# Integrated Ocean Drilling Program Expedition 337 Scientific Prospectus Addendum

## **Deep Coalbed Biosphere off Shimokita**

# Microbial processes and hydrocarbon system associated with deeply buried coalbed in the ocean

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This IODP *Scientific Prospectus* is based on precruise Science Advisory Structure panel discussions and scientific input from the designated Co-Chief Scientists on behalf of the drilling proponents. During the course of the cruise, actual site operations may indicate to the Co-Chief Scientists, the Expedition Project Manager, and the Operations Superintendent that it would be scientifically or operationally advantageous to amend the plan detailed in this prospectus. It should be understood that any proposed changes to the science deliverables outlined in the plan presented here are contingent upon the approval of the CDEX Science Operator Science Manager in consultation with IODP-MI.

## **Abstract**

Integrated Ocean Drilling Program (IODP) Expedition 337, originally scheduled for 15 March–21 May 2011, was postponed because of the earthquake in Japan on 11 March 2011. This addendum to the Expedition 337 *Scientific Prospectus* presents revised schedule and operations information for the rescheduled expedition, which will drill and study the deep coalbed biosphere off the Shimokita Peninsula in the northwestern Pacific using the D/V *Chikyu*. This expedition aims to extend the maximum penetration of scientific ocean drilling to over 2200 meters below seafloor and will explore the microbial ecosystem associated with a deeply buried coalbed (i.e., a habitat that had never been accessed by previous scientific ocean drilling).

## Introduction

Marine subsurface hydrocarbon reservoirs and the associated microbial life in continental margin sediments are among the least characterized Earth systems that can be accessed by scientific ocean drilling. Expedition 337 will drill and study the hydrocarbon system associated with a deeply buried coalbed off the Shimokita Peninsula in the northwestern Pacific by coring to 2200 meters below seafloor (mbsf) using the riser drilling system of the *Chikyu*. This project aims explore the microbial ecosystem associated with the deep coalbed in oceanic sediments, a habitat that has not been accessed by previous scientific ocean drilling. Hence, the study area is an ideal natural subsurface laboratory to study the deep carbon cycle and the deep biosphere.

## Schedule for Expedition 337

Integrated Ocean Drilling Program (IODP) Expedition 337 is based on drilling Proposal 745-CPP (available at www.iodp.org/700/). At the time of publication of this *Scientific Prospectus*, the expedition is scheduled to depart Hachinohe, Japan, on 11 July 2012 after five days of port call and arrive at Shingu, Japan, on 15 September 2012. A total of 62 days will be available for the drilling, coring, and downhole measurements described in this prospectus (Table T1) (for the current detailed schedule, see www.iodp.org/expeditions/).

## Changes to the drilling and coring plan

The Hybrid–Pressure Core Sampler (PCS) will not be used to retrieve methane hydrate–bearing sediments from shallow sedimentary sections under in situ pressure conditions. Planned coring at Site C9001 with the hybrid-PCS will not be conducted, and formation temperatures will not be taken at that site with the Advanced Piston Corer Temperature Tool (APCT-3). A revised operations schedule is shown in Table T2.

## Changes to the analytical plan

Paleomagnetic measurements will not be conducted on board the *Chikyu* during Expedition 337. In addition, *P*-wave velocity, gamma density, and X-ray CT scans will not be conducted on high-pressure cores, and in situ chemical composition and concentrations of free hydrocarbon gas will not be conducted using the Pressure Core Analysis and Transfer System (PCATS).

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**Table T1.** Projected coring depth intervals, Expedition 337.

Hole	Depth (mbsf)		_ Length	Drilling	Coring	Expected sedimentary age
	Start	End	(m)	method	method	
A	670.0	679.5	9.5	Riser	RCB	Upper Pliocene hemipelagic mud
	820.0	829.5	9.5	Riser	RCB	Middle Pliocene hemipelagic mud
	970.0	979.5	9.5	Riser	RCB	Lower Pliocene hemipelagic mud
	1120.0	1129.5	9.5	Riser	RCB	Pliocene–Miocene unconformity
	1270.0	1279.5	9.5	Riser	RCB	Miocene-Oligocene hemipelagic mud
	1370.0	1379.5	9.5	Riser	RCB	Oligocene hemipelagic mud
	1470.0	1479.5	9.5	Riser	RCB	Oligocene sandstone
	1581.5	1648.0	9.5 (×7)	Riser	RCB	Oligocene sandstone
	1648.0	1675.0	27.0	Riser	LDC	Oligocene–Eocene unconformity
	1770.0	1789.0	9.5 (×2)	Riser	RCB	Eocene lacustrine mud
	1870.0	1889.0	9.5 (×2)	Riser	RCB	Eocene lacustrine mud
	1933.0	1990.0	9.5 (×6)	Riser	RCB	Eocene lignite
	1990.0	2044.0	27.0 (×2)	Riser	LDC	Eocene lignite
	2140.0	2149.5	9.5	Riser	RCB	Eocene lacustrine mud
	2190.5	2200.0	9.5	Riser	RCB	Eocene lacustrine mud

