



### THIN SECTION LABEL ID: 401-U1610A-58R-5-W 100/103-TSB-TS#5

### Observer:

KE/SG

Thin section summary:

Very fine sand, mixed with clays, poorly sorted. Limited microporosityLittle active cementation.





Thin section no.: 5

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## THIN SECTION LABEL ID: 401-U1610A-58R-5-W 104/107-TSB-TS#6 Thin section no.: 6

### Observer:

Thin section summary:

KE/SG

Very fine sand, mixed with clays. Poorly sorted, subangular to subrounded. Little active cementation.



### THIN SECTION LABEL ID: 401-U1610A-58R-8-W 2/5-TSB-TS#7

### Observer:

SG

Thin section summary:

Calcareous sand. Very fine sand, mixed with mud, poorly sorted. Much porosity survives, little active cementation.



## THIN SECTION LABEL ID: 401-U1610A-58R-8-W 4/7-TSB-TS#8 Thin section no.: 8

Observer:

KE

Thin section summary:

Very fine sand, mixed with mud, poorly sorted. Much porosity survives, little active cementation.



### THIN SECTION LABEL ID: 401-U1610A-67R-2-W 31/34-TSB-TS#9

### Observer:

Thin section summary:

SG/KE

Unusual feature of a pelagic depositional setting. One-off geo-event, such as slope failure? Only thin unit (25 cm), but contains coarse material, clasts are up to 2-3 cm in diameter. Sandy matrix is medium grained and quite well sorted/rounded. Later calcite cementation.



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### THIN SECTION LABEL ID: 401-U1610A-68R-5-W 41/44-TSB-TS#10

### Observer:

### SG/ZL

Thin section summary:

Average grain size medium sand, mostly well sorted. Transported into pelagic environment. Compaction, much pore space lost. Later calcite cementation, only fills 10% of rock, so not very early.





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### THIN SECTION LABEL ID: 401-U1610A-70R-2-W 22/25-TSB-TS#12

### Observer:

Thin section summary:

SG/ZL

Average grain size fine sand, well sorted. Transported into pelagic environment. Many bioclasts. Later calcite cementation, filled 20% of rock, so early, prior to much compaction. Did earlier cementation than TS #10 occur because of more ready supply of carbonate source materials (the bioclasts)?



### THIN SECTION LABEL ID: 401-U1610A-75R-1-W 127/130-TSB-TS#13

NF

### Observer:

Thin section summary:

Grain segregation between the different intervals. Darker intervals with dark glauconite grains are usually cm thick and are relatively poor in biogenic and carbonate content as well as poor in clay minerals. Lighter intervals are thinner, more rich in carbonates + clay minerals. Interpretation: Grain segregation on a dune?



### THIN SECTION LABEL ID: 401-U1610A-86R-1-W 44/47-TSB#16-TS#16

### Observer:

NF/SG

Thin section summary:

Grains better sorted in the burrow than outside of it. Immediate surrounding of the burrow darker in core and in thin section. Seems more rich in clay minerals and maybe in small detrital carbonate as well.



## THIN SECTION LABEL ID: 401-U1610A-86R-1-W 75/78-TSB#17-TS#17 Thin section no.: 17 Observer: NF/SG Thin section summary: Average grain size very fine sand, well sorted. Transported into pelagic environmentMany bioclasts, quartz abundant. Later calcite cementation, filled 20% of rock, so early, prior to much compaction. Did earlier cementation than TS #10 occur because of more ready supply of carbonate source materials (the bioclasts)? Plane-polarized Cross-polarized



# THIN SECTION LABEL ID: 401-U1610A-94R-CC-W 20/22-TSB#14-TS#14 Thin section no.: 14 Observer: ZL/SG/NF Poikilotopic limestone, early calcite micrite cement, slightly dolomitised. Dolomite <5%. Early cementation of sand grains to preserve uncompacted texture. Later dolomitization replacing early diagenetic cement with pervasive finely crystalline dolomite. Large dolomite rhomb growth: late? This sample is unlike anything immediately above, may be out of place component.</td> Plane-polarized Cross-polarized Flane-polarized Cross-polarized

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Observer:

Thin section summary:

### THIN SECTION LABEL ID: 401-U1610A-95R-CC-W 10/12-TSB#15-TS#15 Thin section no.: 15

NF/SG

Poikilotopic limestone, early calcite micrite cement. Early cementation of sand grains to preserve uncompacted texture. Later dolomitization, replacing early diagenetic cement with pervasive finely crystalline dolomite. Large dolomite rhomb growth: late? This sample is unlike anything immediately above, may be out of place component.

