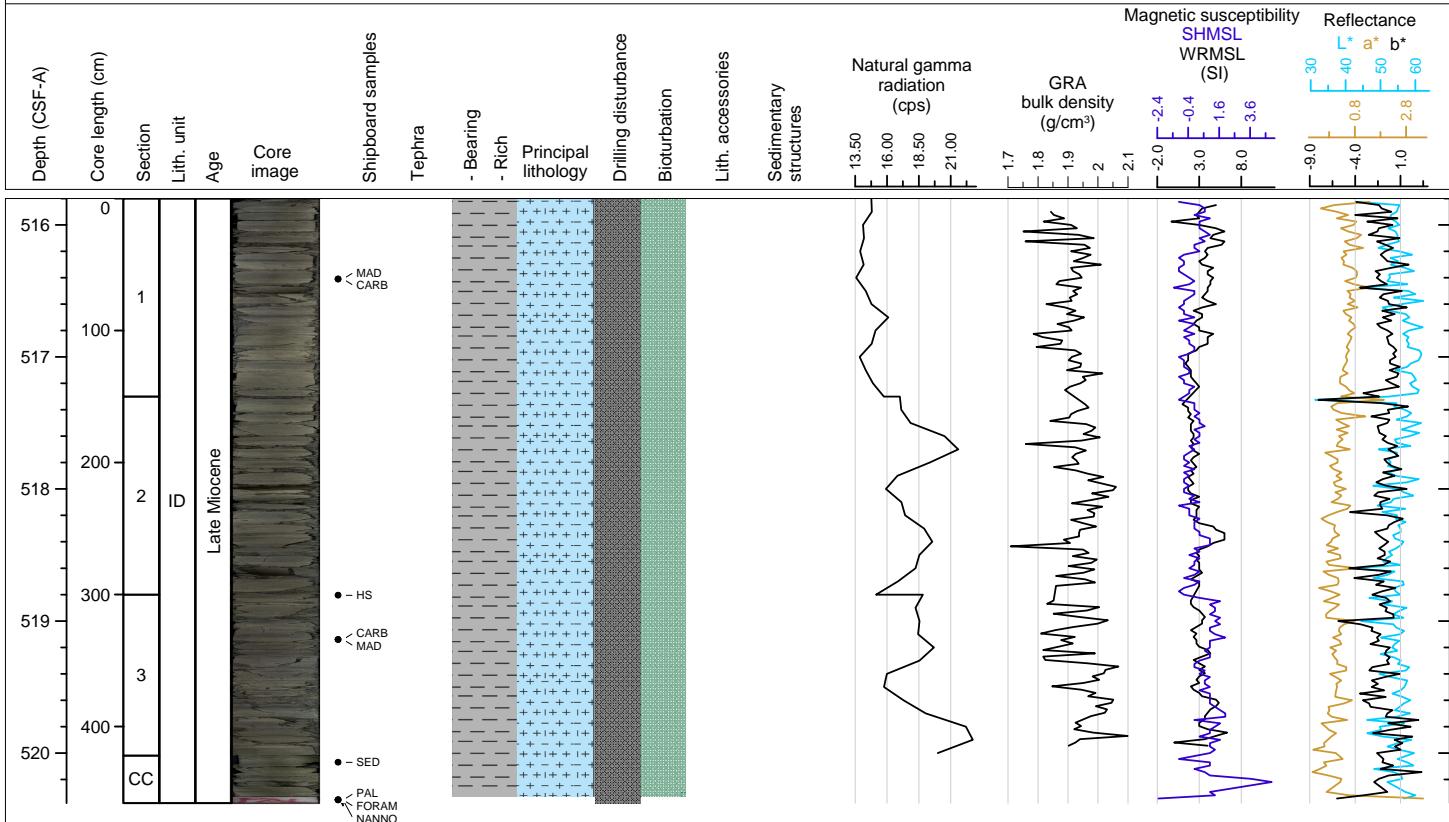
Hole 363-U1482C Core 57X, Interval 506.1-515.93 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (10GY 7/1) nannofossil chalk. The core is moderately bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.



