| Clast or crystal size (mm) | Sedimentary clasts |          | Nonvolcanic rock name  |           | Volcanic clasts  |        | Volcanic<br>rock name                                     |
|----------------------------|--------------------|----------|------------------------|-----------|------------------|--------|---|
| >64                        | Boulder            | - Gravel | Conglomerate/breccia*^ |           | Blocks and bombs |        | Agglomerate or breccia** (consolidated or unconsolidated) |
|                            | Cobble             |          |                        |           | Lapilli          | Coarse | -<br>Lapillistone   |
| 4                          | Pebble             |          |                        |           |                  | Medium |   |
| 2                          | Granule            |          |                        |           |                  | Fine   |   |
|                            | Coarse             |          | Sandstone              |           | Ash              | Coarse | Tuff  |
| 0.5                        | Medium             | Sand     |                        |           |                  |        |   |
| 0.25                       | Fine               |          |                        |           |                  |        |   |
| 0.063                      | Silt               | Mud      | Mudstone               | Siltstone |                  | Fine   |   |
| 0.004                      | Clay               |          |                        | Claystone |                  |        |   |

<sup>\*</sup>Rock name can be more specific if dominant grain size is easily identifiable (e.g. pebble-grade conglomerate)



<sup>^</sup>A conglomerate consists of predominantly rounded to subrounded clasts; when the clasts are predominantly angular to subangular, the term breccia is used. For rocks with both rounded/subrounded and angular/subangular clasts in approximately equal proportions, the term 'breccia-conglomerate' is used

<sup>\*\*</sup>Names used for both consolidated and unconsolidated sediments