RCB = rotary core barrel, LDC = large diameter coring.

Water Depth: 1,180m

Total Depth: 2,200mbsf

#### Deep Coalbed Biosphere off Shimokita

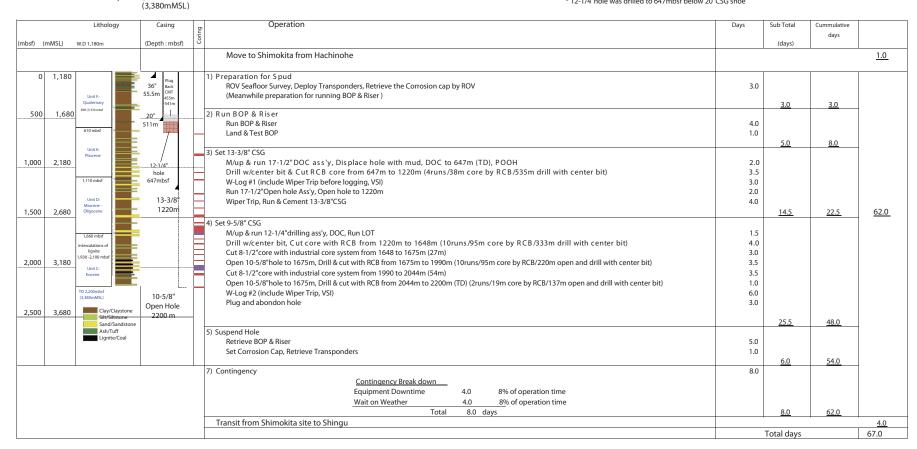
Re-entry to C9001, which was drilled and suspended in 2006

\* 36"Conductor at 55.5mbsf.

\* 20"CSG at 511mbsf.

\* 12-1/4"hole was drilled to 647mbsf below 20"CSG shoe

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CSG = casing, ROV = remotely operated vehicle, BOP = blowout preventer, DOC = drill out cement, TD = total depth, POOH = pull out of hole. RCB = rotary core barrel, BHA = bottom-hole assembly. VSP = vertical seismic profile, LOT = leak-off test.

# Site summary

# Site C9001

Priority:	Primary			
Position:	41°10.5983′N, 142°12.0328′E			
Water depth (m):	1180			
Target drilling depth (mbsf):	2200			
Approved maximum penetration (mbsf):	2500			
Survey coverage (track map; seismic profile):	Primary lines: ODSRW03H-81~87 Crossing lines: ODSRW03H-B1~B7			
Objective:	Exploration of coalbed-hydrocarbon system and deep biosphere			
Drilling program:	Riser: 647–2200 mbsf			
Logging program:	<ol> <li>High-Resolution Laterolog Array (HRLA)</li> <li>Platform Express (PEX) and Hostile Environment Natural Gamma Ray Sonde (HNGS)</li> <li>Fullbore Formation Microlmager (FMI) and Dipole Sonic Imager (DSI)</li> <li>Versatile Seismic Imager (VSI) for check shot</li> <li>Combinable Magnetic Resonance (CMR) tool</li> <li>Modular Formation Dynamics Tester (MDT) using Quicksilver Probe and InSitu Fluid Analyzer (IFA)</li> <li>Mechanical Sidewall Coring Tool (MSCT)</li> <li>Mechanical Sidewall Coring Tool (MSCT)</li> <li>Mechanical Sidewall Coring Tool (MSCT)</li> </ol>			
Nature of rock anticipated:	Hemipelagic silty clay, conglomerate, lacustrine sandstone, mudstone, and lignite coal			

# **Expedition scientists and scientific participants**

The current list of participants for Expedition 337 can be found at www.jam-stec.go.jp/chikyu/eng/Expedition/index.html.