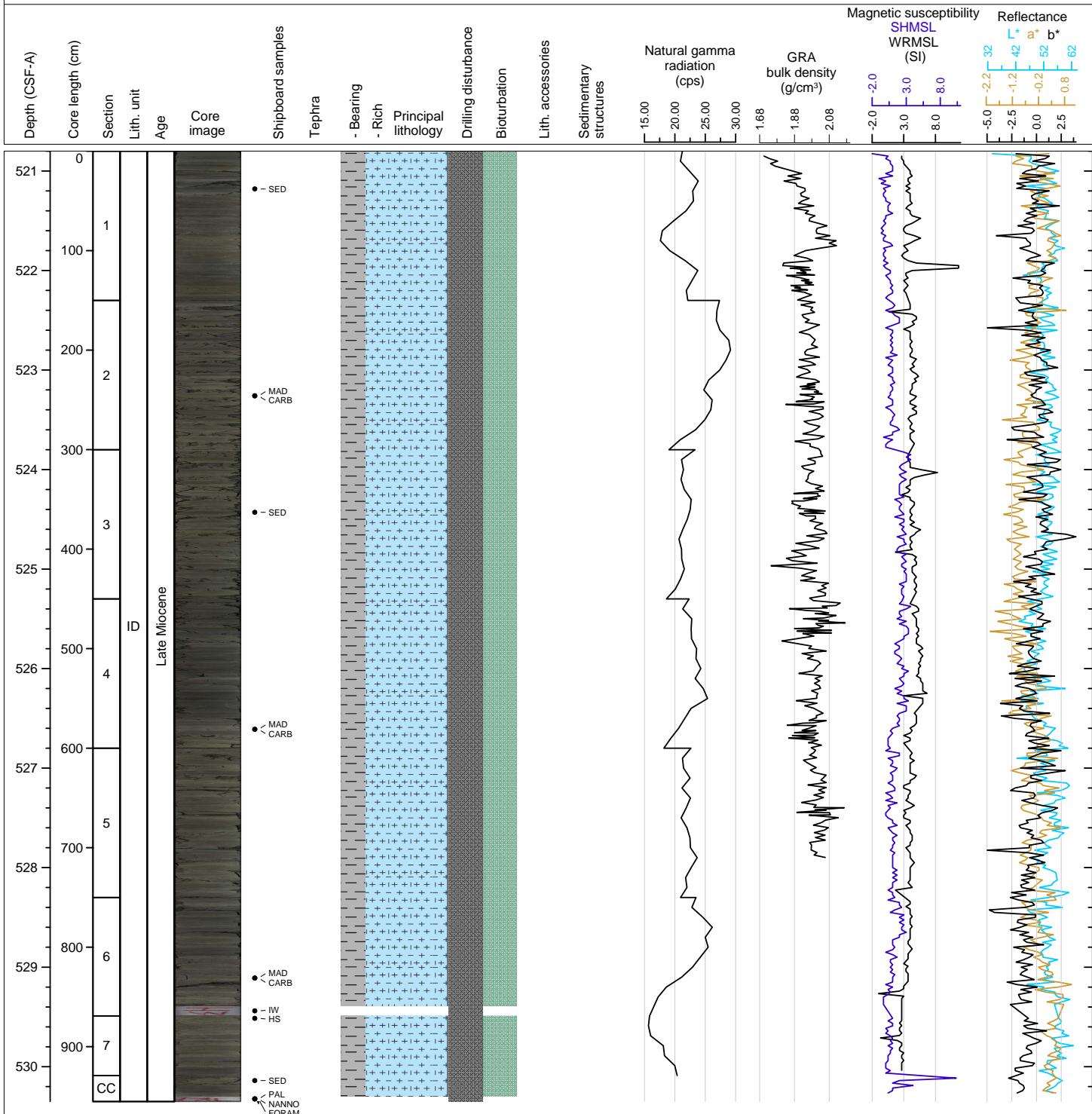
Hole 363-U1482C Core 58X, Interval 515.8-520.38 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (5GY 7/1) nannofossil chalk. The core is moderately bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.



