Main lithology

- Diatom clay/clayey silt
- Diatom ooze
- Diatom micrite
- Calcareous and biosiliceous ooze
- Nannofossil clay
- Dolomite
- Limestone
- Micrite
- Clay
- Sand/Sandstone
- Sandy clay
- Silty sand/Sandy silt
- Silt
- Siliceous claystone
- Clayey silt/Clay siltstone/ Silty clay
- Chert
- Ash(tuff)
- Gravel/conglomerate
- Breccia
- Igneous lithology
- WRND Whole-round sample

Prefix lithology

- Micrite-rich

Drilling disturbance

- Biscuit
- Cracked
- Fall-in
- Flow-in
- Fractured
- Gas expansion
- Mousselike
- Punctured
- Slurry
- Soupy
- Suck-in
- Up-arching
- Void
- Brecciated

Sedimentary structures

- Fining upward
- Lamination
- Mottling
- Normal grading
- Parallel lamination
- Tilted bedding
- Shell fragments

Boundary or contact

- Faulted contact
- Gradational boundary
- Inclined boundary
- Scoured contact
- Sharp boundary
- Undulating or wavy boundary

Diagenetic

- C Carbonate concretion
- Si Chert nodule
- Concretion
- P Phosphatic nodule
- Py Pyrite (disseminated)

Bioturbation

- Chondrites
- Open burrow
- Burrow

Deformation structures

- C Composite vein
- Uniform vein
- En echelon vein
- Microfracture
- fr Open fracture
- j Joint fracture
- Sediment dike
- Normal fault
- Reverse fault
- Sharp bedding
- Tilted bedding
- Planar bedded
- Chevron fold
- Concentric fold

Shipboard samples

CARB	Carbonate	ICP	Inductively coupled plasma	PAL	Micropaleontology	SED	Smear slide
DIAT	Diatom	IW	Interstitial water	PFT	Perfluorocarbon tracer	TS/TSB	Thin section
FORAM	Foraminifer	MAD	Moisture/Density	PMAG	Paleomagnetism	VAC	Vacutainer
HS	Headspace	MBIO/RMS	Microbiology	RADS	Radiolarians	XRD	X-ray diffraction
HYD	Gas hydrates	NANNO	Nannofossil	RHIZON	High resolution IW		