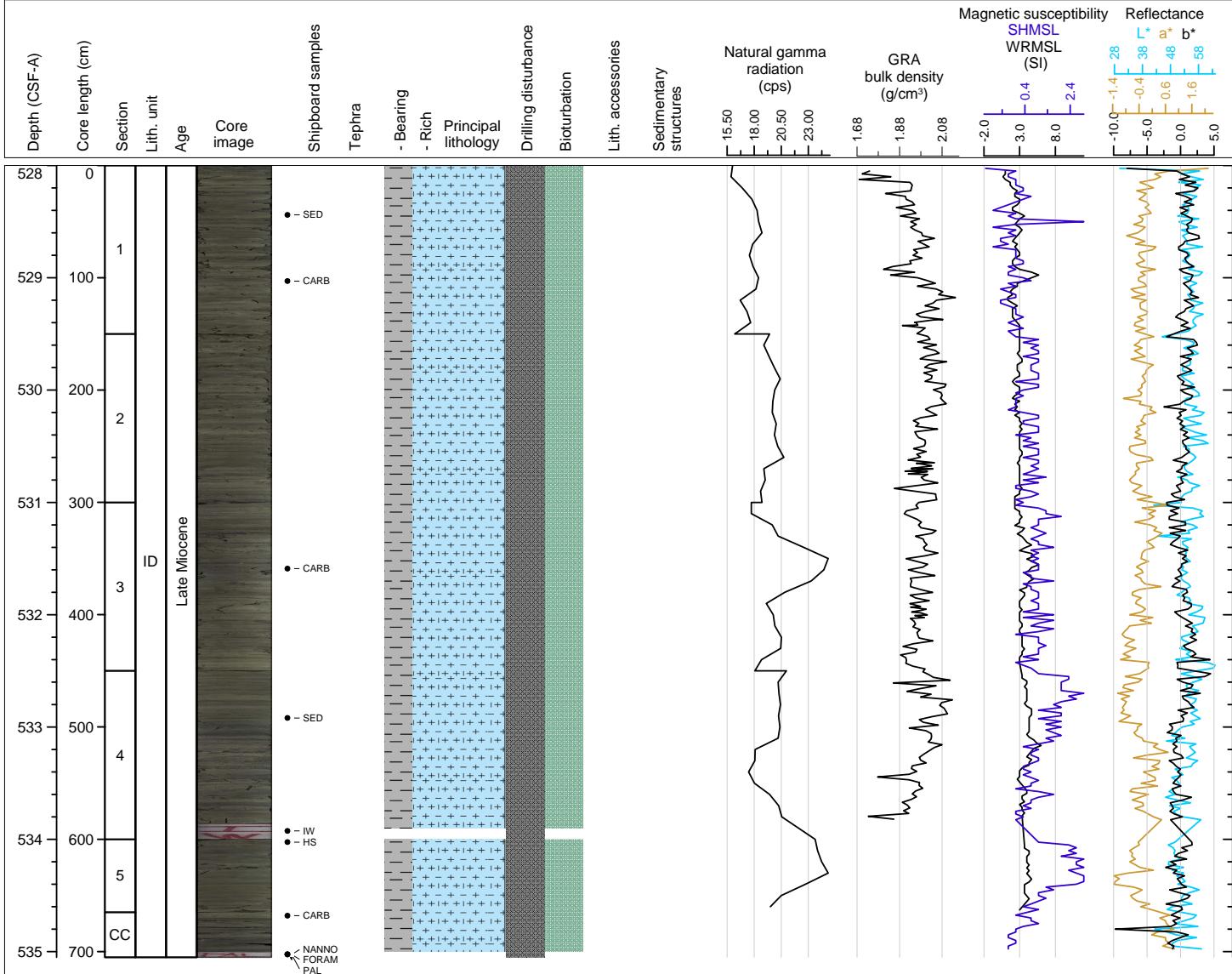
Hole 363-U1482C Core 59X, Interval 520.8-530.35 m (CSF-A)

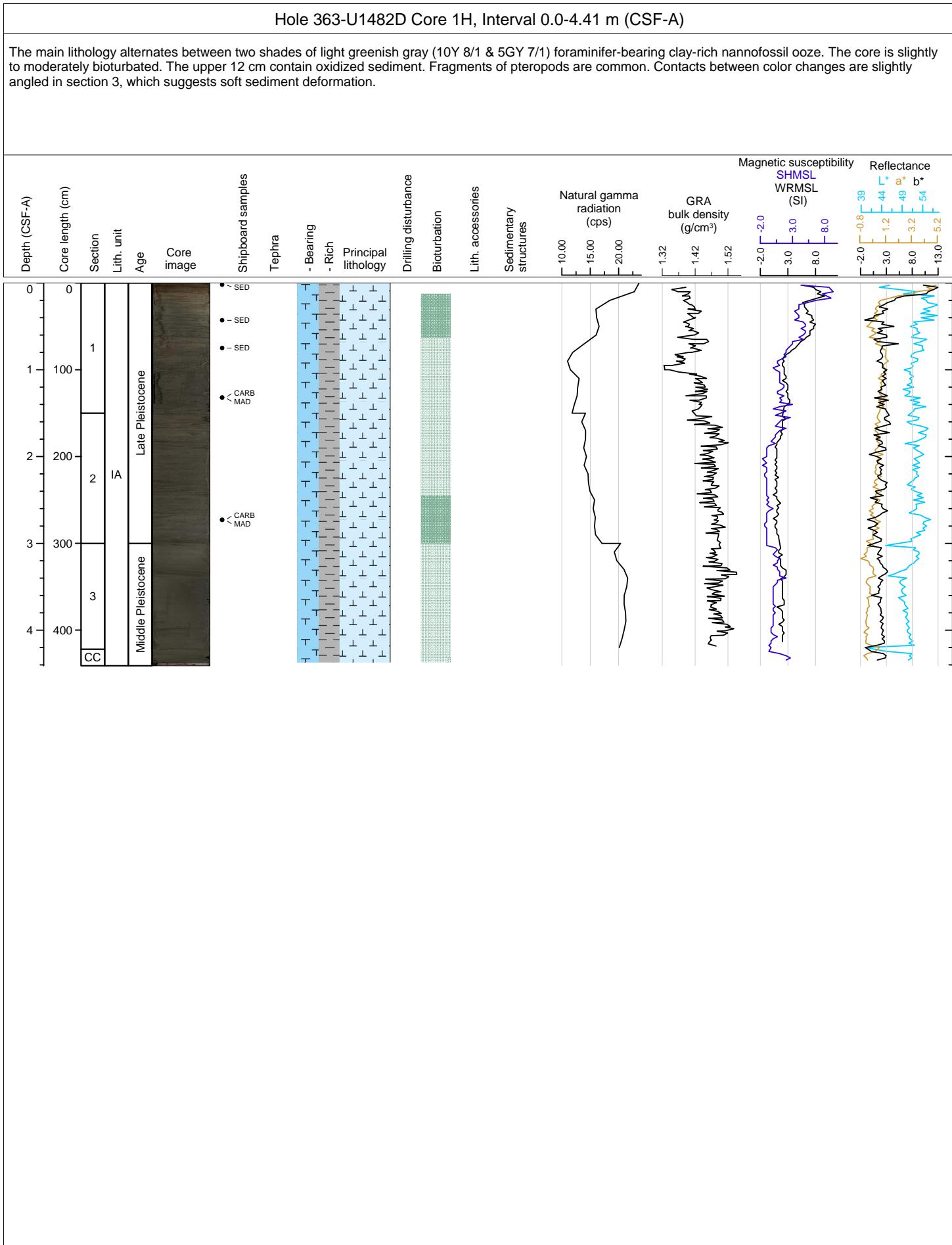
The main lithology is light greenish gray (5GY 7/1) nannofossil chalk. The core is moderately bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.

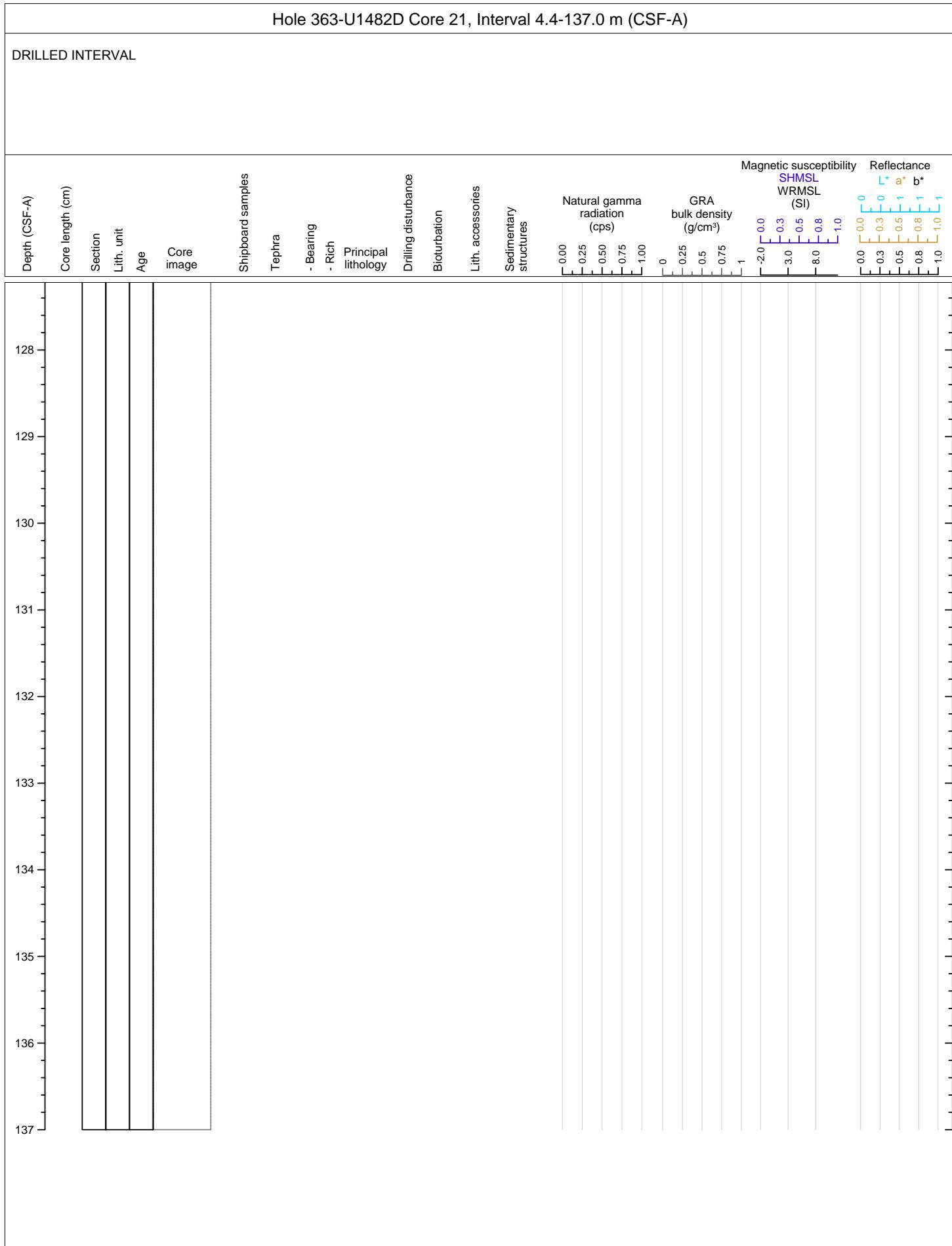


Hole 363-U1482C Core 60X, Interval 528.0-535.05 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology is light greenish gray (10Y 8/1) nannofossil chalk. The core is moderately bioturbated. The core is totally bisected by drilling disturbance.







Hole 363-U1482D Core 3H, Interval 137.0-146.39 m (CSF-A)

The main lithology alternates between greenish gray (5G 6/1) clay-rich nannofossil ooze and light greenish gray (10GY 7/1) clay-bearing nannofossil ooze. The core is moderately bioturbated. Sulfide concretions and patches are occasional.

